

Unit 3 Lesson 11

A function has a pole where it shoots upwards to $+\infty$ or downwards to $-\infty$.

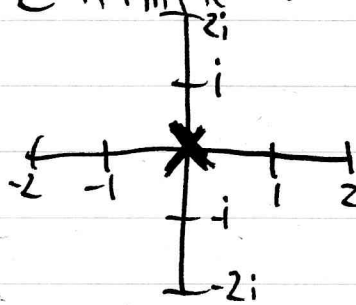
We define the exponential growth rate of a function as the smallest α s.t.

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(t)}{e^{\alpha t}} = 0 \text{ for all } \alpha > \alpha$$

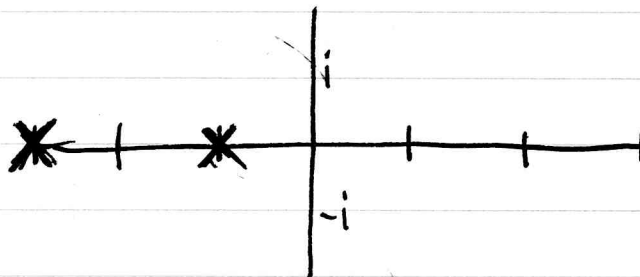
The largest real part of a function's Laplace transform's roots is its egr.

Example Problems

1:



2:



3:

