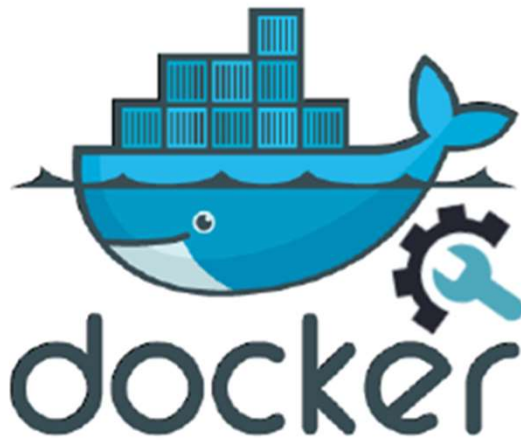
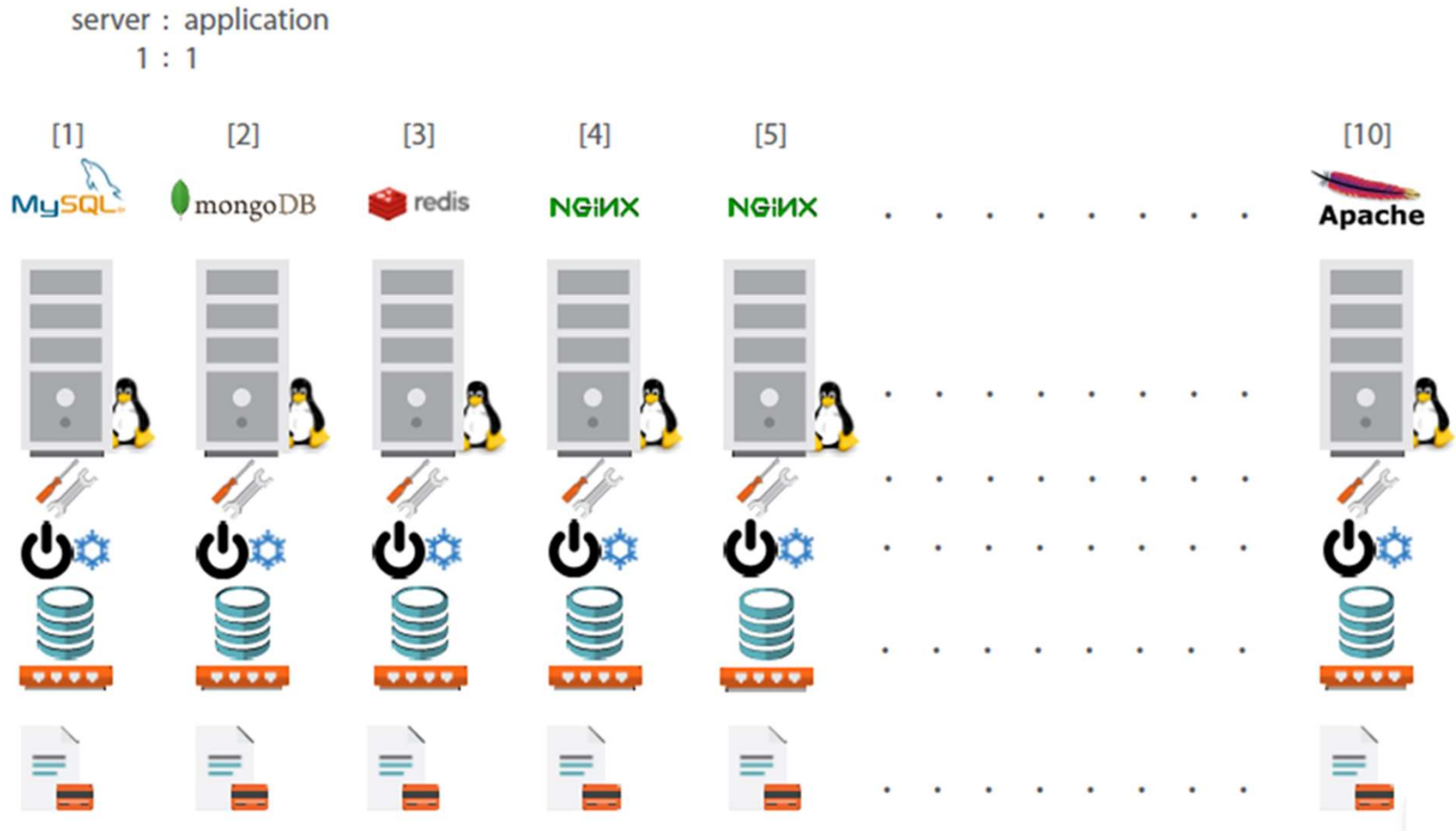


