

/work03/am/2021.ECS.HEAVY.RAIN/11.00.AMEDAS/31.00.HISTOGRAM.DAILY.PRECIP/26.00.95.PE



In [1]: pwd

Out[1]: '/work03/am/2021.ECS.HEAVY.RAIN/11.00.AMEDAS/31.00.HISTOGRAM.DAILY.PRECIP/26.00.95.P
ERGENTILE'

```
In [45]: #
# TEST SORT
#
import numpy as np

a1 = [1, 2, 9, 3, 2, np.nan, np.nan] # 例題 a1
a2 = [1, np.nan, 2, 9, 3, 2, np.nan] # 例題 a2

# 単純なSortの実行
ng1 = sorted(a1, key=lambda x: x)
ng2 = sorted(a2, key=lambda x: x)

# NaN値を置き換えてのSortの実行
ok1 = sorted(a1, key=lambda x: np.inf if np.isnan(x) else x)
ok2 = sorted(a2, key=lambda x: np.inf if np.isnan(x) else x)

print("NG:", ng1, ng2) # 例題 a2 を正しくソートできない
print("OK:", ok1, ok2) # 両例題とも正しくソートできる
```

NG: [1, 2, 2, 3, 9, nan, nan] [1, nan, 2, 2, 3, 9, nan]

OK: [1, 2, 2, 3, 9, nan, nan] [1, 2, 2, 3, 9, nan, nan]

```
In [3]: #
# MAX, 95 PERCENTILE
#

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib
import itertools
#matplotlib.use('Agg')
import os
%matplotlib inline

DSET="AMeDAS DAILY PRECIPITATION"

YS, YE=1982, 2021

BIPEN="07BP01"
INDIR="/work01/DATA/AMeDAS/HISTO_W. KYUSHU_1DY. PRECIP/"+BIPEN+"/"
PREFIX="AMeDAS_HISTO_W. KYUSHU_"

NY=YE-YS+1
YYYY = []
P095 = []
PMIN = []
PMAX = []
NSIZE= []
NVALID=[]

import pandas as pd
```

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for i in range(NY):

    YYYY.append(YS+i)

    INFLE=PREFIX+BIPEN+"_"+str(YYYY[i])+".csv"

    df = pd.read_csv(INDIR+INFLE, header=0) #dtype='float',
    df.replace([-99.0], np.nan, inplace=True)
    # df.replace([ 0.0], np.nan, inplace=True)

# https://www.python.ambitious-engineer.com/archives/2106

    P = np.array(df['R'])
    PSORT = sorted(P, key=lambda x: np.inf if np.isnan(x) else x)

    P_NOT_ZERO = [x for x in PSORT if np.isnan(x) == False]

    NSIZE.append(len(P_NOT_ZERO))

    # print(P_NOT_ZERO)
    ID95=int(NSIZE[i]*0.95)
    #print(NSIZE[i])
    #print(ID95)
    P095.append(P_NOT_ZERO[ID95])
    PMAX.append(P_NOT_ZERO[NSIZE[i]-1])

