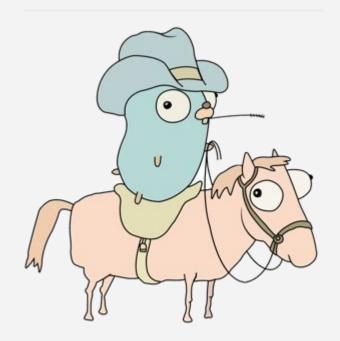


Thèmes de l'atelier

Utilisation de WaitGroupes et mutexes

Les fonctions atomiques

Création de canaux



```
func DoSomethingGreat() {
   fmt.Println("Hayyy !")
}

mathred

func DoSomethingGreat()

fmt.Println("Hayyy !")

go DoSomethingGreat()

func DoSomethingGreat()

func
```

allez GO !!!

WaitGroup



```
var wg sync.WaitGroup

multiple sync.WaitGroup

func DoSomethingGreat() {
    fmt.Println("Hayyy !")
    wg.Done()
  }

multiple sync.WaitIn("Hayyy !")

multipl
```

mutex



```
1  var mutex = sync.Mutex{}
2  ...
mutex.Lock()
i++
fmt.Println(i)
mutex.Unlock()
```

Fonctions atomiques

```
var i uint64
uint64
uint64(i, 1)
atomic.AddUint64(i, 1)
uifinal := atomic.LoadUint64(&i)
```

Canal non bufferisé

```
1  msg := make(chan string)
2  
3  go func() {
4   msg <- "non buffered"
5  }()
6  
fmt.Println(<-msg)</pre>
```

Canal bufferisé

```
1  msg := make(chan string, 1)
2
3  msg <- "buffered"
4
5  fmt.Println(<-msg)
6</pre>
```

Chan chan

```
1  msg := make(chan chan string)
2  
3  msg <- "buffered"
4  
5  fmt.Println(<-msg)
6</pre>
```

Select canal

```
msg := make(chan string)
                                stop := time.Tick(1 * time.Second)
                                go DoSomeThingGreat(msg)
                            4
                            5
                                select {
                                case <- msg :</pre>
Sans concurrence
                                     fmt.Println("Yeee")
https://play.golang.org/p/DN_g-KM56r_8
                                case <- stop :</pre>
                                     fmt.Println("stop")
Avec concurrence
https://play.golang.org/p/v7hHjSJ9F210
                                     return
                           11
```

Select canal non bloquant

```
msg := make(chan string)
    go DoSomeThingGreat(msg)
3
4
    select {
    case <- msg :</pre>
         fmt.Println("Yeee")
    default:
         fmt.Println("stop")
8
9
        return
10
11
```

Select récupération de close

```
msg := make(chan string, 1)
    close (msq)
    select {
    case res, ok := \leftarrow msg:
        if ok {
             fmt.Println(res)
        }else{
             fmt.Println("chan is closed")
10
11
```

Pipeline

```
func sq(in <-chan int) <-chan int {
    out := make(chan int)
    go func() {
        for n := range in {
            out <- n * n
        }
        close(out)
    }()
    return out
}</pre>
```

```
func gen(nums ...int) <-chan int {</pre>
11
           out := make(chan int)
12
           go func() {
13
                 for n := range nums {
14
                      out <- n
15
                close(out)
16
           }()
17
           return out
18
19
20
```

Pipeline

```
func main() {
21
           // Set up the pipeline.
22
           c := gen(2, 3)
23
           out := sq(c)
24
25
           // Consume the output.
           fmt.Println(<-out) // 4</pre>
26
           fmt.Println(<-out) // 9</pre>
27
28
29
30
```

Pipeline

```
func main() {
21
         for n := range sq(sq(gen(2, 3)))  {
22
             fmt.Println(n) // 16 then 81
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
```

Paradims

https://divan.github.io/posts/go_concurrency_visualize/

Worker pool

http://marcio.io/2015/07/handling-1-million-requests-per-minut e-with-golang/