semesterplanner-lua — Semesterplanner package in lua with tikz only*

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♦: https://gitlab.com/AtticusSullivan/semesterplanner-lua

Released?

Abstract

This package provides a mean to easily print a timetable e.g. for a semesterplan. The reason for this package to exist is that I wanted to reimplement https://github.com/nlschn/semesterplanner/ with printing the timetable with tikz only (which is more easily to be modified) and with the ability to make entries spanning only a fraction of the column (for showing simultanious events).

Documents using this package need to be compiled with LuaLaTeX. The package requires xcolor, fontawesome, tikz (and pgfkeys).

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1 Usage

1.1 timetable

timetable \begin{timetable}[opts]\ldots\end{timetable}
 opts are of course optional arguments:

days List of the names of the days that should be set as column names. Note that if you specify only 4 names only these 4 columns will be printed (with the first day being identified as Monday) Default: Mon, Thue, Wend, Thur, Fri

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{start time} & \text{Explicit start-time of the timetable given in minutes (HH*60 + MM). Can be } \\ & \text{set as start time/.evaluated={HH*60 + MM}. If this is empty, the start time is } \\ & \text{derived from the given events. } \\ & Default: "" \\ \end{array}$

^{*}This file describes version ?, last revised ?.

end time Equivalent to start-time Default: ""

width Give the width of the timetable. (can be given e.g. as \textwidth as this is directly given to tikz). Default: \textwidth

length Give the length of the timetable (measured in cm) (has to be a straight number since this is needed in calculation) Default: 10

This is the core environment of this package. Within it you can use \lecture, \seminar, \tutorial, \officehour and \meeting. All these commands are only defined inside the timetable environment, and have the same structure.

```
\lecture \lecture \Name\{Lecturer\}{Place\}{Day\}{Time\}{Priority\}{Event-code\} \tutorial \Name\}{Lecturer\}{Place\}{Day\}{Time\}{Priority\}{Event-code\} \seminar \Name\}{Lecturer\}{Place\}{Day\}{Time\}{Priority\}{Event-code\} \officehour \Name\}{Lecturer\}{Place\}{Day\}{Time\}{Priority\}{Event-code\} \meeting \Name\}{Lecturer\}{Place\}{Day\}{Time\}{Priority\}{Event-code\} \meeting \Name\}{Lecturer\}{Place\}{Day\}{Time\}{Priority\}{Event-code\} \meeting \Name\}{Lecturer\}{Place\}{Day\}{Time\}{Priority\}{Event-code\} \meeting \Name\}{Lecturer\}{Place\}{Day\}{Time\}{Priority\}{Event-code\} \meeting \Name\}{Day\}{Time\}{Priority\}{Event-code\} \meeting \Name\}{Day\}{Time\}{Time\}{Priority\}{Event-code\} \meeting \meeting \Name\}{Day\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}{Time\}
```

Name Give the name of the lecture

Lecturer Give the name of the lecturer

Place Give the place of the event (most probably the room or an online plattform, see 1.2)

Day The weekday on which the event takes place. Has to be one of M, T, W, Th, F for Monday, Thuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday. Might become customizable in a future version.

Time The timespan of the event formatted as HH:MM-HH:MM (24H clock)

Priority The priority of the event (see 1.2)

Event-code Free customizable event code. See the documentation at the end for keys that can be used here (all keys in /event). To simply pass arguments to the tikz-node that is being created for the event use tikz/.append={your arguments} (be careful with text width, text height, text depth as these keys are being used for the dimensions of the node as well as with anchor)

The entries Day and Time are mandatory since they are needed for the positioning of the node. All others are merely necessary for the content of the node and are therefore nor mandatory.

1.1.1 Special Notes

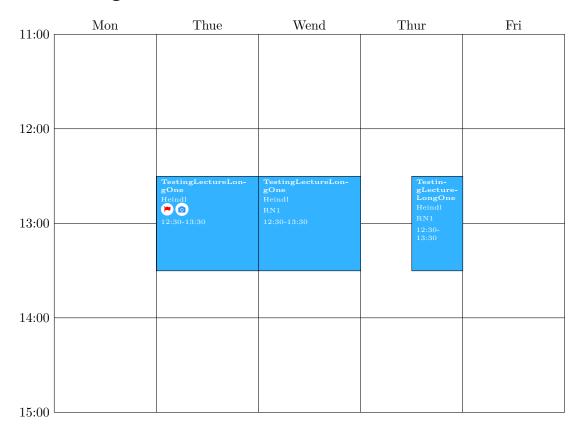
Note that the length argument does specify the length of the timetable without taking account of the column headers.

