

# Assignment Five

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## 1 ASYMPTOTIC RUN TIME

### 1. SSSP [ $O(V * E)$ ]

- $V$  is the number of vertices and  $E$  are the number of edges. When the graph is traversed it results in  $O(V^2)$ . Upon graph completion the run time becomes  $O(V^3)$  because a single vertex can be traversed more than once. This is also justified by combining the original run time with the completed run time  $O(V^2) * O(V * E)$ . Since we do not care for the constant, in this case  $E$ , we throw it away leaving us with the above run time.

### 2. Fractional Knapsack [ $O(n \log n)$ ]

- Knapsack shares similarities with previous algorithms indicative by the division being done. If  $n$  items were already somewhat sorted, the run time of the inner loop is  $O(n)$ . Since the major essence of the algorithm is Price / Weight, very much like the MergeSort, this is a divide and conquer approach to a solution.