    # print(str(YYYY[i])+" "+NSIZE, PMAX="+str(NSIZE[i])+" "+str(PMAX[i])+" ID95, P09

```

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In [4]: # 95 PERCENTILE
OFLE="95.PERCENTILE_"+PREFIX+BIPEN+"_"+str(YS)+"-"+str(YE)+".png"

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(6, 5), dpi=150, facecolor="white")

fig.subplots_adjust(wspace=0.6, hspace=0.6, top=0.7)

ax = fig.add_subplot(1, 1, 1)
ax.plot(YYYY, P095, color='black')

ax.set_xlabel("Year")
ax.set_ylabel("P95")

ax.set_ylim(0, 300)
ax.tick_params(axis='x', labelsz=12)
ax.tick_params(axis='y', labelsz=12)

ax.xaxis.label.set_size(16)
ax.yaxis.label.set_size(16)

x,y=0.5,0.78
plt.suptitle(DSET+" "+BIPEN, fontsize=16, x=x, y=y)

import subprocess
res = subprocess.check_output('date -R', shell=True).strip()
x,y = 0.1, 0.95
fig.text(x,y,res.strip(), fontsize=10, ha='left', va='center')

x,y = 0.1, 0.9
fig.text(x,y,INDIR+INFLE, fontsize=10, ha='left', va='center')

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```
res = subprocess.check_output('pwd', shell=True).strip()
x, y = 0.1, 0.85
fig.text(x, y, res.strip(), fontsize=10, ha='left', va='center')

plt.savefig(OFLE, dpi=150, bbox_inches="tight", pad_inches=0.1)

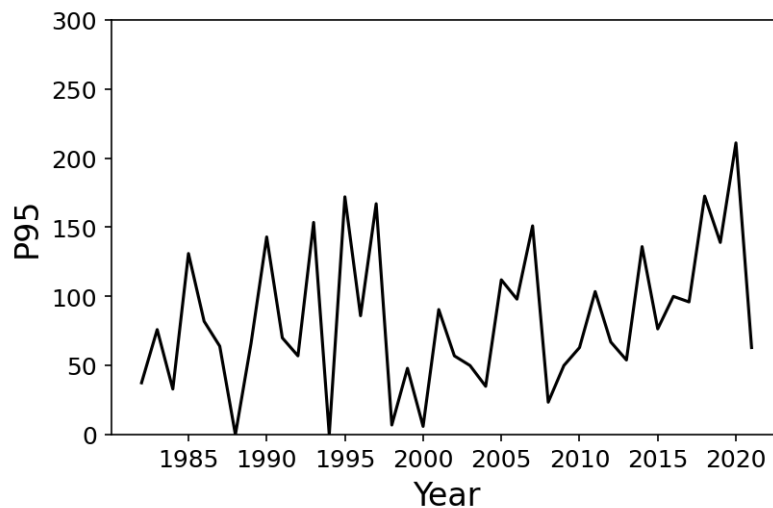
fig.show()
```

b'Wed, 17 May 2023 21:35:07 +0900'

/work01/DATA/AMeDAS/HISTO_W.KYUSHU_1DY.PRECIP/07BP01/AMeDAS_HISTO_W.KYUSHU_07BP01_2021.csv

b'/work03/am/2021.ECS.HEAVY.RAIN/11.00.AMEDAS/31.00.HISTOGRAM.DAILY.PRECIP/26.00.95.PERCENTILE'

AMeDAS DAILY PRECIPITATION 07BP01



In [13]: # MAX

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OFLE="PMAX_"+PREFIX+BIPEN+"_"+str(YS)+"-"+str(YE)+".png"

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(6, 5), dpi=150, facecolor="white")

#fig, ax = plt.subplots()
fig.subplots_adjust(wspace=0.6, hspace=0.6, top=0.7)

ax = fig.add_subplot(1, 1, 1)
ax.plot(YYYY, PMAX, color='black')

from sklearn.datasets import make_regression
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression

x = np.array(YYYY).reshape(-1, 1)
# https://aiacademy.jp/media/?p=2126 # ValueError

y=PMAX

lin = LinearRegression()
lin.fit(X, PMAX)
y_linear = lin.coef_ * X + lin.intercept_
ax.plot(X, y_linear, label="Linear")

