VISUALIZATION

Data

Overview

- Data
- Attribute Types
- Dataset Types

Overview

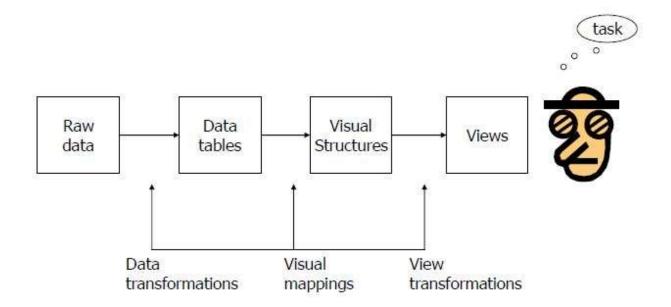
- Data
- Attribute Types
- Dataset Types

Visualization

Visualization is the process that transforms (abstract)
 data into interactive graphical representations for the purpose of exploration, confirmation, or presentation

Goal:

- Record Preserve information
- Analyze Reason about data
- Present Convey information



Data

- Data is taken from and/or representing some phenomena from the world
- Data Types are structural or mathematical interpretation of data
 - Fundamental unit
 - Item, Link, Attribute, Position, Grid
 - Different from data types in programming!

Items & Attributes

Item: individual entity, discrete

e.g., Patient, Car, Stock, City

Attribute: measured, observed, logged property

e.g., Patient: height, blood pressure; Car: horsepower, make

Item: Person Attributes

ID	Name	Age	Shirt Size	Favorite Fruit
1	Amy	8	S	Apple
2	Basil	7	S	Pear
3	Clara	9	Cell M	Durian
4	Desmond	13	L	Elderberry
4 5	Ernest	12	L	Peach
6	Fanny	10	S	Lychee
7	George	9	М	Orange
8	Hector	8	L	Loquat
9	Ida	10	М	Pear
10	Amy	12	М	Orange

Other Data Types

- Links/Relations
 - Express relationship between two items
 - Friendship on Facebook, Interaction between proteins
- Positions
 - Spatial data -> location in 2D or 3D
 - Pixels in photo, Voxels in MRI scan, latitude/longitude

Grids

Sampling strategy for continuous data

Data Semantics

	ID	Name	Age	Shirt Size	Favorite Fruit
-	1	Amy	8	S	Apple
	2	Basil	7	S	Pear
	3	Clara	9	M	Durian
	4	Desmond	13	L	Elderberry
	5	Ernest	12	L	Peach
	6	Fanny	10	S	Lychee
	7	George	9	M	Orange
	8	Hector	8	L	Loquat
	9	Ida	10	M	Pear
	10	Amy	12	M	Orange

- Basil, 7, S, Pear
- What does it mean?
- Semantics: real world meaning
- Name? City? Fruit? Height? Age? Day of Month?
- Metadata: Descriptive information about the data
 - Is utilized to associate Semantics

Structured vs Unstructured

- Structured Data
 - Known data types, semantics
- Unstructured Data
 - No predefined data model
 - Text-heavy, interspersed with facts (dates, times, locations)
 - Video, images
 - Need to be converted to structured data for visualization
- Unstructured -> Structured
 - Natural Language Processing
 - Text mining (sentiment, keywords, concepts, categories)