Same goes for the width parameter regarding the labels containing the time on the right. Since in this case any tex-length is allowed, you can simply try to subtract the length of the clock label using something like \settowidth{\length}{12:30} to set a length to the length of a clock label and then subtract this from the length you want to specify.

Hint: The content of the environment isn't processed by this package. Only the event commands (so to speak \lecture,\tutorial,\seminar,\officehour,\meeting are relevant. All other contents are set immediately before the timetable. Therefore, if you wan to add e.g. a \hspace*{10cm} to shift the timetable to the left, the last line of the env would be the place to do so (there musn't be an empty line below since otherwise a new paragraph is started).

1.1.2 Example

② Timetable



1.2 Icons

This package defines some modified fontawesome icons (they are being encircled with a white circle for better readability).

\zoom	O	\teams	
\BBB	\mathbf{B}	\youtube	
\pmandatory	A	\phigh	
\pmid		\plow	
\pnone	8		
\tbd	?	\tba	₹

2 Implementation

This package uses semesterplanner-lua as prefix/directory where possible. Since this is not possible for latex macro names, in this occasions semesterplannerLua@ is used as prefix.

2.1 semesterplanner-lua.sty

2.1.1 Global Stuff

1 (*package)

```
Define some colors for the course types (can be globally overwritten)
                                2 \definecolor{seminar}{rgb}{1.0, 0.8, 0.0}
                                3 \definecolor{lecture}{rgb}{0.2, 0.7, 1.0}
                                4 \definecolor{tutorial}{rgb}{0.0, 0.8, 0.0}
                                5 \definecolor{meeting}{rgb}{0.8, 0.0, 0.0}
                                6 \definecolor{officehour}{rgb}{0.0, 0.4, 0.6}
                                7 \definecolor{DodgerBlue}{HTML}{1E90FF}
                              This macro puts a circle arround its argument for better readability. In this package this
\semesterplannerLua@encircle
                              is used for the fontawesome symbols.
                                      \newcommand*{\semesterplannerLua@encircle}[1]{
                                9
                                          \begin{minipage}[b][1em][c]{1.5em}
                               10
                                              \begin{tikzpicture}
                               11
                                                  \node[fill,circle,inner sep=1pt, color = white] {#1};
                                              \end{tikzpicture}
                               12
                                          \end{minipage}
                               13
                              Commands for exams
                       \oral
                               15 \protected\def\oral{\faComment}
                    \written
                               16 \protected\def\written{\faPencil}
                              Commands for symbols of priority
                 \pmandatory
                                      \protected\def\pmandatory{\semesterplannerLua@encircle{\textcolor{red}{\faWarning}}}
                               17
                      \phigh
                                      \protected\def\phigh{\semesterplannerLua@encircle{\textcolor{red}{\faFlag}}}
                               18
                       \pmid
                                      \protected\def\pmid{\semesterplannerLua@encircle{\textcolor{yellow}{\faFlag}}}
                               19
                       \plow
                                      \protected\def\plow{\semesterplannerLua@encircle{\textcolor{green}{\faFlag}}}
                               20
                      \pnone
                               21
                                      \protected\def\pnone{\semesterplannerLua@encircle{\textcolor{gray}{\faTimesCircle}}}
                                  Commands for online platforms.
                      \teams
                                      \protected\def\teams{\semesterplannerLua@encircle{\textcolor{DodgerBlue}{\faWindows}}}}
                               22
                       \zoom
                                      \protected\def\zoom{\semesterplannerLua@encircle{\textcolor{DodgerBlue}{\faCamera}}}
                               23
```

\youtube

\BBB

25 \protected\def\BBB{\semesterplannerLua@encircle{\textcolor{DodgerBlue}{\faBold}}}

Command for "To be determined" and "To be Announced"

\tbd

26 \protected\def\tbd{\faQuestion}

\tba

27 \protected\def\tba{\faBullhorn}

Load the lua modules

```
28 \directlua{sp = require("semesterplanner-lua-timetable.lua")}
29 \directlua{cal = require("semesterplanner-lua-calendar.lua")}
```

Set all the pgfkeys required for the arguments. To achieve that the defaults are restored every time the environment is used, this is inside the environment definition. This of course disables all possibilities of setting a global default but enables setting local defaults for the events

```
30 \pgfkeys{
```

/semesterplanner-lua will be the pgf-path used for this package. Here all used keys are set (and initialized with defaults. timetable/env/:

days is a list of strings representing the header names for the day columns in the timetable (adding Sat and Sun (additional entries) will result in two more columns.

