

ME 535 Assignment 8 - Fall 2018

Debabrata Auddya

Question 6.4: Examine the continuity between the two patches. Render these two patches and their control nets

```

clear all, close all;

% control points A for a degree 3 * 3 patch
P = [1.5 0 2.4; 1.5 -0.84 2.4; 0.84 -1.5 2.4; 0 -1.5 2.4;
     1.75 0 1.875; 1.75 -0.98 1.875; 0.98 -1.75 1.875; 0 -1.75 1.875;
     2 0 1.35; 2 -1.12 1.35; 1.12 -2 1.35; 0 -2 1.35;
     2 0 0.9; 2 -1.12 0.9; 1.12 -2 0.9; 0 -2 0.90]; % Example problem
nr = 4;
nc = 4;

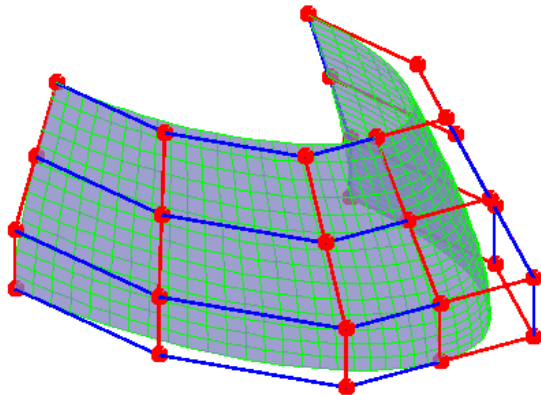
P2 = [0 -1.5000 2.4000; 0 -1.7500 1.8750; 0 -2.0000 1.3500; 0 -2.0000 0.9000;
      -0.8400 -1.5000 2.4000; -0.9800 -1.7500 1.8750; -1.1200 -2.0000 1.3500; -1.1200 -2.0000 0.9000;
      -1.5000 -0.8400 2.4000; -1.7500 -0.9800 1.8750; -2.0000 -1.1200 1.3500; -2.0000 -1.1200 0.9000;
      -1.5000 0 2.4000; -1.7500 0 1.8750; -2.0000 0 1.3500; -2.0000 0 0.9000];

% surface evaluation
u = 1/2.; v = 1/2.;
tQ = deCasteljauSurf(P,nr, nc, u, v);
tQ2 = deCasteljauSurf(P2,nr, nc, u, v);

%number of sampled points
snr = 25; % number of sampled points in row (in u direction)
snc = 15; % number of sampled points in col (in v direction)
hold on;
Q = bezierSurf(P, nr, nc, snr, snc);
Q2 = bezierSurf(P2, nr, nc, snr, snc);
%plot the surface
bezierSurfPlot(P, Q, nr, nc, snr, snc);
bezierSurfPlot(P2, Q2, nr, nc, snr, snc);
view(3)

axis off;

```



```
disp('The surfaces are C1 continuous')
```

The surfaces are C1 continuous

Question 6.5 : Cubic Bezier approximation of a circle:**a. Identify the four control points for the cubic Bezier approximation of the quarter circle**

$$q_0 = \left(\frac{x}{2}, 1\right), q_1 = \left(1, \frac{y}{2}\right)$$

$$q_2 = \left(\frac{x+1}{2}, \frac{y+1}{2}\right)$$

q_0, q_1, q_2 represent the first set of interpolated points using the deCasteljau algorithm

$$r_0 = \left(\frac{\frac{x+1}{2} + \frac{x}{2}, \frac{\frac{y+1}{2} + 1}{2}\right)$$

$$r_1 = \left(\frac{\frac{x+1}{2} + 1, \frac{\frac{y+1}{2} + \frac{y}{2}}{2}\right)$$

r_0, r_1 second set of interpolated points

$$r = \frac{r_0 + r_1}{2}$$

Solution: r is the approximated point using the same algorithm

$$\text{Since } c(0.5, 0.5) = \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right),$$

The value of x and y can be found out as

$$3x + 4 = 4\sqrt{2}$$

$$x = \frac{4(\sqrt{2} - 1)}{3} = 0.5522$$

$$\text{Similarly } y = 0.5522$$

Hence the control points are:

$$p_0 = (0, 1)$$

$$p_1 = (0.5522, 1)$$

$$p_2 = (1, 0.5522)$$

$$p_3 = (1, 0)$$

b. Find out the maximum discrepancy between the approximated quarter circle and the exact quarter circle

