Analyzing the Number of Toronto Marriage Licenses in 2023

Tam Ly

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#### Preamble ####
# Purpose: Obtain and prepare data on the number of Toronto marriage
# licenses in 2023.
# Author: Tam Ly
# Email: annatn.ly@mail.utoronto.ca
# Date: 16 Jan 24
# Prerequisites: Need to know where to get Toronto marriage license
# data.
```

We will use the R programming language (R Core Team 2021), and load the packages tidyverse (Wickham et al. 2019), janitor (Firke 2023), and opendatatoronto (Gelfand 2022). We will follow Chapter 2 and 3 of *Telling Stories with Data* (Alexander 2023).

```
#### Workplace setup ####
install.packages("tidyverse")

Installing package into '/cloud/lib/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.3'
(as 'lib' is unspecified)

install.packages("janitor")

Installing package into '/cloud/lib/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.3'
(as 'lib' is unspecified)

install.packages("opendatatoronto")
```

```
(as 'lib' is unspecified)
  library(tidyverse)
-- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
v dplyr 1.1.4 v readr
                                  2.1.5
v forcats 1.0.0 v stringr
v ggplot2 3.4.4 v tibble
v lubridate 1.9.3 v tidyr
                                   1.5.1
                                3.2.1
                                 1.3.0
           1.0.2
v purrr
-- Conflicts ------ tidyverse_conflicts() --
x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
x dplyr::lag()
                  masks stats::lag()
i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become
  library(janitor)
Attaching package: 'janitor'
The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
    chisq.test, fisher.test
  library(opendatatoronto)
```

Installing package into '/cloud/lib/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.3'

Plan

Plan

Simulate

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#### Simulate ####
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Acquire

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#### Acquire ####
  # Read in the data
  toronto_marriages <-
    list_package_resources("e28bc818-43d5-43f7-b5d9-bdfb4eda5feb") |>
    filter(name == "Marriage Licence Statistics Data.csv") |>
    get_resource()
  # Save the data
  write_csv(
    x = toronto_marriages,
    file = "toronto_marriages.csv"
  head(toronto_marriages)
# A tibble: 6 x 4
  X_id CIVIC_CENTRE MARRIAGE_LICENSES TIME_PERIOD
  <int> <chr>
                                 <int> <chr>
1 11101 ET
                                    80 2011-01
2 11102 NY
                                    136 2011-01
3 11103 SC
                                   159 2011-01
4 11104 TO
                                   367 2011-01
5 11105 ET
                                   109 2011-02
6 11106 NY
                                   150 2011-02
  # Keep rows for year 2023 only
  # Keep columns for month and number of marriage licenses
  cleaned_toronto_marriages <-</pre>
    clean_names(toronto_marriages) |>
    slice(505:528) |>
    select(marriage_licenses, time_period)
```

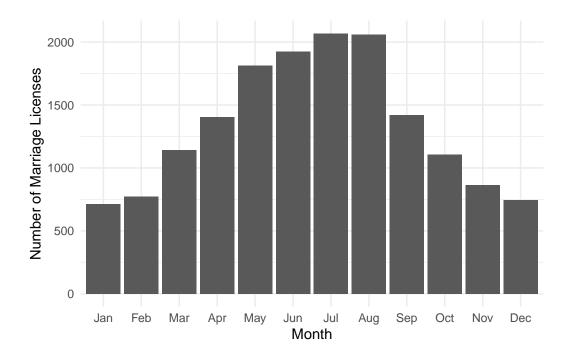
head(cleaned_toronto_marriages)

```
# A tibble: 6 x 2
  marriage_licenses time_period
              <int> <chr>
1
                149 2023-01
2
                563 2023-01
3
                156 2023-02
4
                617 2023-02
                215 2023-03
5
6
                929 2023-03
  # Change format of months from digits to name
  cleaned_toronto_marriages <-</pre>
    cleaned_toronto_marriages |>
    mutate(
      time_period =
        case_match(
          time_period,
          "2023-01" ~ "January",
          "2023-02" ~ "February",
          "2023-03" \sim "March",
          "2023-04" ~ "April",
          "2023-05" ~ "May",
          "2023-06" ~ "June",
          "2023-07" ~ "July",
          "2023-08" ~ "August",
          "2023-09" ~ "September",
          "2023-10" ~ "October",
          "2023-11" ~ "November",
           "2023-12" ~ "December",
    )
  head(cleaned_toronto_marriages)
# A tibble: 6 x 2
 marriage_licenses time_period
              <int> <chr>
1
                149 January
```

Explore

```
#### Explore ####
  # Read in the cleaned data
  cleaned_toronto_marriages <-</pre>
    read_csv(
      file = "cleaned_toronto_marriages.csv",
      show_col_types = FALSE
    )
  # Sum up the number of marriages per month
  cleaned_toronto_marriages <-</pre>
    cleaned_toronto_marriages |>
    group_by(time_period) |>
    summarize(number_marriages = sum(marriage_licenses))
  head(cleaned_toronto_marriages)
# A tibble: 6 x 2
  time_period number_marriages
  <chr>
                          <dbl>
1 April
                           1404
2 August
                           2061
3 December
                           746
                           773
4 February
                           712
5 January
6 July
                           2067
```

```
# Arrange the months in chronological order
  cleaned_toronto_marriages |>
    mutate(month = factor(time_period, levels = month.name)) |>
    arrange(month) |>
    select(month, number_marriages)
# A tibble: 12 x 2
  month
          number_marriages
  <fct>
                        <dbl>
1 January
                         712
2 February
                         773
3 March
                        1144
4 April
                        1404
5 May
                        1812
6 June
                        1923
7 July
                        2067
8 August
                        2061
9 September
                       1422
10 October
                        1107
11 November
                         866
12 December
                         746
  # Build a bar graph
  cleaned_toronto_marriages |>
    mutate(month = factor(time_period, levels = month.name, labels
    = month.abb)) |>
    ggplot(aes(x = month, y = number_marriages)) +
    geom_col() +
    theme_minimal() +
    labs(x = "Month", y = "Number of Marriage Licenses")
```



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References

Alexander, Rohan. 2023. Telling Stories with Data. Chapman; Hall/CRC. https://tellingstorieswithdata.com.

Firke, Sam. 2023. Janitor: Simple Tools for Examining and Cleaning Dirty Data. https://github.com/sfirke/janitor.

Gelfand, Sharla. 2022. Opendatatoronto: Access the City of Toronto Open Data Portal. https://sharlagelfand.github.io/opendatatoronto/.

R Core Team. 2021. R: A Language and Environment for Statistical Computing. Vienna, Austria: R Foundation for Statistical Computing. https://www.R-project.org/.

Wickham, Hadley, Mara Averick, Jennifer Bryan, Winston Chang, Lucy D'Agostino McGowan, Romain François, Garrett Grolemund, et al. 2019. "Welcome to the tidyverse." *Journal of Open Source Software* 4 (43): 1686. https://doi.org/10.21105/joss.01686.