



Cypher Query Language

What is Cypher?

Declarative query language

Relatively simple

Very powerful

Cypher is ASCII art

- Optimized for being read by humans

```
(A) - [:LIKES] -> (B) , (A) - [:LIKES] -> (C) , (B) - [:LIKES] -> (C)
```

```
(A) - [:LIKES] -> (B) - [:LIKES] -> (C) <- [:LIKES] - (A)
```

Nodes

- () - Circle on a whiteboard

$(A) - [:LIKES] \rightarrow (B), (A) - [:LIKES] \rightarrow (C), (B) - [:LIKES] \rightarrow (C)$

$(A) - [:LIKES] \rightarrow (B) - [:LIKES] \rightarrow (C) \leftarrow [:LIKES] - (A)$

Node Labels

- Used to group nodes
- Examples of Nodes
 - () // anonymous node not be referenced later in the query
 - (p) // variable p, a reference to a node used later
 - (:Person) // anonymous node of type Person
 - (p:Person) // p, a reference to a node of type Person
 - (p:Actor:Director) // p, a reference to a node of types Actor and Director

Examining the data model

- CALL db.schema.visualization
 - Gives information about the
 - Nodes
 - Labels
 - Relationships

Create New Database

- :USE SYSTEM
- CREATE DATABASE movieGraph
- SHOW DATABASES
- :USE movieGraph
- CALL db.schema.visualization()
- MATCH (node)-[rel]-(other) RETURN node, rel, other
- :play movies
- MATCH (node)-[rel]->(other) RETURN node, rel, other

Using MATCH to retrieve nodes

- Example queries to the Movie database:
 - MATCH (p:Person) // returns all Person nodes in the graph
 - RETURN p

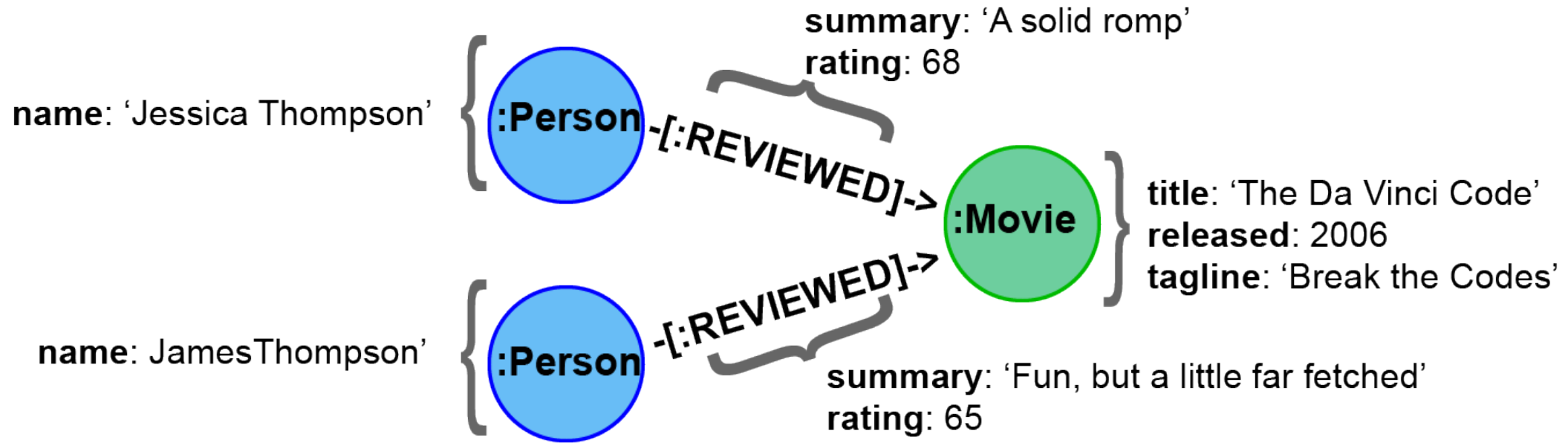
Properties

- Retrieve Person nodes that have a born property value of 1970.
 - MATCH (p:Person {born: 1970})
 - RETURN p
- Specify two property values for the query.
 - MATCH (m:Movie {released: 2003, tagline: 'Free your mind'})
 - RETURN m
- Returning Property values
 - MATCH (p:Person {born: 1965})
 - RETURN p.name AS name, p.born AS `birth year`

