# Information Security LAB 3

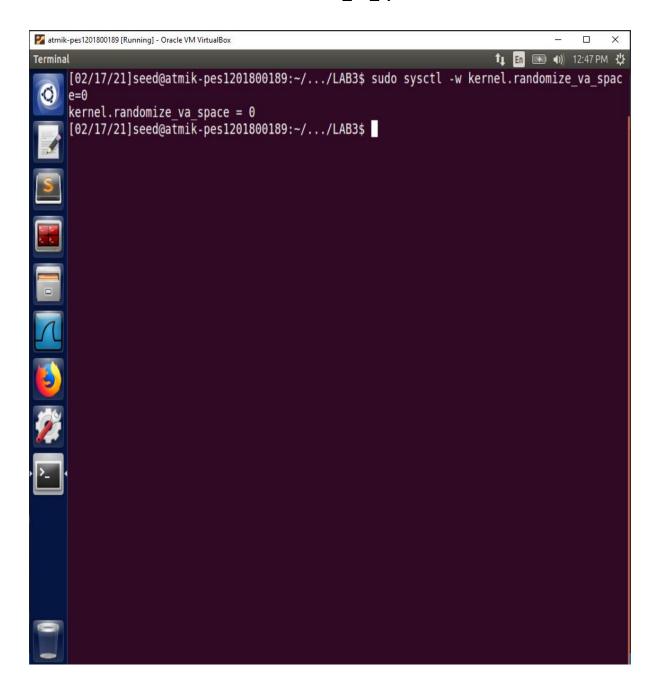
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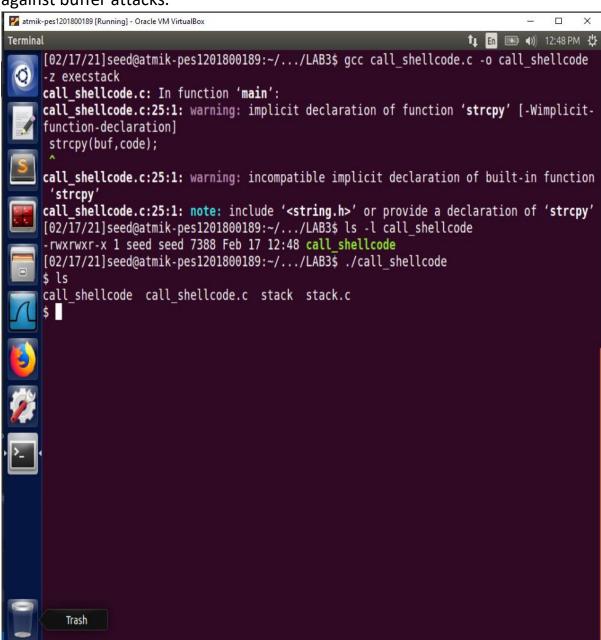
Section: 'A'

# Task 1:

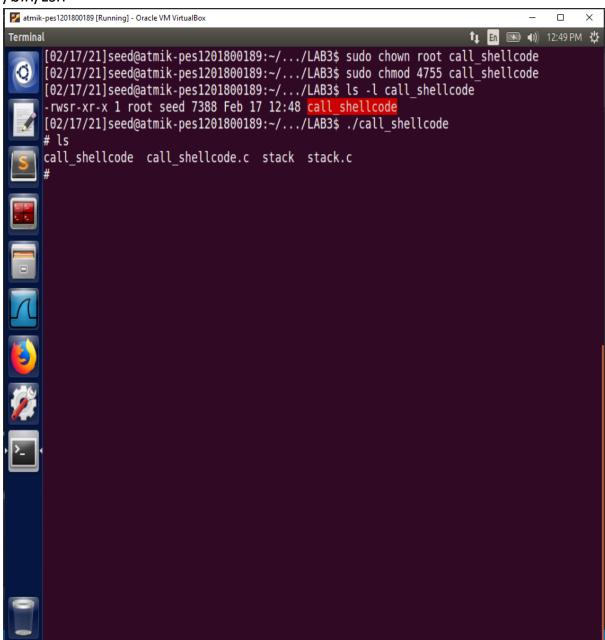
 Considering that ubuntu uses address space randomisation to randomise starting address of heap and stack, guessing them is very hard making it harder to actually carry out the buffer overflow attack. Since this lab is about carrying it out, we are going to disable the address randomisation with the command kernel.randomize\_va\_space=0



- Shellcode we have written is used to launch the shell and contains assembly level version of the code which we use stored in a buffer to launch the root shell to facilitate the attack
- ./call\_shellcode invoked the aforementioned shell, hence successfully launching user shell in seed environment
- The shell program in bash uses principle of least privilege and drops its existing root privileges when invoked, thereby offering protection against buffer attacks.