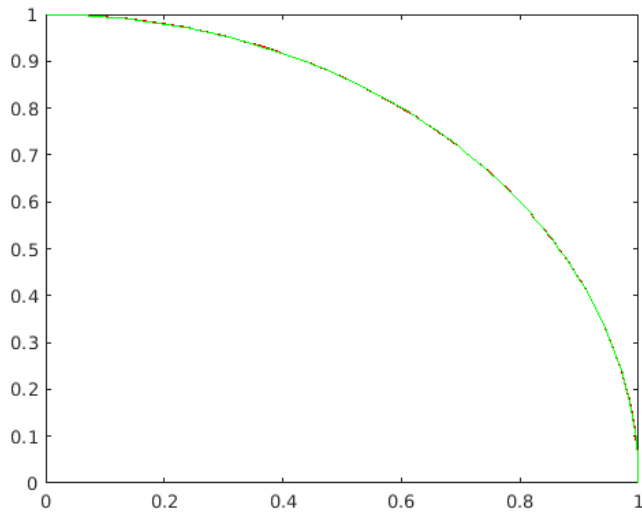
```
clear all;
close all;
u = 0:0.01:1;
y = 0*(1 - u).^3 + 0.5522*3.*u.*(1-u).^2 + 1*3*(1-u).*u.^2 + 1*u.^3;
x = 1*(1 - u).^3 + 1*3.*u.*(1-u).^2 + 0.5522*3*(1 - u).*u.^2 + 0*u.^3;
c = cos(u*pi/2);
d = sin(u*pi/2);
z = sqrt((x - c).^2 + (y - d).^2);
disp('The maximum value of discrepancy')
```

The maximum value of discrepancy

```
max(z)
```

```
ans = 0.0073
```

```
for i=1:length(z)
    if (z(i) == max(z))
        break;
    end
end
plot(x,y, 'r')
hold on
plot(c,d, 'g')
```



```
disp('The value of u at which max discrepancy occurs')
```

The value of u at which max discrepancy occurs

```
u(i)
```

```
ans = 0.2000
```

Question 6.6: Display its six components (lid, rim, body, handle, spout, bottom) separately.

