

# HW3 – Composite, Factories, and Flyweight

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*Estimated time: 16-20 hours*

## Objectives

- Become familiar with using the Composite pattern.
- Become familiar with using at least one of the following: Simply Factor Idiom, Factor Method, or Abstract Factory.
- Become familiar with using the Flyweight Pattern.
- Become more familiar with using UML.
- Become more familiar with basic unit testing techniques.

## Overview

In this assignment, you will extend the Shapes library with

- two new kinds of Shapes: Composite Shapes and Embedded Pictures
- three new features: the ability to 1) load a shape from a script, 2) save a shape to script, and 3) render a shape to an image.

A Composite Shape is a special kind of shape that may contain zero or more other shapes. User of the library should be able to do anything to Composite Shape that they can do to shapes in general. They also should be able to

- add a shape to Composite Shape
- remove a shape from Composite Shape
- remove all shapes from a Composite Shape

An Embedded Picture is a special kind of shape that is a bitmap-type image. It can be loaded from file or resource and can be any size, independent of the size of the image in the file or resource. If the original image dimension doesn't evenly scale to the Embedded Picture's dimensions, you can decide which to skew or crop the image. (That choice is not relevant to the assignment. So, do whichever option is easiest.) Many Embedded Picture objects may be created from the same file or resource.

You have the freedom of deciding how to integrate the three new features into the library and what abstractions you will provide to the user. It is important, however, that your abstractions provide for good reuse and extensibility. Specifically, your abstractions, need to enable the following for the user of the library:

- The ability to create specializations of new Shape.

- The ability to save a shape as a script to a file or any kind of output stream.
- The ability to create a shape from a file, resource, or other kind of input stream.
- The ability to render a Shape to GUI object, a file, or any other kind of graphics device.

You will be graded on 1) the quality of your design, implementation, and testing, especially with respect to the principles of abstraction, modularity, encapsulation, and 2) your appropriate use of the design patterns. In this assignment, you should find opportunities to use the Composite, at least one type of Factor, and the Flyweight pattern. You may find opportunities to use other patterns, as well.

The starting point for this assignment is your completed HW1. However, you may want to refactor and improve that implementation now that you know more patterns and more about the principles of good OO design.

## Instructions

To complete this assignment, you should do the following:

1. Create your own private Git repository for this homework assignment on BitBucket, GitHub, or with some other Git service provide.
2. Copy your HW1 solution into the Git repository as the starting point for this assignment. Be sure to copy the hidden files and folders, except the .git folder.
3. Design your new class library with the necessary extensions and improvements. Capture the structure of that design in one or more UML Class and Interaction Diagrams.
4. Implement your design. Be sure to update your design diagrams if your design changes and to commit/push your Git repository frequently.
5. Create unit test cases for each component such that your test cases collectively provide good coverage from a path-testing perspective. Again, commit and push your Git repository frequently.
6. Share your repository with [cs5700@aggies.usu.edu](mailto:cs5700@aggies.usu.edu)
7. Zip your Git repository and submit it to Canvas by the due date/time. Include your git repository URL as a note in the submission.

## Hints

- With respect to loading a shape from a file or resource, instead of passing the filename or resource name into some method, pass a general input stream. Let the user of the library decide what specific kind of input stream to create and how to create it. In doing so, you will be applying the Strategy Pattern, even if you are not building the strategies. The general input stream abstraction is the abstract strategy and the whatever concrete input stream the user constructs is the concrete strategy.
- Similarly, for saving a shape to a file or resource, instead of passing the filename or resource into some method, pass a general output stream.

- Likewise, for rendering a shape to an image, have the library accept a graphics object of some kind. Both Java's JDK and C#'s .net frameworks provide Graphics classes. The user of the library can create a concrete Graphics object many different ways depending on the needs of the application.
- Keep your library and its abstractions as simple as possible.

## Grading Criteria

Criteria	Max Points
A clear and concise design documented with UML class and interaction diagrams	20
A working implementation, with good abstraction modularity, encapsulation	25
Effective use of the Composite pattern	15
Effective use of at least one Factory	15
Effective use of the Flyweight pattern	15
Reasonable unit-test cases	30