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10/13/2024

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CS 634-101 Data Mining

Midterm Project Report

The Apriori Algorithm and Data Mining in Retail Databases

The Apriori Algorithm is a fundamental algorithm used in frequent itemset mining and association rule mining and is most visibly deployed in retail settings to improve user shopping experiences and increase profits. The algorithm involves discovering frequent itemsets in transactional databases and extending those itemsets into larger itemsets. Frequent itemsets are used to construct association rules. This project implements a version of the Apriori Algorithm (referred to as "brute force") to generate association rules based on example transactional databases with user defined support and confidence values.

Implementation Details

Association rule mining is a powerful tool for analyzing transactional databases and uncovering useful patterns from large datasets. The purpose of this project is to implement a version of the Apriori Algorithm for generating frequent itemsets to use for generating association rules.

The Apriori Algorithm begins by generating frequent 1-itemsets by calculating the support of single items as they appear in a transactional database and removing items that do not meet some minimum support value. Support measures how frequently an itemset appears in the transactions database. For the purposes of this project, the minimum support value is user-determined. These frequent items were then used to create frequent 2-itemsets by combining items into every possible combination of sets. This process was continued for k-itemsets until no further frequent itemsets could be found. These itemsets were then used to generate association rules according to a confidence value determined by the user. Confidence is a measure of the likelihood of items being purchased together.

In this implementation, several arbitrarily generated data sets from five arbitrarily chosen stores are provided for a user to choose to perform association rule mining according to minimum support and confidence values provided by the user.

Commented code with detailed explanations of implementation decisions and functionality follows. To replicate these results, all used .csv files and the source code is provided. The source code requires the installation of the pandas and mlxtend Python libraries. The version of Python used during this project is version 3.12.6. More detailed notes about using this program are located in the "Usage Notes" section of this report.

Code and Further Implementation Details

Below is the implementation for the ItemSet class.

```
#Represents a k-itemset
class ItemSet:
    def __init__(self, items):
        self.items = items #a set of strings (item names)
        self.support = 0
        self.supportPercent = 0
        self.allAntecedents = [] #a list of sets of item names for association rules
    def __str__(self):
        return f"{self.items} Support: {self.support}, {self.supportPercent}%"
```

An ItemSet object is created with one argument, a set of strings that consist of the names of items that appear in the dataset. The support attribute represents the support of an itemset as an integer, or may be more easily understood as the raw number of times the itemset appears in transactions within the transactional database. The supportPercent attribute represents the itemset's support value as a percentage. The allAntecedents value is used during association rule generation and contains a list of sets of items generated from the items attribute. Further explanation of this attribute can be found in the description of the association_rule function. A __str__ function is provided for debugging convenience.

Below is the implementation of the Association Rule class.

```
#Represents an association rule
class AssociationRule:
    def __init__(self, antecedent, consequent):
        self.antecedent = antecedent #left hand side of rule
        self.consequent = consequent #right hand side of rule
        self.confidence = 0 #a percentage
        self.ruleSupport = 0 #a percentage
    def __str__(self):
        return f"{self.antecedent} -> {self.consequent} Support: {self.ruleSupport}%, Confidence: {self.confidence}%"
```

An association rule is typically written in the form " $X \rightarrow Y$ ", where X and Y are itemsets. For clarity, X, or the left hand side of the rule, will furthermore be referred to as the antecedent; similarly, Y, or the right hand side of the rule, will furthermore be referred to as the consequent. The antecedent and consequent attributes are sets of strings to represent these itemsets. The confidence and ruleSupport values are percentages, calculated later in the program.

