## CENTRAAL EXAMEN NATUURKUNDE: WVO

|                         | UZ4   | 202                                    |                                       | 2UZ3   |  |  |                                      | 2022   |   |  | <b>202</b>  |   | 2019  |   | JI8  | 2(  |   | 2   | 16  | 20  |
|-------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|
|                         | tijdvak 2   | /ak 1                                  | Snalhai                               | tijdvak 2  | tijdvak 1  | dvak 3   | ti                                   | tijdvak 2  | tijdvak 1   | tijdvak 3  | tijdvak 2   | tijdvak 1   | tijdvak 2   | tijdvak 1   | tijdvak 2  | tijdvak 1   | tijdvak 2   | tijdvak 1   | tijdvak 2   | tijdvak 1   |
| 1.                      | Elektrische scooter   | a op de liets E                        | t =                                   | Fietshelm  | Langiauien in Klassieke stijl                      | van LED`s  | Schakelin                            | Massa meten in de ruimte   | $v_{y} = \left(\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta t}\right)$                      | Kayak-jumping $\frac{1}{2}mv^2 = mg\Delta h$   | Looping $mgh = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$   | Planck  | Pariser Kanone  | Dafne Schippers tegen Ireen Wüst $v_{\text{gem}} = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}$   | Mechanische doping $E = Pt \qquad \rho = \frac{m}{V}$  | Uitrijden van een auto $s = v_{\text{gem}}t$  | Rookmelder $^{238}_{92}U+^{1}_{0}n \rightarrow ^{239}_{92}U$                                  | Zonvolgsysteem $U_{\rm AB} = U_{\rm AC}$  | Onderzoek naar geluid in een fles $f = \frac{1}{T}$   | ekieurde LED's $R = \frac{U_{\rm R}}{I}$                                    |
| 2.                      | E = IUt   | $oc_{\rm w}Av^2$                       | $F_{\rm v}$                           | $\Delta E_{\rm z} = \Delta E_{\rm k} \cdot mgh = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$                          | $u = \frac{F_{\rm v}}{C}$                          | $=UI$ $\eta = \frac{P_{\text{licht}}}{P_{\text{elek}}}$            | $Eu_0 \mid E = \frac{hc}{\lambda} I$ | $F_{\rm res} = F_{\rm R} - F_{\rm L} = Cu_0 - Cu$                            | $W = Fs$ $E_{\rm k} = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$ $F_{\rm res} = ma$             | $F_{\text{z  }} = mg \sin \alpha$ $F_{\text{res}} = F_{\text{z  }} - F_{\text{w}}$ $a = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$ | $F_z = mg$ en $F_{mpz} = \frac{mv^2}{r}$  |   | $F_{\rm res} = ma$ $a = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$  | $a = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$   | $\lambda_{\max} T = k_{\mathrm{W}}$  | $[k] = \frac{[F]}{[v^2]}  F_{w,l} = \frac{1}{2} \rho C_w A v^2$                     | $A = \frac{\ln 2}{t_{\frac{1}{2}}}N \qquad m = N \cdot 241 \cdot \mathbf{u}$                  | U = IR  | $v = f\lambda$  |   |
| 3.                      | $\eta = \frac{E_{\text{nuttig}}}{E_{\text{in}}}$  |  | P                                     | $W = \Delta E_{\rm k} \qquad F_{\rm res} s = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$                            |  | $R = \frac{U}{I}$  |                                      | $T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{C}}$  | K Z   | $F_z = mg$   |   |   | $\eta = \frac{E_{\rm k}}{E_{\rm ch}}  E_{\rm ch} = r_{\rm m} m  E_{\rm k} = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$                          |   | $R = \rho \frac{\ell}{A}  A = \frac{1}{4}\pi d^2  I = \frac{U}{R}  t = \frac{C}{I}$                    |   | •   | $U_{\mathrm{BC}} + U_{\mathrm{LDR}_1} + U_{\mathrm{LDR}_2} = 0$   |   |   |
