

Enrolment No. /Seat No.: _____

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
BCA/MCA INTEGRATED – SEMESTER I- EXAMINATION –SUMMER-2025

Subject Code: BC01001081

Date: 19/06/2025

Subject Name: Indian Knowledge System

Time:02:30 PM TO 05:00 PM

Total Marks: 70

Instructions:

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make Suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Use of simple calculators and non-programmable scientific calculators are permitted.

Q.1 (a) Answer correct option for the following questions.

07

1. As per IKS the total number of “Upnisada” are
 - a. 18
 - b. 98
 - c. 108
2. Who gave theory of binary numeral system and arithmetical triangle?
 - a. Shalya
 - b. Pingala
 - c. Baudhayan
3. Which Nation was called “Sapta Sindhu” (Land of Seven Rivers)?
 - a. Egypt
 - b. Bharat
 - c. China
4. Sukla Paksha is considered from which duration?
 - A.Purnima to Amavasya
 - b. Amavasya to Purnima
 - c. None
5. Which is the first University of the World?
 - a. Nalanada
 - b. Takshashila
 - c. Valabhi
6. In Ayurveda it is suggested to treat
 - a. Disease
 - b. Patient
 - c. Nature
7. World’s largest collection of ancient Manuscripts is in
 - a. China
 - b. USA
 - c. India

(b) Who founded the “Yoga Darshana”?

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Explain the Optimizing Happiness by the Balance of Bhoga (sensory enjoyment) and Yoga (sensory detachment).

Q.2 (a) List well developed towns of an ancient India and Write a brief note on any one of them.

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(b) The “Sanskrit” language is considered one of the oldest languages as per IKS write and explain the five features of the same.

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OR

(b) What is the true knowledge as per the Indian Philosophy? With a neat sketch explain various components of Indian Knowledge system.

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Q.3 (a) As per IKS the material world called “Brahmand” is made of five basic elements, name them and briefly explain.

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(b) What is “Vastu Sashtra”? Explain the various domains of it and Information available from that.

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OR

- Q.3** (a) Explain the ancient Indian Calentralical system called “Pañcāṅga” (Panchang) with its five various elements. **07**
- (b) Name four Vedas mentioned in the ancient Indian Scripture? Explain anyone in the detail. **07**
- Q.4** (a) Who wrote the “*Ramayana*” and “*Mahabharata*” originally? Compare both with seven points of explanation. **07**
- (b) Briefly explain the Vedic Educational system or “*Ashrampratha*” of an ancient India. **07**

OR

- Q.4** (a) Name any two famous Universities of ancient India **07**
 Name any two well-developed towns of ancient India
 Explain any Ancient/Vedic Mathematical method to multiply two digit numbers with example.
- (b) Name two types of “Vidya” mentioned in the ancient India and briefly explain the importance of each in the life. **07**
- Q.5** (a) As per an ancient Indian system the age of human being is considered 100 years which is divided systematically in four various phases, write names of these phases and explain the role and responsibility of each phase. **07**
- (b) As per the ancient knowledge system there is a definite relations and connection between joy - ānanda and knowledge – jñāna. Explain with a real life example. **07**

OR

- Q.5** (a) **Answer correct option for the following questions.** **07**
1. What is the backbone of Indian astrology and calendar system?
 - a. Siddhanta
 - b. Panchang
 - c. Amarkosh
 2. Panjari prasad is taken in which festival?
 - a. Nag Panchami
 - b. Janmashtami
 - c. Diwali
 3. Name the first University of the world.
 - a. Valabhi
 - b. Bhutan
 - c. Takshashila
 4. Who wrote the Natyashastra?
 - a. Bharatamuni
 - b. Shudraka
 - c. Chanakya
 5. As per IKS who is considered the master of Atomic theory and knowledge
 - a. Newton
 - b. Rishi Kalad
 - c. Rishi Charak
 6. Who gave the explanation of lunar eclipse and solar eclipse, rotation of Earth on its axis, reflection of light by moon
 - a. Shalya
 - b. Aryabhatta
 - c. Thomas
 7. Who was the founder of Visistadvaita Vedanta
 - a. Ramanuja
 - b. Shankracharya
 - c. Jaimini
- (b) Make a list of contributions from the Arayabhatta & Bhaskaracharya: The great Indian Genius scholars. **07**