Component 1: Lid

```
clear;
N = 10; % number of intervals in u and v directions

tp32BezierPatch;
% load data "vert" (3D coordinates of CPs)
% "quad" (a collection of patches, each with 16 CP indices)

quad2 = cat(3,[
    % body
    13 14 15 16 ; 49 50 51 52 ; 53 54 55 56 ; 57 58 59 60 ] , [
    16 26 27 28 ; 52 61 62 63 ; 56 64 65 66 ; 60 67 68 69 ] );

quad_rim = cat(3,[
    % rim
    1 2 3 4 ; 5 6 7 8 ; 9 10 11 12 ; 13 14 15 16 ] , [
    4 17 18 19 ; 8 20 21 22 ; 12 23 24 25 ; 16 26 27 28 ] , [
    19 29 30 31 ; 22 32 33 34 ; 25 35 36 37 ; 28 38 39 40 ] , [
    31 41 42 1 ; 34 43 44 5 ; 37 45 46 9 ; 40 47 48 13 ] );

quad_body = cat(3,[
    % body
    13 14 15 16 ; 49 50 51 52 ; 53 54 55 56 ; 57 58 59 60 ] , [
    16 26 27 28 ; 52 61 62 63 ; 56 64 65 66 ; 60 67 68 69 ] , [
    28 38 39 40 ; 63 70 71 72 ; 66 73 74 75 ; 69 76 77 78 ] , [
    40 47 48 13 ; 72 79 80 49 ; 75 81 82 53 ; 78 83 84 57 ] , [
    57 58 59 60 ; 85 86 87 88 ; 89 90 91 92 ; 93 94 95 96 ] , [
    60 67 68 69 ; 88 97 98 99 ; 92 100 101 102 ; 96 103 104 105 ] , [
    69 76 77 78 ; 99 106 107 108 ; 102 109 110 111 ; 105 112 113 114 ] , [
    78 83 84 57 ; 108 115 116 85 ; 111 117 118 89 ; 114 119 120 93 ] );

quad_handle = cat(3,[
    % handle
    121 122 123 124 ; 125 126 127 128 ; 129 130 131 132 ; 133 134 135 136 ] , [
    124 137 138 121 ; 128 139 140 125 ; 132 141 142 129 ; 136 143 144 133 ] , [
    133 134 135 136 ; 145 146 147 148 ; 149 150 151 152 ; 69 153 154 155 ] , [
    136 143 144 133 ; 148 156 157 145 ; 152 158 159 149 ; 155 160 161 69 ] );

quad_spout = cat(3,[
    % spout
    162 163 164 165 ; 166 167 168 169 ; 170 171 172 173 ; 174 175 176 177 ] , [
    165 178 179 162 ; 169 180 181 166 ; 173 182 183 170 ; 177 184 185 174 ] , [
    174 175 176 177 ; 186 187 188 189 ; 190 191 192 193 ; 194 195 196 197 ] , [
    177 184 185 174 ; 189 198 199 186 ; 193 200 201 190 ; 197 202 203 194 ] );

quad_lid = cat(3,[
    % lid
    204 204 204 204 ; 207 208 209 210 ; 211 211 211 211 ; 212 213 214 215 ] , [
    204 204 204 204 ; 210 217 218 219 ; 211 211 211 211 ; 215 220 221 222 ] , [
```

```

204 204 204 204 ; 219 224 225 226 ; 211 211 211 211 ; 222 227 228 229 ] , [
204 204 204 204 ; 226 230 231 207 ; 211 211 211 211 ; 229 232 233 212 ] , [
212 213 214 215 ; 234 235 236 237 ; 238 239 240 241 ; 242 243 244 245 ] , [
215 220 221 222 ; 237 246 247 248 ; 241 249 250 251 ; 245 252 253 254 ] , [
222 227 228 229 ; 248 255 256 257 ; 251 258 259 260 ; 254 261 262 263 ] , [
229 232 233 212 ; 257 264 265 234 ; 260 266 267 238 ; 263 268 269 242 ]);

quad_bottom = cat(3,[
    % bottom
    270 270 270 270 ; 279 280 281 282 ; 275 276 277 278 ; 271 272 273 274 ] , [
    270 270 270 270 ; 282 289 290 291 ; 278 286 287 288 ; 274 283 284 285 ] , [
    270 270 270 270 ; 291 298 299 300 ; 288 295 296 297 ; 285 292 293 294 ] , [
    270 270 270 270 ; 300 305 306 279 ; 297 303 304 275 ; 294 301 302 271 ]);

quad_test = cat(3,[
    % rotation
    57 58 59 60 ; 85 86 87 88 ; 89 90 91 92 ; 93 94 95 96 ] , [
    60 67 68 69 ; 88 97 98 99 ; 92 100 101 102 ; 96 103 104 105 ] , [
    69 76 77 78 ; 99 106 107 108 ; 102 109 110 111 ; 105 112 113 114 ] , [
    78 83 84 57 ; 108 115 116 85 ; 111 117 118 89 ; 114 119 120 93 ] , [
    270 270 270 270 ; 279 280 281 282 ; 275 276 277 278 ; 271 272 273 274 ] , [
    270 270 270 270 ; 282 289 290 291 ; 278 286 287 288 ; 274 283 284 285 ] , [
    270 270 270 270 ; 291 298 299 300 ; 288 295 296 297 ; 285 292 293 294 ] , [
    270 270 270 270 ; 300 305 306 279 ; 297 303 304 275 ; 294 301 302 271 ]);

DisplayCP = true;

quads = quad_lid; % rotation
%quads = quad_spout; % tube
%quads = quad_handle; % tube
%quads = quad_body; % rotation
%quads = cat(3, quad_body, quad_spout); % for C1 inspection
%quads = quad2;

CtrlPt=zeros(4,4,3); % CP for one bicubic patch
xyz=zeros((N+1),(N+1),3);
bu=zeros(1, 4);
bv=zeros(1, 4);
figure(1)
clf; hold on;
axis equal;
axis off;
for k=1:size(quads,3)
    % get k-th patch's control points
    for i=1:4
        for j=1:4
            for l=1:3
                CtrlPt(i,j,l)=verts(quads(i,j,k),l);
            end
        end
    end

    % compute (N+1)*(N+1) surface points
    for i=1:N+1
        for j=1:N+1
            u= 0.0 + (i-1)*1.0/N;
            v= 0.0 + (j-1)*1.0/N;
            u_ = 1.0 - u;
            u2=u*u;
            % cubic Bernstein polynomials in u
            bu(1)=u*u2;
            bu(2)=3.0*u2*u_;
            bu(3)=3.0*u*u_*u_;
            bu(4)=u_*u_*u_;
            v_ = 1.0 - v;
            v2=v*v;
            % cubic Bernstein polynomials in v
            bv(1)=v*v2; bv(2)=3.0*v2*v_; bv(3)=3.0*v*v_*v_; bv(4)=v_*v_*v_;
            % patch evaluation for x, y, and z
            for kk=1:3
                tmp = 0.0;
                % add 4*4 control points' contribution
                for ii = 1:4
                    for jj = 1:4
                        tmp = tmp + bu(ii) * bv(jj) * CtrlPt(ii,jj,kk);
                    end
                end
                xyz(i,j,kk) = tmp;
            end
        end
    end
end
end

