Glynn County

District information



atlregional.github.io/gta/#county/13127



Who lives in Glynn County?

More and more travellers are choosing transit. Millenials in particular are opting for transit passes instead of driver's licenses. According to the Who's On Board: 2014 Mobility Attitudes Survey, in the South alone 20% of people under 30 use transit at least once a week and 11% use it to commute at least 3-4 times per week.

Still, some ride transit not because of its conveniences, but because it's the only way they can get around. Aging adults or persons with disabilities, those who cannot afford the costs of car ownership, and veterans that need transport to medical appointments all depend daily on their local transit systems.

Total population	80,280
Millenials	20,446 (25%)
65 years or older	12,648 (16%)
Veterans	7,258 (9%)
Below poverty line	15,148 (19%)
Living with a disability	7,202 (9%)
Less than one car per worker	2,282 households (7%)

Source: American Community Survey 2013 5-year estimates

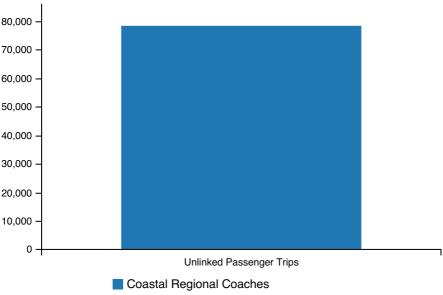
What transit providers operate in Glynn County?

Coastal Regional Commission (Coastal Regional Coaches)

How is transit used in the area?

Transit in Georgia serves hundreds of thousands of Georgians every day. Transit agencies operating in Glynn County provide 78,203 trips annually. These services are especially important to the 12,648 (16%) elderly and 7,202 (9%) disabled riders that depend on transit in this district.

The figure below shows unlinked passenger trips, or the number of times passengers board vehicles, in Glynn County. For more on service data, visit atlregional.github.io/gta/#county/13127/service.



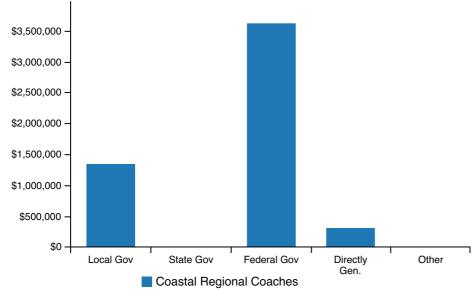
Source: National Transit Database (NTD) 2013 Urban Service; NTD Rural 2013 Subrecipient Service Data Note: Transit data are aggregated by county and subject to overestimation in small districts. Demographics are reported for the district alone.

How much does transit cost in the area?

Transit expenses are divided into:

- Capital includes infrastructure and equipment, such as buses and vans, facilities, and technology.
- Operating includes daily costs required to operate the system, such as salaries for bus operators and mechanics, regular vehicle and system maintenance, and general administrative costs.

The figure below shows all funding (both capital and operating) categorized by funding source. For details on this funding data, visit atlregional.github.io/gta/#county/13127/funding.



Source: National Transit Database (NTD) 2013 Urban Tax Funds, Directly Generated Funds; NTD Rural 2013 Subrecipient Financial Data Note: Transit data are aggregated by county and subject to overestimation in small districts. Demographics are reported for the district alone.