Final Assignment

May 21, 2025

Extracting and Visualizing Stock Data

Description

Extracting essential data from a dataset and displaying it is a necessary part of data science; therefore individuals can make correct decisions based on the data. In this assignment, you will extract some stock data, you will then display this data in a graph.

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```

Estimated Time Needed: 30 min

Note:- If you are working Locally using anaconda, please uncomment the following code and execute it. Use the version as per your python version.

```
[1]: !pip install yfinance
    !pip install bs4
    !pip install nbformat
    !pip install --upgrade plotly

Collecting yfinance
    Downloading yfinance-0.2.61-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (5.8 kB)
Collecting pandas>=1.3.0 (from yfinance)
    Downloading
    pandas-2.2.3-cp312-cp312-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl.metadata (89 kB)
Collecting numpy>=1.16.5 (from yfinance)
    Downloading
    numpy-2.2.6-cp312-cp312-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl.metadata (62 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: requests>=2.31 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from yfinance) (2.32.3)
```

```
Collecting multitasking>=0.0.7 (from yfinance)
 Downloading multitasking-0.0.11-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (5.5 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: platformdirs>=2.0.0 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from yfinance) (4.3.6)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2022.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from yfinance) (2024.2)
Requirement already satisfied: frozendict>=2.3.4 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from yfinance) (2.4.6)
Collecting peewee>=3.16.2 (from yfinance)
 Downloading peewee-3.18.1.tar.gz (3.0 MB)
                           3.0/3.0 MB
101.5 MB/s eta 0:00:00
  Installing build dependencies ... one
  Getting requirements to build wheel ... done
 Preparing metadata (pyproject.toml) ... done
Requirement already satisfied: beautifulsoup4>=4.11.1 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from yfinance) (4.12.3)
Collecting curl_cffi>=0.7 (from yfinance)
 Downloading curl_cffi-0.11.1-cp39-abi3-
manylinux 2 17 x86 64.manylinux2014 x86 64.whl.metadata (14 kB)
Collecting protobuf>=3.19.0 (from yfinance)
  Downloading protobuf-6.31.0-cp39-abi3-manylinux2014 x86 64.whl.metadata (593
bytes)
Collecting websockets>=13.0 (from yfinance)
 Downloading websockets-15.0.1-cp312-cp312-
manylinux 2 5 x86 64.manylinux1 x86 64.manylinux 2 17 x86 64.manylinux2014 x86 6
4.whl.metadata (6.8 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: soupsieve>1.2 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from beautifulsoup4>=4.11.1->yfinance) (2.5)
Requirement already satisfied: cffi>=1.12.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from curl_cffi>=0.7->yfinance) (1.17.1)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2024.2.2 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from curl_cffi>=0.7->yfinance)
(2024.12.14)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from pandas>=1.3.0->yfinance)
(2.9.0.post0)
Collecting tzdata>=2022.7 (from pandas>=1.3.0->yfinance)
 Downloading tzdata-2025.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (1.4 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: charset_normalizer<4,>=2 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from requests>=2.31->yfinance) (3.4.1)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from requests>=2.31->yfinance) (3.10)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from requests>=2.31->yfinance) (2.3.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pycparser in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from cffi>=1.12.0->curl_cffi>=0.7->yfinance) (2.22)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
```

```
packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2->pandas>=1.3.0->yfinance) (1.17.0)
Downloading yfinance-0.2.61-py2.py3-none-any.whl (117 kB)
Downloading
curl_cffi-0.11.1-cp39-abi3-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (8.5
MB)
                        8.5/8.5 MB
132.1 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Downloading multitasking-0.0.11-py3-none-any.whl (8.5 kB)
Downloading
numpy-2.2.6-cp312-cp312-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (16.5 MB)
                        16.5/16.5 MB
179.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Downloading
pandas-2.2.3-cp312-cp312-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (12.7
MB)
                        12.7/12.7 MB
194.5 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Downloading protobuf-6.31.0-cp39-abi3-manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (320 kB)
Downloading websockets-15.0.1-cp312-cp312-
manylinux_2_5_x86_64.manylinux1_x86_64.manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_6
4.whl (182 kB)
Downloading tzdata-2025.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (347 kB)
Building wheels for collected packages: peewee
 Building wheel for peewee (pyproject.toml) ... one
 Created wheel for peewee:
filename=peewee-3.18.1-cp312-cp312-linux_x86_64.whl size=303802
Stored in directory: /home/jupyterlab/.cache/pip/wheels/1a/57/6a/bb71346381d0d
911cd4ce3026f1fa720da76707e4f01cf27dd
Successfully built peewee
Installing collected packages: peewee, multitasking, websockets, tzdata,
protobuf, numpy, pandas, curl_cffi, yfinance
Successfully installed curl_cffi-0.11.1 multitasking-0.0.11 numpy-2.2.6
pandas-2.2.3 peewee-3.18.1 protobuf-6.31.0 tzdata-2025.2 websockets-15.0.1
vfinance-0.2.61
Collecting bs4
 Downloading bs4-0.0.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (411 bytes)
Requirement already satisfied: beautifulsoup4 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from bs4) (4.12.3)
Requirement already satisfied: soupsieve>1.2 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from beautifulsoup4->bs4) (2.5)
Downloading bs4-0.0.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (1.2 kB)
Installing collected packages: bs4
Successfully installed bs4-0.0.2
Requirement already satisfied: nbformat in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (5.10.4)
Requirement already satisfied: fastjsonschema>=2.15 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from nbformat) (2.21.1)
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: jsonschema>=2.6 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from nbformat) (4.23.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: jupyter-core!=5.0.*,>=4.12 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from nbformat) (5.7.2)
    Requirement already satisfied: traitlets>=5.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
    packages (from nbformat) (5.14.3)
    Requirement already satisfied: attrs>=22.2.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
    packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat) (25.1.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: jsonschema-specifications>=2023.03.6 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat)
    (2024.10.1)
    Requirement already satisfied: referencing>=0.28.4 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat)
    (0.36.2)
    Requirement already satisfied: rpds-py>=0.7.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
    packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat) (0.22.3)
    Requirement already satisfied: platformdirs>=2.5 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from jupyter-
    core!=5.0.*,>=4.12->nbformat) (4.3.6)
    Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=4.4.0 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from
    referencing>=0.28.4->jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat) (4.12.2)
    Requirement already satisfied: plotly in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages
    (5.24.1)
    Collecting plotly
      Downloading plotly-6.1.1-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (6.9 kB)
    Collecting narwhals>=1.15.1 (from plotly)
      Downloading narwhals-1.40.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (11 kB)
    Requirement already satisfied: packaging in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
    packages (from plotly) (24.2)
    Downloading plotly-6.1.1-py3-none-any.whl (16.1 MB)
                             16.1/16.1 MB
    127.8 MB/s eta 0:00:00
    Downloading narwhals-1.40.0-py3-none-any.whl (357 kB)
    Installing collected packages: narwhals, plotly
      Attempting uninstall: plotly
        Found existing installation: plotly 5.24.1
        Uninstalling plotly-5.24.1:
          Successfully uninstalled plotly-5.24.1
    Successfully installed narwhals-1.40.0 plotly-6.1.1
[2]: import yfinance as yf
     import pandas as pd
     import requests
     from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
     import plotly.graph_objects as go
     from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
```

```
[3]: import plotly.io as pio pio.renderers.default = "iframe"
```