start time can be used to set a fixed time where the timetable starts (otherwise this
 is calculated from the entries) to enable this behaviour this key has to be set to
 HH*60 + MM (easy way is by using start time/.evaluated={HH*60+MM})

```
end time equivalent to start time
```

width is the horizontal width of the timetable (not including the column headers on the top) this can be a latex length string or \textwidth as well.

length is the vertical length of the timetable (not including the clock labels on the side) measured in cm (in future versions this may become measured in pts for better interaction with the LaTeX lengths.

timetable/event/:

content is the content of the event (is passed on without any formatting). Since this is passed to lua without modification its value must be an unexpanded string (lua will simply print it so the eventually the string will be evaluated)

time is a HH:MM-HH:MM string representing start- and end-time of the event. Used in constructing the content as well

day is either M,T,W,Th or F specifying the day on which the event takes place

tikz this key allows the user to manually pass options to the node created for this event

scale width allows to scale the width of the event to be able to draw overlapping events besides each other. Will usually be a value between 0 and 1.

offset same goal like scale width but shifts the event node by the given value to the right. (Given as value between 0 and 1 indicating how many columns the event should be shifted)

```
{\tt textcolor}\ \ {\rm foreground}\ \ {\rm color}\ \ {\rm of}\ \ {\rm the}\ \ {\rm content}\ \ {\rm text}
```

```
title (set in bold by default)
```

speaker

location

prio

formatter this is special

```
/semesterplanner-lua/timetable/event/.cd,
41
          % event arguments
42
          content/.initial=, content/.default=,
43
          time/.initial=, time/.default=,
44
          day/.initial=, day/.default=,
45
46
          tikz/.initial=, tikz/.default=,
47
          scale width/.initial=1, scale width/.default=1,
48
          offset/.initial=0, offset/.default=0,
49
50
51
          textcolor/.initial=, textcolor/.default=,
          title/.initial=, title/.default=,
53
          speaker/.initial=, speaker/.default=,
          location/.initial=, location/.default=,
54
          prio/.initial=, prio/.default=,
55
          formatter/.initial=timetableformatter, formatter/.default=timetableformatter,
56
57
```

calendar/:

draw

room

prio

course

desc

start

end

tikz

period

shift

print Only makes sence if the command is suffixed by a % otherwise somehow a space
gets inserted (eventhough the % is inserted from lua as well

```
/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/.cd,
/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/calendar/.cd,
/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/calendar/.cd
```

```
course/.initial={}, course/.default={},
63
           desc/.initial={}, desc/.default={},
64
65
           type/.initial={}, type/.default={},
66
           date/.initial={}, date/.default={},
67
           end/.initial={}, end/.default={},
           tikz/.initial={}, tikz/.default={},
68
          period/.initial={nil}, period/.default={nil},
69
70
          shift/.initial={true}, shift/.default={true},
          print/.initial={true}, print/.default={true},
71
      }
72
```

2.2 Tikz Calendar add weekday labels

```
73 \tikzoption{day headings}{\tikzstyle{day heading}=[#1]}
74 \tikzstyle{day heading}=[]
75 \tikzstyle{day letter headings}=[
76
      execute before day scope={ \ifdate{day of month=1}{%
77
         \pgfmathsetlength{\pgf@ya}{\tikz@lib@cal@yshift}%
78
         \pgfmathsetlength\pgf@xa{\tikz@lib@cal@xshift}%
79
         \pgftransformyshift{-\pgf@ya}
80
         foreach \d/\l in {0/M,1/T,2/W,3/T,4/F,5/S,6/S} {
81
           \pgf@xa=\d\pgf@xa%
           \pgftransformxshift{\pgf@xa}%
82
83
           \pgftransformyshift{\pgf@ya}%
           \node[every day,day heading]{\1};%
84
85
86
      }{}%
87
    }%
88]
```

2.2.1 Local Stuff (timetable-env local)

timetabl

This is the environment doing all the stuff. To gate the positions where the corresponding macros can be used (and in terms of pgfkeys for reasons of default values) all the macros used are put into the environment.

```
89 \newenvironment{timetable}[1][]{
90 \section*{\faClockO~Timetable}
```

Read the argumens given by the user after restoring the defaults (Restoring currently makes no sense, since they are created a few lines above anyways, but creation might be moved outside the environment some day.