Example - Item

0	A	В	C	S	Т	U
1	Order ID	Order Date	Order Priority	Product Container	Product Base Margin	Ship Date
2	3	10/14/06	5-Low	Large Box	0.8	10/21/0
3	6	2/21/08	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.55	2/22/0
4	32	7/16/07	2-High	Small Pack	0.79	7/17/0
5	32	7/16/07	2-High	Jumbo Box	0.72	7/17/0
6	32	7/16/07	2-High	Medium Box	0.6	7/18/0
7	32	7/16/07	2-High	Medium Box	0.65	7/18/0
8	35	10/23/07	4-Not Specified	Wrap Bag		10/24/0
9	35	10/23/07	4-Not Specified	Small Box		10/25/0
10	36	11/3/07	1-Urgent	Small Box	Itams/Elawas	11/3/0
11	65	3/18/07	1-Urgent	Small Pack	Item/Element/ 3/	
12	66	1/20/05	5-Low	Wrap Bag	(Indopondo	1/20/0
13	69	6/4/05	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	(Independent)	
14	69	6/4/05	4-Not Specified	Wrap Bag	Variable	6/6/0
15	70			Small Box	vai labic	12/23/0
16	70	12/18/06	5-Low	Wrap Bag		12/23/0
17	96	4/17/05	2-High	Small Box	0.55	4/19/0
18	97	1/29/06	3-Medium	Small Box	0.38	1/30/0
19	129	11/19/08	5-Low	Small Box	0.37	11/28/0
20	130	5/8/08	2-High	Small Box	0.37	5/9/0
21	130	5/8/08	2-High	Medium Box	0.38	5/10/0
22	130	5/8/08	2-High	Small Box	0.6	5/11/0
23	132	6/11/06	3-Medium	Medium Box	0.6	6/12/0
24	132	6/11/06	3-Medium	Jumbo Box	0.69	6/14/0
25	134	5/1/08	4-Not Specified	Large Box	0.82	5/3/0
26	135	10/21/07	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.64	10/23/0
27	166	9/12/07	The state of the s	Small Box	0.55	9/14/0
28	193	8/8/06	1-Urgent	Medium Box	0.57	8/10/0
29	194		3-Medium	Wrap Bag	0.42	4/7/0

Example - Attribute

\$	Α	В	C	S	T	U
1	Order ID	Order Date	Order Priority	Product Container	Product Base Margin	Ship Date
2	3	10/14/06	5-Low	Large Box	0.8	10/21/06
3	6	2/21/08	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	A	2/22/08
4	32	7/16/07	2-High	Small Pack	Attribute/	7/17/07
5	32	7/16/07	2-High	Jumbo Box	D:	7/17/07
6	32	7/16/07	2-High	Medium Box	Dimension/	7/18/07
7	32	7/16/07	2-High	Medium Box	Dopondont	7/18/07
8	35	10/23/07	4-Not Specified	Wrap Bag	(Dependent	10/24/07
9	35	10/23/07	4-Not Specified	Small Box	Variable/	10/25/07
10	36	11/3/07	1-Urgent	Small Box	Valiable/	11/3/07
11	65	3/18/07	1-Urgent	Small Pack	Feature	3/19/07
12	66	1/20/05	5-Low	Wrap Bag	1 Cucui C	1/20/05
13	69	6/4/05	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.44	6/6/05
14	69	6/4/05	4-Not Specified	Wrap Bag	0.6	6/6/05
15	70	12/18/06	5-Low	Small Box	0.59	12/23/06
16	70	12/18/06	5-Low	Wrap Bag	0.82	12/23/06
17	96	4/17/05	2-High	Small Box	0.55	4/19/05
18	97	1/29/06	3-Medium	Small Box	0.38	1/30/06
19	129	11/19/08	5-Low	Small Box	0.37	11/28/08
20	130	5/8/08	2-High	Small Box	0.37	5/9/08
21	130	5/8/08	2-High	Medium Box	0.38	5/10/08
22	130	5/8/08	2-High	Small Box	0.6	5/11/08
23	132	6/11/06	3-Medium	Medium Box	0.6	6/12/06
24	132	6/11/06	3-Medium	Jumbo Box	0.69	6/14/06
25	134	5/1/08	4-Not Specified	Large Box	0.82	5/3/08
26	135	10/21/07	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.64	10/23/07
27	166	9/12/07	2-High	Small Box	0.55	9/14/07
28	193	8/8/06	1-Urgent	Medium Box	0.57	8/10/06
29	194	4/5/08	3-Medium	Wrap Bag	0.42	4/7/08