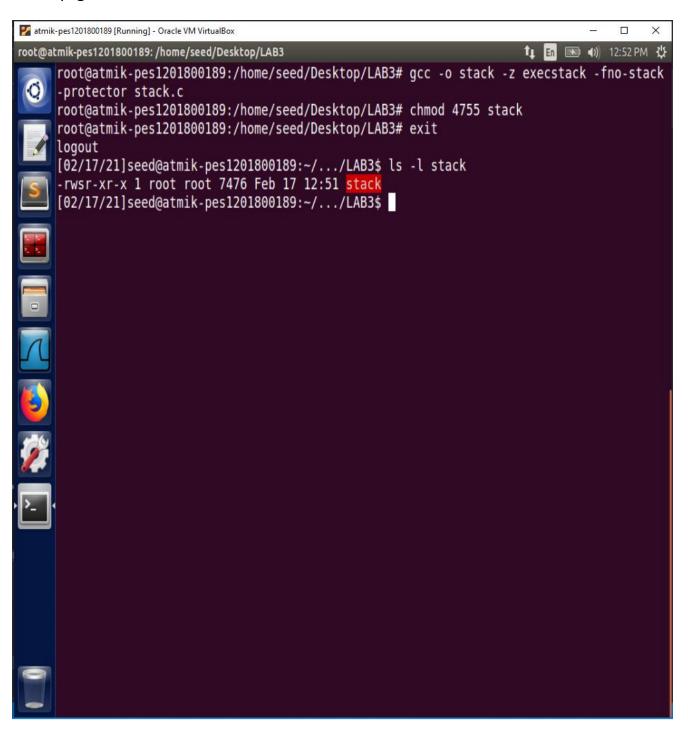


- The protection scheme is implemented in the /bin/sh file which is why we are replacing it with the /bin/zsh file since we want to try buffer overflow out.
- Now when we execute ./call\_shellcode it invokes root shell in the /bin/zsh



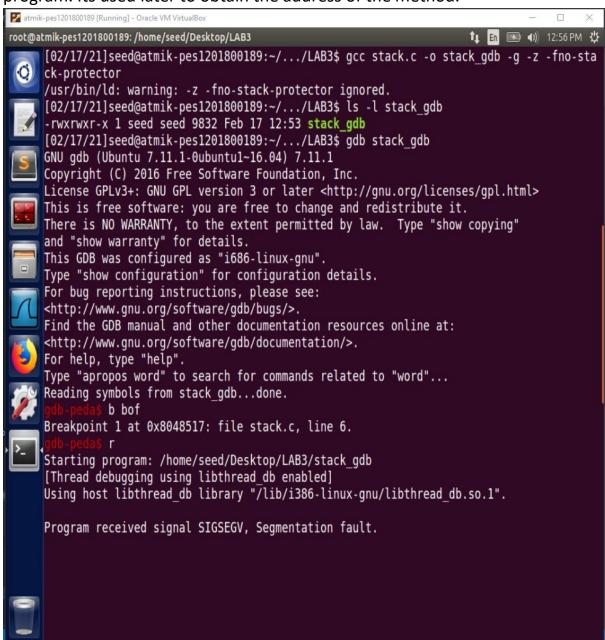
# Task 2:

- Fread function used in this context reads 517 bytes from badfile that will be created in the next task
- there is code responsible for buffer overflow problem as str is of 517 bytes and buffer of 12 bytes, usually relating to a segmentation fault but when exploited for buffer overflow can launch root bash if run as set-uid prg