Afterwards the lua module is beeing initialized (erase data from possible previous runs.

```
pgfkeys{/semesterplanner-lua/timetable/env/.cd, days,start time,end time, width,length,
directlua{sp.init(
    "\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/timetable/env/days}",
    "\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/timetable/env/start time}",
    "\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/timetable/env/end time}")}
```

\semesterplanner@event

Is used to pass the event to the lua engine which in turn will collect the event to draw it in the end. For that the arguments given are parsed after restoring the pgf keys to their default values. The optional argument herby is a sequence of pgf keys, the second argument is a string representing the content (this MUST be unexpanded since this is passed to lua which in turn will pass it unmodified back)

```
\newcommand{\semesterplannerLua@event}[1][]{
97
           \pgfkeys{/semesterplanner-lua/timetable/event/.cd,content,time,day,tikz,scale
98
           width, offset, textcolor, title, speaker, location, prio, formatter, ##1}
99
           \directlua{
               sp.addEvent{
100
                   time="\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/timetable/event/time}",
101
                   day="\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/timetable/event/day}",
102
                   tikz=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/timetable/event/tikz}]],
103
                   offset=\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/timetable/event/offset},
104
                   scale_width=\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/timetable/event/scale width}
105
106
                   formatter=\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/timetable/event/formatter},
```

```
textcolor=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/timetable/event/textcolor}]]
                 107
                  108
                                     title=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/timetable/event/title}]],
                 109
                                     speaker=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/timetable/event/speaker}]];
                 110
                                     location=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/timetable/event/location}]],
                 111
                                     prio=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/timetable/event/prio}]],
                                 }
                 112
                             }
                 113
                 114
                 Short-hand macros for different events using the corresponding background color
       \lecture
                 115
                         \newcommand{\lecture}[1][]{
                             \semesterplannerLua@event[tikz={fill=lecture,}, textcolor=white, ##1]
                 116
                 117
                             \ignorespaces
                         }
                 118
       \seminar
                 119
                         \newcommand{\seminar}[1][]{
                 120
                             \semesterplannerLua@event[tikz={fill=seminar,}, textcolor=white, ##1]
                 121
                             \ignorespaces
                         }
                 122
      \tutorial
                 123
                         \newcommand{\tutorial}[1][]{
                             \semesterplannerLua@event[tikz={fill=tutorial,}, textcolor=white, ##1]
                 124
                 125
                             \ignorespaces
                         }
                 126
       \meeting
                  127
                         \newcommand{\meeting}[1][]{
                 128
                             \semesterplannerLua@event[tikz={fill=meeting,}, textcolor=white, ##1]
                 129
                             \ignorespaces
                         }
                 130
    \officehour
                 131
                         \newcommand{\officehour}[1][]{
                             \semesterplannerLua@event[tikz={fill=officehour,}, textcolor=white, ##1]
                 132
                 133
                             \ignorespaces
                         }
                 134
                 135 }{
                 At the end of the environment after all events have been collected, generate and output
                 the tikz code needed to draw the timetable.
                 136
                         \directlua{sp.draw(
                 137
                             [[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/timetable/env/length}]],
                 138
                             [[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/timetable/env/width}]])}
                 139 }
                 140
                 Print a calendar from startDate to endDate (encoded as YYYY-MM-DD) as one calendar
printSpCalendar
                 per month in a matrix with the given amount of columns
                 141 \newcommand{\printSpCalendar} [3] [3] {\directlua{cal.drawCalendar("#2", "#3", #1)}} \\
                 142
                 143 \newenvironment{appointments}[2][Room]{
                         \directlua{cal.init(#2)}
                 144
                         \newcommand{\appointment}[1][]{%
                 145
                             \pgfkeys{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/.cd,draw,room,time,prio,course,desc,date,end,t
                 146
                             \directlua{
                 147
                                 cal.addAppointment{draw=\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/draw},
                 148
                  149
                                 room=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/room}]],
```

```
time=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/time}]],
150
               prio=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/prio}]],
151
152
               course=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/course}]],
153
               desc=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/desc}]],
154
               date=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/date}]],
155
               endDate=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/end}]],
               tikz=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/tikz}]],
156
               period=\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/period},
157
               shift=\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/shift},
158
               print=\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/print}}}%
159
160
           \ignorespaces
           }
161
       \section*{\faCalendar~Appointments}
162
163
       \begin{tabular}{rlllll}
           \textbf{Date}&\textbf{Time}&\textbf{Course}&\textbf{Description}&\textbf{#1}&\textbf{
164
165 }{
       \end{tabular}
166
167 }
168
169 \newenvironment{exams}[1]{
       \directlua{cal.init(#1)}
170
       \mbox{\newcommand{\exam}[1][]{}%}
171
           \pgfkeys{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/.cd,draw,room,time,prio,course,desc,date,end,t
172
173
           \directlua{
               cal.addExam{
174
                   draw=\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/draw},
175
                   room=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/room}]],
176
                   time=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/time}]],
177
                   course=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/course}]],
178
179
                   desc=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/desc}]],
180
                   date=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/date}]],
                   tikz=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/tikz}]],
181
                   type=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/type}]],
182
183
                   shift=\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/shift},
184
                   print=\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/print}}}%
185
           \ignorespaces
186
       \section*{\faStickyNoteO~Exams}
187
       \begin{tabular}{rllll}
188
           \textbf{Date}&\textbf{Time}&\textbf{Course}&\textbf{Type}&\textbf{Note}\\
189
190 }{
191
       \end{tabular}
192 }
193
194 \newenvironment{deadlines}[1]{
       \directlua{cal.init(#1)}
195
       196
197
           \pgfkeys{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/.cd,draw,room,time,prio,course,desc,date,end,t
           \directlua{
198
               cal.addDeadline{
199
                   draw=\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/draw},
200
201
                   course=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/course}]],
                   desc=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/desc}]],
202
                   date=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/date}]],
203
204
                   tikz=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/tikz}]],
205
                   prio=[[\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/prio}]],
206
                   shift=\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/shift},
207
                   print=\pgfkeysvalueof{/semesterplanner-lua/calendar/print}}}%
           \ignorespaces
208
           }
209
       \section*{\faStickyNoteO~Deadlines}
210
211
       \begin{tabular}{rlll}
           \textbf{Date}&\textbf{Course}&\textbf{Description}&\textbf{Prio}\\
```

```
213 }{
214 \end{tabular}
215 }
216 \/package\
```