Example - Semantics

0	A	В	C	S	T	U
1	Order ID	Order Date	Order Priority	Product Container	Product Base Margin	Ship Date
2	3	10/14/06	5-Low	Large Box	^ 9	10/21/06
3	6	2/21/08	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	Semantics 5	2/22/08
4	32	7/16/07	2-High	Small Pack	Semantics ;	7/17/07
5	32	7/16/07	2-High	Jumbo Box	0.72	7/17/07
6	32	7/16/07	2-High	Medium Box	0.6	7/18/07
7	32	7/16/07	2-High	Medium Box	0.65	7/18/07
8	35	10/23/07	4-Not Specified	Wrap Bag	0.52	10/24/07
9	35	10/23/07	4-Not Specified	Small Box	0.58	10/25/07
10	36	11/3/07	1-Urgent	Small Box	0.55	11/3/07
11	65	3/18/07	1-Urgent	Small Pack	0.49	3/19/07
12	66	1/20/05	5-Low	Wrap Bag	0.56	1/20/05
13	69	6/4/05	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.44	6/6/05
14	69	6/4/05	4-Not Specified	Wrap Bag	0.6	6/6/05
15	70	12/18/06	5-Low	Small Box	0.59	12/23/06
16	70	12/18/06	5-Low	Wrap Bag	0.82	12/23/06
17	96	4/17/05	2-High	Small Box	0.55	4/19/05
18	97	1/29/06	3-Medium	Small Box	0.38	1/30/06
19	129	11/19/08	5-Low	Small Box	0.37	11/28/08
20	130	5/8/08	2-High	Small Box	0.37	5/9/08
21	130	5/8/08	2-High	Medium Box	0.38	5/10/08
22	130	5/8/08	2-High	Small Box	0.6	5/11/08
23	132	6/11/06	3-Medium	Medium Box	0.6	6/12/06
24	132	6/11/06	3-Medium	Jumbo Box	0.69	6/14/06
25	134	5/1/08	4-Not Specified	Large Box	0.82	5/3/08
26	135	10/21/07	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.64	10/23/07
27	166	9/12/07	2-High	Small Box	0.55	9/14/07
28	193	8/8/06	1-Urgent	Medium Box	0.57	8/10/06
29	194	4/5/08	3-Medium	Wrap Bag	0.42	4/7/08

Overview

Data

Attribute Types

Dataset Types

Attribute Types

- Categorical (nominal)
 - Compare equality
 - Fruit, Gender, Movie Genres, File Types

Ordered

- Ordinal
 - Great/Less than defined
 - Shirt size
- Quantitative
 - Arithmetic possible
 - Length, Weight, Count

Quantitative Types

- Interval (arbitrary zero)
 - Dates: Jan 19; Location: (Lat, Long)
 - Only differences (i.e., intervals) can be compared
- Ratio (true zero)
 - zero: there is nothing of the measured entity observed
 - Measurements: Length, Mass
 - Can measure ratios & proportions

Operations

- Nominal (labels)
 - Operations: =, ≠
- Ordinal (ordered)
 - Operations: =, ≠, >, <
- Interval (location of zero arbitrary)
 - Operations: =, ≠, >, <, +, (distance)
- Ratio (zero fixed)
 - Operations: =, ≠, >, <, +, -,×, ÷ (proportions)