Two helper functions follow: itemset_support and frequent_itemset. These are used to generate frequent itemsets and are separated for readability.

```
#Helper function to calculates support for itemsets
#Takes a set of ItemSet objects
def itemset support(itemSet):
    #process given itemSet and remove sets with less than minimum support
    for items in itemSet:
        for trans in transactionsList:
            compare = items.items
            if(compare.issubset(trans)):
                items.support += 1
    for item in itemSet:
        item.supportPercent = item.support/total transactions * 100
#Helper function to remove infrequent itemsets
def frequent_itemset(itemSet):
    ret = []
    for item in itemSet:
        if(item.supportPercent >= minSupport):
            ret.append(item)
    return ret
```

The itemset_support function takes a list of ItemSet objects and, for each itemset, and scans the database to find transactions in which the given itemset appears, incrementing its support value when it does. Finally, the support values for every ItemSet are calculated as a percentage. The frequent_itemset function checks a list of ItemSet objects and returns a list containing only those ItemSets in which the support value for the set satisfies the user defined minimum support.

These two helper functions are used for readability in the k itemset function below.

k_itemset takes an integer value k and a list of ItemSets. K determines how many items will be in the generated itemset, and singleItems is a preprocessed list of frequent 1-itemsets used to generate k-itemsets. Only frequent k-itemsets are returned, and this list may be empty.

The association_rules function utilizes two helper functions, the first of which is antecedents, shown below.

```
#Helper function to generate all antecedents possible for an item set
def antecedents(itemSet):
    temp = []
    ret = []
    for string in itemSet.items:
        temp.append(string)
    for i in range(1, len(temp)):
        for combo in combinations(temp, i):
            ret.append(set(combo))
    itemSet.allAntecedents = ret
```

This function takes a frequent itemset and forms sets of items to use as antecedents for association rules. It stores these antecedents in the respective ItemSet object in order to provide quicker access to its support value (more on this when the association rules generation is explained).

The second helper function is findSupport, shown below.

```
#Helper function, takes a set of strings (item names)
def findSupport(find):
    for item in allGeneratedItemsets:
        if(item.items == find):
            return item.support
        return 0
```

findSupport performs a linear search on all possible itemsets given the data to return an itemset's support value. It is separated for readability purposes.

Finally, the association_rules function follows below. This function generates a list of association rules from a frequent ItemSet and returns them.

Support for an association rule is equivalent to the support of the itemset (or for the set of all items in the rule). Association rule confidence is calculated with the following equation:

 $X \to Y = \frac{support(X,Y)}{support(X)}$ where X and Y are itemsets. For ease of reading, the equation is equivalent to $Antecdent \to Consequent = \frac{Support(itemset)}{support(antcedent)}$. The following function will be explained in the context of this equation.

```
#Generates association rules and calculates confidence
#Takes an ItemSet object
def association Rules(generateFrom):
    ret = [] #list of association rule objects
    numerator = generateFrom.support
    denominator = 0
    antecedents(generateFrom)
    ants = generateFrom.allAntecedents
    for ant in ants:
        consequent = generateFrom.items.difference(ant)
        temp = AssociationRule(ant, consequent)
        denominator = findSupport(ant)
        temp.ruleSupport = generateFrom.supportPercent
        temp.confidence = numerator/denominator * 100
        ret.append(temp)
    return ret
```

The support of the itemset is available within the ItemSet object passed to the equation. This is the value "numerator" takes. Using the antecedents function, all possible antecedents of the itemset are generated. For each antecedent, an AssociationRule object is created, and the consequent is calculated by taking the set difference of the whole itemset with the antecedent. Then the confidence of the rule is calculated, and all association rules are returned in a list.