2.3 semesterplanner-lua-timetable.lua

```
217 (*luaTimetable)
```

init Initialize global variables to remove previous values (e.g. events from the previous timetable)

days A string with the names of the weekdays for the header

min Time where the timetable should start. If empty this is calculated from the events.

max Time where the timetable should end. If empty this is calculated from the events.

```
218 function init(days, min, max)
       -- clean up first
       -- global variables
220
      EVENTS={}
221
      DAYS = days -- header with names of the days set from tex currently
222
      DAYSE = {"M", "T", "W", "Th", "F"}
223
      MIN = 25*60 -- bigger than any allowed value could be
224
      MAX = O
225
       MIN_BYPASS = false -- weather min is fixed by the user
226
      MAX_BYPASS = false -- weather max is fixed by the user
227
229
      if(min == "") then
230
231
          assert(min:match("~%d+"), "start time has to be an integer representing the HH*60+MM
          MIN = tonumber(min)
232
          MIN_BYPASS = true
233
234
235
236
       if(max == "") then
237
          assert(max:match("~%d+"), "end time has to be an integer representing the HH*60+MM of
238
          MAX = tonumber(max)
239
240
          MAX_BYPASS = true
241
       end
242 end
243
244 function defaultFormatter(opts)
      ret = ""
245
       for k,v in pairs(opts) do
246
          if type(k) == "string" then k = k:gsub("[_^]", "") end
247
          if type(v) == "string" then v = v:gsub("[_^]", "") end
248
          ret = string.format("%s, %s: %s", ret, tostring(k), tostring(v))
250
251
      print(ret)
252
       return ret
253 end
254
255 function timetableformatter(opts)
256
      return string.format(
           257
              opts.textcolor, opts.title, opts.speaker, opts.prio, opts.location, opts.time)
259 end
```

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{addEvent} & \textbf{Adds} \text{ the event to the EVENTS array after some validiy checks, modifys MIN/MAX if } \\ & \textbf{necessary} \\ \end{array}$