```

```

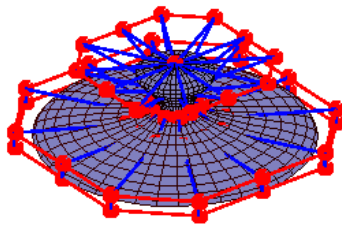
end
% plot the patch
p = surf(xyz(:, :, 1), xyz(:, :, 2), xyz(:, :, 3));
p.EdgeColor = k * [1, 0, 0] / 32; % 'green'; % 0.5 * [1 1 1]
p.FaceAlpha = 1; % 0.75;
p.FaceColor = [0.5 0.5 0.75];

% plot the control net
% CtrlPt: 4*4*3
% reshape(CtrlPt, [16, 3]) to get 16*3 CP representation.
if DisplayCP == true
    for i = 1:4
        plot3(CtrlPt(i, :, 1), CtrlPt(i, :, 2), CtrlPt(i, :, 3), '-ro', 'linewidth', 2, 'MarkerFaceColor', 'r', 'MarkerSize', 8);
    end

    for i = 1:4
        plot3(CtrlPt(:, i, 1), CtrlPt(:, i, 2), CtrlPt(:, i, 3), '-b', 'linewidth', 2);
    end
end

% camlight
end
% shading interp
% colormap(bone);
% camlight
view(3)
hold off;

```



Component 2: Rim

```

quads = quad_rim;
CtrlPt = zeros(4, 4, 3); % CP for one bicubic patch
xyz = zeros((N+1), (N+1), 3);
bu = zeros(1, 4);
bv = zeros(1, 4);
figure(1)
clf; hold on;
axis equal;
axis off;
for k = 1:size(quads, 3)
    % get k-th patch's control points
    for i = 1:4
        for j = 1:4
            for l = 1:3
                CtrlPt(i, j, l) = verts(quads(i, j, k), l);
            end
        end
    end

    % compute (N+1)*(N+1) surface points
    for i = 1:N+1
        for j = 1:N+1
            u = 0.0 + (i-1)*1.0/N;
            v = 0.0 + (j-1)*1.0/N;
            u_ = 1.0 - u;

```

```

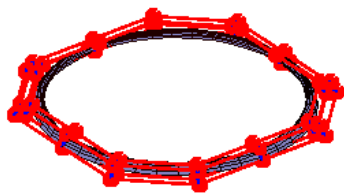
u2=u*u;
% cubic Bernstein polynomials in u
bu(1)=u*u2;
bu(2)=3.0*u2*u_;
bu(3)=3.0*u*u_*u_;
bu(4)=u_*u_*u_;
v_ = 1.0 - v;
v2=v*v;
% cubic Bernstein polynomials in v
bv(1)=v*v2; bv(2)=3.0*v2*v_; bv(3)=3.0*v*v_*v_; bv(4)=v_*v_*v_;
% patch evaluation for x, y, and z
for kk=1:3
    tmp = 0.0;
    % add 4*4 control points' contribution
    for ii = 1:4
        for jj = 1:4
            tmp = tmp + bu(ii) * bv(jj) * CtrlPt(ii,jj,kk);
        end
    end
    xyz(i,j,kk) = tmp;
end
end
% plot the patch
p = surf(xyz(:, :, 1), xyz(:, :, 2), xyz(:, :, 3));
p.EdgeColor=k*[1,0,0]/32; %'green'; %0.5*[1 1 1]
p.FaceAlpha=1; %0.75;
p.FaceColor = [0.5 0.5 0.75];

% plot the control net
% CtrlPt: 4*4*3
% reshape(CtrlPt,[16,3]) to get 16*3 CP representation.
if DisplayCP == true
    for i=1:4
        plot3(CtrlPt(i, :, 1), CtrlPt(i, :, 2), CtrlPt(i, :, 3), '-ro', 'linewidth', 2, 'MarkerFaceColor', 'r', 'MarkerSize', 8);
    end

    for i=1:4
        plot3(CtrlPt(:, i, 1), CtrlPt(:, i, 2), CtrlPt(:, i, 3), '-b', 'linewidth', 2);
    end
end

%camlight
end
% shading interp
% colormap(bone);
%camlight
view(3)
hold off;

