

CoolTShirts: Attribution Queries

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1.Get familiar with CoolTShirts

CoolTShirts sells shirts of all kinds, as long as they are T-shaped and cool. CoolTShirts is using 8 unique marketing campaigns to increase sales and is targeting visitors from 6 unique sources. Their website is very simple – only 4 pages! 1 - landing_page, 2 - shopping_cart 3 - checkout and 4 - purchase.

The database wer are working with, page_visits contains 5692 entries (rows)

Database Schema			
page_vi	sits 5692 rows		
page_name	TEXT		
timestamp	TEXT		
user_id	INTEGER		
utm_campaign	TEXT		
utm_source	TEXT		

1.1 Campaigns and Sources

We only need 3 queries to figure out the number of distinct campaigns, number of distinct sources and how these are related.

```
select utm campaign
from page visits
group by utm campaign;
select count(distinct utm campaign) as 'number of campaigns'
from page visits;
select utm source
from page visits
group by utm source;
select count(distinct utm source) as 'number of sources'
from page visits;
select utm source, utm campaign
from page visits
group by 2
order by 1 asc;
```

	Query Results			
utm_campaign cool-tshirts-search				
getting-to-know-cool-tshirts				
getting-to-know-cool-tsnirts interview-with-cool-tshirts-founder				
paid-search				
·				
retargetting-ad				
+	retargetting-campaign en-crazy-cool-tshirts-facts			
· ·				
weekly-newsletter				
number of campaigns				
	8			
	utm_source			
	buzzfeed			
	email			
	facebook			
	google			
	medium			
	nytimes			
	number of sources			
	6			
utm_source	utm_campaign			
buzzfeed	ten-crazy-cool-tshirts-facts			
email	retargetting-campaign			
email	weekly-newsletter			
facebook	retargetting-ad			
google	cool-tshirts-search			
google	paid-search			
medium	medium interview-with-cool-tshirts-founder			
nytimes getting-to-know-cool-tshirts				

2. Pages on the Website and User Journey

There are 4 pages on CoolTShirts website. Each visit to a page (a row in page_visits table) contains user id, visited page name, time visited, campaign that attracted that user and source of the partner website that user was visiting before going to CoolTShirts website. A typical user that makes a purchase (on page 4) will go through all pages of the website – attracted by the campaign onto the landing page, then cart and checkout, and then purchase confirmation. Not every user however will buy right away – some go back and forward on pages or abandon the process completely. It often takes more than one advertisement to entice a purchase. To evaluate the effectiveness of campaigns and provide insights on the user journey first and last touch (first ad campaign the user saw before entering the website and last before making a purchase) are recorded.

Query Results
page_name
1 - landing_page
2 - shopping_cart
3 - checkout
4 - purchase

```
SELECT DISTINCT page_name
from page_visits
;
```

3.1 First Touch for Every Campaign

There are only 4 campaigns that generate all of the first touches, the first interaction of user with the website. A good way to check these numbers would be to find number of unique users (1979), there should be 1 first touch per user

Query Results			
source	campaign	# of first touch	
medium	interview-with-cool-tshirts-founder	622	
nytimes	getting-to-know-cool-tshirts	612	
buzzfeed	ten-crazy-cool-tshirts-facts	576	
google	cool-tshirts-search	169	

```
WITH first touch AS (
    SELECT user id,
        MIN(timestamp) as first touch at
    FROM page visits
   GROUP BY user id),
ft attr AS (
 SELECT ft.user id,
         ft.first touch at,
        pv.utm source,
         pv.utm campaign
 FROM first touch as ft
 JOIN page visits as pv
   ON ft.user id = pv.user id
   AND ft.first touch at = pv.timestamp
SELECT ft attr.utm source as "source",
       ft attr.utm campaign as "campaign",
      COUNT(*) as "# of first touch"
FROM ft attr
GROUP BY 2
ORDER BY 3 DESC;
```

3.2 Last Touch for Every Campaign

All 8 campaigns generate last touches, the last ad interaction with the user. While not all ads are convincing enough to entice a purchase, other ads may remind the user to go back and finish the process. A good way to check these numbers would be to find number of unique users (1979), there should be 1 last touch per user