Sequential vs Diverging data

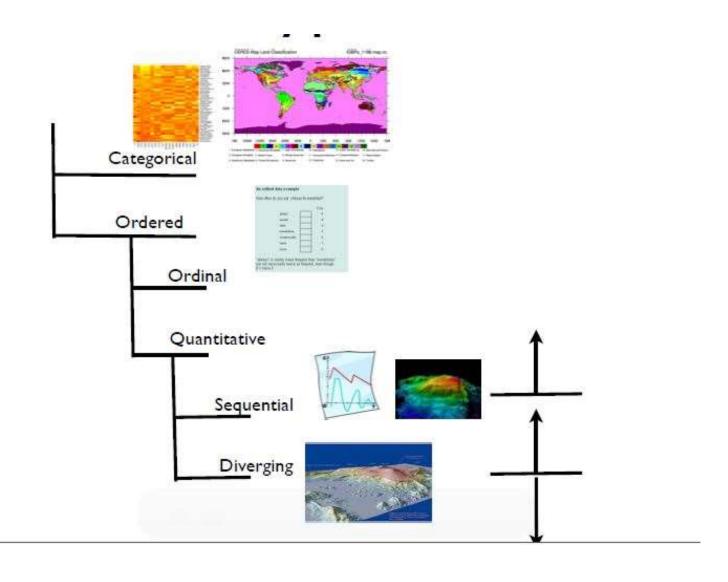
Sequential:

- homogeneous from min to max
- # people in countries

Diverging:

- two or multiple sequences that meet
- Elevation dataset: above sea level & below sea level

Attribute Types (Summary)



Example

0	Α	В	С	S	T	U
1	Order ID	Order Date	Order Priority	Product Container	Product Base Margin	
2	3	10/14/06		Large Box	0.8	
3	6		4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.55	
4	32	7/16/07		Small Pack	0.79	
5	32	7/16/07		Jumbo Box	0.72	
6	32		And the state of t	Medium Box	0.6	
7	32		A SALES AND A SALE	Medium Box	0.65	
8	35		4-Not Specified	Wrap Bag	0.52	
9	35		4-Not Specified	Small Box	0.58	10/25/07
10	36		1-Urgent	Small Box	0.55	11/3/07
11	65		1-Urgent	Small Pack	0.49	
12	66	1/20/05	5-Low	Wrap Bag	0.56	1/20/05
13	69	6/4/05	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.44	6/6/05
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15	70	12/18/06	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Small Box	0.59	12/23/06
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17	96	4/17/05	2-High	Small Box	0.55	4/19/05
18	97		3-Medium	Small Box	0.38	1/30/06
19	129	11/19/08	5-Low	Small Box	0.37	11/28/08
20	130	5/8/08	2-High	Small Box	0.37	5/9/08
21	130	5/8/08	2-High	Medium Box	0.38	5/10/08
22	130	5/8/08	2-High	Small Box	0.6	5/11/08
23	132	6/11/06	3-Medium	Medium Box		
24	132	6/11/06	3-Medium	Jumbo Box	Cat	egorical
25	134	5/1/08	4-Not Specified	Large Box		The same of the sa
26	135	10/21/07	4-Not Specified	Small Pack		rdinal
27	166	9/12/07	2-High	Small Box		dillai
28	193	8/8/06	1-Urgent	Medium Box	Our	ntitative
29	194	4/5/08	3-Medium	Wrap Bag	Qua	HILILALIVE
20	104	4 /5 /00	2 11 - 1	111 D		

Dimensions

- Data sets of dimensions 1, 2, 3 are common
- Number of variables/attributes per class/item
 - 1 Univariate data
 - 2 Bivariate data
 - 3 Trivariate data
 - >3 Hypervariate data

Data Table

- Items (cases) have attributes (variables)
- Function f(Case₁) = <Value₁₁, Value₁₂, ...>

-	Case ₁	Case ₂	Case ₃
$Variable_1$	Value ₁₁	Value ₂₁	Value ₃₁
$Variable_2$	Value ₁₂	Value ₂₂	Value ₃₂
$Variable_3$	Value ₁₃	Value ₂₃	Value ₃₃
•••			