b = lin.coef_[0] # slr.coef_ が [0.812] なのでスカラーにする
a = lin.intercept_

p2 = 0.95 # 信頼確率 95% (信頼区間の計算に用いる)
```

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# ===== 基本統計量の計算
n = len(x)          # 組数: n= 14
xmin = x.min()      # x の最小値
xmax = x.max()      # x の最大値
mx = x.mean()       # 平均: mx=163.4
sdx = x.std()        # x の標準偏差

# ===== t 分布の値と scipy ライブラリ
from scipy import stats # t.ppt(α, 自由度) を使うために必要
p = (1+p2)/2           # p2=0.95 は「入力データ」で指定、片側確率 (1+0.95)/2=0.975
t = stats.t.ppf(p, n-2) # t(0.975, 12)=2.179
print('t(, p, ', ', ', n-2, ') = ', t)

# ===== 誤差の統計量
yr = a + b*x         # 各 x に対応する回帰直線の y の値 (x が列ベクトルなので)
yr = yr[:, 0]         # 列ベクトルを行ベクトルに変換
ye = y - yr           # 誤差
see = np.sum(ye**2)    # 誤差平方和 248.308
sde = np.sqrt(see/(n-2)) # 誤差標準偏差 4.548

# ===== x, y の付けなおし
u = np.linspace(xmin, xmax, 10) # 新規に等間隔の x の値
v = a + b*u            # u に対応する回帰直線の値

# ===== 信頼区間の計算
ci = t*sde/np.sqrt(n)*np.sqrt(1+((u-mx)/sdx)**2) # 信頼区間幅
upper = v + np.abs(ci)
lower = v - np.abs(ci)

ax.plot(u, upper, 'g--', linewidth=2) # 上側信頼範囲
ax.plot(u, lower, 'g--', linewidth=2) # 下側信頼範囲

ax.set_xlabel("Year")
ax.set_ylabel("PMAX")

"""
print(YYYY)
print(PMAX)
"""

ax.set_ylim(0, 600)
ax.tick_params(axis='x', labelsz=12)
ax.tick_params(axis='y', labelsz=12)

ax.xaxis.label.set_size(16)
ax.yaxis.label.set_size(16)

x, y = 0.5, 0.78
plt.suptitle(DSET+" "+BIPEN, fontsize=16, x=x, y=y)

import subprocess
res = subprocess.check_output('date -R', shell=True).strip()
x, y = 0.1, 0.95
fig.text(x, y, res.strip(), fontsize=10, ha='left', va='center')

x, y = 0.1, 0.9
fig.text(x, y, INDIR+INFLE, fontsize=10, ha='left', va='center')

res = subprocess.check_output('pwd', shell=True).strip()
x, y = 0.1, 0.85
fig.text(x, y, res.strip(), fontsize=10, ha='left', va='center')

plt.savefig(OFLE, dpi=150, bbox_inches="tight", pad_inches=0.1)

```

```
fig.show()
```

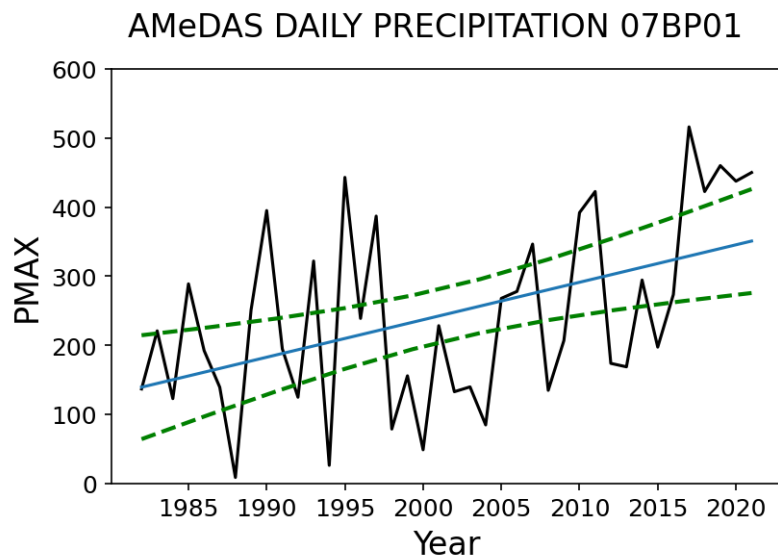
```
#plt.show()
```

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t( 0.975 , 38 ) = 2.024394164575136
```

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b'Wed, 17 May 2023 21:41:08 +0900'
```

```
/work01/DATA/AMeDAS/HISTO_W.KYUSHU_1DY.PRECIP/07BP01/AMeDAS_HISTO_W.KYUSHU_07BP01_2021.csv
```

