

REVIEW

-How many objects can you float in a horizontal line?

REVIEW

-What additional properties are automatically included with every float declaration in your stylesheet?

REVIEW

-What units do we use to make floated layouts?

LETS FINISH LAST LESSON

Open up
Lesson 4 - Assignment #2
Layout Primetime

FONTS





3 TYPES

-System fonts: the fonts that come with every computer: Arial, Courier New, Times New Roman, Georgia

-Google Fonts: fonts Google serves up: https://fonts.google.com/

-Custom Fonts: fonts you can buy and embed into a website:

http://www.myfonts.com/

https://www.fontsquirrel.com/

http://www.typography.com/fonts/

SYSTEM FONT USE

```
.custom-class {
  font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
}
```

BENEFITS:

- -Easy to include
- -Works everywhere
- -Always good to put type of font in font-family property value

CONS:

-Boring

GOOGLE FONT USE

```
.custom-class {
  font-family: "Font Name", Arial, sans-serif;
}
```

BENEFITS:

- -Widely available
- -Easy enhancement to make your site look better
- -Works in most environments

CONS:

- -Increases size of your page a bit
- -May not load on a very slow mobile connection
- -Needs a fallback value

CUSTOM FONT USE

```
.custom-class {
  font-family: "Font Name", Arial, sans-serif;
}
```

BENEFITS:

- -Creates one of a kind page designs
- -Works in most environments

CONS:

- -Increases size of your page quite a bit
- -Requires tedious setup
- -Usually costs \$\$\$

ASSIGNMENT 01 EXAMPLES OF FONTS AND PSEUDO SELECTORS

PSEDUO SELECTORS

USAGE

```
.your-class:pseudo-selector {
  font-size: 12px;
}
```

- -Apply to any class with a colon
- -Place pseudo selector immediately after colon
- -No spaces
- -Style like normal

COMMON USE

- :after applies content immediately after the DOM element selected
- :before applies properties immediately before the DOM element selected
- :hover controls when you hover over selected element
- :active controls when element is active, being clicked or selected
- :focus controls when an element is in focus (selected)

LESS COMMON

:first-child - applies properties to the first instance of an element

:last-child - applies properties to the last instance of an element

:nth-child - applies content depending on algebraic pattern (ie, 2n+3)

CODE ALONG

FOR NEXT TIME

Enjoy Thanksgiving
No class Wednesday
Git ready for tooling with Emilia on Monday