

T81-558: Applications of Deep Neural Networks

Module 8: Kaggle Data Sets

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- · For more information visit the class website.

Module 8 Material

- Part 8.1: Introduction to Kaggle [Video] [Notebook]
- Part 8.2: Building Ensembles with Scikit-Learn and Keras [Video] [Notebook]
- Part 8.3: How Should you Architect Your Keras Neural Network: Hyperparameters [Video] [Notebook]
- Part 8.4: Bayesian Hyperparameter Optimization for Keras [Video] [Notebook]
- Part 8.5: Current Semester's Kaggle [Video] [Notebook]

Google CoLab Instructions

The following code ensures that Google CoLab is running the correct version of TensorFlow.

Note: using Google CoLab

Part 8.5: Current Semester's Kaggle

Kaggke competition site for current semester:

Spring 2023 Kaggle Assignment

Previous Kaggle competition sites for this class (NOT this semester's assignment, feel free to use code):

- Fall 2022 Kaggle Assignment
- Spring 2022 Kaggle Assignment
- Fall 2021 Kaggle Assignment
- Spring 2021 Kaggle Assignment
- Fall 2020 Kaggle Assignment
- Spring 2020 Kaggle Assignment
- Fall 2019 Kaggle Assignment
- Spring 2019 Kaggle Assignment
- Fall 2018 Kaggle Assignment
- Spring 2018 Kaggle Assignment
- Fall 2017 Kaggle Assignment
- Spring 2017 Kaggle Assignment
- Fall 2016 Kaggle Assignment

Iris as a Kaggle Competition

If I used the Iris data as a Kaggle, I would give you the following three files:

- kaggle iris test.csv The data that Kaggle will evaluate you on. It contains only input; you must provide answers. (contains x)
- kaggle iris train.csv The data that you will use to train. (contains x and y)
- kaggle iris sample.csv A sample submission for Kaggle. (contains x and y)

Important features of the Kaggle iris files (that differ from how we've previously seen files):

- The iris species is already index encoded.
- Your training data is in a separate file.
- You will load the test data to generate a submission file.

The following program generates a submission file for "Iris Kaggle". You can use it as a starting point for assignment 3.

```
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
import tensorflow as tf
import numpy as np
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Activation
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
df train = pd.read csv(
    "https://data.heatonresearch.com/data/t81-558/datasets/"+\
    "kaggle iris train.csv", na values=['NA','?'])
# Encode feature vector
df train.drop('id', axis=1, inplace=True)
num classes = len(df train.groupby('species').species.nunique())
print("Number of classes: {}".format(num classes))
# Convert to numpy - Classification
x = df_train[['sepal_l', 'sepal_w', 'petal_l', 'petal_w']].values
dummies = pd.get dummies(df train['species']) # Classification
species = dummies.columns
y = dummies.values
# Split into train/test
x train, x test, y train, y test = train test split(
    x, y, test size=0.25, random state=45)
# Train, with early stopping
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(50, input dim=x.shape[1], activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(25))
model.add(Dense(y.shape[1],activation='softmax'))
model.compile(loss='categorical crossentropy', optimizer='adam')
monitor = EarlyStopping(monitor='val loss', min delta=1e-3,
                        patience=5, verbose=1, mode='auto',
                       restore best weights=True)
model.fit(x train,y train,validation data=(x test,y test),
          callbacks=[monitor], verbose=0, epochs=1000)
```

```
Number of classes: 3
Restoring model weights from the end of the best epoch: 103.
Epoch 108: early stopping
```

Out[2]: <keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f05e7452710>

Now that we've trained the neural network, we can check its log loss.

```
In [3]: from sklearn import metrics

# Calculate multi log loss error
pred = model.predict(x_test)
score = metrics.log_loss(y_test, pred)
print("Log loss score: {}".format(score))
```

```
Log loss score: 0.10988010508939623
```