| 4.                      |   | klijn                                  | v =                                   |  | $F_{\rm w} = f_{\rm d} F_{\rm n}$ .                |  |                                      | $v_{\text{max}} = \frac{2\pi A}{T}$  |   |  | $\left(\frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}\right)_{\text{raaklijn}} \qquad v = \sqrt{v_x^2 + v_y^2} :$  | $F_{\text{mpz}} = \frac{mv^2}{r} \text{ en } F = m a  v = \frac{2\pi r}{T}$         | $A = \pi r^2$ :   |   |  |   |   | Cessna $F_{\rm z} = mg  P = F_{\rm m} v$  | $\left[V^{-rac{1}{2}} ight]$ :   | $E_{\rm f} = \frac{hc}{\lambda} P_{\rm el} = UI$                            |
| 5.                      | em  | $E_k = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 v_{\text{gem}}$ | $\Sigma W =$                          |  | Cappuccino   | de ruimte $\frac{v^2}{r} \text{ en } v = \frac{2\pi r}{T}$         | Parkeren i                           |  |   |  |   |   |   |   |  | $F_{\rm res} = ma$ $a = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$ $P = Fv$                         | U = IR  | $\frac{\left [ F_{\text{lift}} \right ]}{\left [ \rho \right ] \cdot \left [ A_{\text{vleugel}} \right ] \cdot \left [ v \right ]^2}$ |   | imtelift $v^{2} = G \frac{mM}{r^{2}}, \qquad v = \frac{2\pi r}{T}$          |
| 6.                      | $F_w = \frac{W}{s} = \frac{\Delta E_{\rm k}}{s} .$  | $\frac{r^3}{T^2} = \frac{GM}{4\pi^2}$  | Goud                                  | $F_{\rm res} = F_{\rm z} - F_{\rm p}$  |  | $\frac{-\operatorname{en} v =}{T}$ $= \frac{4\pi^2 mr}{T^2}$       |                                      |  | Qled-tv   |  | $W_{ m w} = E_{ m k,in} - E_{ m k,uit}$ $W_{ m w} = F_{ m w} s - $  |   |   | $\Sigma W = \Delta E_{\mathbf{k}}$  |  | Water uit de ruimte $E = \frac{1}{2} m N^2$ $E = \frac{C}{2} m M$                   | X-stream  | $F_{\text{lift}} = \frac{1}{2} \rho A_{\text{vleugel}} C_{\text{lift}} v^2$   |   | $r = R_A + h$   |
| 7.                      |   | ik van $A = \pi R^2$                   | $A \propto R^2$                       |  | $ \eta = \frac{P_{\text{nuttig}}}{P_{\text{in}}} $ | $\frac{-\overline{T^2}}{T^2}$ $= G \frac{mM}{2}.$                  |                                      | $P = F_{\mathrm{w}} v$   |   |  | Beker van Lycurgus  | $T = \frac{k_{\mathrm{W}}}{\lambda_{\mathrm{max}}}$                                 |   | PET samen met CLI ${}^{18}_{9}\text{F} \rightarrow {}^{18}_{8}\text{O} + {}^{0}_{+1}\text{e} (+\text{v}_e) (+\gamma)$ | Gravitron  | $E_{\rm k} = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 \qquad E_{\rm g} = -G\frac{mM}{r}$                     | P = Fv  |   | Thalliumscintigrafie $^{201}_{82}\text{Pb} \rightarrow ^{201}_{81}\text{Tl} + ^{0}_{1}\text{e} (+\nu_{e}).$ |   |
