

Decision-making in Offender Supervision

Norway

OSE-Conference
COST Action

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Central principles in corrections

- Discretionary powers
- Progression towards release
- Emphasis on rehabilitation
- Import of core-services
- One person, one cell
- Principle of normality



Sharp distinction Court - Corrections

<u>Institution</u>	<u>Specific area of expertise</u>	<u>Penal goals</u>
Court	Proportionality	Retribution, Deterrence
Corrections	Recidivism	Rehabilitation, Incapacitation

Examples:

- Pre-sentence reports shall not include suggestions for type of sanction
- Drug court: minimal involvement of court post-sentence
- Rejected pilot proposal for a CJC-approach





Discretionary powers

	Sanction	Contents
Community sentence	Court	CSN
Drug court	Court	CSN
Release on licence	CSN	CSN
Electronic monitoring	CSN	CSN

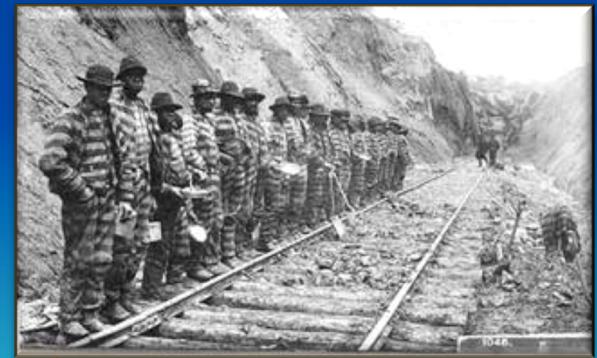
Breach of condition

CSN prosecute!



Legal framework Community Sentence

- Replaces up to 1 year unconditional imprisonment
- 30 – 420 hours
- Completion within a time set by the court
- Probation office does intake and decides on contents
- Must include one-to-one offence-oriented conversations
- No more than 70 % unpaid work





Contents CS in 2012

Unpaid work 65.2 %

Various educational activities 20.1 %

Individual conversations 6.8 %

Participation in programs 2.7 %

Assessment 3.0 %

Treatment 1.9 %

Thank you for your attention!

Read more?
Government White Paper
«Punishment that works»
2008
An outline for correctional policy

www.kriminalomsorgen.no

Click «Om kriminalomsorgen» -
 «Stortingsmelding nr 37» -
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www.cep-probation.org

www.euro-vista.org

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