# Docker Essentials

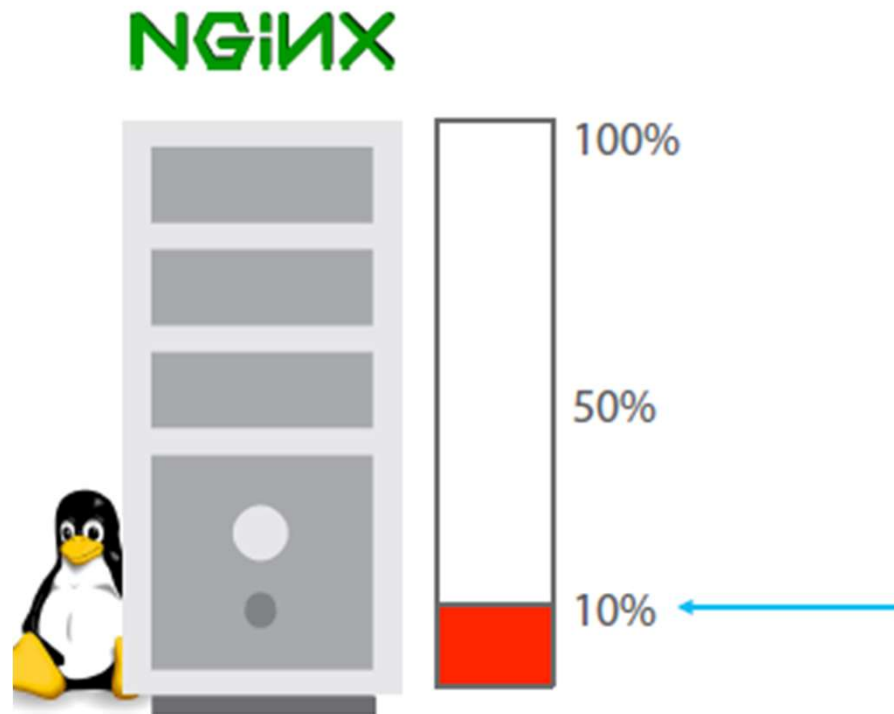
# Docker



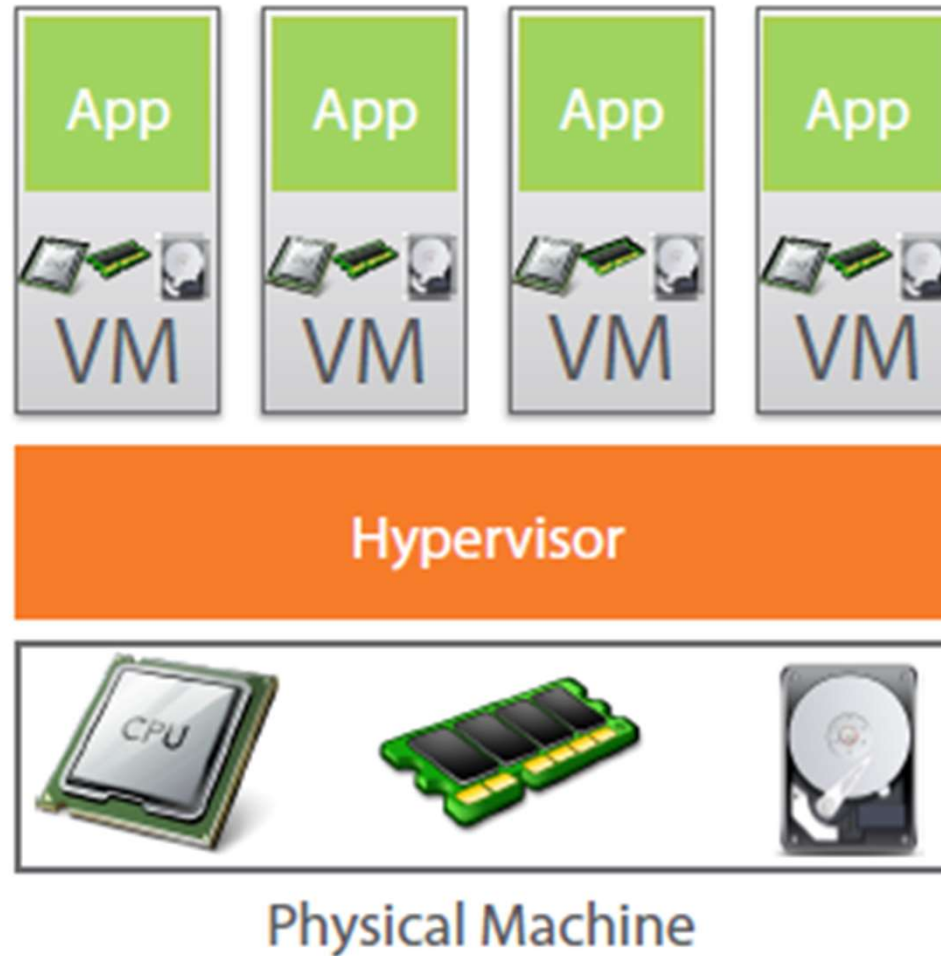