In Python, you can ignore warnings using the warnings module. You can use the filterwarnings function to filter or ignore specific warning messages or categories.

```
[4]: import warnings
# Ignore all warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore", category=FutureWarning)
```

0.1 Define Graphing Function

In this section, we define the function make_graph. You don't have to know how the function works, you should only care about the inputs. It takes a dataframe with stock data (dataframe must contain Date and Close columns), a dataframe with revenue data (dataframe must contain Date and Revenue columns), and the name of the stock.

```
[5]: def make graph(stock data, revenue data, stock):
         fig = make_subplots(rows=2, cols=1, shared_xaxes=True,_
      osubplot_titles=("Historical Share Price", "Historical Revenue"), □
      →vertical_spacing = .3)
         stock_data_specific = stock_data[stock_data.Date <= '2021-06-14']</pre>
         revenue_data_specific = revenue_data[revenue_data.Date <= '2021-04-30']
         fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(stock_data_specific.Date,_
      →infer_datetime_format=True), y=stock_data_specific.Close.astype("float"),
      →name="Share Price"), row=1, col=1)
         fig.add trace(go.Scatter(x=pd.to datetime(revenue data specific.Date,,,
      ⇒infer datetime format=True), y=revenue data specific. Revenue.
      →astype("float"), name="Revenue"), row=2, col=1)
         fig.update_xaxes(title_text="Date", row=1, col=1)
         fig.update_xaxes(title_text="Date", row=2, col=1)
         fig.update_yaxes(title_text="Price ($US)", row=1, col=1)
         fig.update_yaxes(title_text="Revenue ($US Millions)", row=2, col=1)
         fig.update layout(showlegend=False,
         height=900,
         title=stock,
         xaxis_rangeslider_visible=True)
         fig.show()
         from IPython.display import display, HTML
         fig_html = fig.to_html()
         display(HTML(fig_html))
```

Use the make_graph function that we've already defined. You'll need to invoke it in questions 5 and 6 to display the graphs and create the dashboard. > Note: You don't need to redefine the function for plotting graphs anywhere else in this notebook; just use the existing function.