### Task 3:

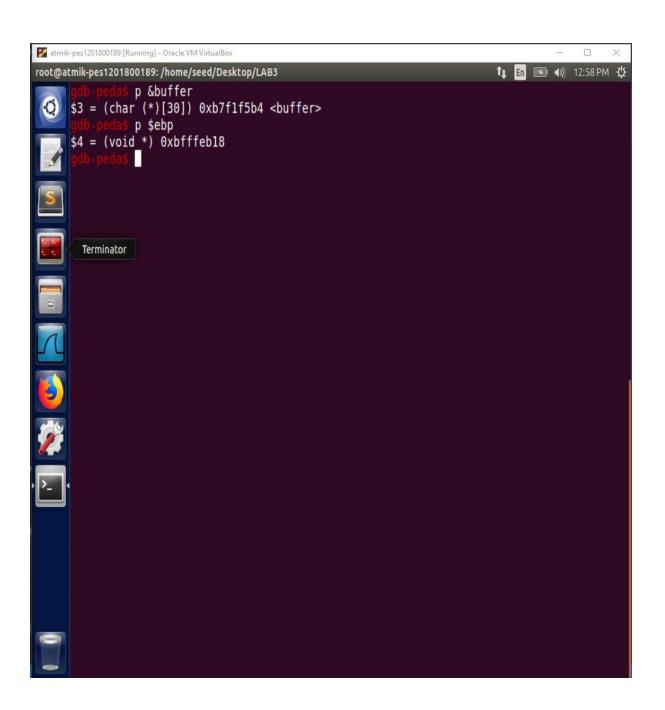
- -fno-stack-protector option and -z execstack option are used to turn off
   StackGuard and non executable stack protections
- b bof sets a breakpoint at the function bof() defined in the stack.c program. Its used later to obtain the address of the method.



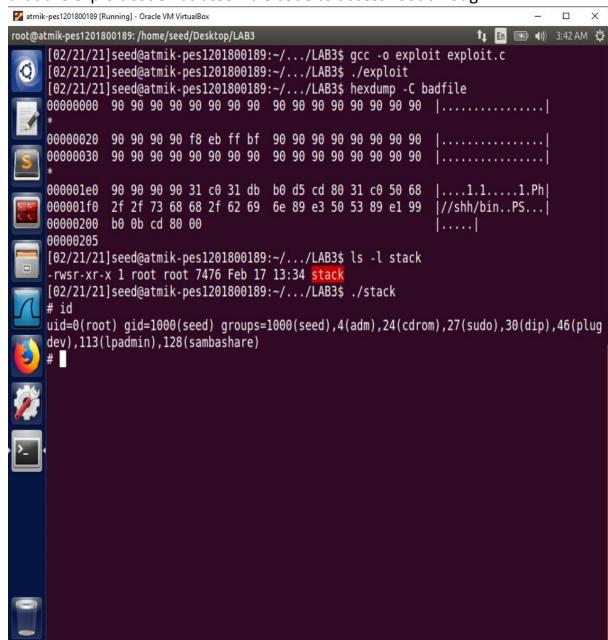
- the program runs until the breakpoint when **r** is entered , our break point is bof function which was set in the previous step and it also displays all the associated registers assigned to program run.

```
atmik-pes1201800189 [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
root@atmik-pes1201800189: /home/seed/Desktop/LAB3
                                                                         t En 🕟 ◆)) 12:56 PM 🖔
     EAX: 0xbfffeb47 --> 0x34208
     EBX: 0xb7f1c000 --> 0x1b1db0
     ECX: 0xb7flcbcc --> 0x25000
     ESI: 0x0
     EDI: 0x205
     EBP: 0xbfffeb18 --> 0xbfffed58 --> 0x0
                                     (< dl fixup+11>: add
     ESP: Oxbfffeaf0 -->
                                                             esi,0x15915)
                      (< GI IO fread+38>:
                                              mov
                                                     eax, DWORD PTR [esi])
     EFLAGS: 0x10206 (carry PARITY adjust zero sign trap INTERRUPT direction overflow)
                                              imul
                                                     edi, DWORD PTR [ebp+0x10]
        0xb7dc889a < GI IO fread+26>:
        0xb7dc889e < GI IO fread+30>:
                                                     0xb7dc8948 < GI IO fread+200>
        0xb7dc88a0 < GI IO fread+32>:
      => 0xb7dc88a6 < GI IO fread+38>:
                                              mov
                                                     eax, DWORD PTR [esi]
        0xb7dc88a8 < GI IO fread+40>:
                                                     eax,0x8000
                                              and
                                                     0xb7dc88ea < GI IO fread+106>
        0xb7dc88ad < GI IO fread+45>:
                                                     edx, DWORD PTR [esi+0x48]
        0xb7dc88af < GI IO fread+47>:
                                              mov
        0xb7dc88b2 < GI IO fread+50>:
                                                     ecx, DWORD PTR qs:0x8
                                              mov
                                      (< dl fixup+11>:
                                                                     esi,0x15915)
                                                              add
     0000| 0xbfffeaf0 -->
     0004 | 0xbfffeaf4 --> 0x0
     0008 | 0xbfffeaf8 --> 0xb7f1c000 --> 0x1b1db0
     0012| 0xbfffeafc --> 0xb7f1c000 --> 0x1b1db0
     0016 | 0xbfffeb00 --> 0xbfffed58 --> 0x0
                             o7feff10 (< dl runtime resolve+16>:
     0020| 0xbfffeb04 -->
                                                                      pop
                                      (< GI IO fread+11>: add
     0024| 0xbfffeb08 -->
                                                                     ebx,0x153775)
     0028 | 0xbfffeb0c --> 0x0
     Legend:
                 , data, rodata, value
     Stopped reason:
      GI IO fread (buf=0xbfffeb47, size=0x1, count=0x205, fp=0x0) at iofread.c:37
             iofread.c: No such file or directory.
               p &buffer
```