The following is the driver code of the main program and should be self-explanatory. Here is the code that gets user input, looping until valid inputs are given:

```
print("Available stores are listed below.\n")
print("1. Barnes and Noble\n2. Citadel Paints\n3. GameStop\n4. Staples\n5. Warhammer\n")
itemsAvailable = ''
transactions = ''
while(True):
    selection = input("Enter a number to select one of these stores, or enter 'q' to quit:\n")
    if(selection == 'q'):
        exit()
    selection = int(selection)
    if(selection == 1):
        itemsAvailable = 'barnes and noble.csv'
        transactions = 'barnes_and_noble_transactions.csv'
    elif(selection == 2):
        itemsAvailable = 'citadel paints.csv'
        transactions = 'citadel_paints_transactions.csv'
        break
    elif(selection == 3):
        itemsAvailable = 'gamestop.csv'
        transactions = 'gamestop_transactions.csv'
        break
    elif(selection == 4):
        itemsAvailable = 'staples.csv'
        transactions = 'staples transactions.csv'
        break
    elif(selection == 5):
        itemsAvailable = 'warhammer.csv'
        transactions = 'warhammer_transactions.csv'
        break
    else:
        print("Invalid selection")
```

This code prompts users for a store selection and sets the .csv datasets used further in the program.

```
#Prompt user for support and confidence
while(True):
    minSupport = float(input("Please enter a minimum support value from 1 to 100 (this value is interpreted as a percentage):\n"))
    if(minSupport < 1 or minSupport > 100):
        print("Please enter a valid input from 1 to 100")
        continue
    break

while(True):
    minConfidence = float(input("Please enter a minimum confidence value from 1 to 100 (this value is interpreted as a percentage):\n"))
    if(minConfidence < 1 or minConfidence > 100):
        print("Please enter a valid input from 1 to 100")
        continue
    break
```

The user is then prompted for valid support and confidence values.

Data preprocessing is pictured below.

```
bruteStartTime = time.time()
#User defined input files
read items = pd.read csv(itemsAvailable, usecols=[1]) #Only item names are relevant
read_transactions = pd.read_csv(transactions)
total_transactions = len(read_transactions)
#preprocess transactions into a list of sets (for usage of subset methods)
transactionsList = []
for x in range(total_transactions):
    tempTransaction = read_transactions.at[x, 'Transaction']
    tempTransaction = tempTransaction.split(', ')
   transactionsList.append(set(tempTransaction))
#Initial 1-itemsets in a list
oneItemsets = []
for i in range(len(read_items)):
    itemsInSet = {read_items.at[i, 'Item Name']}
   tempSet = ItemSet(itemsInSet)
   oneItemsets.append(tempSet)
itemset support(oneItemsets)
frequent_itemset(oneItemsets)
allGeneratedItemsets = []
tempSets = []
```

All items a store sells are read from the .csv files indicated by the user's selection. The format of these files is specified in the "Usage Notes" section of this report. A list of transactions are created wherein every transaction is represented as a set, due to the fact that the itemset_support function checks if an itemset is a subset of a transaction set to determine support. 1-itemsets are constructed by parsing the .csv file of the store that contains its items on sale, and this set is then processed to find the frequent 1-itemsets using itemset support and frequent itemsets.

```
for i in range(1, len(read_items)):
    tempSets = k_itemset(i, oneItemsets)
    if(len(tempSets) == 0):
        break
    else:
        allGeneratedItemsets += tempSets
assocRules = []
for item in allGeneratedItemsets:
    assocRules += association Rules(item)
if(len(assocRules) == 0):
    print("No rules found. Try a lower minimum support value (25 or less is realistic for these data sets)
    print("Association rules (X -> Y read 'X implies Y'):")
for rule in assocRules:
    if(rule.confidence >= minConfidence):
        print(rule)
bruteEndTime = time.time()
print('\nResults returned in ', (bruteEndTime - bruteStartTime),'seconds from brute force algorithm\n')
```

All frequent k-itemsets are found by running a loop to find 1-itemsets, then 2-itemsets, and so on until no frequent k-itemsets are returned, at which point the loop terminates. Using these frequent itemsets, association rules are generated as explained previously, and the rules that meet the user defined minimum confidence level are displayed.

