LAB 6



Concurrent Server - High-level Network programming

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1. Bài 1

Cập nhật phần Server của Bài 2-Lab04 và Bài 4-Lab04 để có thể phục vụ song song nhiều Client cùng một lúc (sử dụng kỹ thuật Multi-Threading).

(Chụp hình minh họa code bài làm và kết quả thực thi; đính kèm tập tin code khi nộp bài.)

- Code bài 2 lab 5 server:
- Ta thêm 1 class ClientThread như sau:

```
class ClientThread(Thread):
 4
         def __init__(self, ip, port, sock):
             Thread.__init__(self)
 5
             self.ip = ip
 6
 7
             self.port = port
             self.sock = sock
 8
             print(" New thread started for "+ip+":"+str(port))
9
         def convert(self, number):
10
11
             if(number.isdigit()):
                 switcher = {
12
13
                     0: 'Không',
14
                     1: 'Một',
15
                     2: 'Hai',
                     3: 'Ba',
16
17
                     4: 'Bốn',
18
                     5: 'Năm',
19
                     6: 'Sáu',
20
                     7: 'Bảy',
                     8: 'Tám',
21
                     9: 'Chín',
22
23
24
                 return switcher.get(int(number))
25
                 return "Không phải là số"
26
27
         def run(self):
             while True: # Receive the data in small chunks and retransmit it
28
29
                 data = self.sock.recv(64).decode()
30
                 if (data):
                     data = self.convert(data);
31
                     print('sending data back to the client', data)
32
                     self.sock.send(data.encode())
33
34
35
                     print('no data from', ip)
36
```

- Sau đó ta hiệu chỉnh chương trình chính để chạy như sau

```
host = "localhost"
40
     port = 8888
41
42
     tcpsock = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
     tcpsock.setsockopt(socket.SOL_SOCKET, socket.SO_REUSEADDR, 1)
44
     tcpsock.bind((host, port))
     threads = []
45
46
47
     while True:
48
         tcpsock.listen(5)
49
         print("Waiting for incoming connections...")
         (conn, (ip, port)) = tcpsock.accept()
50
         print('Got connection from ', (ip, port))
51
         newthread = ClientThread(ip, port, conn)
52
         newthread.start()
53
54
         threads.append(newthread)
```

Kết quả thực thi khi server có nhiều client kết nối tới

```
PS D:\2019-2023\hk2 2021-2022\CT293\thuc_hanh\lab6> py .\cau2_lab5_server.py
Waiting for incoming connections...
Got connection from ('127.0.0.1', 52590)
New thread started for 127.0.0.1:52590
Waiting for incoming connections...
Got connection from ('127.0.0.1', 52591)
New thread started for 127.0.0.1:52591
Waiting for incoming connections...
Got connection from ('127.0.0.1', 52592)
New thread started for 127.0.0.1:52592
Waiting for incoming connections...
sending data back to the client Bảy
no data from 127.0.0.1
sending data back to the client Năm
no data from 127.0.0.1
sending data back to the client Ba
no data from 127.0.0.1
```

- Code bài 4 lab 5 server:
- Ta thêm 1 class ClientThread

```
4
     class ClientThread(Thread):
5
         def __init__(self, ip, port, sock):
             Thread. init (self)
 6
 7
             self.ip = ip
             self.port = port
8
9
             self.sock = sock
             print(" New thread started for "+ip+":"+str(port))
10
         def run(self):
11
             while True: # Receive the data in small chunks and retransmit it
12
                 req = self.sock.recv(64).decode()
13
14
                 if(req):
                    method, name = req.split(" ")
15
16
17
                    if(method == "GET"):
18
19
                          fi = open(name, 'rb')
20
                          if(fi):
                             self.sock.send("OK\n".encode())
21
22
                             c2, addr2 = tcpsockSendData.accept()
23
                          while True:
24
                             data = fi.read(buffer_size)
                             while (data):
25
                                c2.send(data)
26
27
                                data = fi.read(buffer_size)
28
                             if not data:
29
                                fi.close()
30
31
                                c2.close()
                                break;
32
33
                       finally:
34
                          self.sock.send("ERROR\n".encode())
```

```
35
                    elif(method == "DELETE"):
36
                       file_path = './' + name
37
38
                          os.remove(file path)
39
                          self.sock.send("OK\n".encode())
40
                          print("da xoa file ", name, " thanh cong!!")
41
42
43
                          self.sock.send("ERROR\n".encode())
                          print("Error: %s : %s" % (file_path, e.strerror))
44
45
46
                    elif(method == "LIST"):
47
                       file_path = './' + name
48
49
                          list = os.listdir(file_path)
50
                          self.sock.send("OK\n".encode())
51
                          c2, addr2 = tcpsockSendData.accept()
                          myString = "-".join(list)
52
53
                          c2.send(myString.encode())
                          print("hien ds trong thu muc ", name, " thanh cong!!")
54
55
                          c2.close();
56
                          self.sock.send("ERROR\n".encode())
57
```