260 -- result are the global variables EVENTS, MIN and MAX

```
261 function addEvent(opts)
262
        print("Reading event on line ", tex.inputlineno)
263
        opts.inputlineno = tex.inputlineno
        if(not checkKeys(opts, {"time", "day", "tikz"})) then
264
265
            error("missing argument")
266
        end
267
        if opts.content == nil then
268
            if opts.formatter == nil then
269
                opts.content = defaultFormatter(opts)
270
271
272
                opts.content = opts.formatter(opts)
273
            end
274
        end
275
        opts.from,opts.to = dur2Int(opts.time)
276
277
        if(not MIN_BYPASS and opts.from < MIN) then MIN = opts.from end
278
279
        if(not MAX_BYPASS and opts.to > MAX) then MAX = opts.to
        assert(opts.from < opts.to, "From has to be before to")
280
        table.insert(EVENTS, opts)
282
283 end
Draws the tikz-timetable with the global variables EVENTS, MIN, MAX, DAYSE and DAYS.
In addition length and width are given as direct parameters.
284 -- parameters are all global variables
285 function draw(length, width)
286
        -- copy relevant variables for working on local copies
287
        local events = copy_array(EVENTS)
288
        local days = prepareDays(DAYS)
        local daysE = copy_array(DAYSE)
289
        local min, minH, max, maxH = prepareMinMax(MIN, MAX)
290
291
        assert(length:match("%d*%.?%d*"), "Length must be a valid length measured in cm")
292
293
        length = tonumber(length)
294
        textwidth = width
295
296
        tex.print([[\begin{tikzpicture}]])
297
        tex.print([[\tikzset{defStyle/.style={font=\tiny,anchor=north west,fill=blue!50,draw=black.grint(]]
298
Draw the grid of the timetable along with clock and day labels
        -- print the tabular with the weekday headers
299
300
        tex.print(string.format(
            [[\foreach \week [count=\x from 0, evaluate=\x as \y using \x+0.5] in {\%s}{]],
301
302
            table.concat(days, ",")
303
        )
304
        tex.print(string.format(
305
            [[\node[anchor=south] at (\y/%d* %s, 0) {\week};]], #days, textwidth))
306
307
        tex.print(string.format(
            [[\draw (\x/\%d * \%s, 0cm) -- (\x/\%d * \%s, \%dcm);]],
308
309
            #days,
310
            textwidth.
            #days,
311
            textwidth, -length
312
313
314
        tex.print("}")
315
316
        tex.print(string.format(
            [[\draw (%s, 0) -- (%s,%dcm);]],
317
318
            textwidth,
            textwidth,
319
```

```
321
             322
                     )
             323
             324
                     for i=minH,maxH do
             325
                         tex.print(string.format(
                              [[\node[anchor=east] at (0,\%fcm) {\%d:00};]],
             326
                             minuteToFrac(i*60,min,max)*-length, i
             327
             328
                         )
             329
                         tex.print(string.format(
             330
                              [[\draw (0, %fcm ) -- (%s, %fcm );]],
             331
             332
                             minuteToFrac(i*60,min,max)*-length,
             333
                             textwidth,
                             minuteToFrac(i*60,min,max)*-length
             334
             335
             336
             337
             338
             Draw the nodes of the events
                     local d
             339
                     local red = 0.3333 -- calculated in em from inner sep
             340
                     local red_y = 0.25 -- calculated in em
             341
             342
                     for _,e in ipairs(events) do
             343
                         if e.from < max and e.to > min then -- only draw if event is in scope (part of the co
             344
                             if e.to > max then e.to
                                                          = max end
             345
                             if e.from < min then e.from = min end
             346
                             print("Drawing event on line ", e.inputlineno)
                             d = search_array(daysE, e.day) - 1
             347
                             tex.print(string.format(
             348
                                  [[\node[defStyle,text width=-%fem+%f%s/%d, text depth=%fcm-%fem, text height=
             349
                                  2*red, -- text width
             350
                                  e.scale_width, -- text width
             351
             352
                                  textwidth,
                                  #days, -- text width
             353
                                  length*(e.to-e.from)/(max-min), -- text depth
             354
                                  2*red+red_y, -- text depth
             355
             356
                                 red_y, -- text height
             357
                                  e.tikz, -- free tikz code
             358
                                  (d+e.offset)/#days, -- xcoord
             359
                                  textwidth,
                                 minuteToFrac(e.from,min,max)*-length, -- ycoord
             360
                                  e.content -- content
             361
             362
             363
             364
                         end
             365
             366
                     tex.print([[\end{tikzpicture}]])
             367 end
             Searches an array for a given value and returns the index if found. On error nil is
searchArray
             returned
             368 function search_array(t, s)
                     for k,v in ipairs(t) do
             369
                         if(v == s) then return k end
             370
             371
             372
                     return nil
             373 end
             374
             Calculates at which fraction of the total duration of max-min the time minute is located
             375 function minuteToFrac(minute, min, max)
             376
                     return (minute-min)/(max-min)
```

