Step-01: Introduction

- We will create the below Azure Resources using Terraform
- 1. Azure Resource Group
- 2. Azure Virtual Network
- 3. Azure Subnet
- 4. Azure Public IP
- 5. Azure Network Interface
- 6. Azure Linux Virtual Machine
- 7. random_string Resource
- We will use Azure <code>custom_data</code> argument in <code>azurerm_linux_virtual_machine</code> to install a simple webserver during the creation of VM.
- · Terraform file Function
- Terraform filebase64 Function

Step-02: Create SSH Keys for Azure Linux VM

```
# Create Folder
cd terraform-manifests/
mkdir ssh-keys
# Create SSH Key
cd ssh-ekys
ssh-keygen \
   -m PEM \
   -t rsa \
    -b 4096 \
    -C "azureuser@myserver" \
    -f terraform-azure.pem
Important Note: If you give passphrase during generation, during everytime you login to VM, you also need to provide pa
# List Files
ls -lrt ssh-keys/
# Files Generated after above command
Public Key: terraform-azure.pem.pub -> Rename as terraform-azure.pub
Private Key: terraform-azure.pem
# Permissions for Pem file
chmod 400 terraform-azure.pem
```

Step-03: c1-versions.tf - Create Terraform & Provider Blocks

- · Create Terraform Block
- · Create Provider Block
- Create Random Resource Block

```
# Terraform BLock
terraform {
  required_version = ">= 1.0.0"
  required_providers {
    azurerm = {
      source = "hashicorp/azurerm"
      version = ">= 2.0"
    }
  random = {
      source = "hashicorp/random"
```

```
version = ">= 3.0"
}

# Provider Block
provider "azurerm" {
  features {}
}

# Random String Resource
resource "random_string" "myrandom" {
  length = 6
  upper = false
  special = false
  number = false
}
```

Step-04: c2-resource-group.tf

```
# Resource-1: Azure Resource Group
resource "azurerm_resource_group" "myrg" {
  name = "myrg-1"
  location = "East US"
}
```

Step-05: c3-vritual-network.tf - Virtual Network Resource

Step-06: c3-vritual-network.tf - Azure Subnet Resource

Step-07: c3-vritual-network.tf - Azure Public IP Resource

```
environment = "Dev"
}
```

Step-08: c3-vritual-network.tf - Network Interface Resource

Step-09: c4-linux-virtual-machine.tf

```
# Resource: Azure Linux Virtual Machine
resource "azurerm_linux_virtual_machine" "mylinuxvm" {
 name = "mylinuxvm-1"
computer_name = "devlinux-vm1" # Hostname of the VM
 resource_group_name = azurerm_resource_group.myrg.name
 location = azurerm_resource_group.myrg.location
 size = "Standard_DS1_v2"
admin_username = "azureuser"
 network_interface_ids = [
   azurerm_network_interface.myvmnic.id
 admin_ssh_key {
  username = "azureuser"
   public_key = file("${path.module}/ssh-keys/terraform-azure.pub")
 os disk {
  name = "osdisk"
                      = "ReadWrite"
   caching
   storage_account_type = "Standard_LRS"
  source_image_reference {
   publisher = "RedHat
   offer = "RHEL"
sku = "83-gen2"
   version = "latest"
  custom_data = filebase64("${path.module}/app-scripts/app1-cloud-init.txt")
```

Step-10: app1-cloud-init.txt

```
#cloud-config
package_upgrade: false
packages:
    - httpd
write_files:
    - owner: root:root
    path: /var/www/html/index.html
    content: |
```

Step-11: Execute Terraform commands to Create Resources using Terraform

```
# Initialize Terraform
terraform init

# Terraform Validate
terraform validate

# Terraform Plan
terraform plan
# Terraform Apply
terraform apply
```

Step-12: Verify the Resources

- · Verify Resources
- 1. Azure Resource Group
- 2. Azure Virtual Network
- 3. Azure Subnet
- 4. Azure Public IP
- 5. Azure Network Interface
- 6. Azure Virtual Machine

```
# Connect to VM and Verify
ssh -i ssh-keys/terraform-azure.pem azureuser@<PUBLIC-IP>

# Access Application
http://<PUBLIC_IP>
http://<PUBLIC_IP>/app1
http://<PUBLIC_IP>/app1/metadata.html
```

Step-13: Destroy Terraform Resources

```
# Destroy Terraform Resources
terraform destroy

# Remove Terraform Files
rm -rf .terraform*
rm -rf terraform.tfstate*
```

References

- 1. Azure Resource Group
- 2. Azure Virtual Network
- 3. Azure Subnet
- 4. Azure Public IP
- 5. Azure Network Interface
- 6. Azure Virtual Machine