| 8.                      | $F_{\text{w,lucht}} = \frac{1}{2} \rho c_{\text{w}} A v^2$  | , met $A = \pi R^2$                    | $I = \frac{P_{\text{brow}}}{A}$       | Deuterium ${}_{1}^{2}H + {}_{1}^{1}p \rightarrow {}_{2}^{3}He$                             | $\rho = \frac{RA}{\ell}$                           | $=\frac{k_{\mathrm{W}}}{1}$  |                                      | ECG in MRI $f = \frac{1}{T}$   | $\lambda_{\rm B} = \frac{h}{n} \cdot E_{\rm k} = \frac{p^2}{2m}$      | AA-Batterijen  |   | Cirkelgolf  | Elektrische gitaar  | 91 7 80 + 10 (+ v <sub>e</sub> ) (+ 1)  | $F_{\rm z} = mg$   |   | $Fw = k \cdot m \cdot g \cdot cos(hoek)$  |   | 8210 - 8111 + 10 (+0 <sub>e</sub> ).  |   |
| 9.                      |   |  | $4\pi r$                              | $\lambda = \frac{hc}{E_{\rm f}} \qquad E_n = -\frac{13,609}{n^2}$                          | Poollicht $v = \sqrt{2 \frac{GM}{}}$               | $\lambda_{\max}$   |                                      | $\sum_{i} \hat{U_{i}} = 0$   | $E_n = \frac{n^2 h^2}{8mL^2}$   |  | $[k] = \frac{[f_{\text{res}}]}{\left[\sqrt{\frac{ne^2f}{\pi m}}\right]}$  | $v = f \lambda$   |   |   |  | $\lambda = \frac{h}{\sqrt{2\pi m k_{\rm B} T}}$                                     |   |   | $A = \frac{\ln 2}{t_{\perp}} N$   | $a = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$ $F_{\text{res}} = ma$                       |
| 10                      | Lise Meitner  |  | Batterijt                             | $v = \frac{\Delta \lambda}{\lambda} \cdot c$   | $v_{\text{gem}} = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}$       | le kelder  | Radon ir                             |  | $E_{\rm f} = \frac{hc}{\lambda}$                                      | $R = \rho \frac{l}{A} \qquad A = \frac{1}{4}\pi d^2$   | $n = \frac{\rho}{m_{at}} \qquad m_{at} = A \cdot u$   |   | $m = \rho V  V = \frac{1}{4}\pi d^2 \ell  \begin{cases} \ell = \frac{1}{2}\lambda \\ v = \lambda f \end{cases}$         |   | $v = \frac{2\pi r}{T} \qquad F_{\text{mpz}} = \frac{mv^2}{r}$  | ΛΒ_   | $Fw = (Fw +) k2 \cdot v^2 \text{ eindals}$  |   | 2   | $h = v_{\text{gem}} t$  |
| 11                      |   | -                                      |                                       | 1  | <b>△↓</b>  |  |                                      | 2  | Practicum warmtestraling $\ell = U^2$                                 | $P = UI  I = \frac{U}{V}  P = \frac{U^2}{V}$   | $c = f \lambda$   |   | $f = \frac{1}{T}$   |   | Kleurstoflaser   |   |   | Sirius B als Quantumsysteem $\lambda_{\max} T = k_{\mathrm{W}}$   | $I = I_0 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{d}{d_1}} \qquad I = \frac{P_{\text{bron}}}{4\pi r^2}$              | egen $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{d}{r} \end{bmatrix}$                            |
|                         | $I = I_0 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{d}{d_{1/2}}}$  | ]                                      |                                       | $N(t) = N_0 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{t_{1/2}}},$                                 |  |  |                                      | $A = \frac{1}{4}\pi d_{\text{aorta}}^2$                                      | $A = \frac{1}{4}\pi d^2 R = \rho \frac{\ell}{A} P = \frac{U^2}{R}$    | <b>K</b>   | SPECT-scan bij parkinson  |   | $U_{ m ind} \propto rac{{ m d} arPhi}{1}$  |   | $\Delta E = \frac{hc}{\lambda}$ .  |   | het viriaal-theorema $E_{\rm g} = -G \frac{mM}{m} \text{ en } E_{\rm k} = \frac{1}{2} m v^2.$ | max <sup>1</sup> - n <sub>W</sub>   | Jupiter fly-by  | $x = \frac{v}{f}$   |