- P &buffer prints the address of the buffer that is used by the program
- **P \$epb** prints the value of the register ebp which is stack pointer used

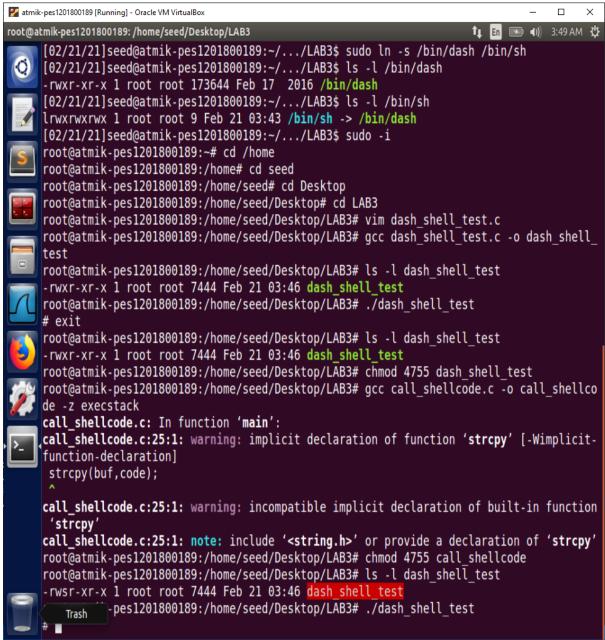


- **Exploit** contains the code that creats the badfile which has large amounts of data which will be read by stack.c
- Hexdump displays the contents of the badfile which is created by exploit.c
- ./stack executes the stack program and it has the buffer overflow flaw that the exploit code has assemble code to access root through

