Automatic Universal In-Browser Payments

by

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Matriculation Number 397108

A thesis submitted to

Technische Universität Berlin School IV - Electrical Engineering and Computer Science Department of Telecommunication Systems Service-centric Networking

Master's Thesis

April 12, 2020

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	Statutory	y Decl	laration
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I hereby declare that I have created this work completely on my own and used no other sources or tools than the ones listed.

Berlin, April 12, 2020

Daan Middendorp

Acknowledgments

I would like to thank my teddybear...

Abstract

In this thesis, we show that lorem ipsum dolor sit amet.

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1 Introduction

The business of online advertising has evolved into a landscape which is not transparent anymore. A handful of large advertisement firms are controlling practically every online ad you see. Almost every movement during the visit of a regular website is sent in an obfuscated way to the advertisement broker, without any visible sign to the visitor. This makes the whole browsing experience obnoxious, especially now it turns out that entire societies are being influenced by the power of advertisement networks, as we have seen in the Cambridge Analytica scandal [?].

Several publishers have been experimenting with alternative ways of generating income. Currently, some of them are selling subscriptions, asking for donations or using the visitors' computer for cryptomining [?]. But these models do not seem to be a real substitute for advertisement networks.

In this master thesis, which is written at the Service-centric networking research group at the Technische Universität Berlin, the main focus lies at solving this so called unpaid content problem while assuring the privacy of the user and keeping the costs low. The increasing possibilties in the field of blockchain technology are of great use for such a solution and therefore also a key building block of the proof of concept.

The concept, as discribed in chapter 3, features a system that runs in the background while browsing the web. If the users visits a publisher that also supports the system, a message will be shown to the user indicating that it is possible to hide the advertisements and pay a small amount per pageview instead. When this permission is granted, the user will not see any advertisements on that particular website again, but contribute by sending small payments to the publisher instead.

As this research is made possible by public money, the entire process is kept as transparent as possible. This is achieved by publishing everything related to this thesis under a permissive free software license on Github ¹.

1.1 Research statement

This research will investigate the possiblities of new technologies in order to solve the unpaid content problem. The following research question is defined:

How can the unpaid content problem be solved in a cheap, privacy preserving and transparent way?

This research question is split up in the following subquestions:

¹ https://github.com/lightning-sprinkle

- What current revenue models are used in order to solve the unpaid content problem?
- How is privacy preserved in the current models?
- What are the costs of the current models?
- What is the amount of transparency in the current models?
- What are the conditions, that an alternative model should adopt in order to be at least comparable to existing models?
- How to realize and implement a comparable revenue model that follows these conditions?

1.2 Methodology

In order to explain the different models and concept, a couple of roles will be used througout this thesis.

Unpaid content

Content that is freely available on the internet (without a subscription or payment), such as news articles and video's.

Publisher

The owner of the website that provides the unpaid content

User

The visitor of the website that consumes the unpaid content

Ad broker

A third party providing advertisements to the user in order to generate revenue for the publisher



2 Related Work

- 2.1 Basic Attention Token
- 2.2 Lightning Network

3 Concept and Design

The proposed solution is an implementation which is completely based on the existing infrastructure that is available on the web. This comes with the advance that it works across all different types of devices, from desktop computers to smartphones. Another feature of this approach is that it does not require any additional tools, which might need some effort to setup.

3.1 Architecture

There are basically two components in this system: there is a wallet, which takes care of the storage of encryption keys and is responsible for handling all communications with a cryptocurrency network. The second part is the publisher library, which can be embedded by any website who want to take part in the universal-pay ecosystem.

3.1.1 Wallet

The wallet will be, like all the other parts of the architecture, implemented in standard web technology, which means Javascript. For the convenience of the end user, the wallet will be hosted on a domain to make sure that for the system to work, still no additional configuration is needed. However, this requires trust. If the owner of the domain becomes malicious, the entire wallet might be stolen. Therefore, the user is free to host his own wallet on every desired location, even *localhost* is a possiblity.

3.1.2 Publisher library

Publishers can load an external library into their website, this library communicates with the wallet, as described in 3.1.1. When the user visits the page of the publisher, the loaded library will check if there is a wallet running on that local machine. If this is not the case, it will embed the hosted instance of the wallet in an iframe.

If the connection with the wallet is established, the publisher will ask the wallet for a payment. The wallet can accept this payment and create a transaction which is sent to the blockchain network.

3.1.3 Communication

One of the challenges with this architecture it the communication and how to make sure a connection is established with a publisher that actually is legit and provides content on the users' computer.

In order to make this possible, a structure with WebRTC is proposed. WebRTC is a technology which makes it possible for different websites (even accross different computers) to communicate with eachother. The technology was invented to make real time video and audio communication possible within the browser. However, the API makes it also possible to send data over the channel.

3.1.4 Micropayments



4 Implementation

Describe the details of the actual implementation here...

5 Evaluation

The evaluation of the thesis should be described in this chapter

6 Conclusion

Describe what you did here

List of Tables

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Appendices

Appendix 1

```
1 for($i=1; $i<123; $i++)
2 {
3     echo "work harder!;)";
4 }</pre>
```