

# Spring Boot Labs

### Lab 1 – Basic Spring



- In this Lab, you will finish the wiring up of a Spring application. You will use only annotation based configuration. The end goal is to make a suite of Junit tests run successfully.
- Instructions start on the next page

### Lab 1 – Basic Spring



- 1. Do your work in **Labs/BasicSpringLab**. You may need to import it into your workspace.
- 2. You may need to set up or configure some Libraries. If you are unsure about how to do this, ask your Instructor.
- 3. Examine the code. Source code is in **src/main/java**, configuration resources are in **src/main/resources**, and Junit tests are in **src/test/java**.
- 4. Run any of the **service** tests in **src/test/java** (right click and choose **Run As** → **Junit Test**)
- 5. You will find see a whole bunch of errors in the Junit console.
- 6. Your job is to fix the errors for all the service tests.

#### Lab 1 – Basic Spring



- 8. You will not need to make many changes to the the application code maybe some minimal adjustments.
- 9. You will need to make changes to the Spring configuration. The config class you should use is **ttl.larku.jconfig.LarkUConfig.**
- 10. You will also need to make annotation based changes to some of the Junit test cases.
- 11.There are some **TODO** comments in various source files that provide hints about what needs to be done.
- 12. You will probably need to iterate through a sequence of changes, fixing errors one at a time. In some cases, one fix will cause a bunch of errors to go away.
- 13. Your goal is to see that lovely green bar indicating a successful Junit test run.
- 14.A good strategy would be to proceed a test at a time.

#### Lab 2 – Spring Boot Command Line



- 1) Expose an existing application as a Spring Boot application.
- 2) The objective here is to understand the structure of a Spring Boot application. This one is going to be command line application – no web component.
- 3) You have a working Spring application in Labs/CmdLineLabStarter.
- 4) The application is very simple music playlist manager. The only classes you have right now are Track, TrackDAO, and **TrackService**. These are used to manage tracks in a playlist.
- 5) There is an "application" in **ttl.larku.app.Playlist.java**, and some unit tests. Examine and run the app and the tests so you know how it works

### Lab 2 – Spring Boot Cmd Line contd. TL

- 6) The Track class implements a Builder pattern so you can create Track objects like this:

  Track.title("Sunrise").artist("Bill Taylor").build();
- 7) Your job here is to write a command line application to be able to call methods in the TrackService class
- 8) You will need to create a **CommandLineRunner** in your application to use as the "main" method of your application.
- 9) Refer to the live code for an example of how to set up the CommandLineRunner

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#### Lab 2 – Spring Boot Cmd Line contd. TL

- 10)The easiest way to do this would be to create a new Spring Boot application using the Spring Initializer. For this stage, you don't need any starter dependencies at all.
- 11)You can then copy the code from the **CmdLineLabStarter** project to your new project.
- 12)You should set up the project so that you don't need to specify any ComponentScan packages, i.e. the default SpringBoot project structure.
- 13) This may involve changing some package names.
- 14)Part of your job is to convert the tests to be Spring Boot Tests. For now, just fix the tests for the service and the dao.
- 15)Also try to change the log level for Spring, e.g
  - 1) logging.level.org.springframework=debug

#### Lab 3 – Spring Boot Controller



- 1) Onwards to adding a web feature to your application. Your job is to write a REST application which will allow for the following:
  - a) Getting all Tracks
  - b) Getting a Track by Id
  - c) Getting a Track by name may require changes to the business layer.
  - d) Creating a new Track
  - e) Deleting a Track by Id
  - f) Updating a Track

#### Lab 3 – Spring Boot Controller



- 2) You need to add the 'web' starter to your Spring Boot application.
- 3) The easiest way to do this is to go to **start.spring.io** and set up an application with the web starter.
- 4) Then click on 'Explore' and copy and paste the web starter dependency into your pom file.
- 5) Copy the **TrackControllerTest** class from the **Labs/ControllerLabStarter/src/test/java/controller** directory and make sure it runs.

#### Lab 4 - Database



Connect your track application to a database.

- 1) First thing your will need to do is add a dependency for the **spring-boot-starter-data-jpa** in your pom.xml file. You will also need a dependency for the **h2** database.
- 2) Then you have to convert your Track class into a JPA entity. The two most important annotations for doing that are **@Entity** and **@Id.** Apply them appropriately to your class.
- 3) Set up **DataSource** properties for an embedded h2 database.
- 4) Create **schema.sql** and **data.sql** files in the resources directory to have Spring Boot create and populate your schema on startup. Look at examples in the SpringDB module if you need help.

#### Lab 4 – Database contd



- 5) Make sure that you **turn off** Hibernate DDL generation with
  - 1) spring.jpa.generate-ddl=false, and
  - 2) spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=none
- 6) You will need to change the JPATrackDAO to use an **EntityManager** to interact with the database.
  - 1) You can inject an EntityManager by using the **@PersistenceContext** annotation. Check the DAOs in the SpringDB project for an example.
- 7) Make sure that your application actually uses the JPATrackDAO. This may require changes to either your profile setting, and/or your Spring configuration.

## Lab 5 – Spring Data Repositories



Replace the JPATrackDAO with a Spring Data Repository

- 1) Create an interface for your Repository by extending **JpaRepository**<**Student, Integer**>
- 2) Write Unit Tests for the new repository:
  - 1) Copy the existing **InMemoryTrackDAOTest** class to **TrackRepositoryTest.**
- 3) Change the new test class appropriately to use your new repository:
  - 1) Inject the repository.
  - 2) Add annotations to run the test as a Spring Boot test.
  - 3) Change the calls to the old DAO into calls to the repository.
  - 4) Any other changes you think necessary.



# The End