| 1:                      | °(2)  | •                                      |                                       | Treinwielen  |  |  | V                                    | Adelaarsnevel  | $1 + \alpha (T - T_0)$ $P = \sigma A T^4$                             | GPS $I = \frac{P_{\text{bron}}}{4\pi r^2}$   | ${}^{123}_{52}\text{Te} + {}^{1}_{1}\text{p} \rightarrow {}^{123}_{53}\text{I} + {}^{1}_{0}\text{n}$ $N = N \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{t_{1}}}$ |   | dt  |   | $\Delta E = \frac{hc}{\lambda} \qquad E_n = \frac{n^2 h^2}{8mL^2}$                                     | Elektrische tandenborstel $E = m\alpha$   | r = R + h   | $V = N_e d^3$   | $F_{\rm g} = G \frac{mM}{r^2}$ $F_{\rm mpz} = \frac{mv^2}{r}$   | $v = \frac{x}{}$ :  |
| 1 2                     | $F_{\text{mpz}} = \frac{m v^2}{v}$  | F                                      | P = I                                 | $\gamma = \frac{[d][r_0]}{[2^2]}$  | $E = \frac{hc}{a}$ .                               |  |                                      | $E_{\rm f} = \frac{hc}{\lambda}  E_n = -\frac{13,6 \text{eV}}{n^2}$          | $\lambda_{\max} T = k_{\mathrm{W}}.$                                  | $P_{\text{stral}} = IA  \eta = \frac{P_{\text{el}}}{P_{\text{el}}}$  | $N = N_0 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{l_1/2}$ $E_f = \frac{hc}{2}$   | Alfanuclidetherapie $[E]$   |   | In de zon $I_1$ :   | A OML  | $F_z = mg$  | $G\frac{mM}{r^2} = \frac{mv^2}{r}$  | $L = n\frac{1}{2}\lambda$   | s r <sup>2</sup> mp2 r  | T   |
| 1 5                     | IIIpz r   | r                                      | kernfus                               | $v = \lambda f \qquad f = \frac{1}{T}$   | 1  |  | Parasailir                           |  | $\frac{I_1}{I_2} = \left(\frac{x_2}{x_1}\right)^2.$                   | $F_{\text{mpz}} = F_{\text{G}} \Rightarrow \frac{mv^2}{r} = G\frac{mM}{r^2}$                                       | · 1   | [x]   | Elektronendiffractie  |   | Ontspannen lopen   | $v = \lambda f$ $v = \sqrt{\frac{F}{G}}$  |   | $E_n = n^2 \frac{h^2}{8mL^2}$   | $\Delta E_k = \frac{1}{2}M(v_{j,na}^2 - v_{j,voor}^2).$   |   |
| 16                      | Dualiteit   |  | <sup>2</sup> <sub>1</sub> H →         | 1  | Boomwhackers $\lambda = \frac{v}{f}$ :             | $\left(\frac{v}{\Delta t}\right)_{\text{raaklijn}}$                | a =                                  | $\lambda_{\max} T = k_{\mathrm{W}}$  | Om het hoekje   | $c = \lambda f$  | $D = \frac{E}{-}$   |   | $\lambda = \frac{h}{p} = \frac{h}{mv} \qquad \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = eU$ $\lambda = \frac{h}{\sqrt{mv}}$                      | E = Pt  | P = Fv   | $\sqrt{ ho_\ell}$   |   | Protonenweegschaal $\ell = \frac{1}{2}\lambda \qquad v = \lambda f$   | n Z j,na j,voor   | ngen binnen een molecuul  |
| 1                       |   |  |                                       | $I - 2\pi \sqrt{C}$  | f  | $dt$ $f_{\text{raaklijn}}$ $dt$ $dt$ $dt$ $dt$ $dt$ $dt$ $dt$ $dt$ |                                      | $P = \sigma A T^4$   | $^{90}_{38}\text{Sr} \rightarrow ^{90}_{39}\text{Y} + ^{0}_{-1}\beta$ |  | m   |   | $\lambda = \frac{n}{\sqrt{2emU}}$ $\Delta s = 2d \sin \alpha.$  |   |  | MRI   | Speeldoosje   | 2 7 7   |   | $f = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{C}{m}} \qquad T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{C}}.$ |