0.2 Question 1: Use yfinance to Extract Stock Data

Using the Ticker function enter the ticker symbol of the stock we want to extract data on to create a ticker object. The stock is Tesla and its ticker symbol is TSLA.

```
[6]: tesla = yf.Ticker("TSLA")
```

Using the ticker object and the function history extract stock information and save it in a dataframe named tesla_data. Set the period parameter to "max" so we get information for the maximum amount of time.

```
[7]: tesla_data = tesla.history(period = "max")
```

Reset the index using the reset_index(inplace=True) function on the tesla_data DataFrame and display the first five rows of the tesla_data dataframe using the head function. Take a screenshot of the results and code from the beginning of Question 1 to the results below.

```
[8]: tesla_data.reset_index(inplace=True) tesla_data.head()
```

```
[8]:
                           Date
                                     Open
                                                          Low
                                                                  Close
                                               High
    0 2010-06-29 00:00:00-04:00 1.266667
                                           1.666667
                                                     1.169333
                                                              1.592667
    1 2010-06-30 00:00:00-04:00 1.719333
                                           2.028000
                                                     1.553333
                                                              1.588667
    2 2010-07-01 00:00:00-04:00 1.666667
                                           1.728000
                                                     1.351333
                                                              1.464000
    3 2010-07-02 00:00:00-04:00 1.533333
                                           1.540000
                                                     1.247333
                                                              1.280000
    4 2010-07-06 00:00:00-04:00 1.333333
                                           1.333333
                                                     1.055333
                                                               1.074000
```

| | Volume | Dividends | Stock Splits |
|---|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| 0 | 281494500 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 1 | 257806500 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2 | 123282000 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 3 | 77097000 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 4 | 103003500 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

0.3 Question 2: Use Webscraping to Extract Tesla Revenue Data

Use the requests library to download the webpage https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/revenue.htm Save the text of the response as a variable named html_data.

Parse the html data using beautiful_soup using parser i.e html5lib or html.parser.

```
[10]: soup = BeautifulSoup(html_data, "html.parser")
```

Using BeautifulSoup or the read_html function extract the table with Tesla Revenue and store it into a dataframe named tesla_revenue. The dataframe should have columns Date and Revenue.

Step-by-step instructions

Here are the step-by-step instructions:

- 1. Create an Empty DataFrame
- 2. Find the Relevant Table
- 3. Check for the Tesla Quarterly Revenue Table
- 4. Iterate Through Rows in the Table Body
- 5. Extract Data from Columns
- 6. Append Data to the DataFrame

Click here if you need help locating the table

Below is the code to isolate the table, you will now need to loop through the rows and columns soup.find_all("tbody")[1]

Si

If you want to use the read_html function the table is located at index 1

We are focusing on quarterly revenue in the lab.

```
[11]: #Date
                                                                                      Dividends
                    Open
                                 High
                                             Low
                                                         Close
                                                                       Volume
       \hookrightarrow Splits
      tesla_revenue = pd.DataFrame(columns = ["Date", "Revenue"])
      for row in soup.find_all("tbody")[1].find_all("tr"):
          col = row.find_all("td")
          if len(col) == 2:
              Date = col[0].text.strip()
              revenue = col[1].text.strip()
          tesla_revenue = pd.concat([tesla_revenue, pd.DataFrame({"Date":[Date],_

¬"Revenue":[revenue]})], ignore_index = True)
```

Execute the following line to remove the comma and dollar sign from the Revenue column.

```
[12]: tesla_revenue["Revenue"] = tesla_revenue['Revenue'].str.replace(',|\$',"")
```

Execute the following lines to remove an null or empty strings in the Revenue column.

```
[13]: tesla_revenue.dropna(inplace=True)

tesla_revenue = tesla_revenue[tesla_revenue['Revenue'] != ""]
```

Display the last 5 row of the tesla_revenue dataframe using the tail function. Take a screenshot of the results.