-length

320

377 end

```
Calculates the next hour of MIN (next before) and MAX (next after) and returns it (the
prepareMinMax
                hour) and the corresponding min/max (same in minutes)
                378 function prepareMinMax(min, max)
                       local minH = math.floor(min/60)
                379
                       local maxH = math.ceil(max/60)
                380
                381
                       local min = minH*60
                382
                       local max = maxH*60
                383
                       return min, minH, max, maxH
                384 end
               Checks if all ks are present in table t
    checkKeys
                385 function checkKeys(t, k)
                386
                       for _,x in ipairs(k) do
                387
                            if(t[x] == nil) then
                388
                                return false
                389
                390
                       end
                391
                       return true
                392 end
               Takes a clock duration formatted as HH:MM-HH:MM, splits it, checks for validity and returns
      dur2Int
                begin/end time in minutes
                393 function dur2Int(clk)
                       local f1,f2, t1,t2 = clk:match("^(%d%d?):(%d%d)-(%d%d?):(%d%d)$")
                394
                395
                       if (f1 \sim= nil and f2 \sim= nil and t1 \sim= nil and t2 \sim= nil) then
                396
                            f1 = tonumber(f1) f2 = tonumber(f2)
                397
                            t1 = tonumber(t1) t2 = tonumber(t2)
                            assert(f1 >= 0 and f1 < 24, "Hours have to be >= 0 && < 24")
                            assert(f2 >= 0 and f2 < 60, "Mins have to be >= 0 && < 60")
                            assert(t1 >= 0 and t1 < 24, "Hours have to be >= 0 && < 24")
                400
                            assert(t2 >= 0 and t2 < 60, "Mins have to be >= 0 && < 60")
                401
                            return f1*60 + f2, t1*60 + t2
                402
                403
                       else
                            error("clk string \"" .. clk .. "\" was no valid clock string")
                404
                405
                       end
                406 end
                Splits the comma-sep string days into an array
  prepareDays
                407 function prepareDays(days)
                       local ret = {}
                408
                       for m in days:gmatch("[^,]+") do
                409
                            table.insert(ret, m)
                410
                411
                       end
                412
                       return ret
                413 end
               Returns a copy of the table obj
    copyArray
                415 function copy_array(obj)
                       if type(obj) \sim= 'table' then return obj end
                416
                417
                       local res = {}
                418
                       for k, v in pairs(obj) do
                419
                            local c = copy_array(v)
                420
                            res[copy_array(k)] = c
                421
                       end
                422
                       return res
                423 end
```

Prepare the module semesterplanner Lua for exporting (only the functions that should be public)

```
424
425 semesterplannerLua = {
426    init = init,
427    addEvent = addEvent,
428    draw = draw
429 }
430 return semesterplannerLua
431 ⟨/luaTimetable⟩
```

437 function init(clear)

-- clean up first

addEvent(opts)

dot = genDot(opts)

 $474 \\ 475$

438

2.4 semesterplanner-lua-calendar.lua

```
TODO how to set the paths right in this case Include the date module for time date calculations
```

```
432 \(\strum \) | 432 \(\strum \) | 432 \(\strum \) | 433 \(\gamma \) | 434 \(\gamma \) | 434 \(\gamma \) | 435 \(\gamma \) | 436 \(\gamma
```

init Initialize the EVENTS table as some sort of a reset, takes an argument wethet the reset should be executed (to enable concatenation)

```
439
        -- global variable
       if clear then
440
            EVENTS = {}
441
442
        end
443 end
444
445 \text{ text} = \{
446
       print = function(s)
            -- print("\"" .. s .. "\"")
447
448
            tex.print(s)
449
        end
450 }
451
452 function genDot(opts)
        dot = ""
453
        if opts.draw then
454
            dot = string.format([[\tikz[baseline=(X.base)]\node (X) [fill opacity=.5,fill=red,cir
455
456
        end
457
       return dot
458 end
```