| 15                      | $E_{c} = \frac{hc}{c}$  | $E_{\rm f} = \frac{hc}{a}$             |                                       |  |  | h  | Compton                              | $A = 4\pi R^2$   |   | SIRT   | Joystick met Hall-sensor  | $E_{k} = \frac{1}{2}mv^{2}  p = m\sqrt{\frac{2E_{k}}{m}} = \sqrt{2E_{k}m}$ $n = mv$ |   | $E = \frac{hc}{}$   | $S = \frac{v}{c}$  |   | $v = \lambda f$   |   |   | $E_{t} = \frac{1}{2}CA^{2}$ $\Delta E = hf_{A}$                             |
| 1 (                     | $^{-1}$ $^{-1}$ $^{-1}$ $^{-1}$   | $E_{\rm f} = \frac{1}{\lambda}$        | $E_n = \frac{H_{\delta}}{H_{\delta}}$ |  |  | $p = \frac{h}{\lambda}$ $\lambda = \frac{h}{1 - \cos \varphi}$     |                                      | <i>I</i> – <i>P</i>  | $_{-}$ $mv^2$ $Bqr$   | $^{90}_{39}Y \rightarrow ^{90}_{40}Zr + ^{0}_{-1}\beta + \gamma + (\overline{\nu}_{e})$                            | $\rho = \frac{RA}{\ell}. \ A = \frac{1}{4}\pi d^2$  | $p = mv$ $A = \frac{\ln 2}{N}$  | 2α Sin α – ππ.  | λ<br>Ruiken   | Wijnfraude opsporen  | $hf = \gamma h B_{\text{MRI}}.$ $\Delta E = hf$                                     |   |   | $E_{\rm k} = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 \qquad E_{\rm g} = -G\frac{mM}{r}$   | AL TO A   |
| 7(                      |   |  | Echoo                                 | Geleidende klei  | $v = \lambda f$                                    | $mc$ \ $[h]$   |                                      | $I = \frac{1}{4\pi r^2}$ LEO-satelliet                                       | $r_{\text{mpz}} = \frac{1}{r}  r = m$ $v = \frac{Bqr}{r}$             | $(1)^{\frac{t}{t_1}}$  |   | $t_{\frac{1}{2}}$   |   |   |  |   | Elektronen uit metaal 'stoken'  |   |   |   |
| <b>2</b> ( <b>2</b> ) 1 |   | $en [v] = ms^{-1}$                     | [ ho]=                                | $\rho = \frac{RA}{a} \qquad A = \frac{1}{4}\pi d^2$  |  | $\begin{bmatrix} c \end{bmatrix}$ $h$                              | <u>2</u>                             | $F_{\text{mpz}} = \frac{mv^2}{r} \text{ en } F_{\text{g}} = G\frac{mN}{r^2}$ |   | $A = A_0 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{t_1}}$   |   | Zonnepanelen  | Gamma-chirurgie   |   | $^{137}_{55}\text{Cs} \rightarrow ^{137}_{56}\text{Ba} + ^{0}_{-1}\text{e} + ^{0}_{0}\gamma(+\nu_{e})$ |   |   | Inwendige bestraling  | Buiging bij een enkelspleet   | erzoek van bot met  |
| 7                       | Latin American Tower  | $=\frac{1}{t}$                         | £                                     | ι 4  |  | $\frac{1}{mc} = \frac{n}{mc}$                                      | h Viool                              | $v = \sqrt{\frac{GM}{r}}$ $r = R_{\text{aarde}} + h$                         |   | $E_{\rm tot} = nE$ Wortel en mango   | $F_{\rm L} = Bqv \text{ en } F_{\rm el} = qE  E = \frac{C}{\Delta E}$   | $P = U \cdot I$   | $^{60}_{27}\text{Co} \rightarrow ^{60}_{28}\text{Ni} + ^{0}_{-1}\text{e} + 2^{0}_{0}\gamma + (\overline{\nu}_{e})$ $hc$ |   | $\lambda = \frac{hc}{a}$   | Energievoorziening  |   | ${}^{124}_{54}Xe + {}^{1}_{0}n \rightarrow {}^{125}_{54}Xe (+ {}^{0}_{0}\gamma)$ $4 - \frac{\ln 2}{N} N$                              | $ain \alpha - p_x$ $\lambda = \frac{h}{a}$  | $4 = \frac{\ln 2}{t_{\perp}} N \qquad m = N m_{\text{atoom}}$               |