# Traditional Deployment Architecture



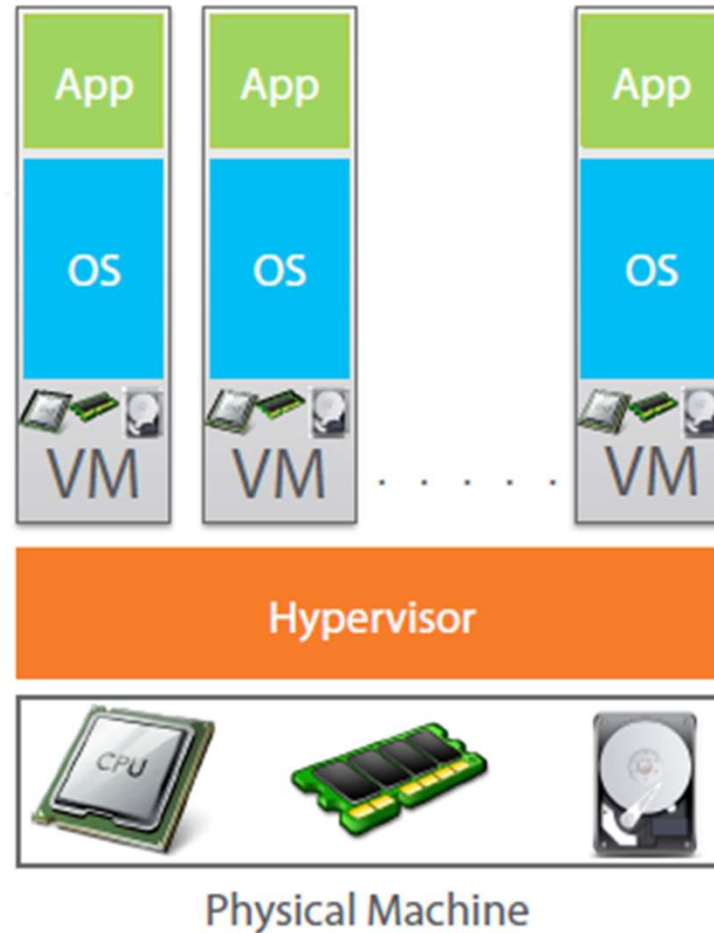
# Less Utilization in Traditional Architecture



