

BEAMS Deliverable 1

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Introduction

The manual extraction of data from analytics platforms used for predicting epidemics is a process that can be automated. This requires the development of an API that will query disease reports from ProMed (<https://promedmail.org/>), one of the largest publicly available websites used by the international infectious disease community for reporting and monitoring emerging diseases.

This report will discuss our initial project management plan and document design decisions made thus far regarding how the API will be prototyped and built. We will also highlight team member task delegation, communication methods, and justify our choice of software tools used. This report is a working document and will be continuously updated throughout the project.

Management Information

Beams Team Roles and Responsibilities

				
Mozamel Anwary	Matthew Freeman	Paul Grace	Mariya Shmalko	Annabel Zhou
Technical Lead	API Dev	API Dev	Team Lead	Frontend Dev
Fullstack Dev	Frontend Dev	Backend Dev	API Dev	Business Analyst
DevOps	Business Analyst	Business Analyst	Backend Dev	Quality Assurance
	Quality Assurance	Quality Assurance	Business Analyst	

A list of available roles:

- Team Lead
- Technical Lead
- API Dev
- Backend Dev
- Frontend Dev
- Fullstack Dev
- DevOps
- Business Analyst
- Quality Assurance

Team Collaboration and Communication

In order to achieve maximum productivity throughout the project the team has decided to hold weekly meetings, separate to the mentoring session, and has opened up a line of communication and documentation.

The team has a group chat on Facebook messenger. This serves as a platform for the team to lead discussions about the general development of the API. A second group has been created on Discord for the exchanging of important information such as team member emails and private keys which cannot be uploaded to GitHub for security reasons, making use of Discord's pinning feature. The Discord platform is also where weekly phone calls are held to discuss, in detail, the action points for the next week.

For deliverables and documents which need to be collaborated on, a Google Drive has been created. The live updating feature that Google provides makes working together simple.

To track project progress, a project board has also been created on GitHub. Currently, it serves to track progress on Deliverable 1. However, once coding of the API and frontend begins, it will be a place to write Epic Stories and track features using standard kanban format. All the source code for our project will also be stored in a private GitHub repository.



Design Details

API Module

Beams will be utilising the following technologies to develop the API module:

- NodeJS
- ExpressJS
- Typescript
- Firestore
- Puppeteer

The backend will be constructed in Express with NodeJs. Express is useful in creating server applications and is considerably simple, flexible and easy to use. Given the short time frame of the project, Beams decided to utilise NodeJS + Express to aid in creating the base of the backend in a shorter time frame. This allows for more time to be dedicated to other opportunities such as improving our scraping technologies and future web-app features.

Moreover, Beams will be developing in Typescript, a superset of the Javascript language which enforces strict data types. We utilise ts-node to compile our TS code into ES2020 compatible JS on-the-fly, thus allowing us to take advantage of the latest JS features and produce more compact, readable code. Strong typing will also provide further rigidity in our code which will help us detect issues before run time, and, together with strict ESLint integration, allow us to keep our codebase consistent with potential to scale.

Firebase's Firestore database tool will be used in conjunction with our web scraper whose results will be formatted and stored in our Firestore database for fast retrieval by user API requests. Firestore's online interface opens opportunity to test data structures online, have multiple tenants interacting with the same data, and provides real-time updates to data changes both in-app and through our servers, bringing us opportunity to experiment and produce results rapidly.

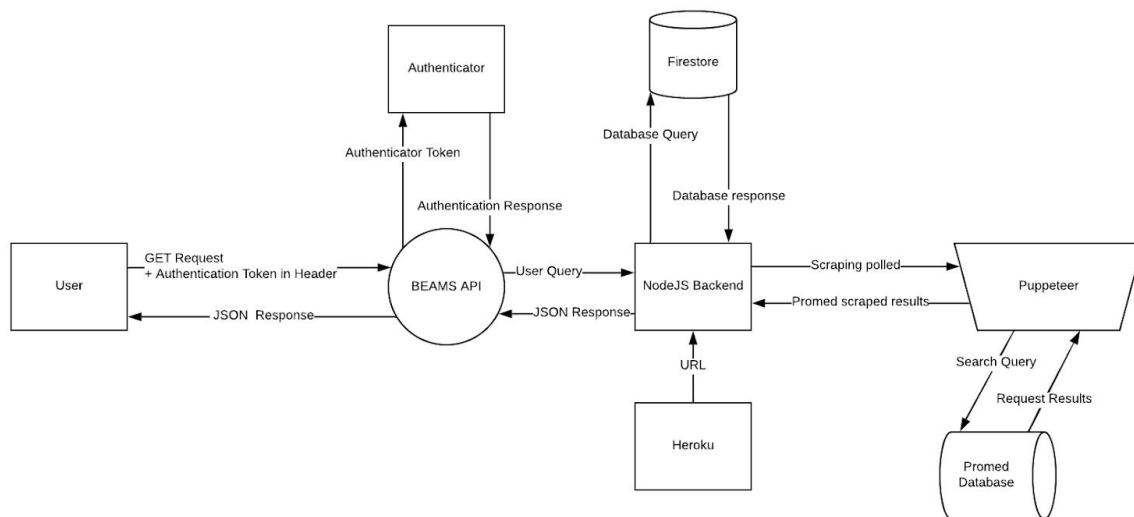
Beams is using Puppeteer, a Google Developer Tool, which instantiates a Headless Chrome component that allows developers to interact with the browser DOM without the GUI of Chrome. This allows us to generate server-side rendered content to interact with the ProMed site,