This experiment was also performed with mlxtend implementations of Apriori and FPgrowth for comparison and result confirmation. The driver code for both is below and should be self-explanatory.

```
#apriori from mlxtend for comparison
#data preprocessing for mlxtend
print('mlxtend Implementations for comparison purposes:\n')
aprioriStart = time.time()
dataset = []
for x in range(total_transactions):
    tempTrans = tempTrans.split(', ')
    dataset.append(list(tempTrans))

te = TransactionEncoder()
te_ary = te.fit(dataset).transform(dataset)
df = pd.DataFrame(te_ary, columns=te.columns_)

apriori_generated = apriori(df, min_support=(minSupport/100), use_colnames=True)

rules = association_rules(apriori_generated, metric="confidence", min_threshold=(minConfidence/100))
rules = rules['antecedents', 'consequents', 'support', 'confidence']]
aprioriEnd = time.time()
print("Association rules: ", rules, "\n")
print('Results returned in ', (aprioriEnd - aprioriStart), 'seconds from mlxtend apriori implementation\n')
#fpgrowth from mlxtend for comparison

fpStart = time.time()
fpgrowth_generated = fpgrowth(df, min_support=(minSupport/100), use_colnames=True)
rules = association_rules(fpgrowth_generated, metric="confidence", min_threshold=(minConfidence/100))
rules = rules[['antecedents', 'consequents', 'support', 'confidence']]
fpEnd = time.time()
print("Association rules: ", rules, "\n")
print('Results returned in ', (fpEnd - fpStart), 'seconds from mlxtend fpgrowth implementation')
```

Accuracy and Performance Comparisons

Here are some results of running the program for every store's dataset. Note that the staples_transactions.csv file contains 100 transactions for the purposes of comparing runtimes between the different algorithms used.

