

# Appendix X

A.T. Tredennick, A.R. Kleinhesselink, B. Taylor & P.B. Adler

“Consistent ecosystem functional response across precipitation extremes in a sagebrush steppe”

PeerJ

## Section Ax1 Details on the plant community and dynamics

Here we provide more details on the plant community in terms of dominance and rarity. Averaging across time, *Artemisia tripartita* and *Balsamorhiza sagittata* are the two most dominant species in each treatment. Combined, these two species represent 28% of total cover in control plots, 25% of total cover in drought plots, and 25% of total cover in irrigation plots. Four to five species dominate the community in general (Figure Ax-1), indicating a high level of dominance in this plant community.

We also conducted our community composition analysis with only annual species. Annual species are shorter-lived than the perennial species in our community, so they may respond more quickly to alterations of precipitation. In general, our results for annual species conform to the results from the full community analysis in the main text. Annual plant community composition is relatively stable through time (Fig. Ax-5) and in most years there is no evidence that treatment differentiates community composition (Table Ax-).

## Section Ax2 Tables

Table Ax-1: Statistical results from linear model relating density of *Allysum desertorum* to precipitation.

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = mean_density ~ ppt1 * Treatment, data = filter(dom_annuals,
##     species == "Allyssum desertorum"))
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -111.272  -76.522    0.508   55.905  166.639
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   -155.4889   113.7219  -1.367   0.1966
## ppt1           1.1452     0.5245   2.183   0.0496 *
## TreatmentDrought    2.3084   160.8271   0.014   0.9888
## TreatmentIrrigation -10.2347   160.8271  -0.064   0.9503
## ppt1:TreatmentDrought  0.2719    0.7418   0.367   0.7204
## ppt1:TreatmentIrrigation 0.3590    0.7418   0.484   0.6371
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 90.87 on 12 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.6479, Adjusted R-squared:  0.5012
## F-statistic: 4.417 on 5 and 12 DF,  p-value: 0.01632
```

44 Table Ax-2: Statistical results from linear model relating density of Bromus tectorum to precipita-  
 45 tion.