Query Results			
source	campaign	# of last touch	
email	weekly-newsletter	447	
facebook	retargetting-ad	443	
email	retargetting-campaign	245	
nytimes	getting-to-know-cool-tshirts	232	
buzzfeed	ten-crazy-cool-tshirts-facts	190	
medium	interview-with-cool-tshirts-founder	184	
google	paid-search	178	
google	cool-tshirts-search	60	

```
WITH last touch AS (
   SELECT user id,
       max(timestamp) as last touch at
    FROM page visits
   GROUP BY user id).
lt attr AS (
 SELECT lt.user id,
        lt.last touch at,
        pv.utm source,
         pv.utm campaign
 FROM last touch as lt
 JOIN page visits as pv
   ON lt.user id = pv.user id
   AND lt.last touch at = pv.timestamp
SELECT lt attr.utm source as "source",
      It attr.utm campaign as "campaign",
      COUNT(*) as "# of last touch"
FROM lt attr
GROUP BY 2
ORDER BY 3 DESC;
```

3.3 How many visitors make a purchase

Not every visitor makes a purchase. Out of 1979 unique visitors only 361 made a purchase. The queries first count, then list out every purchase

Query Results					
visitors that made a purchase					
	361				
page_name	timestamp	user_id	utm_campaign		
4 - purchase	2018-01-28 13:38:02	10030	retargetting-campai		
4 - purchase	2018-01-04 08:13:01	10069	retargetting-ad		
4 - purchase	2018-02-01 04:26:10	10162	weekly-newslette		
4 - purchase	2018-01-22 16:35:25	10329	retargetting-campai		
4 - purchase	2018-01-22 02:00:29	10354	paid-search		
4 - purchase	2018-02-03 19:11:12	10656	retargetting-campai		
4 - purchase	2018-01-20 23:10:54	11140	retargetting-ad		
4 - purchase	2018-01-02 18:10:53	11214	retargetting-ad		
4 - purchase	2018-02-01 10:56:32	12072	retargetting-campai		

```
select count(*) as "visitors that made a purchase"
from page_visits
where page_name = '4 - purchase'
;
select *
from page_visits
where page_name = '4 - purchase'
;
```

3.4 Last Touch on Purchase Page

All 8 campaigns generate last touches on the purchase page, but much less than visits, the last ad interaction with the user before purchase. A good way to check these numbers would be to find number of users that made a purchase (361). In this example it is clear that while a weekly newsletter does not draw the most users to the website, it is popular and brings the most sales, and while cost is not part of this exercise it is probably cheaper to send emails to an existing customer list than advertise on Facebook.

Query Results			
lt_attr.utm_source	lt_attr.utm_campaign	COUNT(*)	
email	weekly-newsletter	115	
facebook	retargetting-ad	113	
email	retargetting-campaign	54	
google	paid-search	52	
nytimes	getting-to-know-cool-tshirts	9	
buzzfeed	ten-crazy-cool-tshirts-facts	9	
medium	interview-with-cool-tshirts-founder	7	
google	cool-tshirts-search	2	

```
WITH last touch AS (
    SELECT user id,
        max(timestamp) as last touch at
    FROM page visits
 WHERE page name = '4 - purchase'
    GROUP BY user id),
 lt attr AS (
  SELECT lt.user id.
         lt.last touch at,
         pv.utm source,
         pv.utm campaign
  FROM last touch as lt
  JOIN page visits as pv
    ON lt.user id = pv.user id
   AND lt.last touch at = pv.timestamp
SELECT lt attr.utm source,
       lt attr.utm campaign,
       COUNT (*)
FROM lt attr
GROUP BY 2
ORDER BY 3 DESC;
```

4. Optimize the campaign budget

To maximize the return on the investment CoolTShirts should reinvest into the following 5 campaigns:

- interview-with-cool-tshirts-founder
- getting-to-know-cool-tshirts
- · ten-crazy-cool-tshirts-facts
 - While these don't make much sales by themselves, these bring the most (over 90%) users to the website
- weekly-newsletter
- · retargetting-ad
 - These 2 campaigns don't bring much users but are the last touch for over 60% of all sales