Overview

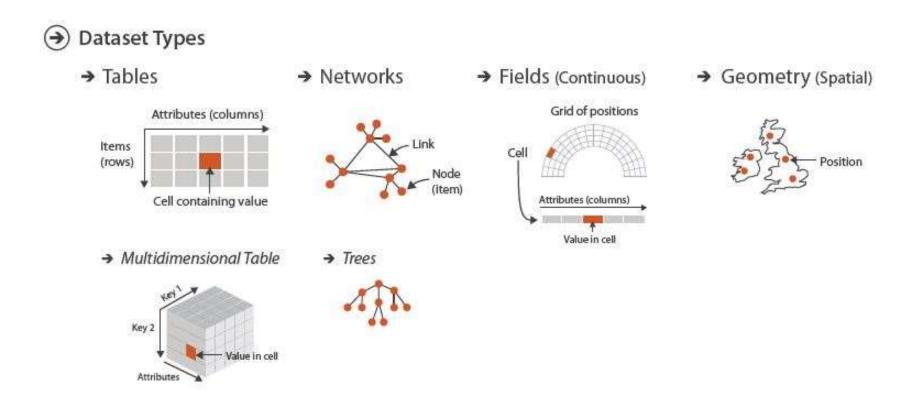
Data

Attribute Types

Dataset Types

Dataset Types

Data types combine to form Dataset Types



Tables

Flat Table
one item per row
each column is attribute
unique (implicit) key
no duplicates

Multidimensional Table indexing based on multiple keys

Attributes Values

Keys

Item

ID	Name	Age	Shirt Size	Favorite Fruit
1	Amy	8	S	Apple
2	Basil	7	S	Pear
3	Clara	9	М	Durian
4	Desmond	13	L	Elderberry
5	Ernest	12	L	Peach
6	Fanny	10	S	Lychee
7	George	9	M	Orange
8	Hector	8	L	Loquat
9	Ida	10	M	Pear
10	Amy	12	M	Orange

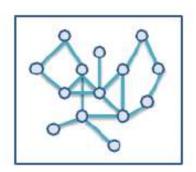
Multidimensional Table

D 1 #1.2 1500 529 3 DESCRIPTION TCGA-02-0001-01C-01R-0177-01 TCGA-02-0003-01A-01R-0177-01 TCGA-02-0004-01A-01R-0298-01 TKeys: Patients GeneName 4 LTF LTF 4.123979585 2.377012066 -1.265728057 5 POSTN POSTN 2.662411805 3.932400324 5.031585377 6 TMSL8 TMSL8 -3.082217838 -2.243148513 -0.02313681 HLA-DQA1 HLA-DQA1 -1.739664398 4.577962344 3.127744964 RP11-35N6.1 RP11-35N6.1 -3.346352968 -2.895400157 -3.473035067 STMN2 STMN2 -2.578511106 -3.051605144 -1.729892888 10 DCX DCX -2.26078976 -2.529795801 -2.844966278 11 AGXT2L1 AGXT2L1 -2.639493611 -3.113204863 -0.403975027 12 IL13RA2 IL13RA2 -2.93596915 -1.873600916 2.976256911 13 SLN SLN -2.466718221 -2.208406749 1.025827904 MEOX2 MEOX2 -2.395054066 -1.062676046 1.783235317 COL11A1 COL11A1 1.211934832 -0.399392588 4.733608974 16 NNMT NNMT 0.703745164 0.664082419 3.069030715 F13A1 F13A1 -0.224094042 2.222197544 1.171354775 CXCL14 CXCL14 -3.1309694 -1.395056071 2.569540659 19 MBP MBP -1.906390566 -2.037626447 -2.935744906 20 TF -4.334123292 -4.680680246 -2.975788866 KCND2 KCND2 -1.777692395 -2.100362021 -1.996306032 22 GABRB1 GABRB1 -2.214760175 -3.022654105 -3.185499425

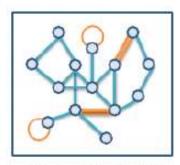
Keys: Genes

Graphs/Networks

 A graph G(V,E) consists of a set of vertices (nodes) V and a set of edges (links) E connecting these vertices.