Using a relationship in query

- The actors that acted in the movie - "The Matrix"
 - MATCH (p:Person)-[rel:ACTED_IN]->(m:Movie {title: 'The Matrix'})
 - RETURN p, rel, m
- The movies that "Tom Hanks" acted in and directed:
 - MATCH (p:Person {name: 'Tom Hanks'})-[:ACTED_IN|:DIRECTED]->(m:Movie)
 - RETURN p.name, m.title
- Retrieving the relationship types
 - MATCH (p:Person)-[rel]->(:Movie {title:'The Matrix'})
 - RETURN p.name, type(rel)

Retrieving relationships properties

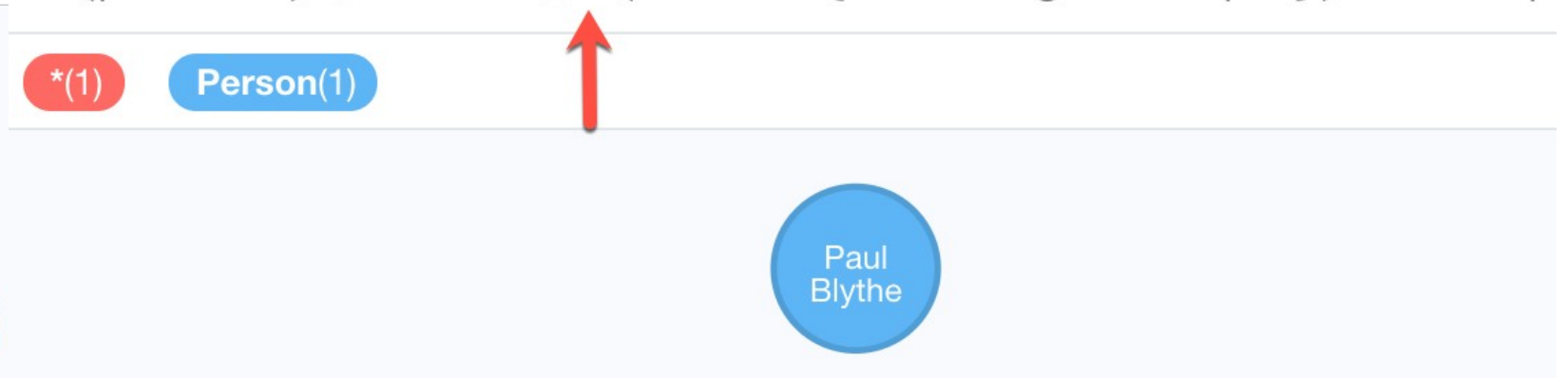
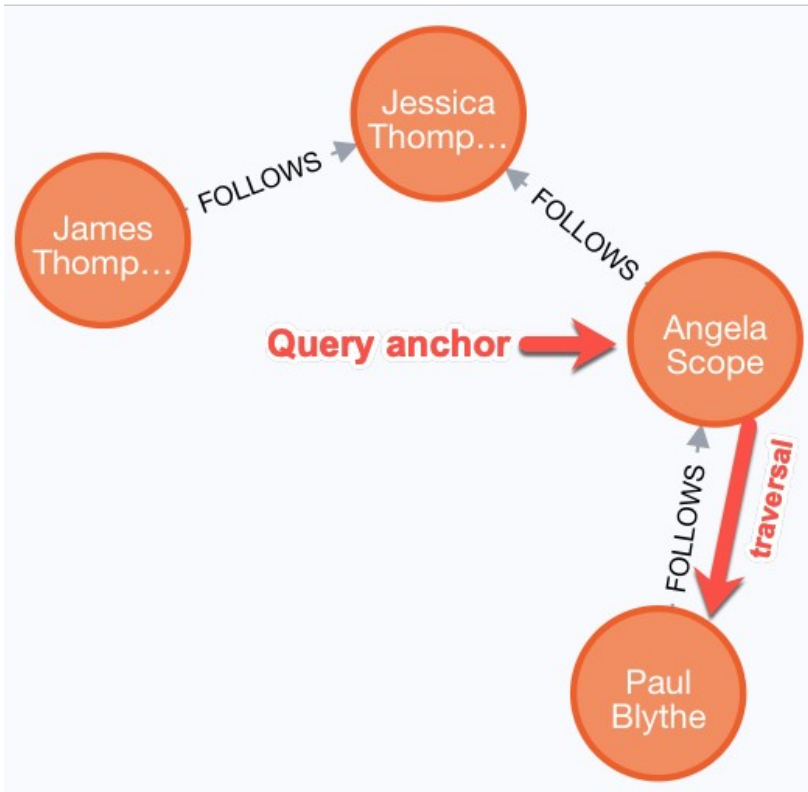


