

19. Trapping Rain Water

Medium Accuracy: 49.62% Submissions: 42261 Points: 4

Given an array `arr[]` of **N** non-negative integers representing the height of blocks. If width of each block is 1, compute how much water can be trapped between the blocks during the rainy season.

$O(n)$ T&S

Example 1:

Input:

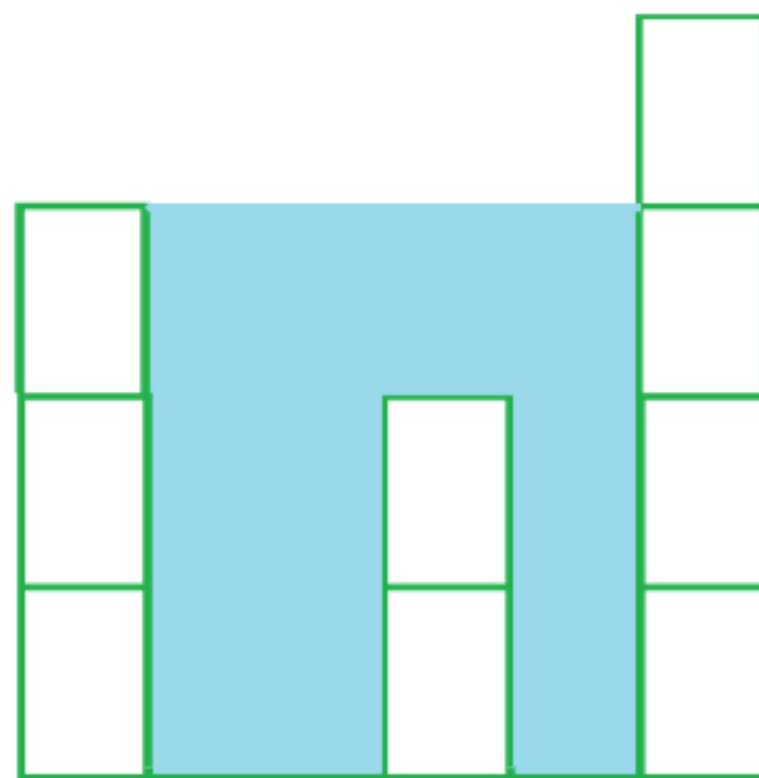
`N = 6`

`arr[] = {3, 0, 0, 2, 0, 4}`

Output:

10

Explanation:

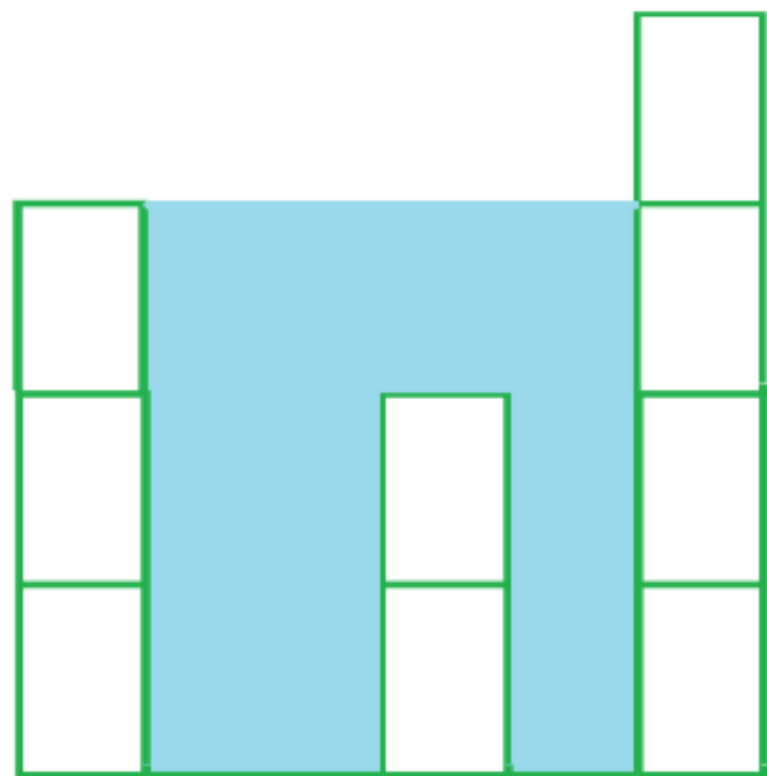


Bars for input {3, 0, 0, 2, 0, 4}

Total trapped water = 3 + 3 + 1 + 3 = 10

Water can't be stored for a given height
than the tallest left wall.

Explanation:



Bars for input {3, 0, 0, 2, 0, 4}

Total trapped water = $3 + 3 + 1 + 3 = 10$

→ for a particular column max. water that
could be stored would be equal to the
minimum of left max tower and
right max.


```

public:
int trappingWater(int arr[], int n){

    // left[i] contains height of tallest bar to the
    // left of bar at ith index including itself.
    vector<int> left(n, 0);

    // right[i] contains height of tallest bar to
    // the right of bar at ith index including itself.
    vector<int> right(n, 0);

    int water = 0;

    // Storing values of tallest bar from first index till ith index.
    left[0] = arr[0];
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
        left[i] = max(left[i - 1], arr[i]);
    }

    // Storing values of tallest bar from last index till ith index.
    right[n-1] = arr[n-1];
    for (int i = n - 2; i >= 0; i--) {
        right[i] = max(right[i + 1], arr[i]);
    }
}

```

Part ① → storing left max to a man.

initially with 0

① contains the left max tower which has highest value including i th.

→ 0 → comparing $\{ (i-1) \text{ \& } (i) \}$ man.

initially with 0

② → containing 1 man considering i th itself.

$(n-1) \rightarrow \text{comp. man}(i+1, i)$

$\{ : n-2 \}$
initialization

Part 2 : Calculating water stored

```
// Storing the result by choosing the minimum of heights of tallest bar to  
// the right and left of the bar at current index and also subtracting the  
// value of current index to get water accumulated at current index.  
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
    water += max(0, min(left[i], right[i]) - arr[i]);  
}  
// returning the result.  
return water;
```

min of both sides - already filled depth.
if becomes negative then 0-