Now we are ready to generate the Kaggle submission file. We will use the iris test data that does not contain a y target value. It is our job to predict this value and submit it to Kaggle.

```
In [4]: # Generate Kaggle submit file
        # Encode feature vector
        df test = pd.read csv(
            "https://data.heatonresearch.com/data/t81-558/datasets/"+\
            "kaggle iris test.csv", na values=['NA','?'])
        # Convert to numpy - Classification
        ids = df test['id']
        df test.drop('id', axis=1, inplace=True)
        x = df_test[['sepal_l', 'sepal_w', 'petal_l', 'petal_w']].values
        y = dummies.values
        # Generate predictions
        pred = model.predict(x)
        #pred
        # Create submission data set
        df submit = pd.DataFrame(pred)
        df submit.insert(0,'id',ids)
        df submit.columns = ['id','species-0','species-1','species-2']
        # Write submit file locally
        df submit.to csv("iris submit.csv", index=False)
        print(df_submit[:5])
          id species-0 species-1 species-2
       0 100 0.022300 0.777859 0.199841
```

```
id species-0 species-1 species-2
0 100 0.022300 0.777859 0.199841
1 101 0.001309 0.273849 0.724842
2 102 0.001153 0.319349 0.679498
3 103 0.958006 0.041989 0.000005
4 104 0.976932 0.023066 0.000002
```

MPG as a Kaggle Competition (Regression)

If the Auto MPG data were used as a Kaggle, you would be given the following three files:

- kaggle_mpg_test.csv The data that Kaggle will evaluate you on. Contains only input, you must provide answers. (contains x)
- kaggle mpg train.csv The data that you will use to train. (contains x and y)
- kaggle mpg sample.csv A sample submission for Kaggle. (contains x and y)

Important features of the Kaggle iris files (that differ from how we've previously seen files):