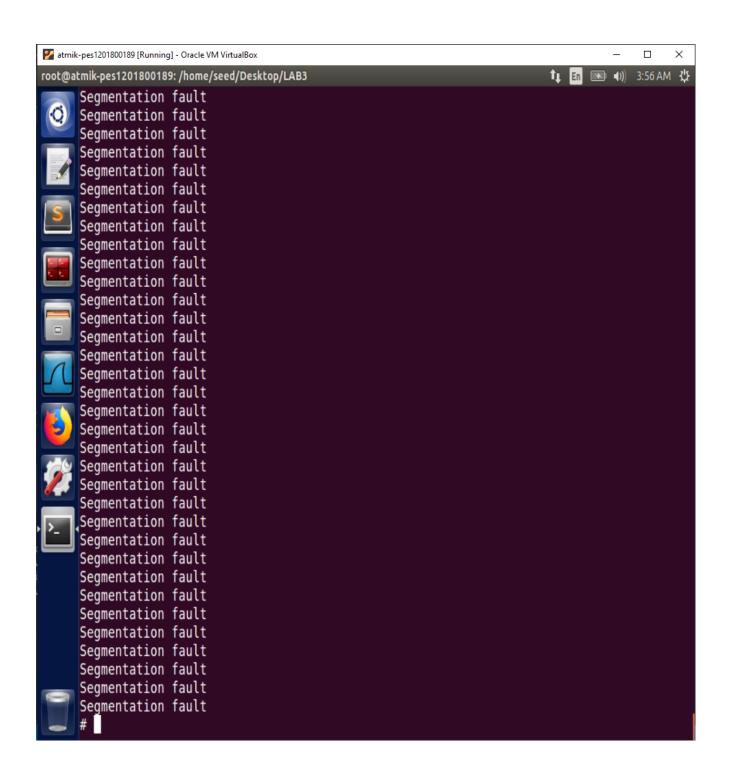


## Task 4:

 sudo In -s /bin/dash /bin/sh command changes the link /bin/sh in order to ensure dash to be running

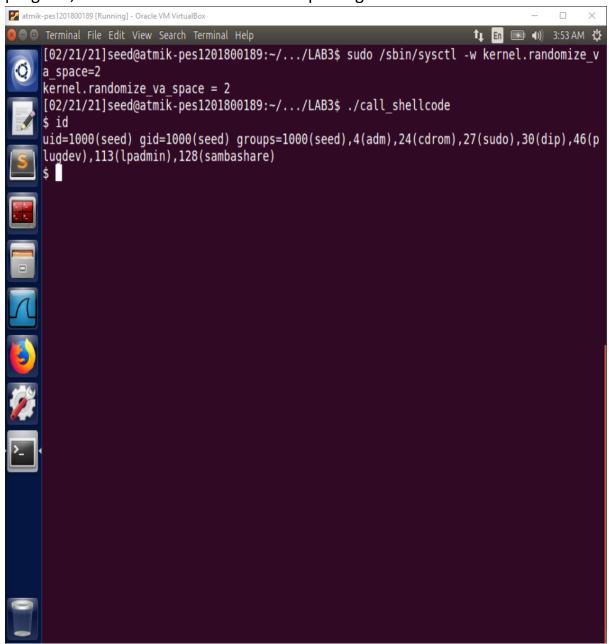


dash\_shell\_test.c is compiled and executed as set-uid prg



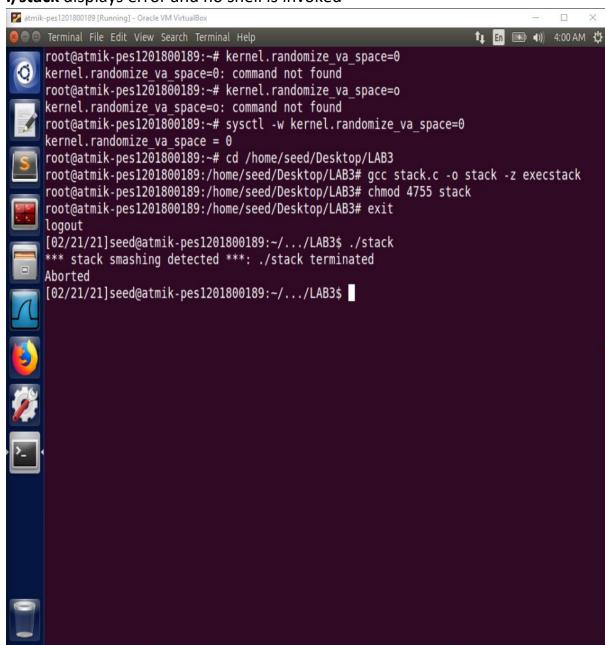
# Task 5:

- **sudo /sbin/sysctl -w kernel.randomize\_va\_space=2** command actually ensures full randomization of all the addresses
- **sh -c "while [ 1 ]; do ./stack; done;"** command executes ./stack repeatedly which exploits buffer overflow vulnerability present in stack program, used to invoke shell with root privileges.



# Task 6:

- when the stack.c is compiled without the -fno-stack-protector parameter, Stackguard is disabled
- ./stack displays error and no shell is invoked



# Task 7:

- When stack.c is compiled with noexecstack parameter, non executable stack protection is evoked
- ./stack doesn't invoke any shell and instead displays a segmentation fault

