

# Insect Pests Impacting Guam's Forests

## Forestry Nursery Workshop

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One of the penalties of an ecological education is that one lives alone in a world of wounds. Much of the damage inflicted on the land is quite invisible to laymen.

- Aldo Leopold, "Round River"

# Birds Exterminated by Brown Treesnake: Ecosystem Services Lost

- ▶ Accidentally introduced by U.S. Military in late 1940s
- ▶ Guam's forest birds are gone because of snake predation
- ▶ Ecosystem services provided by birds also gone: seed dispersal, pollination, insectivory

## Overbrowsing by Ungulates

- ▶ Much of Guam's forest is heavily damaged by deer and pigs which preferentially browse on native plants.
- ▶ Especially true on forested land occupied by the military, where hunting is prohibited. Andersen Air Force Base has deer population densities as high as anywhere in the world.

## Endemic Cycad Attacked by Asian Cycad Scale

- ▶ *Cycas micronesica* was listed as the most populous tree-sized plant (DBH>5") in the latest forest survey (Donnegan et al. 2002)
- ▶ Asian cycad scale, *Aulacaspis yasumatsui*, detected in 2003 on ornamental plants
- ▶ Infestation quickly spread to wild plants. By 2006, *C. micronesica* was placed on the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species.
- ▶ To date, 90% of Guam's *C. micronesica* have been killed.

# Coconut Palms Attacked by Coconut Rhinoceros Beetle (CRB)

- ▶ *Cocos nucifera* was listed as the 2nd most populous tree-sized plant (DBH>5") in the latest forest survey (Donnegan et al. 2002)
- ▶ CRB was detected on Guam in 2007; adults kill palms by boring into the crown to feed on sap
- ▶ To date, the CRB infestation has spread to most of central and northern Guam
- ▶ 50% tree mortality is to be expected if CRB population levels are not kept in check

And Now the Little Fire Ant? ...

# Many Invasive Species in Guam's Forests Remain Undetected

- ▶ Biological monitoring of Guam's forests is almost non-existent. We don't have a biodiversity inventory.
- ▶ Invasive species are almost always discovered accidentally, after establishment.
- ▶ Example: After the coffee berry borer (CBB) was discovered in Hawaii, I deployed a single CBB trap during Jan and Feb 2011 at a single site in a forested area on Guam. Trapped bark beetles (Scolytidae) were identified by Dr. Don Bright, Colorado State University.

**This single trap, at a single location, caught 7 species of bark beetles 4 of which were not previously reported from Guam.**

# Insects and Other Pests in the Nursery



Mark Schmaedick  
American Samoa Community  
College

# Preventing Pest Problems

1. Grow a healthy plant
2. Monitor plant conditions
3. Monitor pests and diseases

## Grow a healthy plant

Suitable pest- and disease-free  
container and medium

# Grow a healthy plant

- Watering
- Nutrition
- EC, pH

# Grow a healthy plant



Keep pests out

Incoming plants

Grow a healthy plant

Keep pests out

Incoming people

# Grow a healthy plant

- Old plants
- Sick plants
- Dead plants

# Grow a healthy plant



Weeds inside  
and outside

# Monitor plant conditions

- Watering
- Nutrition
- EC, pH
- Sick plants
- Weeds

# Monitor pests

## Overview of nursery



# Monitor pests

Check each plant species



# Monitor pests

Check some individual plants

Growing point

Leaves

Stem

Roots



# Monitor pests

Things to look for – leaf damage

- holes
- spots
- mines



# Monitor pests

Things to look for – leaf damage

- distortion
- discoloration



# Monitor pests



Things to look for –  
death of growing point  
wilting  
stunting

# Monitor pests



Things to look for –  
webbing  
frass  
slime trails



# Monitor pests

Things to look for –  
sooty mold and ants



# Some pests to watch out for



Piercing, sucking pests –  
Aphids



# Some pests to watch out for

## Piercing, sucking pests – Psyllids



Asian citrus psyllid  
(*Diaphorina citri*)



Eugenia psyllid  
(*Trioza eugeniae*)



Ifilele psyllid  
(*Insnesia glabrascuta*)

# Some pests to watch out for

Piercing, sucking pests –  
Whiteflies



Bayberry whitefly (*Parabemnesia myricae*)

# Some pests to watch out for

Piercing, sucking pests –  
Scale insects



Oleander pit scale  
(*Asterolecanium pustulans*)



Green scale  
(*Coccus viridis*)



Trilobed scale  
(*Pseudaonidia trilobitiformis*)

# Some pests to watch out for

Piercing, sucking pests –  
Mealybugs



Solenopsis mealybug (*Phenacoccus solenopsis*)

# Some pests to watch out for

Piercing, sucking pests –  
Thrips



Red-banded thrips  
(*Selenothrips rubrocinctus*)

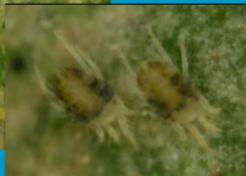
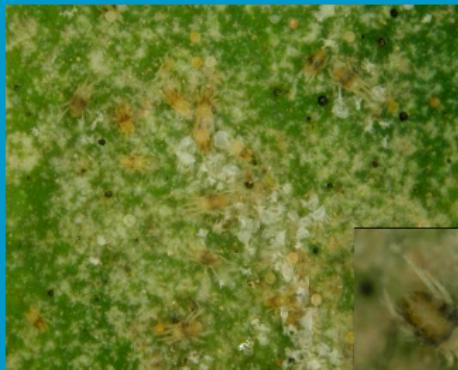


Gardenia thrips (*Thrips florum*)

# Some pests to watch out for

Piercing, sucking pests –  
Mites

Spider mites (*Tetranychus* spp.)



