## Conditional Probability

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## Topics

- Definition of conditional probability
- Simulation

A bag contains 3 red and 3 white balls. Two balls are drawn from the bag, one at a time; the first ball is not replaced before the second ball is drawn.

1. What is the probability of drawing a white ball on the first pick and a red on the second?

```
#define parameters
balls = rep(c("R", "W"), c(5,2))
number.draws = 2
replicates = 10000
#create empty vector to store results
successes = vector("numeric", replicates)
#set the seed for a pseudo-random sample
#set.seed(5011)
#simulate the draws
for(k in 1:replicates){
  draw = sample(balls, size = number.draws, replace = FALSE)
  if(draw[1] == "W" & draw[2] == "R"){
    successes[k] = 1
  }
}
#view the results
#successes
table(successes)
```

```
## successes
     0 1
## 7590 2410
#define parameters
balls = rep(c("R", "W"), c(3,3))
number.draws = 2
replicates = 10000
#create empty vector to store results
successes = vector("numeric", replicates)
#set the seed for a pseudo-random sample
set.seed(2018)
#simulate the draws
for(k in 1:replicates){
 draw = sample(balls, size = number.draws, replace = FALSE)
 if(draw[1] == "W" & draw[2] == "R"){
    successes[k] = 1
 }
}
#view the results
table(successes)
## successes
     0
## 6926 3074
#estimate the probability
sum(successes)/replicates
## [1] 0.3074
#define parameters
balls = rep(c("R", "W"), c(3,3))
number.draws = 2
replicates = 10000
#create empty vector to store results
successes = vector("numeric", replicates)
```

```
#set the seed for a pseudo-random sample
#set.seed(2018)
#simulate the draws
for(k in 1:replicates){
 draw = sample(balls, size = number.draws, replace = FALSE)
 if( (draw[1] == "W" & draw[2] == "R") | (draw[1] == "R" & draw[2] == "W") ){
    successes[k] = 1
 }
}
#view the results
table(successes)
## successes
     0
## 3946 6054
#estimate the probability
sum(successes)/replicates
## [1] 0.6054
#define parameters
p.female = 0.50
p.tall.if.female = 0.03
p.tall.if.male = 0.20
population.size = 10000
#create empty vectors to store results
sex = vector("numeric", population.size)
tall = vector("numeric", population.size)
#set the seed for a pseudo-random sample
#set.seed(2018)
#assign sex
sex = sample(c(0,1), size = population.size, prob = c(1 - p.female, p.female),
             replace = TRUE)
#assign tall or not
for (k in 1:population.size){
```

```
if (sex[k] == 0) {
    tall[k] = sample(c(0,1), prob = c(1 - p.tall.if.male, p.tall.if.male),
                     size = 1, replace = TRUE)
 }
  if (sex[k] == 1) {
    tall[k] = sample(c(0,1), prob = c(1 - p.tall.if.female, p.tall.if.female),
                     size = 1, replace = TRUE)
 }
}
#view results
addmargins(table(sex, tall))
##
       tall
## sex
             0
                   1
                       Sum
##
          3974
                 990 4964
     0
          4906
               130 5036
##
     1
##
     Sum 8880 1120 10000
#probability of female and tall
sum(tall == 1 & sex == 1)/population.size
## [1] 0.013
#probability of tall
sum(tall)/population.size
## [1] 0.112
#define parameters
p.disease.AA = 0.8
p.disease.Aa = 0.4
p.disease.aa = 0.1
p.AA = 0.81
p.Aa = 0.18
p.aa = 0.01
population.size = 10000
#create empty vectors to store results
genotype = vector("numeric", population.size)
disease = vector("numeric", population.size)
```

```
#set the seed for a pseudo-random sample
#set.seed(2018)
#assign genotype
genotype = sample(c("AA", "Aa", "aa"), size = population.size,
                  prob = c(p.AA, p.Aa, p.aa), replace = TRUE)
#assign disease status
for(k in 1:population.size){
  if(genotype[k] == "AA"){
    disease[k] = sample(c(0, 1), size = 1,
                      prob = c(1 - p.disease.AA, p.disease.AA),
                      replace = TRUE)
 }
  if(genotype[k] == "Aa"){
    disease[k] = sample(c(0, 1), size = 1,
                      prob = c(1 - p.disease.Aa, p.disease.Aa),
                      replace = TRUE)
  }
  if(genotype[k] == "aa"){
    disease[k] = sample(c(0, 1), size = 1,
                      prob = c(1 - p.disease.aa, p.disease.aa),
                      replace = TRUE)
 }
}
#view results
addmargins(table(genotype, disease))
##
           disease
## genotype
                0
                      1
                          Sum
                      7
##
               93
                          100
        aa
##
        Aa
             1105
                    689 1794
##
        AA
             1690
                   6416 8106
        Sum 2888 7112 10000
##
sum(disease)/population.size
```

## [1] 0.7112

```
sum(genotype == "AA" & disease == 1)/sum(disease)
```

## [1] 0.9021372