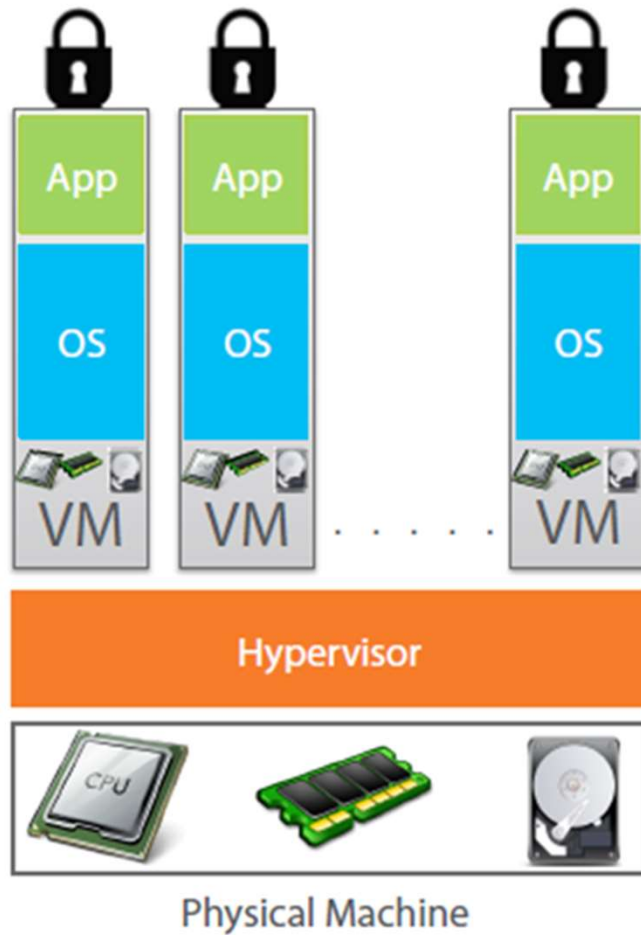
# Virtual Machine to the Rescue



# Each VM needs a separate OS



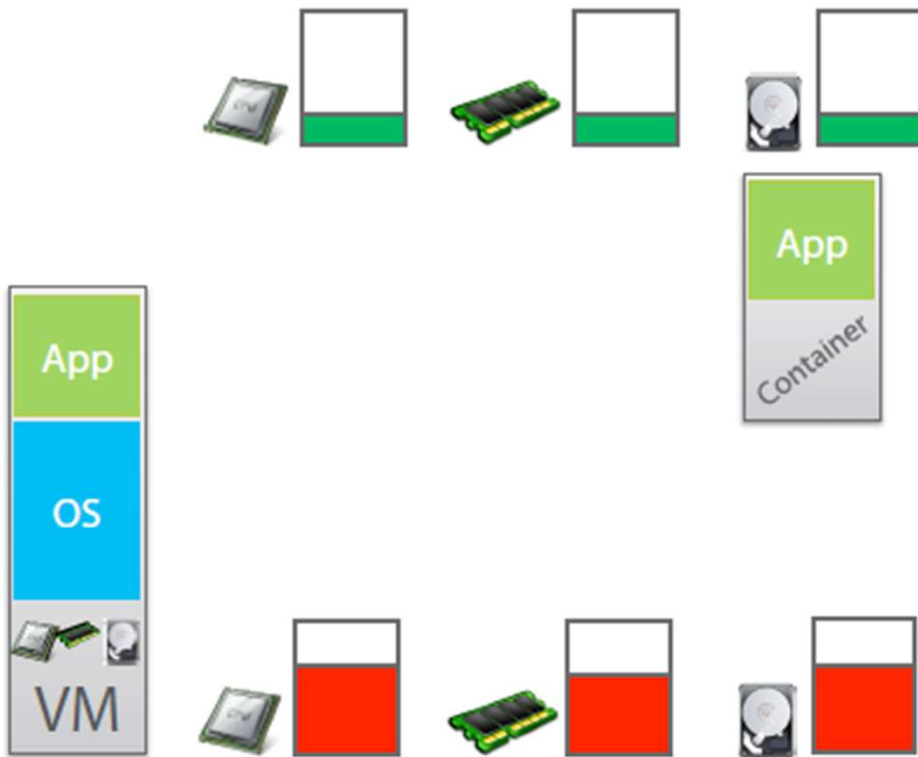