- A simple graph is a graph which contains:
 - No multi-edges
 - No loops

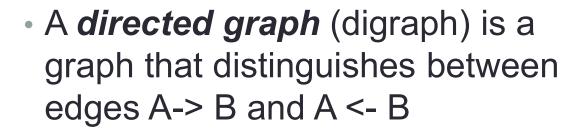


Not a simple graph!

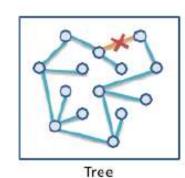
→ A general graph

Special Graphs

 A tree/hierarchy is a graph with no cycles



 A bipartite graph has vertices that can be partitioned into two independent sets





Bipartite Graph

Graphs in Real World

Graph: WWW, Social Networks

Tree: Org structures, Classifications

ANIMALIA KINGDOM

BEPTILIA GOTERCHITOTE MAPHIBIA AVES MORRELLA CLASS

LAGGARRIPA PROMERA GENES

LAGGARRIPA PROMERA GENES

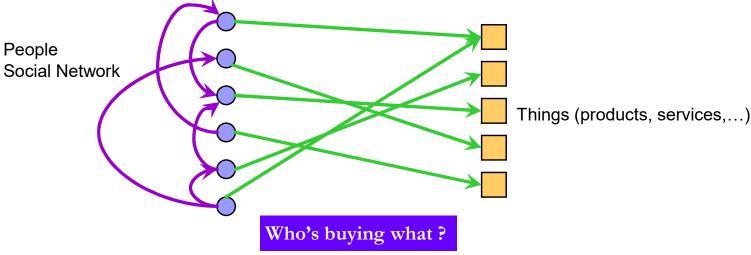
LAGGARRIPA PROMERA GENES

LAGGARRIPA FILIDATE MORRE FAMILY

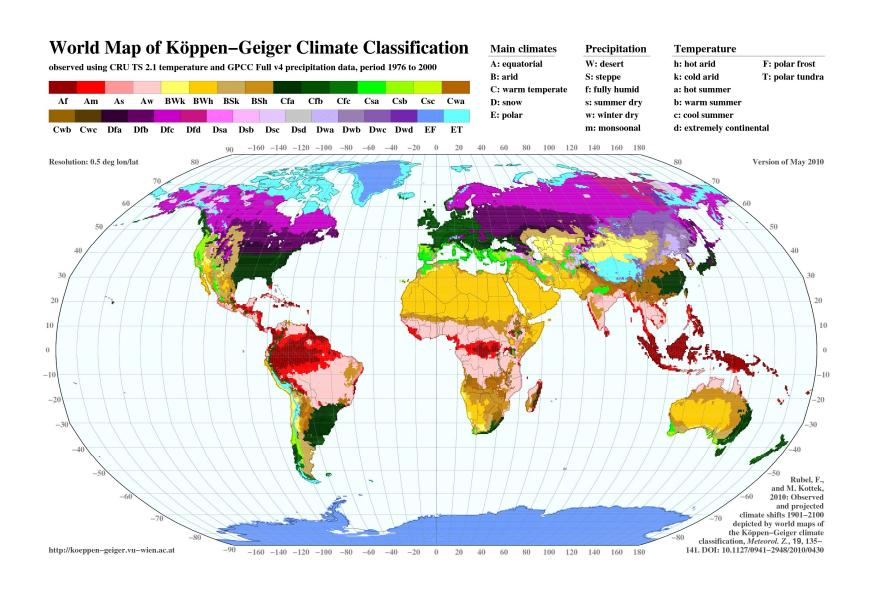
PASTIBRA GENES

SPECIES

Bipartite graph



Spatial Data



Fields

Attribute values associated with cells

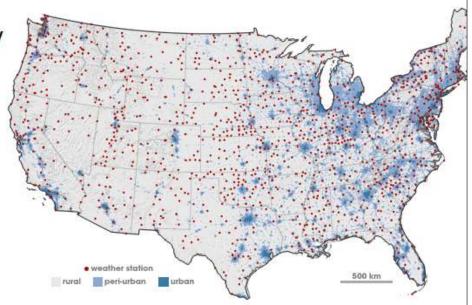
Cell contains data from continuous domain