Analyzing these results, we see that the brute force algorithm implemented produces the same association rules as the mlxtend Apriori and fpgrowth algorithms, confirming its veracity. We also see that every algorithm performs with similar time efficiency, though through these experiments we see that the brute force implementation generally takes the longest time to compute the rules, the mlxtend Apriori implementation is usually slightly faster or takes very similar time, and the mlxtend fpgrowth algorithm is the fastest. The speed of the brute force algorithm is likely due to the lack of the usage of the Apriori principle in generating frequent itemsets, with all possible k-itemsets being generated from the available items every time instead. The brute force algorithm was also not written to be perfectly optimized, so some code is likely less efficiently implemented than the implementations used from existing python libraries.

```
PS C:\Users\ozdem\Desktop\CS 634\midterm_repo\cs634_midterm_proj> & C:/Users/ozdem/AppData/Local/Program
 Available stores are listed below.
 1. Barnes and Noble
 2. Citadel Paints
 3. GameStop
 4. Staples
 5. Warhammer
 Enter a number to select one of these stores, or enter 'q' to quit:
 Please enter a minimum support value from 1 to 100 (this value is interpreted as a percentage):
 Please enter a minimum confidence value from 1 to 100 (this value is interpreted as a percentage):
 Association rules (X -> Y read 'X implies Y'):
 {'Death of a Ferryman'} -> {'Gideon the Ninth'} Support: 15.0%, Confidence: 60.0%
 {'Gideon the Ninth'} -> {'The Traitor Baru Cormorant'} Support: 25.0%, Confidence: 62.5%
 {'The Traitor Baru Cormorant'} -> {'Gideon the Ninth'} Support: 25.0%, Confidence: 71.42857142857143% {'The Left Hand of Darkness'} -> {'Oryx and Crake'} Support: 15.0%, Confidence: 60.0% {'The Left Hand of Darkness'} -> {'Lonesome Dove'} Support: 15.0%, Confidence: 60.0%
 Results returned in 0.006981372833251953 seconds from brute force algorithm
 mlxtend Implementations for comparison purposes:
 Association rules:
                                                                            consequents support confidence
                                            antecedents
            (Death of a Ferryman)
                                                                        0.15
                                               (Gideon the Ninth)
                                                                                0.600000
               (Gideon the Ninth) (The Traitor Baru Cormorant)
                                                                        0.25
                                                                                 0.625000
 2 (The Traitor Baru Cormorant)
                                             (Gideon the Ninth)
                                                                        0.25
                                                                                 0.714286
     (The Left Hand of Darkness)
                                                  (Lonesome Dove)
                                                                        0.15
                                                                                 0.600000
     (The Left Hand of Darkness)
                                                 (Oryx and Crake)
                                                                        0.15
                                                                                 0.600000
 Results returned in 0.007979393005371094 seconds from mlxtend apriori implementation
 Association rules:
                                            antecedents
                                                                            consequents support confidence
    (The Left Hand of Darkness)
                                                 (Oryx and Crake)
                                                                        0.15
                                                                                0.600000
                                                                        0.15
     (The Left Hand of Darkness)
                                                  (Lonesome Dove)
                                                                                 0.600000
           (Death of a Ferryman)
                                               (Gideon the Ninth)
                                                                        0.15
                                                                                 0.600000
               (Gideon the Ninth) (The Traitor Baru Cormorant)
                                                                                 0.625000
                                                                        0.25
 4 (The Traitor Baru Cormorant)
                                               (Gideon the Ninth)
                                                                        0.25
 Results returned in 0.0039899349212646484 seconds from mlxtend fpgrowth implementation
PS C:\Users\ozdem\Desktop\CS 634\midterm_repo\cs634_midterm_proj>
```

```
PS C:\Users\ozdem\Desktop\CS 634\midterm_repo\cs634 midterm_proj> & C:/Users/ozdem/AppData/Local/Pro
 Available stores are listed below.
 1. Barnes and Noble
 2. Citadel Paints
 GameStop
 4. Staples
 5. Warhammer
 Enter a number to select one of these stores, or enter 'q' to quit:
 Please enter a minimum support value from 1 to 100 (this value is interpreted as a percentage):
 Please enter a minimum confidence value from 1 to 100 (this value is interpreted as a percentage):
 Association rules (X -> Y read 'X implies Y'):
 {'Layer Brush'} -> {'Nuln 0il'} Support: 30.0%, Confidence: 66.66666666666666
 {'Nuln Oil'} -> {'Dry Brush'} Support: 30.0%, Confidence: 54.545454545454545454
 {'Agrax Earthshade'} -> {'Nuln Oil'} Support: 25.0%, Confidence: 83.333333333333334%
 Results returned in 0.006788015365600586 seconds from brute force algorithm
 mlxtend Implementations for comparison purposes:
                                         consequents support confidence
 Association rules:
                            antecedents
                                     0.25
 0 (Agrax Earthshade)
                                             0.833333
                         (Nuln Oil)
           (Nuln Oil)
                        (Dry Brush)
                                      0.30
                                             0.545455
          (Dry Brush)
                        (Nuln Oil)
                                      0.30
                                             0.666667
