## New Larval Host Record: *Traminda* aventiaria (Lepidoptera: Geometridae) Feeds on the Critically Endangered Tree, *Serianthes nelsonii* (Leguminosae), on Guam

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In April 2018, Dr. James McConnell discovered a small looper caterpillar feeding on leaves of *Serianthes nelsonii* (Leguminosae), a critically endangered tree species [5], growing in the Guam Plant Extinction Prevention Program nursery on the University of Guam campus in Mangilao, Guam. He reared the insect into a moth and sent me images which I posted on iNaturalist [2] with a tentative identification of *Thalassodes*.

On December 29 2019, Dr. R. C. Kendrick, responded to the iNaturalist post with a species determination of *Traminda adventiaria* with a follow up comment indicating that Holloway (1997) includes Guam within the geographic range for this species. The first island record for Guam in 1936 was reported by Swezey (1946) [1] (Fig. 3) using the synonym, *Timandra aventiaria*. No other subsequent records for this species are known from Guam.

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7. Timandra aventiaria Guenée, Phal. 2:3, 1852; Hampson, Fauna Brit. India, Moths 3:459, fig. 206, 1895.

Piti, June 29, July 22, Sept. 12, 20, Oct. 23, all from slender looping caterpillars on *Pithecolobium dulce*, Swezey; Merizo, May 14, reared from caterpillar on rose, Swezey. All specimens reared.

This moth occurs throughout India, Ceylon, and Burma, and in Java, Formosa, and Australia. It is now recorded for the first time in Guam.

Figure 1: First record of *Timandra aventiaria* from Guam. Extracted from Swezey 1946 [1].

Table 1: List of *Traminda aventiaria* larval host plants from Robinson et al. 2010 [4].

Hostplant Family	Hostplant Name	Country
Gramineae		Andaman & Nicobar Is
Leguminosae	Acacia	India
Leguminosae	$Acacia\ confusa$	Hong Kong
Leguminosae	$Acacia\ pennata$	India
Leguminosae	Albizia	India
Leguminosae	Albizia	New Guinea
Umbelliferae	$Oenan the\ javanica$	West Malaysia
Leguminosae	Pithe cellobium	Guam
Leguminosae	$Pithecellobium\ dulce$	Guam
Rosaceae	Rosa	Guam



Figure 2: Timandra adventiaria. Dorsal view.



Figure 3: Timandra adventiaria Ventral view.

## References

- [1] Swezey, O.H. 1946. Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Arctiidae, Agrotidae and Pyralidae of Guam. In Insects of Guam II, Bernice P. Bishop Museum Bulletin 189, O.H. Swezey, editor. Available online at http://hbs.bishopmuseum.org/pubs-online/pdf/b189p163-185.pdf. (Accessed 2020-01-01).
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- [3] J.D.Holloway, J.D. 1997. The Moths of Borneo 10. Malayan Nature Journal. Available Online at http://www.mothsofborneo.com/part-10/timandrini/timandrini\_3\_1.php. (Accessed 2020-01-01).
- [4] Robinson, G. S., P. R. Ackery, I. J. Kitching, G. W. Beccaloni and L. M. HernÃąndez, 2010. HOSTS A Database of the World's Lepidopteran Hostplants. Natural History Museum, London. Available online at https://www.nhm.ac.uk/our-science/data/hostplants/search/index.dsml. (Accessed 2020-01-01).
- [5] Wiles, G. and E. Williams 2017. Serianthes nelsonii. The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species 2017: e.T30437A98715973. http://dx.doi.org/10.2305/IUCN.UK.2017-3. RLTS.T30437A98715973.en. (Accessed 2020-01-01).