

How to install the integrated code: TASK

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Preparation on macos (1)

Install of Xcode

- Xcode: development environment on macos
- Use App Store
- Category: Development
- Choose and install Xcode

Install of Command Line Tools

- Command_Line_Tools: various Unix commands for development
- Input command on terminal
- xcode-select --install

Install of XQartz

Download and install XQartz from https://www.xquartz.org

Install of java

 Download and install java from https://www.java.com/en/download/mac_download.jsp

Preparation on macos (2)

Install of Macports

- Download latest macports binary from https://www.macports.org
- tab: Installing MacPorts
- Quickstart: download and install MacPorts installer for appropriate macos version
- MacPorts is mostly installed at /opt/local
- Update to latest Macports sudo port selfupdate

Install of compilers

- gfortran: sudo port install gcc11
- mpich: sudo port install mpich
- Others: sudo port install gmake cmake imake

Preparation on macos (3)

- Install of MPI and parallel matrix solver library PETSc
 - MPICH, blas/lapack, scalapack, metis, parmetis, MUMPS are down-loaded by git and installed during the configure process of PETSc
- Make PETSc directory and change its owner
 - sudo mkdir /opt/petsc
 - sudo chown /opt/petsc \$USERNAME
 - cd /opt/petsc
- Download of latest PETSc library package by git
 - First download of PETSc source
 - git clone -b release https://gitlab.com/petsc/petsc.git petsc
 - In order to update PETSc source
 - git pull

Preparation on macos (4)

- Provide environment variables for PETSC in ~/.zprofile
 - export PETSC_DIR=/opt/petsc
 - export PETSC_ARCH=macports
- Configure script in python
 - Copy macports.py to /opt/petsc
 - Provide exec attribute to macports.py
 - chmod 755 macports.py
 - Execute configuration script (It may take one hour.)
 - ./macports.py
 - Additional libraries are created in macports/externalpackages
- Make and check PETSc library
 - make (It may take half an hour.)
 - make check

Install TASK (1)

- Check git available: just command input "git"
- Set your identity: Who changed the code?
 - git config -global user.name "[your-full-name]"
 - git config -global user.email [your-mail-address]
 - For example,
 - git config -global user.name "Atsushi Fukuyama"
 - git config -global user.email fukuyama@nucleng.kyoto-u.ac.jp
 - Data is saved in \$HOME/.gitconfig
- Create a working directory: any directory name is OK
 - mkdir git
 - cd git

Install TASK (2)

- Download TASK and necessary libraries for download only
 - git clone https://git@bpsi.nucleng.kyoto-u.ac.jp/pub/git/gsaf.git
 - git clone https://git@bpsi.nucleng.kyoto-u.ac.jp/pub/git/bpsd.git
 - git clone https://git@bpsi.nucleng.kyoto-u.ac.jp/pub/git/task.git
- Download TASK and necessary libraries for download and upload
 - git clone ssh://username@bpsi.nucleng.kyoto-u.ac.jp/pub/git/gsaf.git
 - git clone ssh://username@bpsi.nucleng.kyoto-u.ac.jp/pub/git/bpsd.git
 - git clone ssh://username@bpsi.nucleng.kyoto-u.ac.jp/pub/git/task.git

Three directories are created

- gsaf: graphic library
- bpsd: data interface library
- task: main TASK directory

How to use git (1)

Repositories

- local: in your machine
- remotes: in remote servers
- remotes/origin: in default server: bpsi.nucleng.kyoto-u.ac.jp

Branches

- There are several branches for code development
 - master: default, stable version, often rather old
 - develop: latest version, where I am working
 - others: branches for working specific modules
- cd task
- git branch : list branch names, local only
- git branch -a : list branch names, local and remote

How to use git (2)

To use develop branch

- Create local branch develop and associate it with remote develop
- git checkout -t -b develop origin/develop
- git branch
- Change working branch
 - git checkout master
 - git checkout develop
- Update working branch: download from remote repository
 - git pull
 - Your modification is kept, if committed.
 - If uncommitted modification remains, no overwrite.
 - use "git stash" to keep away your modification.
 - If there is a conflict with your committed modification, conflict are indicated in the file. Corrects them and "git pull" again.

How to use git (3)

- To check your modification
 - git status
- To commit your modification with message: update local depository
 - git commit -a -m'message'
- To list all modification
 - git log
- To show difference from committed repository
 - git diff [filename]
- For more detail, visit
 - https://git-scm.com/documentation

Install TASK (3)

- Install graphic library GSAF (start from directory git)
 - cd gsaf/src
 - cp ../arch/macosxi-gfortran64/Makefile.arch .
 - Edit Makefile.arch: adjust BINPATH and LIBPATH to available paths
 - make
 - make install : if necessary use "sudo make install"
 - cd test
 - make
 - ./bsctest
 - 5
 - C
 - m: CR to change focus to original window
 - e
 - cd ../../..