Tava erinose mite (*Eriophyes* sp.)



Broad mite (*Polyphagotarssonemus latus*)

# Some pests to watch out for

## Chewing pests – Caterpillars



Castor semilooper (*Achaea janata*)



Brown awl (*Badamia exclamationis*)



Citrus leafminer (*Phyllocnistis citrella*)

Geranium plume moth (*Sphenarches anisodactylus*)



# Some pests to watch out for

Chewing pests –  
Boring beetles



Black twig borer (*Xylosandrus compactus*)



Orchid weevil (*Orchidophilus aterrimus*)

# Some pests to watch out for

## Chewing pests – Slugs and snails



Giant African snail  
(*Lissachatina fulica*)



Cuban slug  
(*Veronicella cubensis*)

# Some benefitials to watch out for

## Predators



Jumping spider



Long-legged fly

# Some beneficials to watch out for

## Parasitoids



# Controlling pests

- Prevention
- Natural enemies
- Manual (removal, roguing)
- Pesticides

# Keeping pests off our islands

- Importing plant material to American Samoa
- Transporting plant material to Manu'a

# Keeping pests off our islands

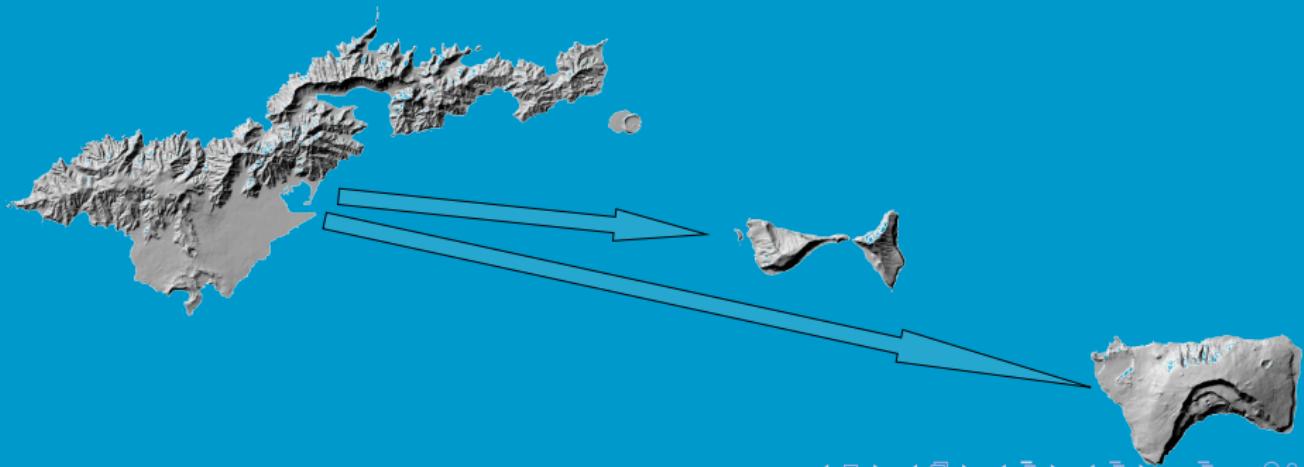
Importing plant material to American Samoa

Risk assessment

# Keeping pests off our islands

Transporting plant material to Manu'a

Risk assessment – reduce risk



# Keeping pests off our islands

## Ants



Tropical fire ant (*Solenopsis geminata*)

- Tutuila ~2002
- Aunu'u ~2010
- Manu'a ~?

# Keeping pests off our islands

## Ants



Photo by Ronald Heu, Hawai'i DoA



Photo by Walter Nagamine, Hawai'i DoA

Little fire ant (*Wasmannia auropunctata*)

- Hawai'i ~1999
- Guam ~2011
- American Samoa ~?

# Keeping pests off our islands

## Asian citrus psyllid



Image courtesy of Michael Rogers, University of Florida

# Keeping pests off our islands

Pests transferred from Tutuila to Manu'a in recent years



Seychelles scale  
*Icerya seychellarum*



Coconut mealybug  
*Nipaecoccus nipae*



Cotton lace bug  
*Corythucha gossypii*



Phantasma scale  
*Fiorinia phantasma*



Pink hibiscus mealybug  
*Maconellicoccus hirsutus*



Tropical leatherleaf slug,  
*Laevicaulis alte*

Cuban slug  
*Veronicella cubensis*

# Pests in the nursery

- Prevent pest problems
- Grow a healthy plant
- Monitor plant conditions and pests
- Learn to recognize pests and beneficials
- Avoid bringing new pests to the islands

# Selected On-line References for Forest Insect Pests on Guam

- ▶ Pest Fact Sheets (Tree Pests of the Marianas Series, etc.)  
[http://www.guaminsects.net/uogces/kbwiki/index.php?title=Fact\\_sheets](http://www.guaminsects.net/uogces/kbwiki/index.php?title=Fact_sheets)
- ▶ Guam Invasive Species Advisory Committee Wiki  
<http://www.guaminsects.net/gisac/>
- ▶ Guam Alien Species Registry  
<http://aliens.guaminsects.net/>
- ▶ Pacific Pest Detector Newsletter  
[https://www.wpdn.org/ppd\\_newsletter\\_archive](https://www.wpdn.org/ppd_newsletter_archive)
- ▶ Traditional Trees of Pacific Islands, Elevitch et al.  
<http://agroforestry.net/tti/index.html>
- ▶ Insects of Micronesia  
<http://hbs.bishopmuseum.org/pubs-online/iom.html>

# Distance Diagnostics

- ▶ Pacific Islands Distance Diagnostics and Recommendation System (PIDDRS)  
<http://www.dddi.org/pacific/>
- ▶ PestNet  
<http://www.pestnet.org/>