- Can also specify property values for a relationship
- Returns the name of the person who gave the movie a rating of 65
 - `MATCH (p:Person)-[:REVIEWED {rating: 65}]->(:Movie {title: 'The Da Vinci Code'})`
 - `RETURN p.name`

Using patterns for queries

- We can perform a query that returns all Person nodes who follow **Angela Scope**:

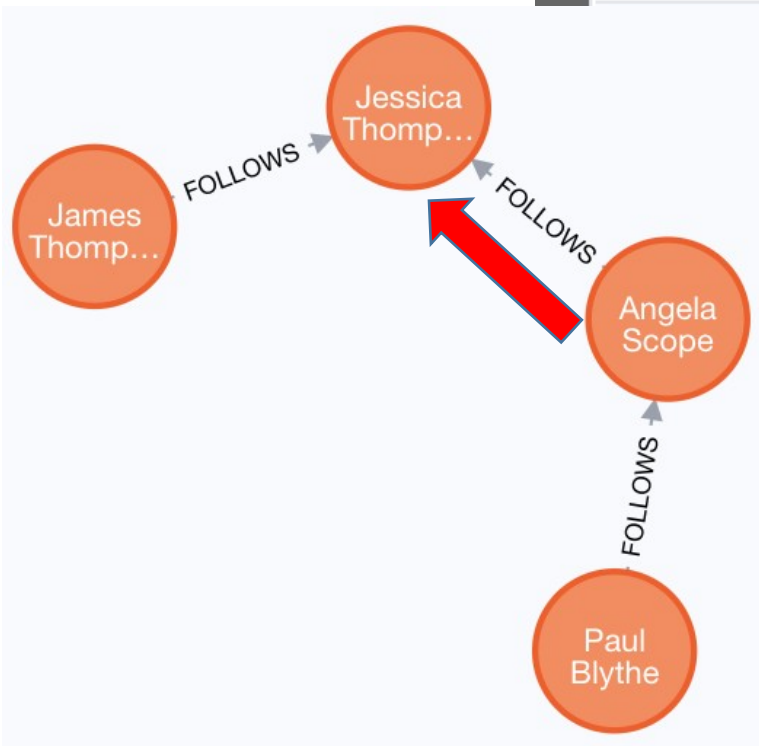
```
MATCH (p:Person)-[:FOLLOWS]->(:Person {name:'Angela Scope'}) RETURN p
```



Using patterns for queries

- If we reverse the direction in the pattern, the query returns different results:

```
MATCH (p:Person)<-[:FOLLOWS]-(:Person {name:'Angela Scope'}) RETURN p
```



Querying by any direction

- We can also find out what Person nodes are connected by the FOLLOWED relationship in either direction

```
neo4j$ MATCH (p1:Person)-[:FOLLOWS]-(p2:Person {name:'Angela Scope'}) RETURN p1, p2
```