```

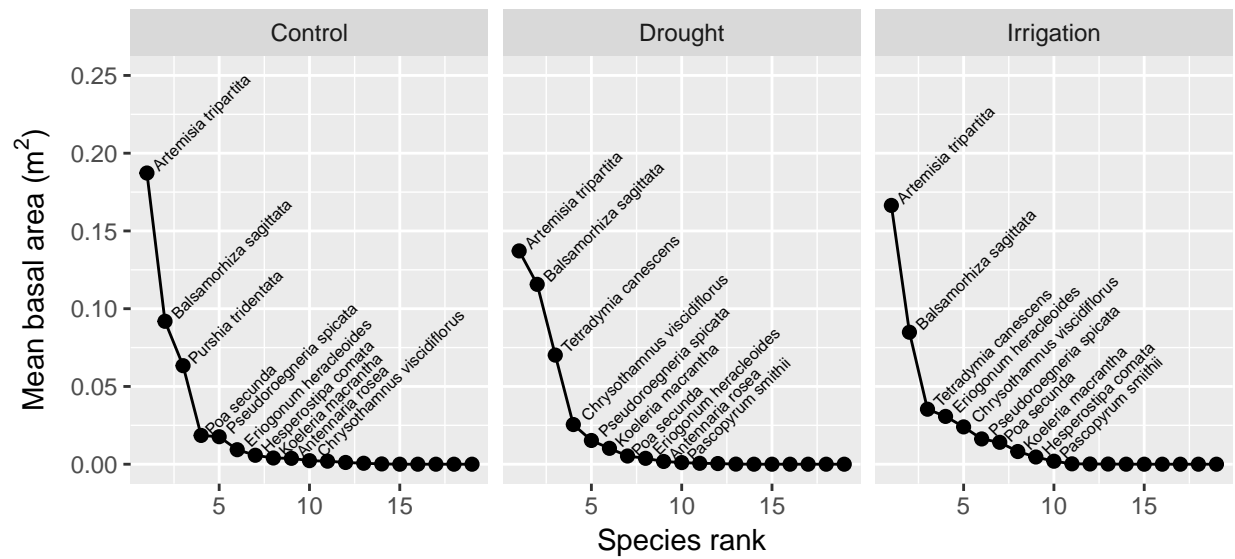
46 ##
47 ## Call:
48 ## lm(formula = mean_density ~ ppt1 * Treatment, data = filter(dom_annuals,
49 ##     species == "Bromus tectorum"))
50 ##
51 ## Residuals:
52 ##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
53 ## -22.336  -8.428  -0.658   4.635  41.814
54 ##
55 ## Coefficients:
56 ##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
57 ## (Intercept)      -5.1712     23.6611  -0.219   0.831
58 ## ppt1              0.0560      0.1091   0.513   0.617
59 ## TreatmentDrought -12.2400     33.4619  -0.366   0.721
60 ## TreatmentIrrigation -2.9937     33.4619  -0.089   0.930
61 ## ppt1:TreatmentDrought  0.1190      0.1543   0.771   0.456
62 ## ppt1:TreatmentIrrigation 0.1938      0.1543   1.255   0.233