The following program generates a submission file for "MPG Kaggle".

```
In [5]: # HIDE OUTPUT
        from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
        from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Activation
        from sklearn.model selection import train test split
        from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
        import pandas as pd
        import io
        import os
        import requests
        import numpy as np
        from sklearn import metrics
        save path = "."
        df = pd.read csv(
            "https://data.heatonresearch.com/data/t81-558/datasets/"+\
            "kaggle auto train.csv",
            na values=['NA', '?'])
        cars = df['name']
        # Handle missing value
        df['horsepower'] = df['horsepower'].fillna(df['horsepower'].median())
        # Pandas to Numpy
        x = df[['cylinders', 'displacement', 'horsepower', 'weight',
               'acceleration', 'year', 'origin']].values
        y = df['mpg'].values # regression
        # Split into train/test
        x train, x test, y train, y test = train test split(
            x, y, test size=0.25, random state=42)
        # Build the neural network
        model = Sequential()
        model.add(Dense(25, input dim=x.shape[1], activation='relu')) # Hidden 1
        model.add(Dense(10, activation='relu')) # Hidden 2
        model.add(Dense(1)) # Output
        model.compile(loss='mean squared error', optimizer='adam')
        monitor = EarlyStopping(monitor='val loss', min delta=1e-3, patience=5,
                                verbose=1, mode='auto', restore best weights=True)
        model.fit(x train,y train,validation data=(x test,y test),
                  verbose=2, callbacks=[monitor], epochs=1000)
        # Predict
        pred = model.predict(x test)
```

```
Epoch 1/1000
9/9 - 1s - loss: 1797.5945 - val loss: 1272.4421 - 1s/epoch - 144ms/step
Epoch 2/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 574.7726 - val loss: 734.3082 - 92ms/epoch - 10ms/step
Epoch 3/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 487.3118 - val loss: 446.3558 - 76ms/epoch - 8ms/step
Epoch 4/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 326.7128 - val loss: 321.7191 - 96ms/epoch - 11ms/step
Epoch 5/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 294.8217 - val_loss: 271.3473 - 70ms/epoch - 8ms/step
Epoch 6/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 259.8376 - val loss: 239.6796 - 116ms/epoch - 13ms/step
Epoch 7/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 250.4708 - val loss: 227.4295 - 73ms/epoch - 8ms/step
Epoch 8/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 227.1252 - val loss: 198.4167 - 125ms/epoch - 14ms/step
Epoch 9/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 225.6681 - val loss: 195.5055 - 95ms/epoch - 11ms/step
Epoch 10/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 209.1198 - val loss: 184.1092 - 121ms/epoch - 13ms/step
Epoch 11/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 195.4801 - val loss: 176.0311 - 108ms/epoch - 12ms/step
Epoch 12/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 198.6493 - val loss: 168.1613 - 163ms/epoch - 18ms/step
Epoch 13/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 198.5606 - val loss: 196.0306 - 114ms/epoch - 13ms/step
Epoch 14/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 184.3067 - val loss: 179.8450 - 99ms/epoch - 11ms/step
Epoch 15/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 178.6627 - val loss: 148.1014 - 80ms/epoch - 9ms/step
Epoch 16/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 154.0201 - val loss: 129.9253 - 74ms/epoch - 8ms/step
Epoch 17/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 145.2373 - val loss: 124.0609 - 79ms/epoch - 9ms/step
Epoch 18/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 140.0318 - val loss: 116.7844 - 86ms/epoch - 10ms/step
Epoch 19/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 135.1688 - val loss: 115.0745 - 136ms/epoch - 15ms/step
Epoch 20/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 132.8391 - val_loss: 106.9831 - 169ms/epoch - 19ms/step
Epoch 21/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 123.6673 - val loss: 105.7211 - 95ms/epoch - 11ms/step
Epoch 22/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 123.7169 - val_loss: 99.6713 - 112ms/epoch - 12ms/step
Epoch 23/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 118.0815 - val loss: 96.0683 - 150ms/epoch - 17ms/step
Epoch 24/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 114.6363 - val_loss: 99.1486 - 153ms/epoch - 17ms/step
Epoch 25/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 112.3965 - val loss: 93.8642 - 180ms/epoch - 20ms/step
Epoch 26/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 111.2470 - val_loss: 88.3417 - 139ms/epoch - 15ms/step
Epoch 27/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 107.8639 - val loss: 86.7927 - 135ms/epoch - 15ms/step
Epoch 28/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 103.0426 - val loss: 89.0441 - 101ms/epoch - 11ms/step
```

```
Epoch 29/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 110.6277 - val loss: 82.4294 - 159ms/epoch - 18ms/step
Epoch 30/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 100.3681 - val loss: 90.8037 - 82ms/epoch - 9ms/step
Epoch 31/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 105.4711 - val loss: 79.2106 - 76ms/epoch - 8ms/step
Epoch 32/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 98.7603 - val loss: 79.9620 - 73ms/epoch - 8ms/step
Epoch 33/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 94.7678 - val loss: 76.8616 - 78ms/epoch - 9ms/step
Epoch 34/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 93.8199 - val loss: 77.0823 - 76ms/epoch - 8ms/step
Epoch 35/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 94.8746 - val loss: 73.9967 - 62ms/epoch - 7ms/step
Epoch 36/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 95.3178 - val_loss: 73.0059 - 60ms/epoch - 7ms/step
Epoch 37/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 91.1315 - val loss: 80.8389 - 57ms/epoch - 6ms/step
Epoch 38/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 96.4810 - val loss: 77.8854 - 59ms/epoch - 7ms/step
Epoch 39/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 91.1039 - val loss: 69.9539 - 40ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 40/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 86.9596 - val loss: 69.3511 - 43ms/epoch - 5ms/step
Epoch 41/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 87.6142 - val loss: 70.1390 - 57ms/epoch - 6ms/step
Epoch 42/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 88.0185 - val loss: 73.6168 - 38ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 43/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 92.8655 - val loss: 67.5213 - 38ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 44/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 88.5278 - val loss: 69.9708 - 59ms/epoch - 7ms/step
Epoch 45/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 82.9339 - val loss: 70.3786 - 39ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 46/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 81.7092 - val loss: 63.3550 - 59ms/epoch - 7ms/step
Epoch 47/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 81.1514 - val_loss: 78.7681 - 59ms/epoch - 7ms/step
Epoch 48/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 99.3562 - val loss: 62.8894 - 64ms/epoch - 7ms/step
Epoch 49/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 96.8292 - val loss: 67.8047 - 55ms/epoch - 6ms/step
Epoch 50/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 88.7995 - val loss: 67.5249 - 56ms/epoch - 6ms/step
Epoch 51/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 80.6064 - val loss: 96.2975 - 58ms/epoch - 6ms/step
Epoch 52/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 95.2732 - val loss: 62.4323 - 39ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 53/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 75.1992 - val loss: 64.0174 - 39ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 54/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 75.5173 - val loss: 57.8594 - 40ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 55/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 72.6369 - val loss: 56.2216 - 47ms/epoch - 5ms/step
Epoch 56/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 72.8636 - val loss: 55.3956 - 54ms/epoch - 6ms/step
```

```
Epoch 57/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 69.0251 - val loss: 70.7940 - 56ms/epoch - 6ms/step
Epoch 58/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 75.8152 - val loss: 63.7728 - 37ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 59/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 71.6866 - val loss: 59.5908 - 41ms/epoch - 5ms/step
Epoch 60/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 69.3349 - val loss: 52.7848 - 38ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 61/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 67.8410 - val loss: 53.5977 - 54ms/epoch - 6ms/step
Epoch 62/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 68.4640 - val loss: 53.6664 - 39ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 63/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 63.7229 - val loss: 52.4224 - 44ms/epoch - 5ms/step
Epoch 64/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 69.8485 - val loss: 59.1973 - 53ms/epoch - 6ms/step
Epoch 65/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 75.7193 - val loss: 70.1342 - 37ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 66/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 87.7418 - val loss: 55.3687 - 38ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 67/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 72.8599 - val loss: 52.9028 - 44ms/epoch - 5ms/step
Epoch 68/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 69.9528 - val loss: 49.9109 - 38ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 69/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 62.7782 - val loss: 46.6361 - 39ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 70/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 58.4024 - val loss: 50.8190 - 38ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 71/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 63.5687 - val loss: 46.6161 - 44ms/epoch - 5ms/step
Epoch 72/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 65.9290 - val loss: 47.1278 - 40ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 73/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 74.9235 - val loss: 61.1282 - 42ms/epoch - 5ms/step
Epoch 74/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 63.6773 - val loss: 45.0233 - 39ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 75/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 55.8287 - val_loss: 59.8986 - 41ms/epoch - 5ms/step
Epoch 76/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 58.9969 - val loss: 52.0535 - 39ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 77/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 60.7104 - val loss: 43.0530 - 46ms/epoch - 5ms/step
Epoch 78/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 59.7358 - val loss: 45.3669 - 41ms/epoch - 5ms/step
Epoch 79/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 60.9792 - val loss: 40.7967 - 41ms/epoch - 5ms/step
Epoch 80/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 58.0294 - val loss: 49.0612 - 42ms/epoch - 5ms/step
Epoch 81/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 57.6733 - val loss: 41.7604 - 44ms/epoch - 5ms/step
Epoch 82/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 50.3309 - val loss: 39.1461 - 38ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 83/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 54.2316 - val loss: 40.8561 - 36ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 84/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 66.4084 - val loss: 38.1869 - 60ms/epoch - 7ms/step
```

```
Epoch 85/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 50.0778 - val loss: 37.8852 - 56ms/epoch - 6ms/step
Epoch 86/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 47.0763 - val loss: 37.3743 - 39ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 87/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 46.1752 - val loss: 45.8444 - 45ms/epoch - 5ms/step
Epoch 88/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 49.4047 - val loss: 37.3778 - 40ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 89/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 46.5478 - val loss: 36.2859 - 38ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 90/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 44.7429 - val loss: 47.2213 - 38ms/epoch - 4ms/step
Epoch 91/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 49.7726 - val_loss: 52.5501 - 42ms/epoch - 5ms/step
Epoch 92/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 53.5449 - val loss: 62.3078 - 57ms/epoch - 6ms/step
Epoch 93/1000
9/9 - 0s - loss: 54.7558 - val loss: 51.2010 - 43ms/epoch - 5ms/step
Epoch 94/1000
Restoring model weights from the end of the best epoch: 89.
9/9 - 0s - loss: 52.3631 - val_loss: 42.2640 - 69ms/epoch - 8ms/step
Epoch 94: early stopping
```