Install TASK (4)

Setup make.header file

- cd task
- cp make.header.org make.header
- Edit make.header to remove comments for target OS and compiler
- Compile data exchange library BPSD
 - cd ../bpsd
 - make
 - cd ../task
- Compile TASK: eq for example
 - cd eq
 - make
 - ./eq

Install TASK (5)

Setup matrix solver library

- cd mtxp
- cp make.mtxp.org make.mtxp
- Edit make.mtxp to remove comments for your configuration
- make

Type of configuration

- no MPI: only direct band matrix solver and an iterative solver
- with MPI: only direct band matrix solver and an iterative solver
- with MUMPS: parallel direct solver
- with PETSc: various parallel iterative and direct solvers

Compile modules:

- Edit the beginning of Makefile: Select matrix solver
 - Real matrix equation (fp,ti): any mtxp library
 - Complex matrix equation (wm,wf2d,wf3d): band matrix or MUMPS

How to use GSAF

- At the beginning of the program
 - Set graphic resolution (0: metafile output only, no graphics)
 - commands
 - c: continue
 - f: set metafile name and start saving
- At the end of one page drawing
 - commands
 - c or CR: change focus to original window and continue
 - f: set metafile name and start saving
 - s: start saving and save this page
 - y: save this page and continue
 - n: continue without saving
 - d: dump this page as a bitmap file "gsdumpn"
 - b: switch on/off bell sound
 - q: quit program after confirmation

Graphic Utilities

Utility program

- gsview: View metafile
- gsprint: Print metafile on a postscript printer
- gstoeps: Convert metafile to eps files of each page
- gstops: Convert metafile to a postscript file of all pages
- gstotgif: Convert metafile to a tgif file for graphic editor tgif
- gstotsvg: Convert metafile to a svg file for web browser

Options

- -a: output all pages, otherwise interactive mode
- -s ps: output from page ps
- -e pe: output until page pe
- -p np: output contiguous np pages on a sheet
- b: output without title
- -r: rotate page
- -z: gray output

Typical File Name of TASK

- xxcomm.f90: Definition of global variables, allocation of arrays
- xxmain.f90: Main program for standalone use, read XXparm file
- XXmenu.f90: Command input
- xxinit.f90: Default values (may still include XXparm.f90)
- xxparm.f90: Handling of input parameters
- XXprep.f90: Initialization of run, initial profile
- xxexec.f90: Execution of run
- xxgout.f90: Graphic output
- xxfout.f90: Text file output
- xxsave.f90: Binary file output
- xxload.f90: Binary file input

Typical input command

- When input line includes =, interpreted as a namelist input (e.g., rr=6.5)
- When the first character is not an alphabet, interpreted as line input
- r: Initialize profiles and execute
- c: Continue run
- p: Namelist input of input parameters
- v: Display of input parameters
- s: Save results into a file
- 1: Load results from a file
- q: End of the program
- Order of input parameter setting
 - Setting at the subroutine **XXinit** in **XXinit.f90**
 - Read a namelist file xxparm at the beginning of the program
 - Setting by the input line

Install on Ubuntu (1)

1. Install of required modules

```
sudo apt-get install gfortran-11
sudo apt-get install gcc-11
sudo apt-get install g++-11

sudo apt-get install emacs
sudo apt-get install git
sudo apt-get install xorg-dev
sudo apt-get install valgrind
sudo apt-get install cmake
sudo apt-get install python
```

2. Install of MPICH

- (a) Download the latest mpich-n1.n2.n3.tar.gz from ttypehttp://www.mp
- (b) Expand at /opt/mpich
- (c) Configure by executing "./run"

```
run:
CC=gcc-11 CFLAGS=''-m64'' CXX=g++-11 CXXFLAGS=''-m64'' I
FFLAGS=''-m64'' ./configure --prefix=/usr/local/mpich-g:
--enable-cxx --enable-fast --enable-romio --disable-sha
```

3. Compile and install

- (a) make
- (b) make install

Install on Ubuntu (2)

1. Install of PETSc

```
(a) Download of petsc-3.11.3.tar.gz (See 2.1)
(b) Expand at /opt/PETSc/ (See 2.1)
(c) Setup environment variables (See 2.2)
    export PETSC_DIR=/opt/PETSc/petsc-3.11.3
    export PETSC_ARCH=gfortran
(d) Configure by gfortran.py (See 2.2)
(e) Execute fortran.py
    gortran.py:
    #!/usr/bin/env python
    # Build PETSc, with gfortran
    configure_options = [
       '--with-mpi=1',
```

```
'--with-mpi-dir=/usr/local/mpich331-gfortran-gcc8'
  '--with-shared-libraries=0'.
  '--with-cxx-dialect=C++11',
  '--download-mpich=0',
  '--download-hypre=0',
  '--download-fblaslapack=1',
  '--download-spooles=1',
  '--download-superlu=1',
  '--download-metis=1',
  '--download-parmetis=1',
  '--download-superlu_dist=1',
  '--download-blacs=1',
  '--download-scalapack=1',
  '--download-mumps=1'
if __name__ == '__main__':
  import sys, os
```

```
sys.path.insert(0,os.path.abspath('config'))
import configure
configure.petsc_configure(configure_options)
```