# Azure Data Lake Storage

## Introduction to ADLS

## Why Data Lake?



## Once upon a time



Total Capacity - 1.44 MB

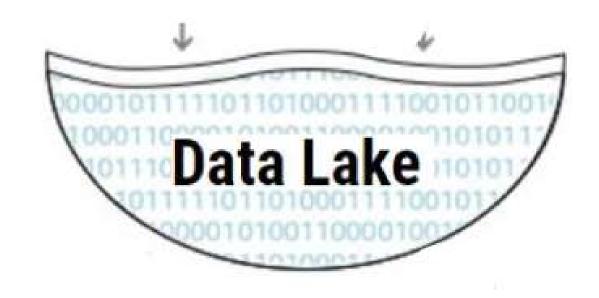
1990

By 2020, it's estimated that 1.7MB of data will be created every second for every person on earth."

— Domo report (6<sup>th</sup> edition)

2020

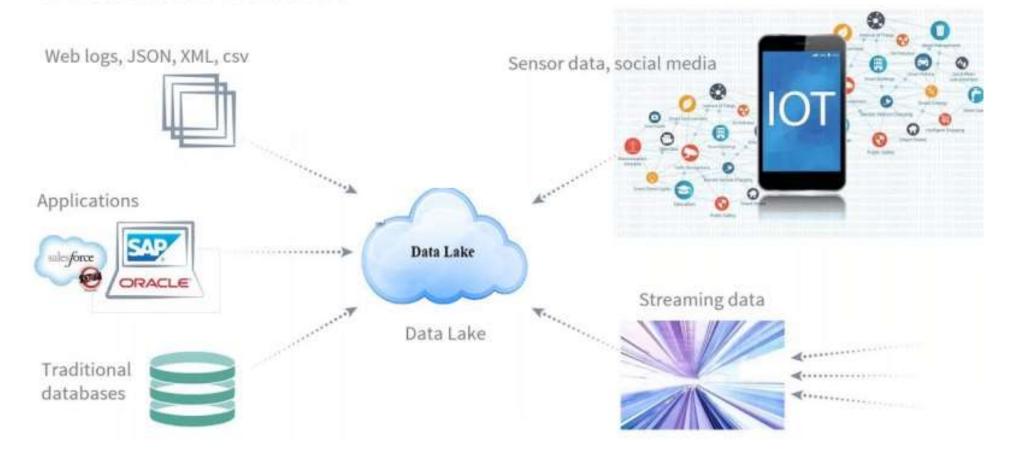
#### Introduction to Data Lake



Data Lake is a big container to store data.

## **Data Lake Sources**

#### **Data Lake Sources**



#### What is Data Lake?

"If you think of a DataMart as a store of bottled water — clean and packaged and structured for easy consumption — the data lake is a large body of water in a more natural state. The contents of the data lake stream in from a source to fill the lake, and various users of the lake can come to examine, dive in, or take samples."



James Dixon CTO, Pentaho

He coined terminology – "Data Lake"



Data Warehouse

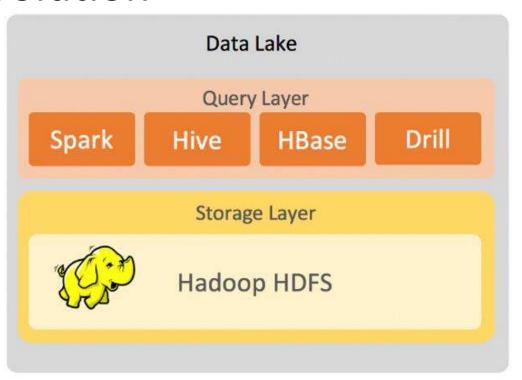


Data Lake

#### Azure Data Lake Gen1 evolution

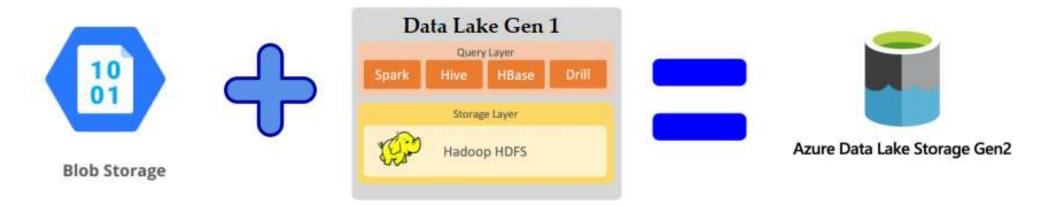
 HDFS in Cloud is nothing but Data Lake Gen1 in cloud.

- Fault tolerant file system
- Runs on commodity hardware
- MapReduce, Pig, Hive, Spark etc.

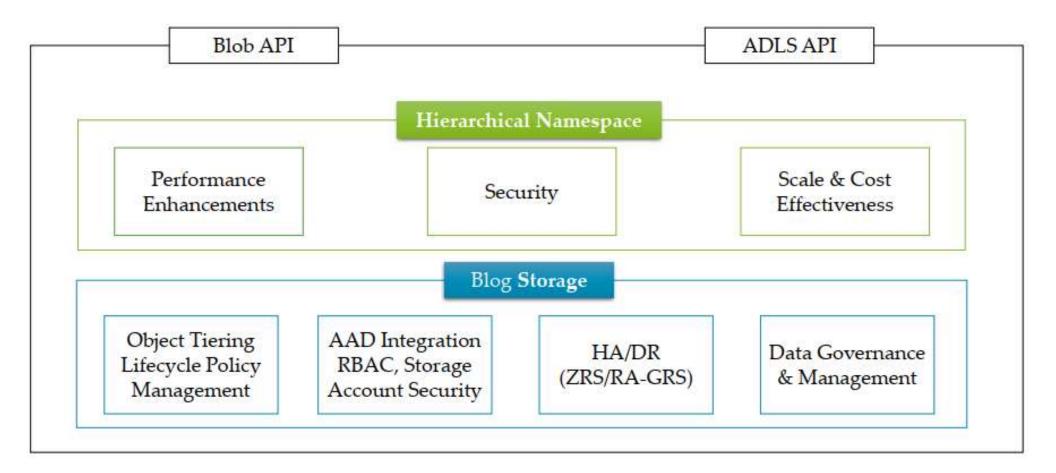


#### Azure Data lake Gen 2

• MICRSOFT RECOMMENDS: Data Lake Storage Gen2



#### Data Lake Architecture



### Hands-On: How to create ADLS Gen2?

• How to create ADLS Gen2?

## Hierarchical namespace





- Hierarchical namespace organizes objects/files into a hierarchy of directories for efficient data access.
- Blob storage is not hierarchical namespace
- Blob can't integrate with Hadoop

## **Data Ingestion**