Temperature, pressure, wind velocity

Measured or simulated

Sampling & Interpolation

Signal processing & stats



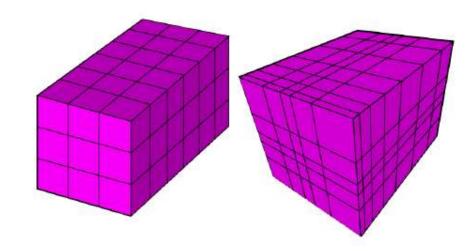
Fields: Grid Types

Uniform Grid

Geometry & topology can be computed

Rectilinear Grid

Nonuniform sampling



Information vs Scientific Visualization

Information Vis

- "Abstract Data"
- Tables, Graphs
- Free to choose spatial layout

Scientific Vis

- "Spatial Data" (Fields)
- Not free to choose spatial layout
- Find best way to depict reality

1985

Other Collections

Sets

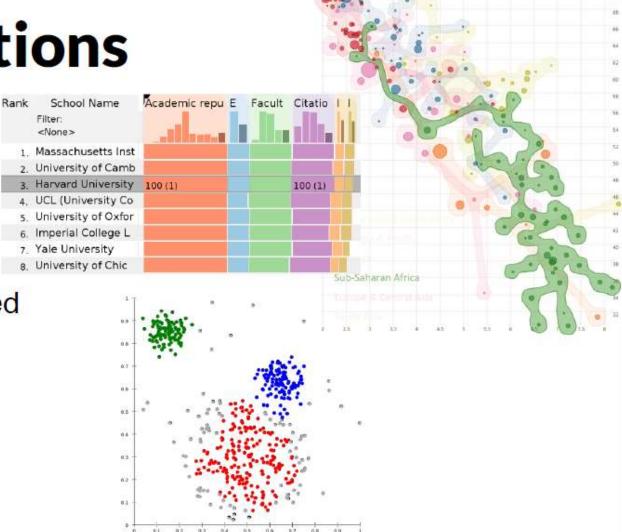
Unique items, unordered

Lists

Ordered, duplicates allowed

Clusters

Groups of similar items



Data vs Conceptual Model

Data Model: Low-level description of the data

Set with operations, e.g., floats with +, -, /, *

Conceptual Model: Mental construction

Includes semantics, supports reasoning

Data	Conceptual
1D floats	temperature
3D vector of	space

Data Model -> Data Type

- From data model...
 - 32.5, 54.0, -17.3, ... (floats)
- Using conceptual model...
 - Temperature
- To data type
 - Continuous to 4 significant digits (Q)
 - Hot, warm, cold (O)
 - Burned vs. Not burned (N)

Combinations, Derived Data

- Networks can have attributes
- Attributes have hierarchies
- Data types can be transformed

Real life is complicated...

Metadata

- Descriptive information about the data
 - Might be something as simple as the type of a variable, or could be more complex
 - For times when the table itself just isn't enough
 - Example: if variable1 is "l", then variable3 can only be 3, 7 or 16

Data Cleansing

- Data may be missing/corrupted
 - Remove?
 - Modify?
- You may want to adjust values
 - Use inverse
 - Map nominal to ordinal/quantitative
 - Normalize values
 Scale between 0 and 1

Publicly Available Datasets

- http://www.kdnuggets.com/datasets/index.html
- http://www.google.com/publicdata/directory
- https://developers.facebook.com/docs/graph-api
- http://www.data.gov/
- Many more!