```



Component 3: Body

```

quads = quad_body;
CtrlPt=zeros(4,4,3); % CP for one bicubic patch
xyz=zeros((N+1),(N+1),3);

```

```

bu=zeros(1, 4);
bv=zeros(1, 4);
figure(1)
clf; hold on;
axis equal;
axis off;
for k=1:size(quads,3)
    % get k-th patch's control points
    for i=1:4
        for j=1:4
            for l=1:3
                CtrlPt(i,j,l)=verts(quads(i,j,k),l);
            end
        end
    end

    % compute (N+1)*(N+1) surface points
    for i=1:N+1
        for j=1:N+1
            u= 0.0 + (i-1)*1.0/N;
            v= 0.0 + (j-1)*1.0/N;
            u_ = 1.0 - u;
            u2=u*u;
            % cubic Bernstein polynomials in u
            bu(1)=u*u2;
            bu(2)=3.0*u2*u_;
            bu(3)=3.0*u*u_*u_;
            bu(4)=u_*u_*u_;
            v_ = 1.0 - v;
            v2=v*v;
            % cubic Bernstein polynomials in v
            bv(1)=v*v2; bv(2)=3.0*v2*v_; bv(3)=3.0*v*v_*v_; bv(4)=v_*v_*v_;
            % patch evaluation for x, y, and z
            for kk=1:3
                tmp = 0.0;
                % add 4*4 control points' contribution
                for ii = 1:4
                    for jj = 1:4
                        tmp = tmp + bu(ii) * bv(jj) * CtrlPt(ii,jj,kk);
                    end
                end
                xyz(i,j,kk) = tmp;
            end
        end
    end

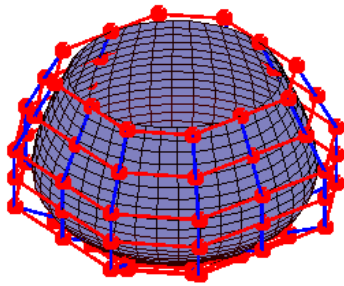
    % plot the patch
    p = surf(xyz(:,:,1),xyz(:,:,2),xyz(:,:,3));
    p.EdgeColor=k*[1,0,0]/32; %'green'; %0.5*[1 1 1]
    p.FaceAlpha=1; %0.75;
    p.FaceColor = [0.5 0.5 0.75];

    % plot the control net
    % CtrlPt: 4*4*3
    % reshape(CtrlPt,[16,3]) to get 16*3 CP representation.
    if DisplayCP == true
        for i=1:4
            plot3(CtrlPt(i,:,1),CtrlPt(i,:,2), CtrlPt(i,:,3),'-ro', 'linewidth',2,'MarkerFaceColor', 'r', 'MarkerSize',8);
        end

        for i=1:4
            plot3(CtrlPt(:,i,1),CtrlPt(:,i,2), CtrlPt(:,i,3),'-b', 'linewidth',2);
        end
    end

    %camlight
end
% shading interp
% colormap(bone);
%camlight
view(3)
hold off;

