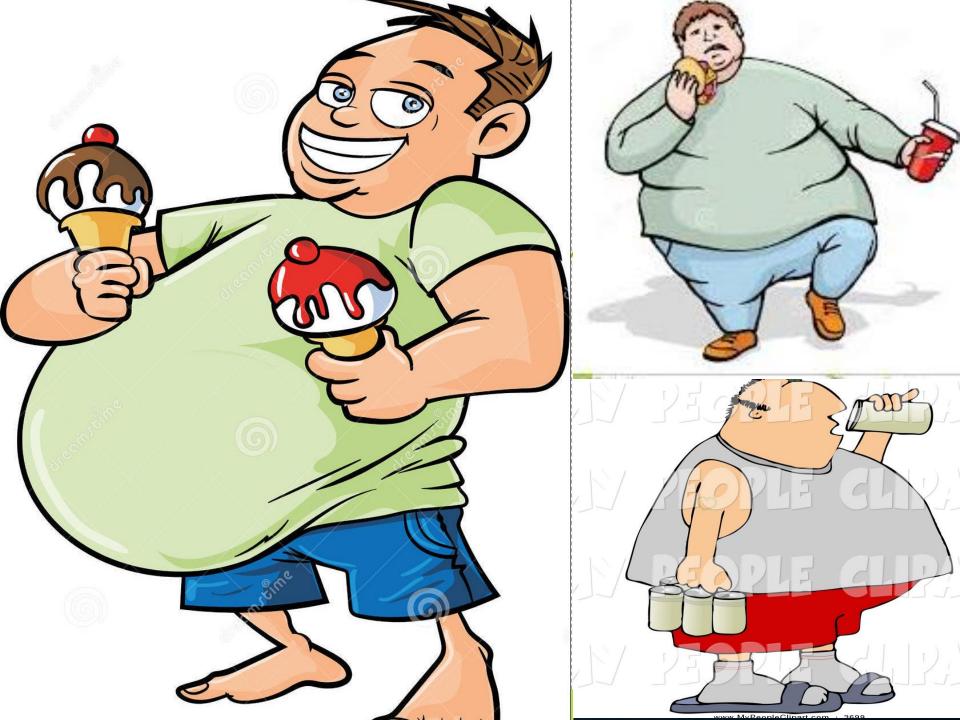
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PROJECT: CALORIE CALCULATOR



# OVERWEIGHT A COMMON PROBLEM THESE DAYS

ONLY WAY TO SOLVE THIS IS TO HAVE A
PROPER AND BALANCE DIET AND ALSO TO
KEEP THE RECORD OF OUR DAILY CALORIE
CONSUMPTION

# KEY FEATURES

- 1. Creation of a new user profile along with a password.
- 2.Add the data of daily food consumption and calorie burn through physical exercises.
  - 3. Edit and delete any day data.
  - 4. search and see recorded data.
- 5. Auto profile update to keep track of weight gain or lose to calculate bmi.

## THINGS WE CAN DO

- We can record the total calories we consume each day and see how much of it we use and how much of it is stored.
- We can calculate our recorded data to understand if we are gaining weight or loosing it.
- We can keep track of our BMI to understand better about our health.
- We can set a goal for a standered weight and eat food accordingly.
- It will help us to keep a good health.

## **FUNCTIONS**

- 1. Dynamic memory allocation
- 2. Formatting input output
- 3. File
- 4. Class and objects
- 5. Constructor destructor
- 6. Namespace
- 7. Operator Overloading
- 8. Template
- 9.STL
- 10.Inheritance
- 11.Lambda Function
- 12.Polymorphism
- 13.Functor

#### **Dynamic memory allocation:**

**Dynamic memory allocation** in C/C++ refers to performing **memory allocation** manually by programmer...

Ex: int \*p = new int;

#### Formating input output:

double d;

Ex: cout < fixed < setprecision(2) < < d;

#### Namespace:

A **namespace** in computer science is an abstract container or environment created to hold a logical grouping of unique identifiers or symbols.

#### File:

This data type represents the **file** stream generally, and has the capabilities of both ofstream and ifstream which **means** it can create **files**, write information to **files**, and read information from **files**.

#### Class:

The building block of **C++** that leads to **Object** Oriented programming is a Class.

Ex:

Class class\_name

{ access specfire

Data member

Member function}

#### Object:

An **Object** is an instance of a Class.

#### **Constructor:**

A **constructor** is a special type of member function that initialises an object automatically when it is created.

It's name is same as class name...

#### **Destructor:**

Destructor" functions are the inverse of constructor functions.

It has the same name as constructor with a '~' before that...

#### **Operator Overloading:**

This feature in **C++** programming that allows programmer to redefine the **meaning** of an **operator**(when they operate on class objects) is known as**operator overloading**.

#### Template:

Function templates are special functions that can operate with generic types.

#### STL:

The Standard Template Library (**STL**) is a software library for the C++ programming language that influenced many parts of the **C++** Standard Library.

Ex: vector, Set

#### Inheritance:

**Inheritance** in Object Oriented Programming can be described as a process of creating new classes from existing classes.

#### Lambda Function:

n computer programming, a lambda **function** is a **function** definition that is not bound to an identifier

#### Functor:

Uses object as a function

#### REFERERENCE

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