63 ##
64 ## Residual standard error: 18.91 on 12 degrees of freedom
65 ## Multiple R-squared:  0.6229, Adjusted R-squared:  0.4657
66 ## F-statistic: 3.964 on 5 and 12 DF,  p-value: 0.02353

```

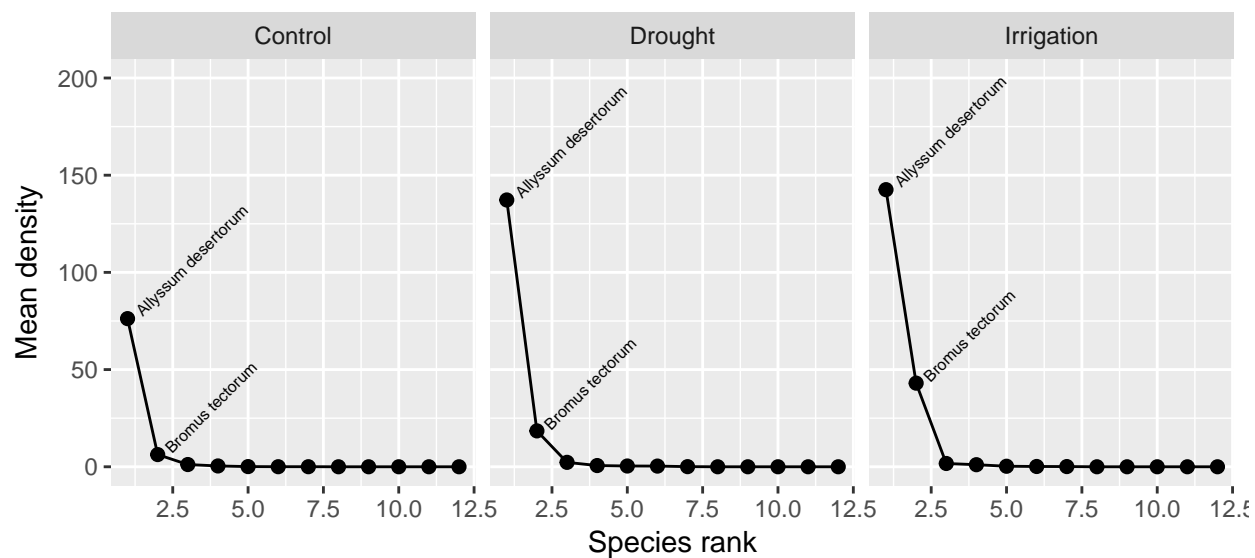
**Table Ax-3** Results from statistical tests for clustering and dispersion of community composition among precipitation treatments for annual species only. ‘adonis’ tests whether treatments form unique clusters in multidimensional space; ‘betadisper’ tests whether treatments have similar dispersion. For both tests,  $P$  values greater than 0.05 indicate there is no support that the treatments differ.

Year	Test	n	d.f.	$F$	$P$
2011	adonis	22	2	1.09	0.38