```



Component 4: Handle

```

quads = quad_handle;
CtrlPt=zeros(4,4,3); % CP for one bicubic patch
xyz=zeros((N+1),(N+1),3);
bu=zeros(1, 4);
bv=zeros(1, 4);
figure(1)
clf; hold on;
axis equal;
axis off;
for k=1:size(quads,3)
    % get k-th patch's control points
    for i=1:4
        for j=1:4
            for l=1:3
                CtrlPt(i,j,l)=verts(quads(i,j,k),l);
            end
        end
    end

    % compute (N+1)*(N+1) surface points
    for i=1:N+1
        for j=1:N+1
            u= 0.0 + (i-1)*1.0/N;
            v= 0.0 + (j-1)*1.0/N;
            u_ = 1.0 - u;
            u2=u*u;
            % cubic Bernstein polynomials in u
            bu(1)=u*u2;
            bu(2)=3.0*u2*u_;
            bu(3)=3.0*u*u_*u_;
            bu(4)=u_*u_*u_;
            v_ = 1.0 - v;
            v2=v*v;
            % cubic Bernstein polynomials in v
            bv(1)=v*v2; bv(2)=3.0*v2*v_; bv(3)=3.0*v*v_*v_; bv(4)=v_*v_*v_;
            % patch evaluation for x, y, and z
            for kk=1:3
                tmp = 0.0;
                % add 4*4 control points' contribution
                for ii = 1:4
                    for jj = 1:4
                        tmp = tmp + bu(ii) * bv(jj) * CtrlPt(ii,jj,kk);
                    end
                end
                xyz(i,j,kk) = tmp;
            end
        end
    end

    % plot the patch
    p = surf(xyz(:,:,1),xyz(:,:,2),xyz(:,:,3));
    p.EdgeColor=k*[1,0,0]/32; %'green'; %0.5*[1 1 1]
    p.FaceAlpha=1; %0.75;
    p.FaceColor = [0.5 0.5 0.75];

```



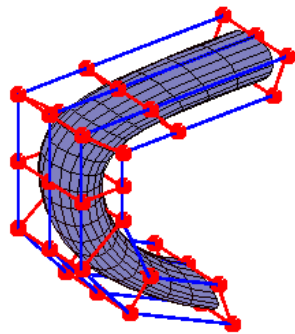
```

% plot the control net
% CtrlPt: 4*4*3
% reshape(CtrlPt,[16,3]) to get 16*3 CP representation.
if DisplayCP == true
    for i=1:4
        plot3(CtrlPt(i,:,1),CtrlPt(i,:,2), CtrlPt(i,:,3),'-ro', 'linewidth',2,'MarkerFaceColor', 'r', 'MarkerSize',8);
    end

    for i=1:4
        plot3(CtrlPt(:,i,1),CtrlPt(:,i,2), CtrlPt(:,i,3),'-b', 'linewidth',2);
    end
end

%camlight
end
% shading interp
% colormap(bone);
%camlight
view(3)
hold off;

```



Component 5: Spout

```

quads = quad_spout;
CtrlPt=zeros(4,4,3); % CP for one bicubic patch
xyz=zeros((N+1),(N+1),3);
bu=zeros(1, 4);
bv=zeros(1, 4);
figure(1)
clf; hold on;
axis equal;
axis off;
for k=1:size(quads,3)
    % get k-th patch's control points
    for i=1:4
        for j=1:4
            for l=1:3
                CtrlPt(i,j,l)=verts(quads(i,j,k),l);
            end
        end
    end

    % compute (N+1)*(N+1) surface points
    for i=1:N+1
        for j=1:N+1
            u= 0.0 + (i-1)*1.0/N;
            v= 0.0 + (j-1)*1.0/N;
            u_ = 1.0 - u;
            u2=u*u;
            % cubic Bernstein polynomials in u
            bu(1)=u*u2;
            bu(2)=3.0*u2*u_;
            bu(3)=3.0*u*u_*u_;
            bu(4)=u_*u_*u_;