_

Sau đó ta hiệu chỉnh chương trình chính:

```
host = "localhost"
59
     port = 8000
60
     port2 = 8001
61
     tcpsockSendData = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
62
63
     tcpsockSendData.setsockopt(socket.SOL_SOCKET, socket.SO_REUSEADDR, 1)
     tcpsockSendData.bind((host, port2))
64
65
66
     tcpsock = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
     tcpsock.setsockopt(socket.SOL_SOCKET, socket.SO_REUSEADDR, 1)
67
     tcpsock.bind((host, port))
68
69
70
     threads = []
71
     buffer_size = 1024
72
73
     while True:
74
        tcpsock.listen(5)
75
        tcpsockSendData.listen(5)
        print("Waiting for incoming connections...")
76
77
        (conn, (ip, port)) = tcpsock.accept()
        print('Got connection from ', (ip, port))
78
        newthread = ClientThread(ip, port, conn)
79
        newthread.start()
80
        threads.append(newthread)
81
```

- Kết quả thực thi khi server có nhiều client kết nối tới

```
PS D:\2019-2023\hk2 2021-2022\CT293\thuc_hanh\lab6> py .\Cau4_lab5_server.py
Waiting for incoming connections...
Got connection from ('127.0.0.1', 52777)
New thread started for 127.0.0.1:52777
Waiting for incoming connections..
Got connection from ('127.0.0.1', 52780)
New thread started for 127.0.0.1:52780
Waiting for incoming connections...
Got connection from ('127.0.0.1', 52783)
New thread started for 127.0.0.1:52783
Waiting for incoming connections...
Exception in thread Thread-3:
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "C:\Program Files\Python310\lib\threading.py", line 1009, in _bootstrap_inner
    self.run()
 File "D:\2019-2023\hk2 2021-2022\CT293\thuc_hanh\lab6\Cau4_lab5_server.py", line 13, in run
   req = self.sock.recv(64).decode()
ConnectionResetError: [WinError 10054] An existing connection was forcibly closed by the remote host
hien ds trong thu muc cau4 thanh cong!!
Exception in thread Thread-1:
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "C:\Program Files\Python310\lib\threading.py", line 1009, in _bootstrap_inner
    self.run()
 File "D:\2019-2023\hk2 2021-2022\CT293\thuc_hanh\lab6\Cau4_lab5_server.py", line 13, in run
   req = self.sock.recv(64).decode()
ConnectionResetError: [WinError 10054] An existing connection was forcibly closed by the remote host
da xoa file 1651808499_data1.txt thanh cong!!
```

2. Bài 2

Tham khảo ví dụ MessageServer.py và MessageClient.py, viết chương trình Chat đơn giản sử dụng UDP socket cho phép hai người trên hai máy tính trò chuyện với nhau. Lưu ý: tạo 2 thread (1 dùng để gửi, 1 để nhận thông điệp) để chương trình cho phép người dùng nhận và gửi thông điệp song song.

(Chụp hình minh họa code bài làm và kết quả thực thi; đính kèm tập tin code khi nộp bài.)

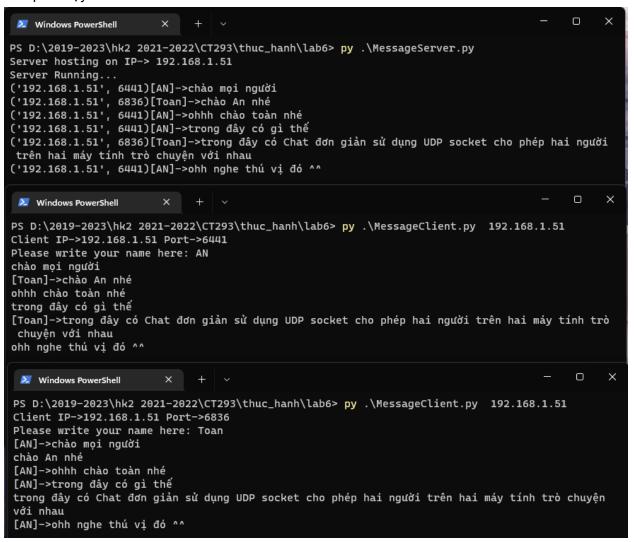
- Code minh hoa server:

```
import socket
 2
    import threading
 3
    import queue
 4
     def RecvData(sock,recvPackets):
 5
         while True:
 6
             data,addr = sock.recvfrom(1024)
 7
             recvPackets.put((data,addr))
 8
 9
     host = socket.gethostbyname(socket.gethostname())
10
11
     port = 5000
12
     print('Server hosting on IP-> '+str(host))
     s = socket.socket(socket.AF INET,socket.SOCK DGRAM)
13
14
     s.bind((host,port))
     clients = set()
15
16
     recvPackets = queue.Queue()
17
18
     print('Server Running...')
19
     threading.Thread(target=RecvData,args=(s,recvPackets)).start()
20
21
22
     while True:
         while not recvPackets.empty():
23
             data,addr = recvPackets.get()
24
             if addr not in clients:
25
                 clients.add(addr)
26
27
             clients.add(addr)
28
             data = data.decode('utf-8')
29
             if data.endswith('qqq'):
30
31
                 clients.remove(addr)
32
             print(str(addr)+data)
33
             for c in clients:
34
                 if c!=addr:
35
36
                     s.sendto(data.encode('utf-8'),c)
37
     s.close()
     #Serevr Code Ends Here
38
```