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b'/work03/am/2021.ECS.HEAVY.RAIN/11.00.AMEDAS/31.00.HISTOGRAM.DAILY.PRECIP/26.00.95.PERCENTILE'
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予備

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In [ ]:
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In [ ]:
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In [39]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib
import itertools
#matplotlib.use('Agg')
import os
%matplotlib inline

DSET="AMeDAS DAILY PRECIPITATION"

YS, YE=1982, 2021

BIPEN="07BP01"
INDIR="/work01/DATA/AMeDAS/HISTO_W.KYUSHU_1DY.PRECIP/"+BIPEN+"/"
PREFIX="AMeDAS_HISTO_W.KYUSHU_"

OFLE=PREFIX+BIPEN+"_"+str(YS)+"-"+str(YE)+".png"

NPANEL=YE-YS+1
ax = list(itertools.repeat(0, NPANEL))
im = list(itertools.repeat(0, NPANEL))
#cb = list(itertools.repeat(0, NVAR))
```

```

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(19, 10), dpi=150, facecolor="white")

fig.subplots_adjust(wspace=0.6, hspace=0.6, top=0.7)

for i in range(NPANEL):

    YYYY=YS+i

    ax[i] = fig.add_subplot(4, 10, i+1) #, projection=proj)

    INFLE=PREFIX+BIPEN+"_"+str(YYYY)+".csv"

    TITLE=str(YYYY)

    df = pd.read_csv(INDIR+INFLE, header=0) #dtype='float',
    df.replace([-99.0], np.nan, inplace=True)

# https://www.python.ambitious-engineer.com/archives/2106

    data = np.array(df['R'])

    weights = np.ones(len(data))/float(len(data))*100.

    ax[i].hist(data, bins=20, color="blue", weights=weights, label=str(YYYY)+" "+BIPEN)

    plt.yscale("log")

    # グラフの装飾
    ax[i].set_xlim(0, 700) # (1) x軸の表示範囲
    ax[i].set_ylim(1E-2, 100) # (2) y軸の表示範囲
    ax[i].set_title(TITLE, fontsize=12) # (3) タイトル
    plt.grid(True) # (6) 目盛線の表示

    if i>=30:
        ax[i].tick_params(axis='x', labelsz=12)
        ax[i].set_xlabel("Precip. [mm]", fontsize=12) # (4) x軸ラベル

    if i%10==0:
        ax[i].set_ylabel("Freq. [%]", fontsize=12) # (5) y軸ラベル
        ax[i].tick_params(axis='y', labelsz=12)

x,y=0.5,0.76
plt.suptitle(DSET+" "+BIPEN, fontsize=20, x=x, y=y)

import subprocess
res = subprocess.check_output('date -R', shell=True).strip()
x,y = 0.1, 0.85
fig.text(x, y, res.strip(), fontsize=12, ha='left', va='center')

x,y = 0.1, 0.825
fig.text(x, y, INDIR+INFLE, fontsize=12, ha='left', va='center')

res = subprocess.check_output('pwd', shell=True).strip()
x,y = 0.1, 0.8
fig.text(x, y, res.strip(), fontsize=12, ha='left', va='center')

fig.savefig(OFLE, dpi=150, bbox_inches="tight", pad_inches=0.1)
fig.show()

```

b'Sat, 01 Jan 2022 17:41:22 +0900'
/work01/DATA/AMeDAS/HISTO_W.KYUSHU_1DY.PRECIP/07BP01/AMeDAS_HISTO_W.KYUSHU_07BP01_2021.csv
b'/work03/am/2021.ECS.HEAVY.RAIN/11.00.AMEDAS/31.00.HISTOGRAM.DAILY.PRECIP/22.00.HISTOGRAM.PANEL'

