## Section 7.4

## Penn State University

Math 141 - Section 001 - Summer 2016

## 7.4: Integration of Rational Functions by Partial Fractions

The main idea of this section is to reduce integrals of a rational function (i.e. products and quotients of polynomials) to familiar integrals such as  $\int \frac{1}{x} dx$ ,  $\int \frac{x}{x^2+1} dx$ ,  $\int \frac{1}{x^2+1} dx$ , and so on.

**Exercise 1.** (Ex1)  $\int \frac{x^3+x}{x-1} dx$ 

**Exercise 2.** (Ex2)  $\int \frac{x^2 + 2x - 1}{2x^3 + 3x^2 - 2x} dx$ 

**Exercise 3.**  $\int \frac{dx}{x^2 - 3x + 2}$ 

**Exercise 4.** (Ex4; denominator with repeated factors)  $\int \frac{x^4 - 2x^2 + 4x + 1}{x^3 - x^2 - x + 1}$ 

**Exercise 5.** (Ex5; denominator with irreducible quadratic factors)  $\int \frac{2x^2 - x - 4}{x^3 + 4x} dx$ 

## **Problems**

- 1.  $\int \frac{x}{x-1} dx$ .
- $2. \int \frac{x+4}{x^2+2x+5} dx$
- 3.  $\int \frac{x}{x^2-4} dx$

- $4. \int \frac{x^3}{x^2-4} dx$
- 5.  $\int \frac{x^2+1}{(x-3)(x-2)^2} dx.$
- 6.  $\int \frac{x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 1}{(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 2)} dx.$
- 7. (Sample B #16)  $\int \frac{x+4}{x^3+4x} dx$
- 8. (Sample A #12)  $\int \frac{5x+2}{x^2+x} dx$
- 9. (Sample C #14)  $\int \frac{x+1}{x^2-5x+6} dx$
- 10. (Sample D #12)  $\int \frac{5x+2}{x^2+x} dx$