- Code minh họa bên client

```
import socket
    import threading
 2
 3
    import sys
    import random
 4
 5
    import os
     #Client Code
 6
 7
     def ReceiveData(sock):
8
         while True:
9
             try:
                 data,addr = sock.recvfrom(1024)
10
                 print(data.decode('utf-8'))
11
12
             except:
13
14
     def RunClient(serverIP):
15
         host = socket.gethostbyname(socket.gethostname())
16
17
         port = random.randint(6000,10000)
         print('Client IP->'+str(host)+' Port->'+str(port))
18
         server = (str(serverIP),5000)
19
         s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET,socket.SOCK_DGRAM)
20
21
         s.bind((host,port))
22
23
         name = input('Please write your name here: ')
         if name == '':
24
             name = 'Guest'+str(random.randint(1000,9999))
25
             print('Your name is:'+name)
26
         s.sendto(name.encode('utf-8'), server)
27
         threading.Thread(target=ReceiveData,args=(s,)).start()
28
         while True:
29
             data = input()
30
             if data == 'qqq':
31
                break
32
             elif data=='':
33
34
             data = '['+name+']' + '->'+ data
35
             s.sendto(data.encode('utf-8'), server)
36
         s.sendto(data.encode('utf-8'),server)
37
         s.close()
38
39
         os._exit(1)
```

Kết quả chạy thử:



3. Bài 3

Sử dụng các thư viện hỗ trợ lập trình mạng ở mức độ High-level của Python để viết một chương trình EmailCrawler cho phép tìm các địa chỉ email trên một website.

Code bài làm

```
1
2

√web crawler for extracting email addresses from web pages.

3
     Takes a string of URLs and requests each page, checks to see if we've
4
5
     found any emails and prints each email it finds.
6
7
8
     import argparse
9
     import re
10
     import sys
11
     import urllib.request
12
13
     class Crawler(object):
14
15
         def init (self, urls):
16
17
             @urls: a string containing the (comma separated) URLs to crawl.
18
19
             self.urls = urls.split(',')
20
         def crawl(self):
21
22
             Iterate the list of URLs and request each page, then parse it and
23
             print the emails we find.
24
25
             for url in self.urls:
26
                 data = self.request(url)
27
28
                 for email in self.process(data):
29
30
                     print(email)
31
         @staticmethod
32
33
         def request(url):
34
35
             Request @url and return the page contents.
36
37
             response = urllib.request.urlopen(url)
             return response.read().decode("utf-8", "ignore")
38
39
```

```
40
         @staticmethod
41
         def process(data):
42
43
             Process @data and yield the emails we find in it.
44
45
             for email in re.findall(r'[\w.+-]+@[\w-]+\.[\w.-]+', data):
                 yield email
46
47
48
49
     def main():
50
         argparser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
51
         argparser.add_argument(
             '--urls', dest='urls', required=True,
52
53
             help='A comma separated string of emails.')
54
         parsed_args = argparser.parse_args()
         crawler = Crawler(parsed_args.urls)
55
56
         crawler.crawl()
57
     if __name__ == '__main__':
58
59
     sys.exit(main())
```

Kết quả thực thi:

```
PS D:\2019-2023\hk2 2021-2022\CT293\thuc_hanh\lab6> py EmailCrawler.py --urls https://phuclong.com.vn/
Sales@phuclong.com.vn
Info@phuclong.com.vn
PS D:\2019-2023\hk2 2021-2022\CT293\thuc_hanh\lab6> py EmailCrawler.py --urls https://dkmh3.ctu.edu.vn/login.php
dhct@ctu.edu.vn.
PS D:\2019-2023\hk2 2021-2022\CT293\thuc_hanh\lab6>
```

(Chup hình minh hoa code bài làm và kết quả thực thi; đính kèm tập tin code khi nộp

bài.)