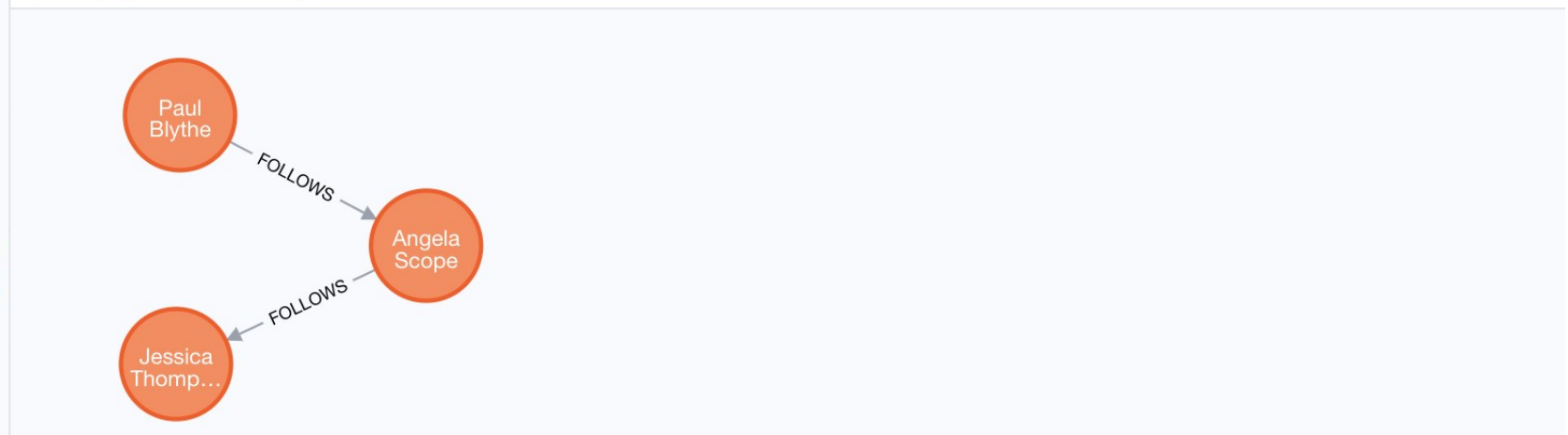
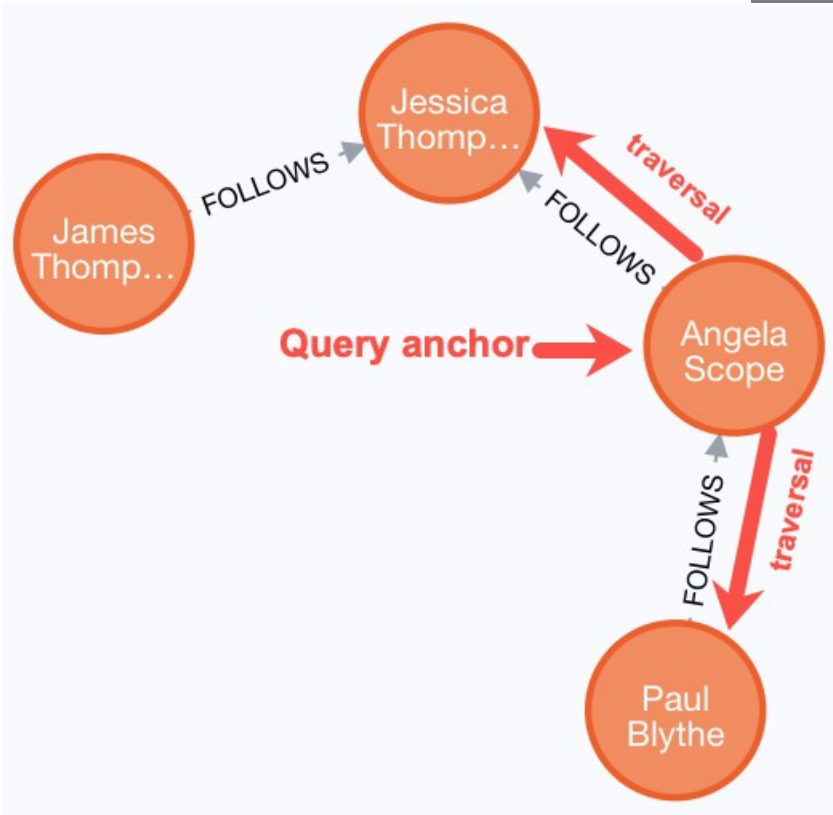


*(3)

Person(3)

*(2)


FOLLOWS(2)





Traversing relationships

- Return all followers of the followers of Jessica Thompson.

```
neo4j$ MATCH (p:Person)-[:FOLLOWS]→(:Person)-[:FOLLOWS]→(:Person {name:'Jessica Thompson'}) RETURN p
```


Graph

Table

Text

*(1)

Person(1)



Traversing relationships

- To return each person along the path:

```
neo4j$ MATCH path = (:Person)-[:FOLLOWS]→(:Person)-[:FOLLOWS]→(:Person {name:'Jessica Thompson'}) RETURN path
```



Graph



Table



Text

*(3)

Person(3)

*(2)

FOLLOWS(2)



Filtering queries using WHERE

- MATCH (p:Person)-[:ACTED_IN]->(m:Movie {released: 2008})
- RETURN p, m
- OR
- MATCH (p:Person)-[:ACTED_IN]->(m:Movie)
- WHERE m.released = 2008
- RETURN p, m