including entering terms into ProMed's search system and scraping relevant articles and post results. We can further process and parse this raw data, along with other data received from other sources, into JSON format and structure it as an accessible API endpoint.

Additionally, Beams will be integrating CircleCI into our GitHub repository to ensure our commits and pull requests abides by preset linting standards, and passes unit tests which will be developed overtime. CD methods are open to discussion and may be implemented in future iterations.

In conjunction with CI, Beams will also be using commit hooks with husky to ensure code is neat and passes tests before it enters the CI pipeline. We will be utilising Airbnb's ESLint specification (<https://github.com/airbnb/javascript>) since it provides a rigorous guideline to follow and because it will allow us to adapt to industry-level code consistency and style. This will ensure mistakes are caught before they are pushed into the master branch and will save time when there are several branches being tested and built through our CI pipelines.

System Design Diagram



Hosting

Beams will be using Heroku for hosting due to its simplicity and cheap cost.

API Design

At the current state of development, we envision our API to serve response to users using the standard URL query method. The API will collate and format data scraped from <https://promedmail.org/> using a web-scraper.

API Request Format Form:

[https://designated-host-service-url/?keyterms=firstterm\[,secondterm,thirdterm...\]&startdate=2018-01-01T08:45:00&enddate=2018-01-01T08:45:00&location=somelocation](https://designated-host-service-url/?keyterms=firstterm[,secondterm,thirdterm...]&startdate=2018-01-01T08:45:00&enddate=2018-01-01T08:45:00&location=somelocation)

An example request for searching for coronavirus and SARS during January, 2020 in China:

<https://designated-host-service-url/?keyterms=coronavirus,sars&startdate=2020-01-01T00:00:00&enddate=2020-02-01T00:00:00&location=china>

As of now, the API will enforce strict URL parameters so that the following conditions can be met:

- At-least one key term is provided with an optional comma separated list of other search terms (case insensitive).
- The start date meets the format yyyy-mm-ddTHH:MM:SS where:
 - yyyy is the year
 - mm is the month
 - dd is the day
 - T is the upper ascii character, used to separate date from time
 - HH is the hour in 24-hour format
 - MM is the minutes
 - SS is the seconds
- A single location must be provided.

Any deviation from the above conditions will result in a malformed request response from the API. We intend to provide dynamic error checking that can inform the API users of bad endpoint format, missing queries or unauthenticated access in the future.

The API has been designed to allow for future extensions or modifications as such:

- Location could later be extended to accept a list of locations.

- Given our allocation of the resource <https://promedmail.org/>, search queries by time are not supported so the time supplied is arbitrary. The above design meets design specifications but it can later be extended to support only dates being provided by users.
- Further, startdate and enddate could be extended to support variations of provided dates as follows:
 - yyyy must be supplied in which case mm default to January (mm=01) of that year (yyyy) and the day will default to the first (dd=01). If yyyy and mm is supplied dd will default to the first of the provided month (dd=01).
 - Year provided but not month or day:
startdate|enddate=yyyy → startdate|enddate=yyyy-01-01
 - Year and month provided, but not day:
startdate|enddate=yyyy-mm → startdate|enddate=yyyy-mm-01
 - Ignore requirement for HH:MM:SS which will default to the start of the day.
- startdate and enddate may also be open to take input in unix timestamp form in the future to alleviate issues with timezone incompatibilities and make the request format less prone to mistakes.
- A sentiment analysis field may also be added so that users could search by sentimentality (positive, negative or neutral).

Conclusion

With the final goal of a user friendly website to display information and predict epidemics, the development of the API is stage one. During stage two, the API can be used in conjunction with other developed APIs, news sources and social media to expand range of data. This stage will allow Beams to present this information in a visually pleasing way with integrated news sentiment analysis, interactive graphs, and more.