2011	betadisper	22	2	5.61	0.01
2012	adonis	19	2	2.67	0.02
2012	betadisper	19	2	0.95	0.41
2013	adonis	22	2	1.71	0.13
2013	betadisper	22	2	1.03	0.38
2014	adonis	22	2	1.37	0.15
2014	betadisper	22	2	1.06	0.36
2015	adonis	22	2	1.05	0.32
2015	betadisper	22	2	0.02	0.98
2016	adonis	22	2	1.63	0.14
2016	betadisper	22	2	4.35	0.03

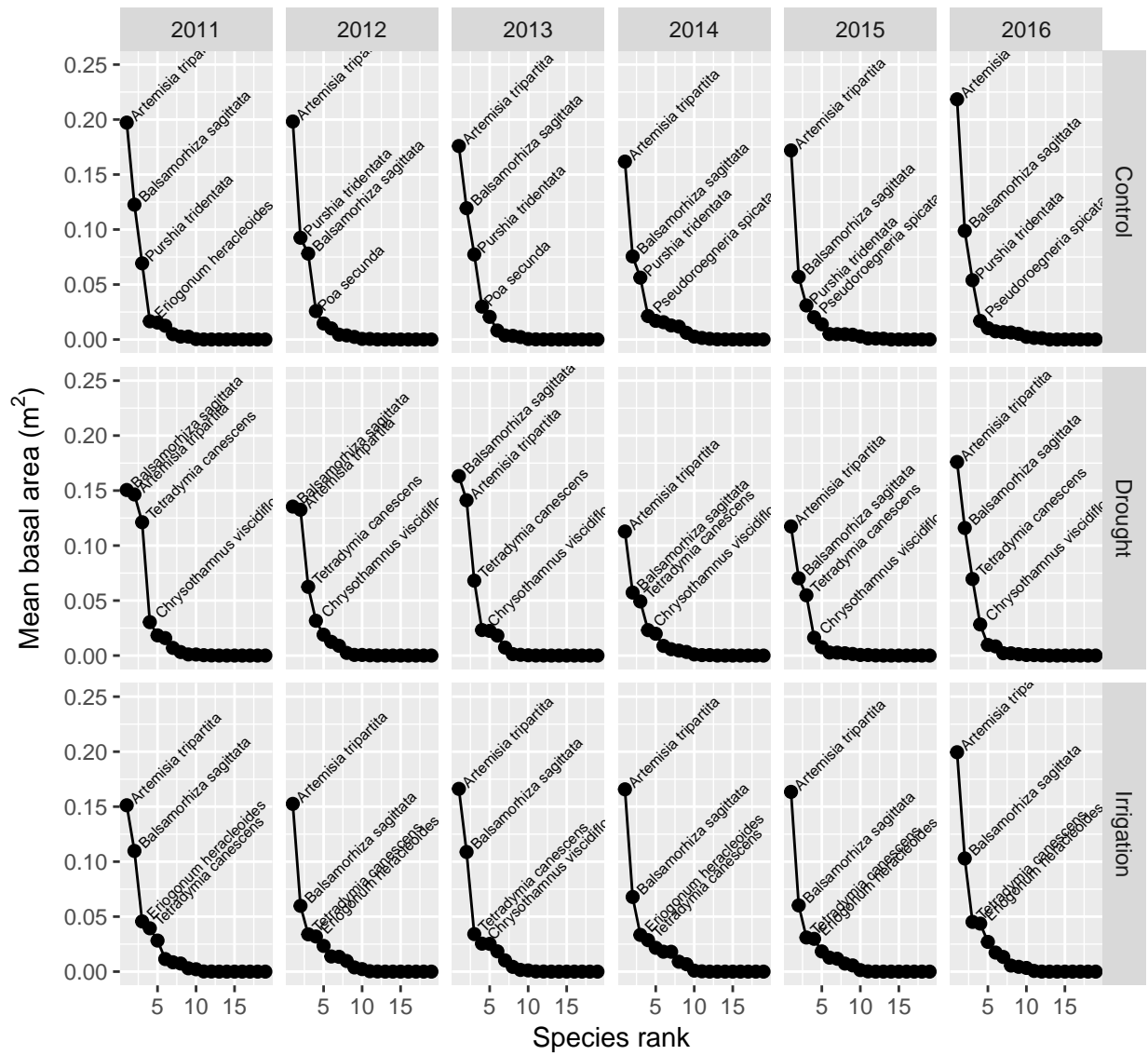
## Section Ax3 Figures



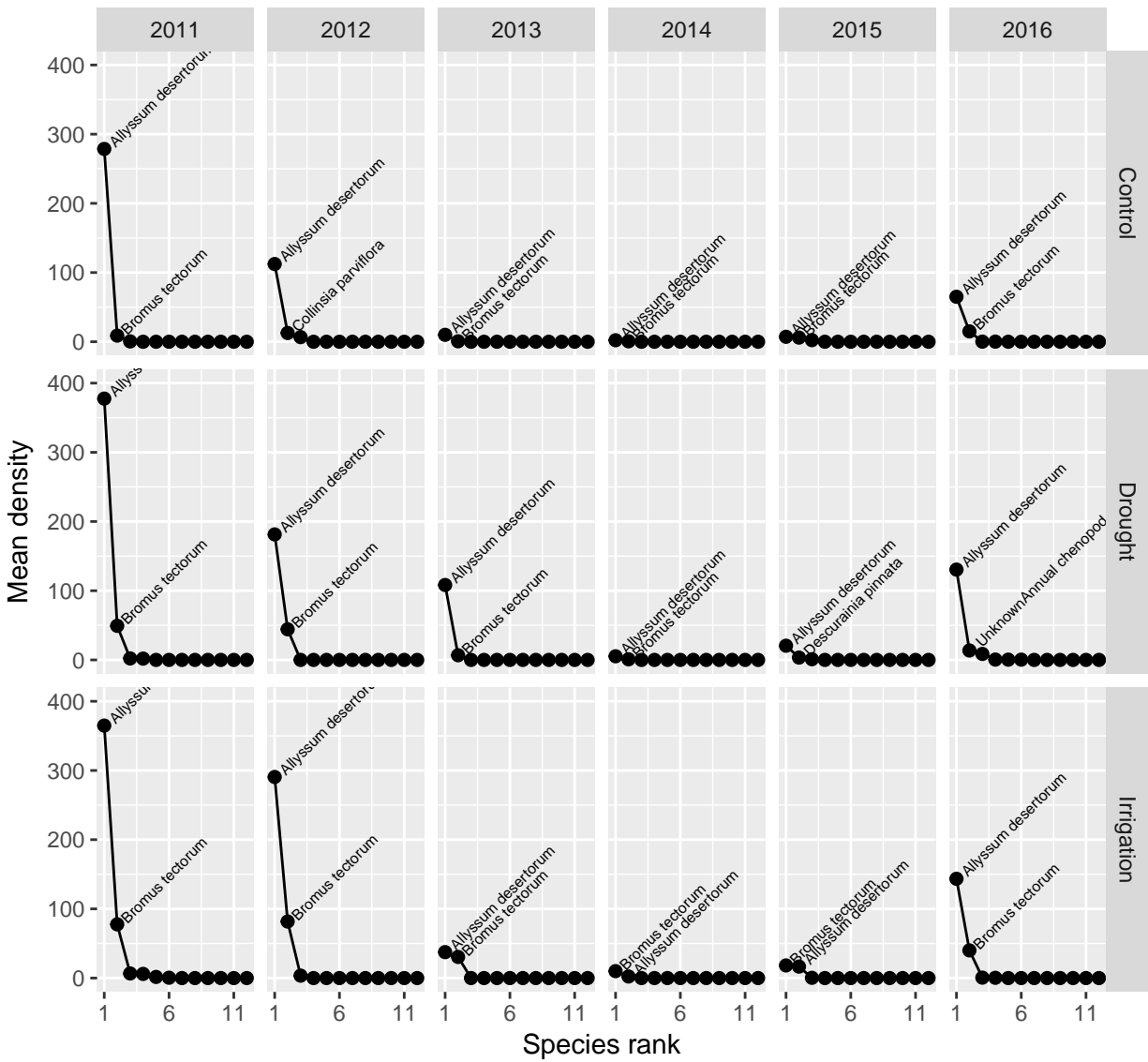
**Figure Ax-1** Rank abundance curves for perennial species. Basal area of individuals was summed within years and plots, and then the total area values were averaged across years and plots for each treatment.



**Figure Ax-2** Rank abundance curves for annual species. Density of individuals is averaged across years and plots for each treatment.

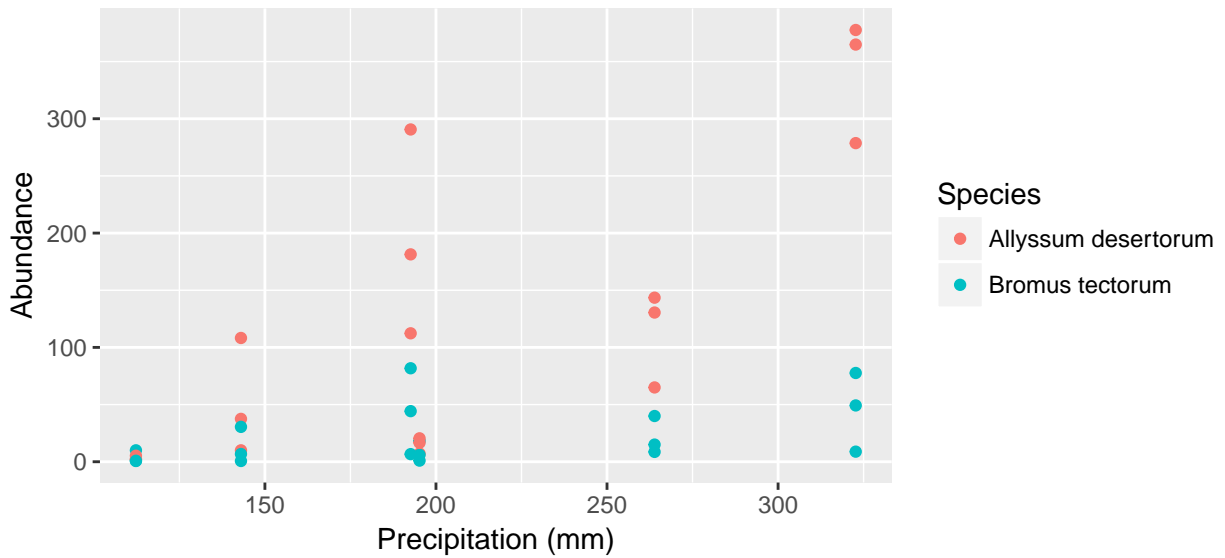