           (Nuln Oil)
                      (Layer Brush)
                                      0.30
                                             0.545455
        (Layer Brush)
                         (Nuln Oil)
                                      0.30
                                             0.666667
 Results returned in 0.00698399543762207 seconds from mlxtend apriori implementation
 Association rules:
                            antecedents consequents support confidence
           (Nuln Oil)
                        (Dry Brush)
                                     0.30
                                             0.545455
 a
                                             0.666667
          (Dry Brush)
                         (Nuln Oil)
                                      0.30
                      (Layer Brush)
           (Nuln Oil)
                                      0.30
                                             0.545455
        (Layer Brush)
                         (Nuln Oil)
                                      0.30
                                             0.666667
   (Agrax Earthshade)
                         (Nuln Oil)
                                      0.25
                                             0.833333
 Results returned in 0.001996278762817383 seconds from mlxtend fpgrowth implementation
PS C:\Users\ozdem\Desktop\CS 634\midterm_repo\cs634_midterm_proj>
```

```
PS C:\Users\ozdem\Desktop\CS 634\midterm repo\cs634 midterm proj> & C:/Users/ozdem/AppData/Local/Prog
 mir_seniz_midtermproj.py'
 Available stores are listed below.
 1. Barnes and Noble
 2. Citadel Paints
 GameStop
 4. Staples
 5. Warhammer
 Enter a number to select one of these stores, or enter 'q' to quit:
 Please enter a minimum support value from 1 to 100 (this value is interpreted as a percentage):
 Please enter a minimum confidence value from 1 to 100 (this value is interpreted as a percentage):
 Association rules (X -> Y read 'X implies Y'):
 {'Dragon Age: The Veilguard'} -> {'Wireless Headset'} Support: 15.0%, Confidence: 60.0%
 Results returned in 0.005326271057128906 seconds from brute force algorithm
 mlxtend Implementations for comparison purposes:
 Association rules:
                                      antecedents
                                                            consequents support confidence
 0 (Dragon Age: The Veilguard)
                                   (Wireless Headset)
                                                        0.15
                                                                0.600000
                  (Elden Ring) (Dualsense Controller)
                                                        0.20
                                                                0.666667
                                                        0.25
                                                                0.625000
                  (Weird West)
                               (Dualsense Controller)
                                                        0.25
                                                                0.555556
         (Dualsense Controller)
                                         (Weird West)
                     (Joy-Con)
                                                        0.15
                                                                1.000000
 4
                                        (Memory Card)
 Results returned in 0.003983497619628906 seconds from mlxtend apriori implementation
 Association rules:
                                      antecedents
                                                            consequents support confidence
                                                        0.25
                  (Weird West) (Dualsense Controller)
                                                                0.625000
                                         (Weird West)
                                                        0.25
                                                                0.555556
         (Dualsense Controller)
                                                        0.15
    (Dragon Age: The Veilguard)
                                   (Wireless Headset)
                                                                0.600000
                     (Joy-Con)
                                        (Memory Card)
                                                                1.000000
                                                        0.15
                  (Elden Ring) (Dualsense Controller)
                                                        0.20
                                                                0.666667
 Results returned in 0.004522562026977539 seconds from mlxtend fpgrowth implementation
PS C:\Users\ozdem\Desktop\CS 634\midterm repo\cs634 midterm proj>
```

```
PS C:\Users\ozdem\Desktop\CS 634\midterm_repo\cs634_midterm_proj> & C:/Users/ozdem/AppData/Local/Program
 mir_seniz_midtermproj.py
 Available stores are listed below.
 1. Barnes and Noble
 2. Citadel Paints
 GameStop
 4. Staples
 5. Warhammer
 Enter a number to select one of these stores, or enter 'q' to quit:
 Please enter a minimum support value from 1 to 100 (this value is interpreted as a percentage):
 Please enter a minimum confidence value from 1 to 100 (this value is interpreted as a percentage):
 Association rules (X -> Y read 'X implies Y'):
 {'Pilot G2 Pens'} -> {'Sticky Notes'} Support: 17.0%, Confidence: 50.0%
{'Sticky Notes'} -> {'Pilot G2 Pens'} Support: 17.0%, Confidence: 50.0%
   Spiral Notebook' } -> {'Sticky Notes' } Support: 14.0000000000002%, Confidence: 48.275862068965516%
 {'Stapler'} -> {'Printer Paper'} Support: 17.0%, Confidence: 54.83870967741935%
{'Printer Paper'} -> {'Stapler'} Support: 17.0%, Confidence: 45.94594594594595%
  {'Stapler'} -> {'Bluetooth Mouse'} Support: 14.0000000000000002%, Confidence: 45.16129032258064%
 {'Bluetooth Mouse'} -> {'Stapler'} Support: 14.0000000000000000, Confidence: 50.0%
 Results returned in 0.00797724723815918 seconds from brute force algorithm
 mlxtend Implementations for comparison purposes:
 Association rules:
                                antecedents
                                                    consequents support confidence
             (Stapler) (Bluetooth Mouse)
                                                0.14
                                                         0.451613
                                                         0.500000
    (Bluetooth Mouse)
                                 (Stapler)
                                                0.14