| 7:                      | $J = \frac{1}{T}$ $\Delta v \qquad \dots = \left( \Delta x \right)$   | tot                                    |                                       | $R = \rho \frac{\iota}{A}.$ Hawkingstraling  | $_{2}$ $_{-}$ $^{h}$                               | $f = \frac{1}{T}$  |                                      | $P = Fv$ $F_{\rm w} = \frac{1}{2} \rho c_{\rm w} A v^2$ $AF$                 | Speciale fluit  | $E_{\rm f} = \frac{hc}{\lambda}$   |   |   | $E = \frac{N}{\lambda}$ $A = \frac{\ln 2}{\lambda} N  m = Nm_{\text{at}}$   |   | $E_{\mathrm{f}}$   | Energievoorziening<br>voor een weerstation<br>P = UI $nC = ItE = UIt = UC$ $E = Pt$ | $\lambda_{ m max}$  | $A = \frac{\ln 2}{t_{\frac{1}{2}}} N  m = N_0 \cdot M$  | 1.  | d   |
| <b>2</b> 5              | $a_{\text{gem}} = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t},  v = \left(\frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}\right)_{\text{raaklijn}}$ |  |                                       | Hawkingstraling $ \frac{P}{P_{\text{zon}}} = \left(\frac{M}{M_{\text{zon}}}\right)^{3.8} $ |  | $f\lambda$ $n \cdot \frac{1}{2}\lambda$                            |                                      | $\frac{\mathrm{d}E_{\mathrm{t}}}{\mathrm{d}r} = \frac{1}{2}GmMr^{-2}$        | $v = f\lambda$  | $E_n = n^2 \frac{h^2}{8mL^2}$  |   | - $hc$  | $I_{\frac{1}{2}}$   | $T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{C}}$   | $A = A_0 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{t_{\frac{1}{2}}}$   | P = UI  |   |   | $\Delta x \Delta p \ge \frac{n}{4\pi}$ Draadbreuk   | $I = I_0 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{a}{d_1}}$                          |
| 2 <sup>-</sup>          | $v = f\lambda$  | AMEN                                   |                                       | $E_{\rm kin} = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 \qquad E_{\rm g} = -G\frac{mM}{r}$ $2GM$                    |  |  |                                      | $v = \frac{2\pi r}{T}$ $\overline{GM}$                                       |   | EIND EXAMEN  | EIND EXAMEN   | $E_{\rm f} = \frac{nc}{\lambda}$  | $D = \frac{E}{m}  m = \rho V \qquad V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$   | Aardlekschakelaar   |  |   |   |   |   |   |
| 25                      |   | VIVILI V                               |                                       | $r_{\rm s} = \frac{2GM}{c^2}$  | Ont  |  |                                      | $v = \sqrt{\frac{GM}{r}}$  | $v = \lambda f$   |  |   | EIND EXAMEN   |   | $R = \rho \frac{\ell}{A} :  U = IR  A = \frac{1}{4}\pi d^2$   | EIND EXAMEN  |   |   |   | $R = \frac{\rho \ell}{A} \qquad U = IR$   |   |
| 2C                      |   |  |                                       |  | EIND EXAMEN  | XAMEN  | EIND                                 | EIND EXAMEN  | EIND EXAMEN   |  |   |   | EIND EXAMEN   | U = IR  |  |   | EIND EXAMEN   | EIND EXAMEN   |   | EIND EXAMEN   |
| 2/                      |   |  |                                       | $P = \sigma A T^4, \qquad A = 4\pi r_s^2.$   |  |  |                                      |  |   |  |   |   |   |   |  | EIND EXAMEN   |   |   |   |   |
| 26                      | EIND EXAMEN   |  |                                       |  |  |  |                                      |  |   |  |   |   |   | $U_{\rm ind} \propto \frac{d\Phi}{dt}$  |  |   |   |   | EIND EXAMEN   |   |
| 25                      |   |  |                                       | EIND EXAMEN  |  |  |                                      |  |   |  |   |   |   | EIND EXAMEN   |  |   |   |   |   |   |