**Figure Ax-3** Time series of rank abundance curves for perennial species in each treatment. Values of mean area were averaged over plots. The four most dominant species are labelled in each panel.

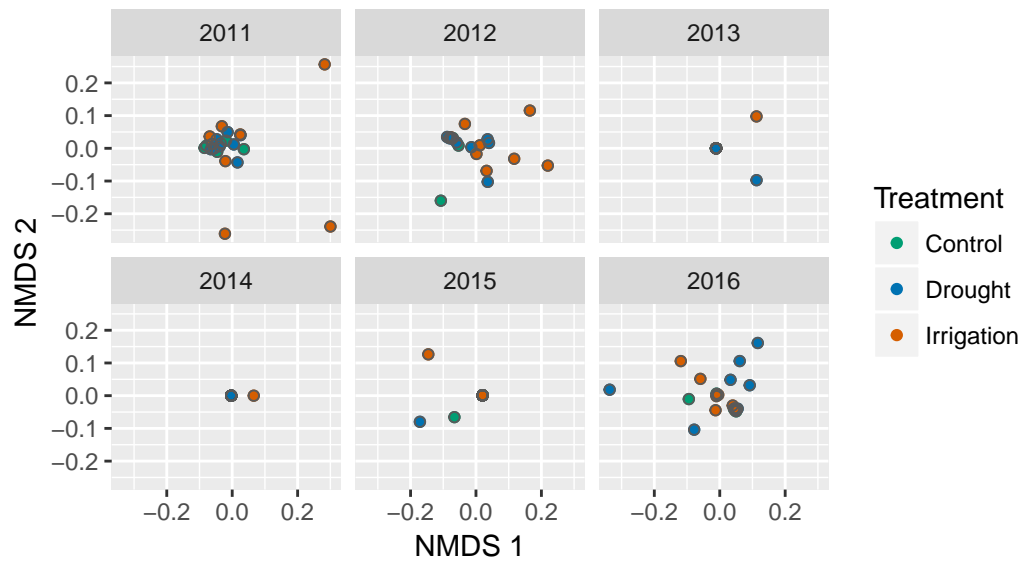


**Figure Ax-4** Time series of rank abundance curves for annual species in each treatment. Values of density were averaged over plots. The two most dominant species are labelled in each panel.





**Figure Ax-5** Relationship between precipitation and abundance of dominant annuals.



**Figure Ax-6** Nonmetric multidimensional scaling scores representing annual plant communities in each plot, colored by treatment.