```

```

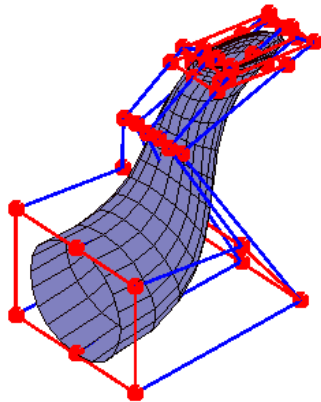
v_ = 1.0 - v;
v2=v*v;
% cubic Bernstein polynomials in u
bv(1)=v*v2; bv(2)=3.0*v2*v_; bv(3)=3.0*v*v_*v_; bv(4)=v_*v_*v_;
% patch evaluation for x, y, and z
for kk=1:3
    tmp = 0.0;
    % add 4*4 control points' contribution
    for ii = 1:4
        for jj = 1:4
            tmp = tmp + bu(ii) * bv(jj) * CtrlPt(ii,jj,kk);
        end
    end
    xyz(i,j,kk) = tmp;
end
end
end
% plot the patch
p = surf(xyz(:, :, 1), xyz(:, :, 2), xyz(:, :, 3));
p.EdgeColor=k*[1,0,0]/32; %'green'; %0.5*[1 1 1]
p.FaceAlpha=1; %0.75;
p.FaceColor = [0.5 0.5 0.75];

% plot the control net
% CtrlPt: 4*4*3
% reshape(CtrlPt,[16,3]) to get 16*3 CP representation.
if DisplayCP == true
    for i=1:4
        plot3(CtrlPt(i, :, 1), CtrlPt(i, :, 2), CtrlPt(i, :, 3), '-ro', 'linewidth', 2, 'MarkerFaceColor', 'r', 'MarkerSize', 8);
    end

    for i=1:4
        plot3(CtrlPt(:, i, 1), CtrlPt(:, i, 2), CtrlPt(:, i, 3), '-b', 'linewidth', 2);
    end
end

%camlight
end
% shading interp
% colormap(bone);
%camlight
view(3)
hold off;

```



Component 6: Bottom

```

quads = quad_bottom;
CtrlPt=zeros(4,4,3); % CP for one bicubic patch
xyz=zeros((N+1),(N+1),3);
bu=zeros(1, 4);
bv=zeros(1, 4);
figure(1)
clf; hold on;
axis equal;
axis off;

```

```

for k=1:size(quads,3)
    % get k-th patch's control points
    for i=1:4
        for j=1:4
            for l=1:3
                CtrlPt(i,j,l)=verts(quads(i,j,k),l);
            end
        end
    end

    % compute (N+1)*(N+1) surface points
    for i=1:N+1
        for j=1:N+1
            u= 0.0 + (i-1)*1.0/N;
            v= 0.0 + (j-1)*1.0/N;
            u_ = 1.0 - u;
            u2=u*u;
            % cubic Bernstein polynomials in u
            bu(1)=u*u2;
            bu(2)=3.0*u2*u_;
            bu(3)=3.0*u*u_*u_;
            bu(4)=u_*u_*u_;
            v_ = 1.0 - v;
            v2=v*v;
            % cubic Bernstein polynomials in v
            bv(1)=v*v2; bv(2)=3.0*v2*v_; bv(3)=3.0*v*v_*v_; bv(4)=v_*v_*v_;
            % patch evaluation for x, y, and z
            for kk=1:3
                tmp = 0.0;
                % add 4*4 control points' contribution
                for ii = 1:4
                    for jj = 1:4
                        tmp = tmp + bu(ii) * bv(jj) * CtrlPt(ii,jj,kk);
                    end
                end
                xyz(i,j,kk) = tmp;
            end
        end
    end

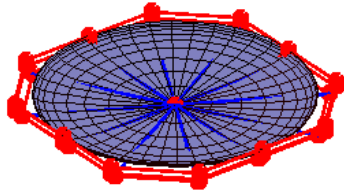
    % plot the patch
    p = surf(xyz(:, :, 1), xyz(:, :, 2), xyz(:, :, 3));
    p.EdgeColor=k*[1,0,0]/32; %'green'; %0.5*[1 1 1]
    p.FaceAlpha=1; %0.75;
    p.FaceColor = [0.5 0.5 0.75];

    % plot the control net
    % CtrlPt: 4*4*3
    % reshape(CtrlPt,[16,3]) to get 16*3 CP representation.
    if DisplayCP == true
        for i=1:4
            plot3(CtrlPt(i, :, 1), CtrlPt(i, :, 2), CtrlPt(i, :, 3), '-ro', 'linewidth', 2, 'MarkerFaceColor', 'r', 'MarkerSize', 8);
        end

        for i=1:4
            plot3(CtrlPt(:, i, 1), CtrlPt(:, i, 2), CtrlPt(:, i, 3), '-b', 'linewidth', 2);
        end
    end

    %camlight
end
% shading interp
% colormap(bone);
%camlight
view(3)
hold off;