# OS takes most of the Resources



# Why use separate OS for each App?

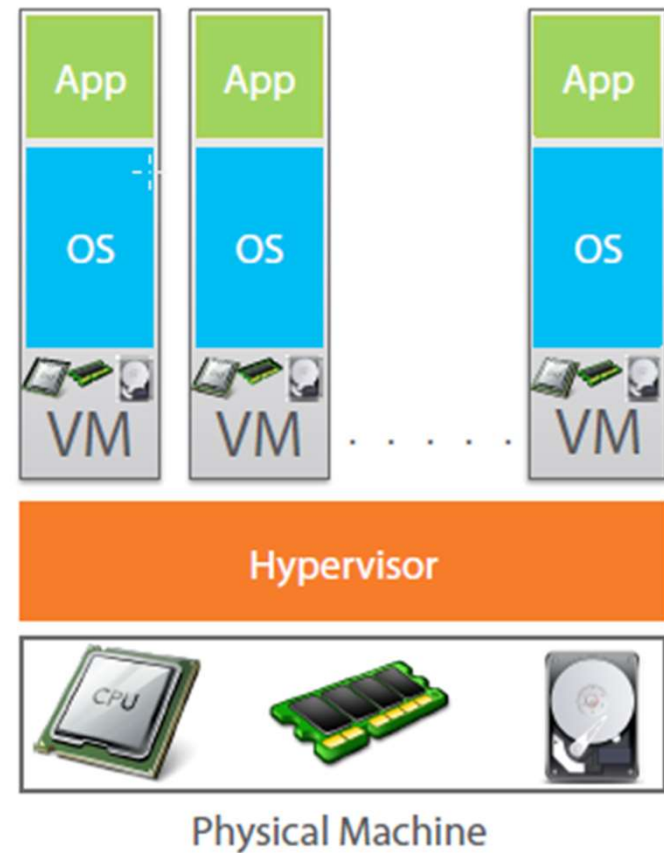
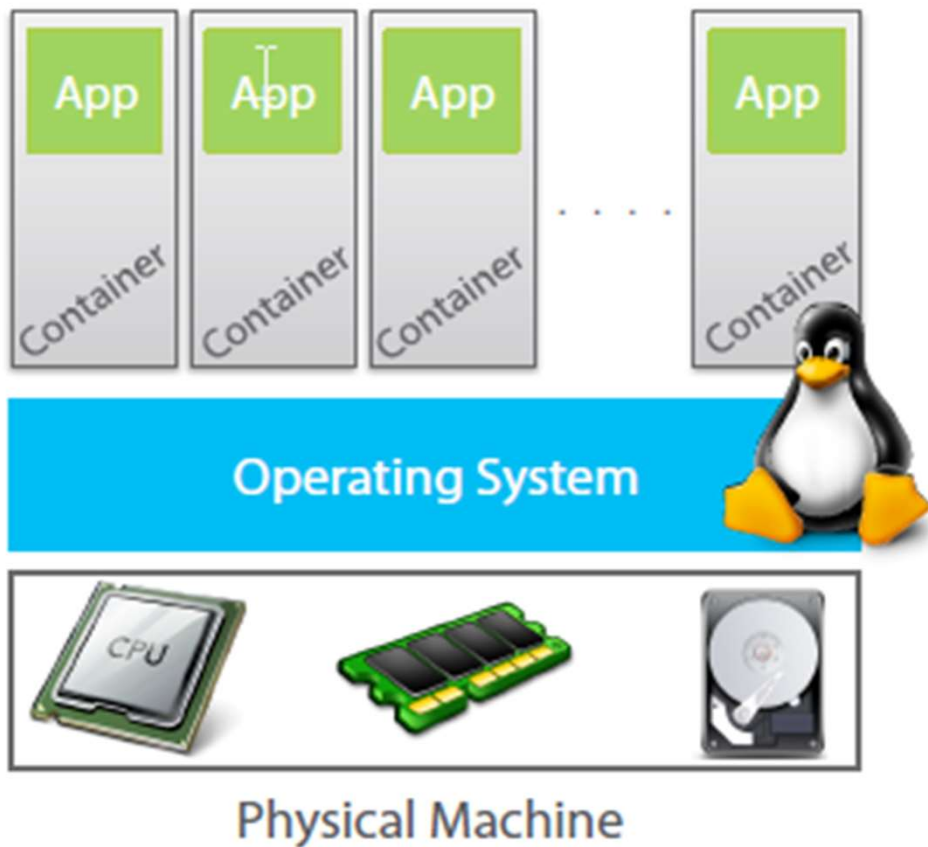


