

Unit 2 Lesson 8

- Consider again the DE

$$m\ddot{x} + b\dot{x} + kx = B \cos(\omega t)$$

- The complex gain is ~~defined as~~

$$\frac{1}{P(i\omega)}$$

- The gain is

$$\frac{1}{|P(i\omega)|},$$

- The ~~and~~ phase lag is

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{b\omega}{k - m\omega^2}\right)$$

- We have general ^{particular} solution to the above DE is

$$x_p = (\text{gain}) B \cos(\omega t - (\text{phase lag}))$$

- For systems with $\frac{mk - (b/2)^2}{m} > 0$, there exists "practical resonant frequency"

$$\omega_r = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m} - \frac{b^2}{2m^2}}$$

Example Problem

1: Noting $p(i\omega) = -\omega^2 + \frac{i\omega}{4} + 2$, then the complex gain is

$$\frac{1}{-\omega^2 + \frac{i\omega}{4} + 2}$$

2: Solving

$$\frac{1}{|-\omega^2 + i\omega/4 + 2|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(2-\omega^2)^2 + (i\omega/4)^2}} = \left(\omega^4 - \frac{83}{16}\omega^2 + 4\right)^{-1/2}$$

3: When $\omega = 1$, we have gain $4/\sqrt{17}$