[14]: tesla_revenue.tail()

「14]: Date Revenue 48 2010-09-30 \$31 49 2010-06-30 \$28 50 2010-03-31 \$21 2009-09-30 \$46 52 \$27 53 2009-06-30

0.4 Question 3: Use yfinance to Extract Stock Data

Using the Ticker function enter the ticker symbol of the stock we want to extract data on to create a ticker object. The stock is GameStop and its ticker symbol is GME.

```
[15]: gme = yf.Ticker("GME")
```

Using the ticker object and the function history extract stock information and save it in a dataframe named gme_data. Set the period parameter to "max" so we get information for the maximum amount of time.

```
[16]: gme_data = gme.history(period = "max")
```

Reset the index using the reset_index(inplace=True) function on the gme_data DataFrame and display the first five rows of the gme_data dataframe using the head function. Take a screenshot of the results and code from the beginning of Question 3 to the results below.

```
[17]: gme_data.reset_index(inplace=True) gme_data.head()
```

```
[17]:
                             Date
                                        Open
                                                  High
                                                             Low
                                                                      Close
                                                                               Volume
      0 2002-02-13 00:00:00-05:00
                                    1.620128
                                              1.693350
                                                        1.603296
                                                                   1.691666
                                                                             76216000
      1 2002-02-14 00:00:00-05:00
                                    1.712707
                                              1.716073
                                                        1.670626
                                                                   1.683250
                                                                             11021600
      2 2002-02-15 00:00:00-05:00
                                    1.683250
                                              1.687458
                                                        1.658002
                                                                   1.674834
                                                                              8389600
      3 2002-02-19 00:00:00-05:00
                                    1.666418
                                              1.666418
                                                        1.578047
                                                                   1.607504
                                                                              7410400
      4 2002-02-20 00:00:00-05:00 1.615921
                                              1.662210
                                                        1.603296
                                                                   1.662210
                                                                              6892800
```

| | Dividends | Stock Splits |
|---|-----------|--------------|
| 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 4 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

0.5 Question 4: Use Webscraping to Extract GME Revenue Data

Use the requests library to download the webpage https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/stock.html. Save the text of the response as a variable named html_data_2.

```
[18]: url = "https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/

□IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/stock.html"

html_data_2 = requests.get(url).text
```

Parse the html data using beautiful soup using parser i.e html5lib or html.parser.

```
[19]: soup = BeautifulSoup(html_data_2, "html.parser")
```

Using BeautifulSoup or the read_html function extract the table with GameStop Revenue and store it into a dataframe named gme_revenue. The dataframe should have columns Date and Revenue. Make sure the comma and dollar sign is removed from the Revenue column.

Note: Use the method similar to what you did in question 2.

Click here if you need help locating the table

Below is the code to isolate the table, you will now need to loop through the rows and columns soup.find_all("tbody")[1]

If you want to use the read_html function the table is located at index 1

Display the last five rows of the gme_revenue dataframe using the tail function. Take a screenshot of the results.

```
[21]: Date Revenue
57 2006-01-31 1667
58 2005-10-31 534
59 2005-07-31 416
60 2005-04-30 475
61 2005-01-31 709
```

0.6 Question 5: Plot Tesla Stock Graph

Use the make_graph function to graph the Tesla Stock Data, also provide a title for the graph. Note the graph will only show data upto June 2021.

Hint

You just need to invoke the make_graph function with the required parameter to print the graph

/tmp/ipykernel_301/109047474.py:5: UserWarning:

The argument 'infer_datetime_format' is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. A strict version of it is now the default, see https://pandas.pydata.org/pdeps/0004-consistent-to-datetime-parsing.html. You can safely remove this argument.

/tmp/ipykernel_301/109047474.py:6: UserWarning:

The argument 'infer_datetime_format' is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. A strict version of it is now the default, see https://pandas.pydata.org/pdeps/0004-consistent-to-datetime-parsing.html. You can safely remove this argument.

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

0.7 Question 6: Plot GameStop Stock Graph

Use the make_graph function to graph the GameStop Stock Data, also provide a title for the graph. The structure to call the make_graph function is make_graph(gme_data, gme_revenue, 'GameStop'). Note the graph will only show data upto June 2021.

Hint

You just need to invoke the make_graph function with the required parameter to print the graph

```
[23]: gme_revenue = gme_revenue[["Date", "Revenue"]].copy()
gme_revenue.dropna(inplace=True)
gme_revenue = gme_revenue[gme_revenue["Revenue"] != ""]
```

/tmp/ipykernel_301/109047474.py:5: UserWarning:

The argument 'infer_datetime_format' is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. A strict version of it is now the default, see https://pandas.pydata.org/pdeps/0004-consistent-to-datetime-parsing.html. You can safely remove this argument.

/tmp/ipykernel_301/109047474.py:6: UserWarning:

The argument 'infer_datetime_format' is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. A strict version of it is now the default, see https://pandas.pydata.org/pdeps/0004-consistent-to-datetime-parsing.html. You can safely remove this argument.

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

About the Authors:

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Azim Hirjani

0.8 Change Log

| Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | Version | Changed By | Change Description |
|-------------------|---------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| 2022-02-28 | 1.2 | Lakshmi Holla | Changed the URL of GameStop |
| 2020-11-10 | 1.1 | Malika Singla | Deleted the Optional part |
| 2020-08-27 | 1.0 | Malika Singla | Added lab to GitLab |

##

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