# Containers to the Rescue



Containers are more  
lightweight than  
Virtual Machines

# Containers vs VM

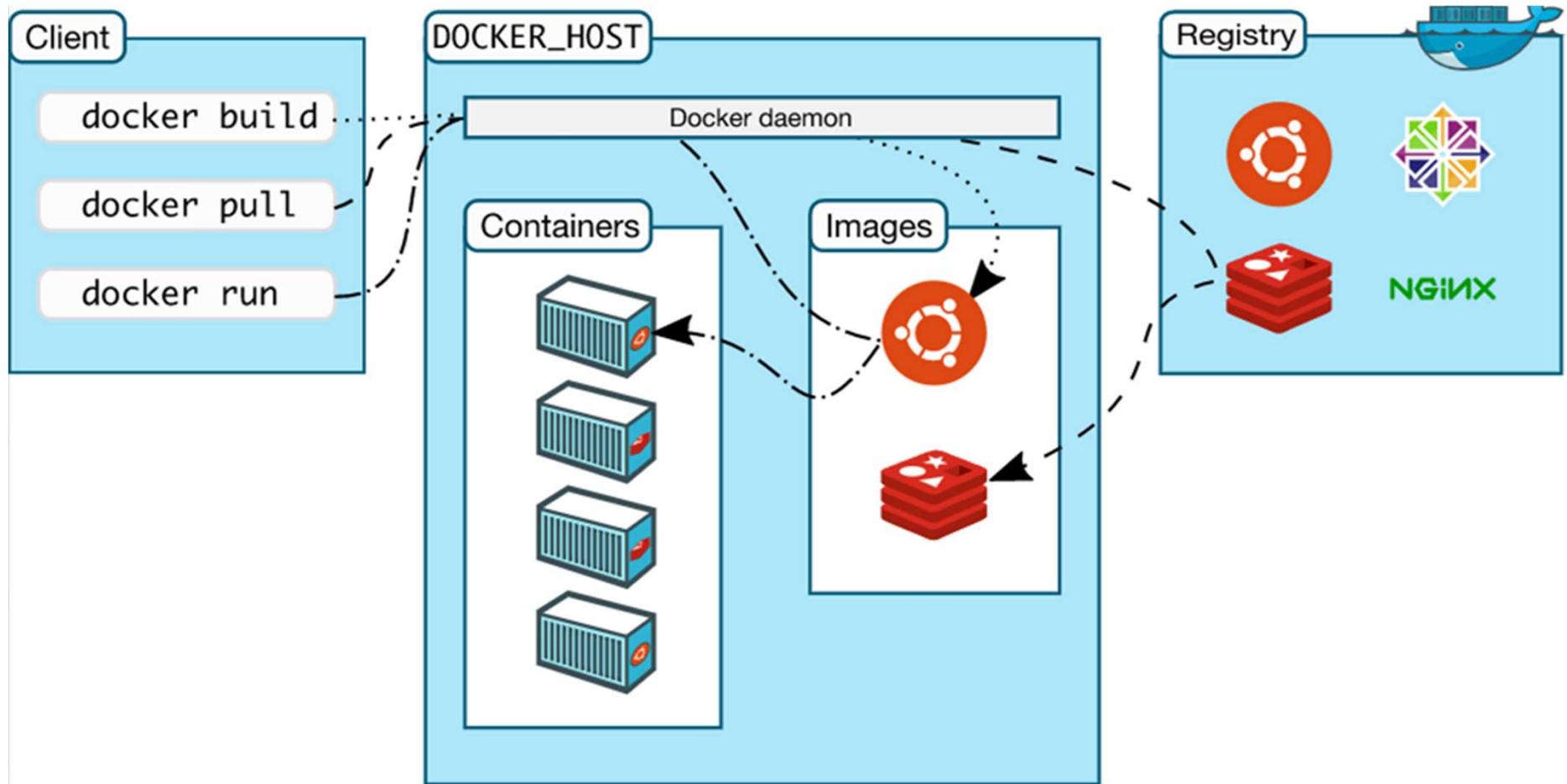


# What is Docker?

- Docker is an open-source project
  - that automates the deployment of applications inside software containers,
  - by providing an additional layer of abstraction and
  - automation of operating system–level virtualization on Linux.