Specify complex conditions

- MATCH (p:Person)-[:ACTED_IN]->(m:Movie)
 - WHERE m.released = 2008 OR m.released = 2009
 - RETURN p, m
-
- MATCH (p:Person)-[:ACTED_IN]->(m:Movie)
 - WHERE m.released >= 2003 AND m.released <= 2004
 - RETURN p.name, m.title, m.released

Ordering results

- MATCH (p:Person)-[:DIRECTED | :ACTED_IN]->(m:Movie)
- WHERE p.name = 'Tom Hanks'
- RETURN m.released, collect(DISTINCT m.title) AS movies ORDER BY m.released DESC

Limiting number of results

- MATCH (m:Movie)
- RETURN m.title as title, m.released as year ORDER BY m.released DESC LIMIT 10
- MATCH (m:Movie)
- RETURN m.title as title, m.released as year ORDER BY m.released DESC SKIP 10 LIMIT 10

Creating nodes

- CREATE (m:Movie:Action {title: 'Batman Begins'})
- RETURN m.title

- CREATE
- (:Person {name: 'Michael Caine', born: 1933}),
- (:Person {name: 'Liam Neeson', born: 1952}),
- (:Person {name: 'Katie Holmes', born: 1978}),
- (:Person {name: 'Benjamin Melniker', born: 1913})

Adding labels to a node

- MATCH (m:Movie)
- WHERE m.title = 'Batman Begins'
- SET m:Action
- RETURN labels(m)

Removing labels from a node

- MATCH (m:Movie:Action)
- WHERE m.title = 'Batman Begins'
- REMOVE m:Action
- RETURN labels(m)

Adding properties to a node

- MATCH (m:Movie)
- WHERE m.title = 'Batman Begins'
- SET m.released = 2005, m.lengthInMinutes = 140
- RETURN m

Adding properties to a node

- MATCH (m:Movie)
- WHERE m.title = 'Batman Begins'
- SET m = {title: 'Batman Begins',
 - released: 2005,
 - lengthInMinutes: 140,
 - videoFormat: 'DVD',
 - grossMillions: 206.5}
- RETURN m

Removing properties from node

- MATCH (m:Movie)
- WHERE m.title = 'Batman Begins'
- SET m.grossMillions = null
- REMOVE m.videoFormat
- RETURN m

Creating relationships

- MATCH (a:Person), (m:Movie)
 - WHERE a.name = 'Michael Caine' AND m.title = 'Batman Begins'
 - CREATE (a)-[:ACTED_IN]->(m)
 - RETURN a, m
-
- MATCH (a:Person), (m:Movie), (p:Person)
 - WHERE a.name = 'Liam Neeson' AND
 - m.title = 'Batman Begins' AND
 - p.name = 'Benjamin Melniker'
 - CREATE (a)-[:ACTED_IN]->(m)<-[:PRODUCED]-(p)
 - RETURN a, m, p

Adding properties to relationships

- MATCH (a:Person), (m:Movie)
- WHERE a.name = 'Christian Bale' AND m.title = 'Batman Begins'
- CREATE (a)-[rel:ACTED_IN]->(m)
- SET rel.roles = ['Bruce Wayne','Batman']
- RETURN a, m

Removing properties from relationship

- MATCH (a:Person)-[rel:ACTED_IN]->(m:Movie)
- WHERE a.name = 'Christian Bale' AND m.title = 'Batman Begins'
- REMOVE rel.roles
- RETURN a, rel, m

Deleting relationships

- MATCH (a:Person)-[rel:ACTED_IN]->(m:Movie)
- WHERE a.name = 'Christian Bale' AND m.title = 'Batman Begins'
- DELETE rel
- RETURN a, m

Deleting nodes & relationships

- MATCH (p:Person)
 - WHERE p.name = 'Liam Neeson'
 - DETACH DELETE p
-
- #When you specify DETACH DELETE for a node, the relationships to and from the node are deleted, then the node is deleted.

The image features a close-up of two hands shaking in a firm grip, symbolizing agreement or partnership. The hands are positioned in the center, with a teal-colored overlay partially covering them. In the background, a city skyline is visible under a bright sky. A white rectangular box with a teal border is placed over the handshake, containing the text 'THANK YOU' in blue capital letters. A teal diagonal line runs from the top right towards the bottom left, intersecting the handshake. A horizontal teal line is located at the bottom of the image. In the top left corner, there is a small inset image of a bar chart. On the right side, there is some faint, partially obscured text that appears to say 'average 45%'.

THANK YOU