addEvent Adds an event to the list, stores the date and how the event should be highlighted (tikz code for a node)

```
460 function addEvent(opts)
       opts.inputlineno = tex.inputlineno
461
462
       print(string.format("collecting from line %d", opts.inputlineno))
463
       if opts.draw then
           assert(opts.date ~= nil and opts.tikz ~= nil, "date and tikz has to be given")
464
           if opts.endDate == nil or opts.endDate == '' then
465
               table.insert(EVENTS, {shift=opts.shift,date=dateLib(opts.date), tikz=opts.tikz, p
466
467
           else
               table.insert(EVENTS, {shift=opts.shift,date=dateLib(opts.date), tikz=opts.tikz, p
468
469
           end
470
       end
471 end
472
473 function addAppointment(opts)
```

```
477
                         tex.sprint(string.format([[\textit{%s} & %s & %s & %s & %s \]], opts.date, opt
              478
                         tex.sprint("%")
              479
              480
                     end
              481 end
              482
              483 function addExam(opts)
                     addEvent(opts)
              484
                     dot = genDot(opts)
              485
              486
                     if opts.print then
                         tex.sprint(string.format([[\textit{%s} & %s & %s & %s & %s \\]], opts.date, opts.times.
              487
              488
              489
                          tex.sprint("%")
              490
                     end
              491 end
              492
              493 function addDeadline(opts)
                     addEvent(opts)
              494
                     dot = genDot(opts)
              495
              496
                     if opts.print then
                          tex.sprint(string.format([[\textit{%s} & %s%s & %s \\]], opts.date, dot, opts.co
              497
              498
              499
                          tex.sprint("%")
              500
                     end
              501 end
drawCalendar
              Draw the calendar month by month in a matrix with given columns. The calendar
              starts and ends at the given dates (in YYYY-MM-DD or any other format the datelib
              understands)
              502
              503 function drawCalendar(minDate, maxDate, cols)
                     minDate = dateLib(minDate)
              504
              505
                     maxDate = dateLib(maxDate)
                     text.print([[\begin{tikzpicture}]every calendar/.style={day headings=red!50,day letter he
              506
                 }, every month/.style={yshift=3ex}}] ]])
                     text.print([[\matrix[column sep=1em, row sep=1em]{]])
              507
                         local i = 1
              508
              509
                         running = true
              510
                         while running do
                              -- derive end from start, then check if maxDate is reached
              511
                              endDate = minDate:copy():addmonths(1):setday(1):adddays(-1)
              512
                              if endDate >= maxDate then
              513
                                  endDate = maxDate
              514
                                  running = false
              515
              516
                              text.print(string.format(
              517
                              [[\calendar (%04d-%02d) [dates=%04d-%02d-%02d to %04d-%02d-%02d] if (Sunday) [red
              518
                 \month-\day) [nodes={inner sep=.25em,rectangle,line width=1pt,draw}] if (at least=\year-
                 \month-\day) {} else [nodes={strike out, draw}]; ]],
              519 %04d-%02d-%02d] if (Sunday) [red] if (Saturday) [red!50!white]
              520 if (equals=\year-\month-\day) [nodes={inner sep=.25em,rectangle,line width=1pt,draw}] if (at
                  \month-\day) {} else [nodes={strike out, draw}]; ]],
                                      minDate:getyear(), minDate:getmonth(), minDate:getyear(), minDate:getmont
              521
              522
              523
                              minDate:addmonths(1)
                              minDate:setday(1)
                              if i % cols == 0 or not running then
              526
              527
                                  text.print([[\\]])
              528
                              else
                                  text.print([[&]])
              529
                              end
              530
```

476

if opts.print then

```
i = i + 1
531
532
            end
533
            text.print([[ }; ]])
534
Draw highlighting on a background layer so that the calendar is not overdrawn
           local usedDates = {}
           text.print([[\begin{scope}[on background layer] ]])
536
537
           for i,ele in ipairs(EVENTS) do
                print(string.format("Drawing item from line %d", ele.inputlineno))
538
                while ele.date <= maxDate and (ele.endDate == nil or ele.date <= ele.endDate) do</pre>
539
                    local xshift = 0
540
                    if ele.shift then
541
                        if usedDates[tostring(ele.date)] ~= nil then
542
                            xshift = math.ceil(usedDates[tostring(ele.date)] / 2)
543
                            if usedDates[tostring(ele.date)] % 2 == 0 then
544
                                 xshift = -xshift
545
546
                            end
                            usedDates[tostring(ele.date)] = usedDates[tostring(ele.date)] + 1
547
548
                        else
                            usedDates[tostring(ele.date)] = 1
549
550
                        end
                    end
551
                    text.print(string.format([[\node[xshift=%d mm, fill opacity=.5,fill=red,circl
552
   %02d-%04d-%02d-%02d) {};]],
                        xshift, ele.tikz, ele.date:getyear(), ele.date:getmonth(), ele.date:getye
553
554
                    if ele.period == nil then break end
555
                    ele.date:adddays(ele.period)
556
557
            end
           text.print([[\end{scope}]])
558
       text.print([[\end{tikzpicture}]])
559
560 end
Prepare the module for exporting (only the functions that should be public)
562 semesterplannerLuaCal = {
563
       init = init,
       addAppointment = addAppointment,
564
       addDeadline = addDeadline,
565
       addExam = addExam.
566
       drawCalendar = drawCalendar,
567
568 }
569 return semesterplannerLuaCal
570 (/luaApp)
```

3 Change History

```
v1.00

General: First public release . . . . . . 1
```

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