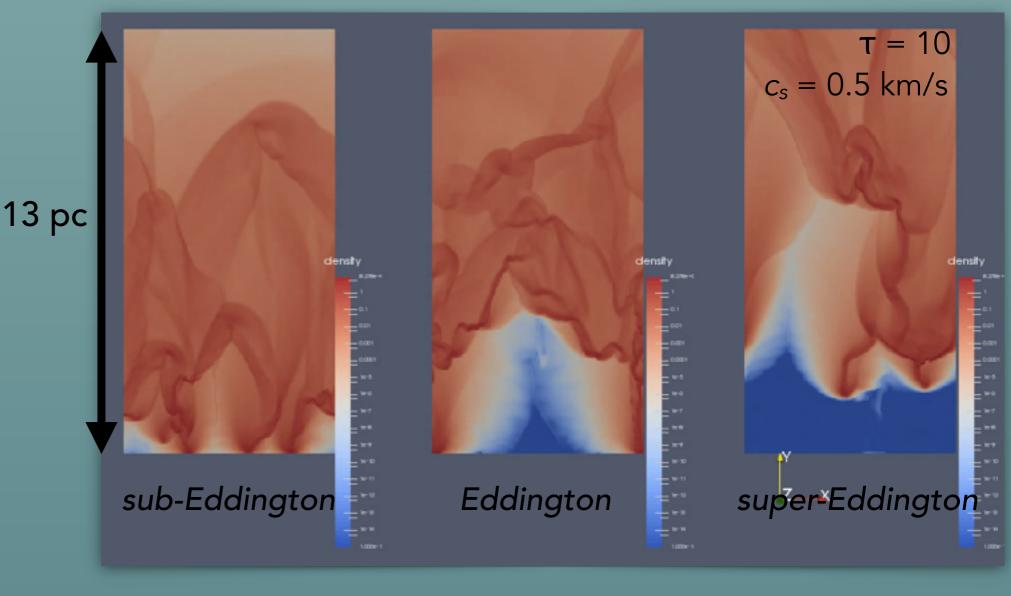
RADIATION PRESSURE-DRIVEN GALACTIC WINDS

BEN WIBKING (OSU), TODD THOMPSON (OSU), MARK KRUMHOLZ (ANU)

- Isotropic <u>non-ionizing</u><u>UV radiation</u> incidentfrom lower boundary
- Plane-parallel gravity
- Frequency-integrated dust absorption opacity (+ isothermal approximation)
- Solve the timeindependent radiation
 transport equation
 with my discontinuous
 Galerkin discrete
 ordinates code
- Add momentum source term to ATHENA



- Mach ~1-3 turbulence is produced directly from the radiation Raleigh-Taylor instability when near the Eddington flux
- Column-density dependent acceleration is consistent with intuition about buoyancy