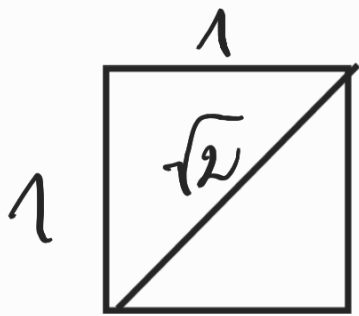


INTEGER ARITHMETIC, KARATSUBA MULTIPLICATION

Irrationals



All's number,

"speechless"

$$\sqrt{2} = 1.414213562373 \dots$$

Catalan numbers

Set P of balanced parentheses strings

- 1) $\lambda \in P$ (λ is the empty string)
- 2) If $\lambda, \beta \in P$, then $(\lambda)\beta \in P$

Every non empty balanced paren string via Rule 2 from a unique α, β pair

$(())()$ obtained by $\underbrace{()}_\alpha \underbrace{()()}_\beta$

Enumeration

$C_0 = 1$ empty string

C_n is the number of paren strings with exactly n pairs of parens

C_{n+1} ?

$$C_0 = 1$$

$$C_1 = 1 \quad ()$$

$$C_2 = C_0 C_1 + C_1 C_0 = 2$$

$$C_{n+1} = \sum_{k=0}^n C_k C_{n-k} \quad n \geq 0$$

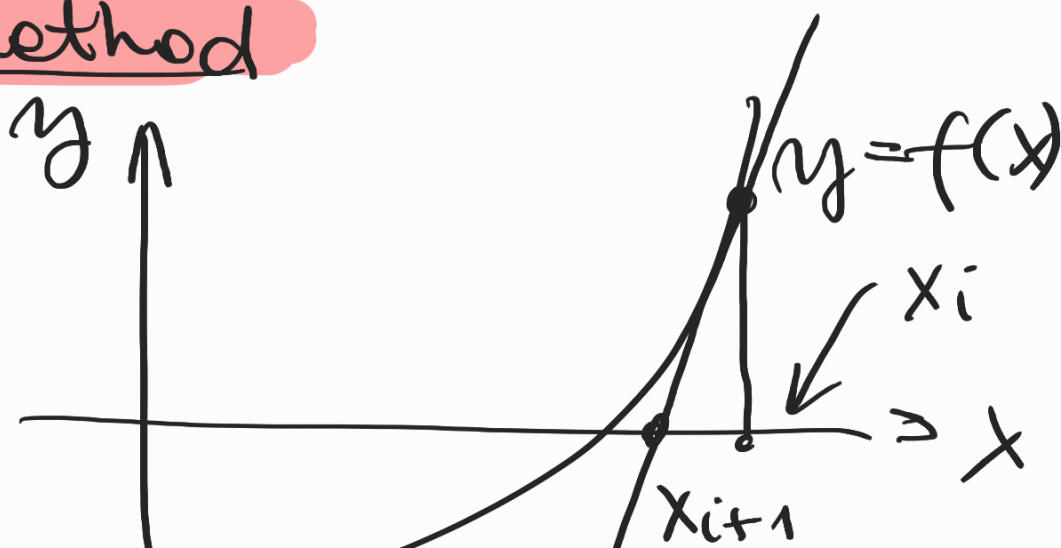
Catalan numbers

1, 1, 2, 5, 14, 42, 132, 429, 1430, 4862, 16796, 58786, 208012, 742900, 2674440, ...

Newton's Method

Root of
 $f(x) = 0$

thru
Successive



successive
approx
 $f(x) = x^2 - a$

$$y = f(x_i) + f'(x_i) \cdot (x - x_i)$$

$$x_{i+1} = x_i - \frac{f(x_i)}{f'(x_i)}$$

$$f(x) = x^2 - a$$

$$x_{i+1} = x_i - \frac{(x_i^2 - a)}{2x_i} = \frac{x_i + a/x_i}{2}$$

$$x_0 = 1.0000000000$$

$$x_1 = 1.5000000000$$

$$x_2 = 1.416666666$$

$$x_3 = 1.414215686 \quad (4)$$

$$x_4 = 1.414213562 \quad (8)$$

Quadratic convergence

digits of precision
doubles

$\sqrt{2}$ to d-digit precision

want integer $\lfloor 10^9 \sqrt{2} \rfloor \equiv \lfloor 12 \cdot 10^{2d} \rfloor$

Still use Newton's Method

High Precision Multiplication

two n -digit numbers (radix $r=2, 10$)
 $0 \leq x, y \leq r^n$

$$X = X_1 \cdot r^{n/2} + X_0$$

X_1 - high half

$$y = y_1 \cdot r^{n/2} + y_0$$

X_0 - low half

$$0 \leq x_0, x_1 < r^{n/2}$$

$$0 \leq y_0, y_1 < r^{n/2}$$

let $z_0 = x_0 \cdot y_0$

$$z_1 = x_0 y_1 + x_1 y_0$$

$$z_2 = x_1 y_1$$

$$z = xy = \underbrace{x_1 y_1}_{z_2} r^n + \underbrace{(x_0 y_1 + x_1 y_0)}_{z_1} r^{n/2} + \underbrace{x_0 y_0}_{z_0}$$

z_2 z_1 z_0

4 multiplies of $n/2$ digit numbers $\Rightarrow \Theta(n^2)$ time

$$T(n) = 4T(n/2) + \Theta(n)$$

KARATSUBA ALGORITHM

$$z_0 = x_0 y_0$$

$$z_2 = x_2 y_2$$

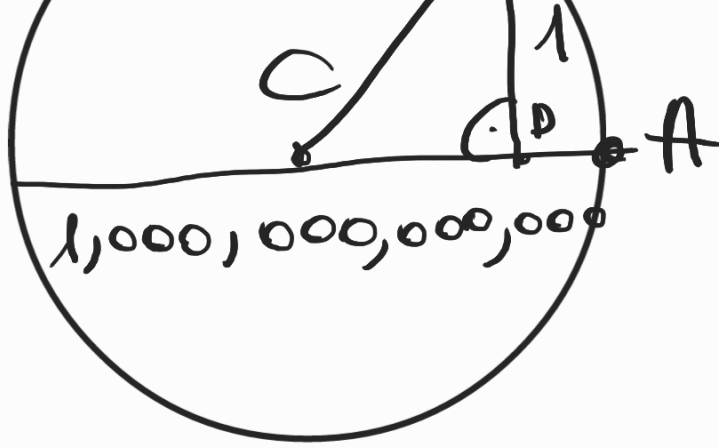
$$z_1 = (x_0 + x_1) \cdot (y_0 + y_1) - z_0 - z_2$$

$$T(n) = 3T(n/2) + \Theta(n)$$

$$T(n) = \Theta(n^{\log_2 3}) = \Theta(n^{1.58})$$

Fun Geometry Problem





$$AD = AC - CD = 500,000,000,000 -$$

$$- \sqrt{(500,000,000,000)^2 - 1}$$