# Practical

# Docker Architecture



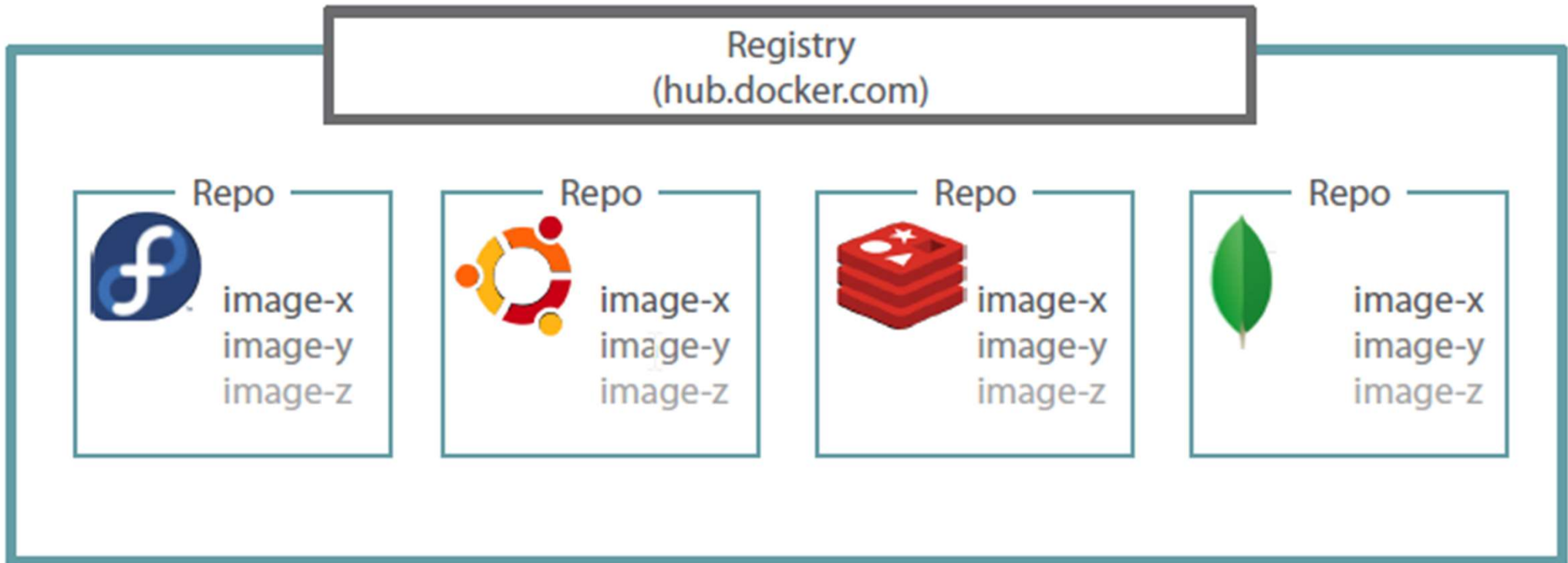
# Image

- Persisted snapshot that can be run
- Common Docker Commands:
  - images: List all local images
  - run: Create a container from an image and execute a command in it
  - tag: Tag an image
  - pull: Download image from repository
  - rmi: Delete a local image

# Container

- Runnable instance of an image
- Common Docker Commands
  - `ps`: List all running containers
  - `ps -a`: List all containers (incl. stopped)
  - `top`: Display processes of a container
  - `start`: Start a stopped container
  - `stop`: Stop a running container
  - `pause`: Pause all processes within a container
  - `rm`: Delete a container
  - `commit`: Create an image from a container

# Docker Registry





# Practical

*Thanks*