



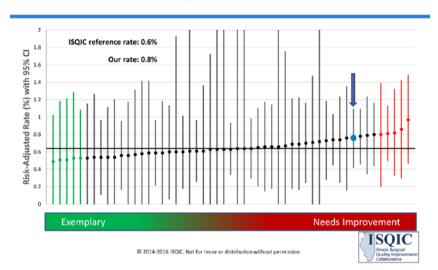
Using Machine Learning Techniques to Develop a Mobile Application to Predict Unplanned Intubations

Anai N. Kothari, MD MS; John Attisha, PH.D; Sarah Brownlee, BA; Adrienne Cobb, MD; Colleen Fairman, Kristen Halvorsen, Leila Saib, William Hopkinson, MD

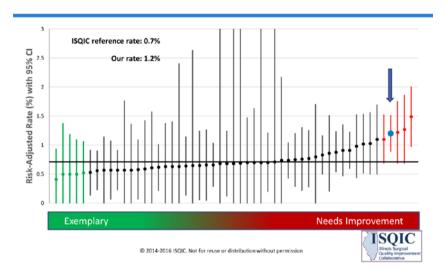
Disclosures

None

All Cases Unplanned Intubation



All Cases Ventilator > 48hrs



Why unplanned intubations?

Exploring National Surgical Quality Improvement Program respiratory comorbidities: developing a predictive understanding of postoperative respiratory occurrences, Clavien 4 complications, and death

Arielle Hodari, MD,^{a,*} Athanasios Tsiouris, MD,^a Michael Eichenhorn, MD,^b Mathilda Horst, MD,^a and Ilan Rubinfeld, MD, MBA^a

Unplanned intubation: When and why does this deadly complication occur?

Daniel P. Milgrom, BS, ^a Victor C. Njoku, MD, ^a Alison M. Fecher, MD, ^a E. Molly Kilbane, RN, ^a and Henry A. Pitt, MD, ^b Indianapolis, IN, and Philadelphia, PA

Original Investigation

I COUGH

Reducing Postoperative Pulmonary Complications With a Multidisciplinary Patient Care Program

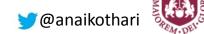
Michael R. Cassidy, MD; Pamela Rosenkranz, RN, BSN, MEd; Karen McCabe, RN, BSN; Jennifer E. Rosen, MD; David McAnenv. MD

A Scoring System to Predict Unplanned Intubation in Patients Having Undergone Major Surgical Procedures

May Hua, MD

Department of Anesthesiology, Columbia University College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York. New York

Can this be improved?







YES!

1) Predicting high risk patients is feasible

2) Multidisciplinary interventions can reduce unplanned intubation rates



OBJECTIVE

The overarching goal of this project is to develop and implement a targeted, patient-centered reintubation avoidance protocol (RAP) to decrease unplanned postoperative intubations.

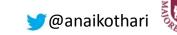






30,000 Foot View

- 1) Measure score on daily rounds with mobile application to assess risk of unplanned intubation. RAP Score.
- 2) If RAP score meets HIGH RISK threshold, initiate RAP for patient.
- 3) Re-assess risk daily while in ICU.





STEP 1: CREATING A PREDICTIVE MODEL

Total of 24,198 surgical encounters meeting NSQIP criteria identified

4,487 patients with care in SICU (2012 – 2015)



Reintubation N=294 (6.6%)

No Reintubation N=4,193









Modeling Unplanned Intubations

Exploratory Data Analysis (184 variables in dataset):

- Patient Demographics
- Vital Signs
- Comorbid Diseases
- Surgical Diagnoses
- Medications





Algorithm	Test Accuracy	Sensitivity	Specificity
Decision Tree	74%	76%	82%
Multilayer Ensemble	91%	92%	91%
Naïve Bayes	86%	81%	74%
KNN (Optimized for Accuracy)	87%	88%	82%
LDA	69%	69%	69%
Logistic Regression (Accuracy)	70%	68%	69%
Logistic Regression (Recall)	70%	69%	69%
SVM (Optimizing for Accuracy)	90%	86%	82%
SVM (Optimizing for Recall)	89%	89%	84%



Step 2: "Operationalize" the model





On daily rounds, RAP score calculated for each patient:



High Risk Patient

Low Risk Patient

Institute Reintubation Avoidance Protocol



Reintubation Avoidance Protocol Mobile Application

Instructions: Push on the box if the patient meets any of the following criteria.



PATIENT DEMOGRAPHICS

Is the patient male gender?

Is the patient ≥60 years old?

PATIENT DIAGNOSIS

Esophageal cancer?

Gastrointestinal disease?

Fistula disease?

Bladder cancer?

Liver disease?

PATIENT VITALS

SBP <97 or >174?

Pulse >109

RR < 8 or >24

PATIENT COMORBIDITIES

Does the patient have CHF?

Does the patient have CVD

Does the patient have PUD?

Does the patient have neurologic deficit?

PATIENT MEDICATIONS

Anxiolytic?

Antiasthma?

Diuretic

Antiemetic

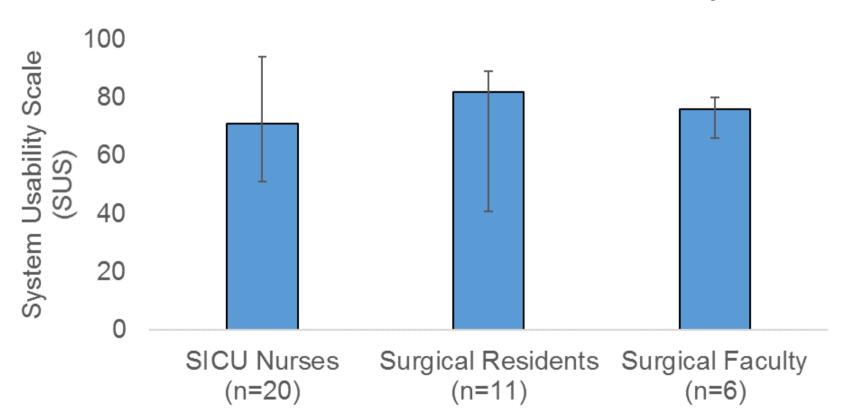
Laxative

CALCULATE THE RAP SCORE





Assessment of Usability



@ A



30,000 Foot View

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Conclusions

- The use of machine learning algorithms can create a high-performing predictive tool
- A user-friendly mobile application can be built to apply in real-time
- This strategy may allow personalized interventions





What's Next

- Validation of algorithm (on-going)
- Pilot implementation
- Scalability assessment