      (Pilot G2 Pens)
                            (Sticky Notes)
                                                0.17
                                                         0.500000
        (Sticky Notes)
                           (Pilot G2 Pens)
                                                         0.500000
                                                0.17
             (Stapler)
                           (Printer Paper)
                                                0.17
                                                         0.548387
                                                         0.459459
       (Printer Paper)
                                 (Stapler)
                                                0.17
                                                         0.482759
 6 (Spiral Notebook)
                            (Sticky Notes)
                                                0.14
 Results returned in 0.007976770401000977 seconds from mlxtend apriori implementation
 Association rules:
                                antecedents
                                                    consequents support confidence
      (Pilot G2 Pens)
                            (Sticky Notes)
                                                0.17
                                                         0.500000
                           (Pilot G2 Pens)
        (Sticky Notes)
                                                0.17
                                                         0.500000
                                                         0.482759
    (Spiral Notebook)
                            (Sticky Notes)
                                                0.14
             (Stapler)
                           (Printer Paper)
                                                0.17
                                                         0.548387
                                 (Stapler)
                                                         0.459459
       (Printer Paper)
                                                0.17
             (Stapler)
                         (Bluetooth Mouse)
                                                0.14
                                                         0.451613
                                                         0.500000
                                                0.14
    (Bluetooth Mouse)
                                 (Stapler)
 Results returned in 0.0049896240234375 seconds from mlxtend fpgrowth implementation
 PS C:\Users\ozdem\Desktop\CS 634\midterm_repo\cs634_midterm_proj>
```

```
PS C:\Users\ozdem\Desktop\CS 634\midterm repo\cs634 midterm proj> & C:/Users/ozdem/AppData/Local/Programs/Py
Available stores are listed below.
1. Barnes and Noble
2. Citadel Paints
GameStop
4. Staples
5. Warhammer
Enter a number to select one of these stores, or enter 'q' to quit:
Please enter a minimum support value from 1 to 100 (this value is interpreted as a percentage):
Please enter a minimum confidence value from 1 to 100 (this value is interpreted as a percentage):
Association rules (X -> Y read 'X implies Y'):
('Stormcast Eternals Paint Set') -> {'Skaven Paint Set'} Support: 25.0%, Confidence: 55.5555555555555556%
 'Skaven Paint Set'} -> {'Stormcast Eternals Paint Set'} Support: 25.0%, Confidence: 50.0%
 {'Skaven Dice Set'} -> {'Skaven Paint Set'} Support: 25.0%, Confidence: 62.5% {'Skaven Paint Set'} -> {'Skaven Dice Set'} Support: 25.0%, Confidence: 50.0%
Results returned in 0.0049588680267333984 seconds from brute force algorithm
mlxtend Implementations for comparison purposes:
Association rules:
                                         antecedents
                                                                         consequents support confidence
                                                                     0.25 0.625000
                (Skaven Dice Set)
                                              (Skaven Paint Set)
0
                                                                             0.500000
               (Skaven Paint Set)
                                               (Skaven Dice Set)
                                                                     0.25
             (Skaventide Box Set)
                                                                             0.666667
                                               (Skaven Paint Set)
                                                                     0.20
   (Stormcast Eternals Paint Set)
                                              (Skaven Paint Set)
                                                                     0.25
                                                                             0.555556
               (Skaven Paint Set) (Stormcast Eternals Paint Set)
                                                                     0.25
                                                                             0.500000
Results returned in 0.004988193511962891 seconds from mlxtend apriori implementation
Association rules:
                                          antecedents
                                                                         consequents support confidence
                                                                     0.25
   (Stormcast Eternals Paint Set)
                                              (Skaven Paint Set)
                                                                            0.555556
               (Skaven Paint Set) (Stormcast Eternals Paint Set)
                                                                     0.25
                                                                             0.500000
                (Skaven Dice Set)
                                              (Skaven Paint Set)
                                                                     0.25
                                                                             0.625000
               (Skaven Paint Set)
                                                (Skaven Dice Set)
                                                                             0.500000
                                                                     0.25
                                               (Skaven Paint Set)
             (Skaventide Box Set)
                                                                     0.20
                                                                             0.666667
Results returned in 0.0030219554901123047 seconds from mlxtend fpgrowth implementation
PS C:\Users\ozdem\Desktop\CS 634\midterm_repo\cs634_midterm_proj>
```

