Exercise No. 1 - Calculation of Absorption Coefficients

- 1. Calculate the absorption cross sections in the microwave spectral range for the following molecules:
 - HCl
 - ClO
 - CO
 - N₂O
 - O₃

(Unless otherwise specified use the parameter setting as given in the example file "absorption.arts".)

Ouestions:

- Estimate the rotational constant B for HCl and for CO.
- Why is *B* larger for HCl than for CO?
- Do you have any idea why N₂O behaves like a diatomic molecule and O₃ not?
- 2. Investigate some other molecules!
- 3. Show for a diatomic molecule that the moment of inertia is given by

$$I = \mu r_0^2$$

where μ is the reduced mass, defined as

$$\mu=\frac{m_1m_2}{m_1+m_2}$$

and r_0 is the distance between the two individual atom's centers of mass.