Now that we've trained the neural network, we can check its RMSE error.

```
In [6]: import numpy as np

# Measure RMSE error. RMSE is common for regression.
score = np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(pred,y_test))
print("Final score (RMSE): {}".format(score))
```

Final score (RMSE): 6.023776405947501

Now we are ready to generate the Kaggle submission file. We will use the MPG test data that does not contain a y target value. It is our job to predict this value and submit it to Kaggle.

```
In [7]: import pandas as pd

# Generate Kaggle submit file

# Encode feature vector

df_test = pd.read_csv(
        "https://data.heatonresearch.com/data/t81-558/datasets/"+\
        "kaggle_auto_test.csv", na_values=['NA','?'])

# Convert to numpy - regression
ids = df_test['id']
df_test.drop('id', axis=1, inplace=True)

# Handle missing value
df_test['horsepower'] = df_test['horsepower'].\
        fillna(df['horsepower'].median())

x = df_test[['cylinders', 'displacement', 'horsepower', 'weight',
```

```
'acceleration', 'year', 'origin']].values

# Generate predictions
pred = model.predict(x)
#pred

# Create submission data set

df_submit = pd.DataFrame(pred)
df_submit.insert(0,'id',ids)
df_submit.columns = ['id','mpg']

# Write submit file locally
df_submit.to_csv("auto_submit.csv", index=False)
print(df_submit[:5])
```

```
id mpg
0 350 27.158819
1 351 24.450621
2 352 24.913355
3 353 26.994867
4 354 26.669268
```