Usage Notes

For this project to function properly, the installation of the pandas and mlxtend Python libraries are required.

You may install these libraries using the following commands:

pip install pandas

pip install mlxtend

The version of Python used for this project is version 3.12.6.

Data sets are provided, but if other data sets are to be used they must follow a specific format detailed below.

The project expects the .csv files to match the following format, as illustrated below.

_	1 7 1		
1	Item #	Item Name	
2	1	Dragon Age: The Veilguard	
3	2	Weird West	
4	3	Another Crab's Treasure	
5	4	Dualsense Controller	
6	5	Joy-Con	
7	6	Xbox Wireless Controller	
8	7	Wireless Headset	
9	8	Memory Card	
10	9	Controller Charging Station	
11	10	Elden Ring	

Figure: gamestop.csv

Each item name is contained in a column called "Item Name", and each item takes up one row. "Item Name" is case sensitive and must be replicated exactly to avoid calculation errors. The names of items are also case sensitive and must appear in this .csv file exactly as they appear in each transaction, so "memory card" and "Memory Card" are NOT considered the same item.

1	Transaction ID	Transaction
2	T1	Dragon Age: The Veilguard, Weird West, Dualsense Controller, Wireless Headset
3	T2	Weird West, Controller Charging Station, Dualsense Controller
4	T3	Joy-Con, Memory Card, Another Crab's Treasure
5	T4	Wireless headset, Memory Card, Controller Charging Station
6	T5	Elden Ring, Another Crab's Treasure, Dualsense Controller
7	T6	Dragon Age: The Veilguard, Wireless Headset, Controller Charging Station
8	T7	Memory Card, Joy-Con, Wireless Headset
9	T8	Another Crab's Treasure, Elden Ring, Dualsense Controller
10	Т9	Xbox Wireless Controller, Controller Charging Station, Wireless Headset, Elden Ring
11	T10	Weird West, Dualsense Controller, Wireless Headset, Memory Card
12	T11	Another Crab's Treasure, Elden Ring, Wireless Headset
13	T12	Another Crab's Treasure, Weird West
14	T13	Elden Ring, Dualsense Controller, Controller Charging Station
15	T14	Memory Card, Joy-Con, Controller Charging Station, Another Crab's Treasure
16	T15	Dragon Age: The Veilguard, Dualsense Controller, Wireless Headest, Memory Card
17	T16	Dragon Age: The Veilguard, Another Crab's Treasure, Weird West
18	T17	Elden Ring, Weird West, Dualsense Controller
19	T18	Dragon Age: The Veilguard, Xbox Wireless Controller, Wireless Headset
20	T19	Weird West, Dualsense Controller
21	T20	Another Crab's Treasure, Weird West

Figure: gamestop_transactions.csv

Every transaction is recorded in a column called "Transactions", and a transaction is contained in a cell with each item name in the transaction delimited by a comma. One row represents a single transaction. Once again, every value is case sensitive.

All .csv files are expected to be in the same directory as the .py project file for the program to work.

These datasets were generated arbitrarily by hand with an arbitrary selection of items chosen from each retailer's online storefronts. Item names were simplified for clarity.

Other Notes

The github repository for this project follows:

https://github.com/atwoodmachine/cs634 midterm proj

It contains all used .csv files, the Python source code, and a Jupyter Notebook for a demonstration of output, as well as a copy of this report.