```



Question 6.6b: Smoothness order in the handle and the body

```

quads = cat(3, quad_body, quad_handle);
CtrlPt=zeros(4,4,3); % CP for one bicubic patch
xyz=zeros((N+1),(N+1),3);
bu=zeros(1, 4);
bv=zeros(1, 4);
figure(1)
clf; hold on;
axis equal;
axis off;
for k=1:size(quads,3)
    % get k-th patch's control points
    for i=1:4
        for j=1:4
            for l=1:3
                CtrlPt(i,j,l)=verts(quads(i,j,k),l);
            end
        end
    end

    % compute (N+1)*(N+1) surface points
    for i=1:N+1
        for j=1:N+1
            u= 0.0 + (i-1)*1.0/N;
            v= 0.0 + (j-1)*1.0/N;
            u_ = 1.0 - u;
            u2=u*u;
            % cubic Bernstein polynomials in u
            bu(1)=u*u2;
            bu(2)=3.0*u2*u_;
            bu(3)=3.0*u*u_*u_;
            bu(4)=u_*u_*u_;
            v_ = 1.0 - v;
            v2=v*v;
            % cubic Bernstein polynomials in v
            bv(1)=v*v2; bv(2)=3.0*v2*v_; bv(3)=3.0*v*v_*v_; bv(4)=v_*v_*v_;
            % patch evaluation for x, y, and z
            for kk=1:3
                tmp = 0.0;
                % add 4*4 control points' contribution
                for ii = 1:4
                    for jj = 1:4
                        tmp = tmp + bu(ii) * bv(jj) * CtrlPt(ii,jj,kk);
                    end
                end
                xyz(i,j,kk) = tmp;
            end
        end
    end

    % plot the patch
    p = surf(xyz(:,:,1),xyz(:,:,2),xyz(:,:,3));
    p.EdgeColor=k*[1,0,0]/32; %'green'; %0.5*[1 1 1]
    p.FaceAlpha=1; %0.75;
    p.FaceColor = [0.5 0.5 0.75];

```

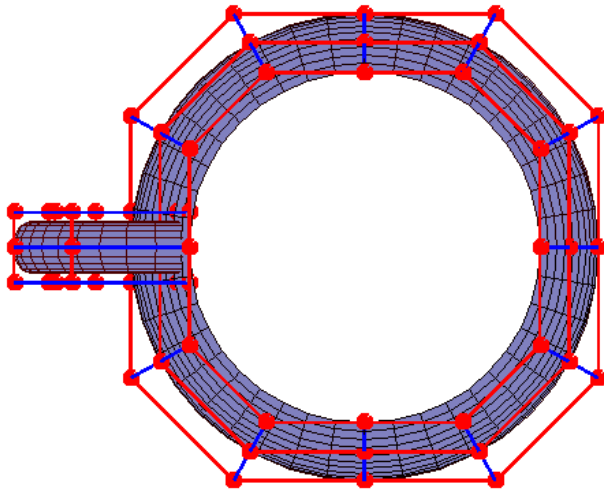
```

% plot the control net
% CtrlPt: 4*4*3
% reshape(CtrlPt,[16,3]) to get 16*3 CP representation.
if DisplayCP == true
    for i=1:4
        plot3(CtrlPt(i,:,1),CtrlPt(i,:,2), CtrlPt(i,:,3),'-ro', 'linewidth',2,'MarkerFaceColor', 'r', 'MarkerSize',8);
    end

    for i=1:4
        plot3(CtrlPt(:,i,1),CtrlPt(:,i,2), CtrlPt(:,i,3),'-b', 'linewidth',2);
    end
end

%camlight
end
% shading interp
% colormap(bone);
%camlight
hold off;

```



```
disp('We can see from inspection that the continuity between the handle and the body is C0');
```

We can see from inspection that the continuity between the handle and the body is C_0

```
disp('Meaning the curve is just continuous, there is no derivative continuity between them');
```

Meaning the curve is just continuous, there is no derivative continuity between them

```
disp('It isnt C1 continuous')
```

It isnt C_1 continuous

Question 6.6c: Use bicubic Bézier patches to model a rotational object of your choice. Submit control points coordinates and connectivity in the same file format as the provided data file.

```

testRotationPatch;
quads = quads_rot;
CtrlPt=zeros(4,4,3); % CP for one bicubic patch
xyz=zeros((N+1),(N+1),3);
bu=zeros(1, 4);
bv=zeros(1, 4);
figure(1)
clf; hold on;
axis equal;
axis off;
for k=1:size(quads,3)
    % get k-th patch's control points
    for i=1:4
        for j=1:4
            for l=1:3
                CtrlPt(i,j,l)=verts(quads(i,j,k),l);
            end
        end
    end
end
end

```

```

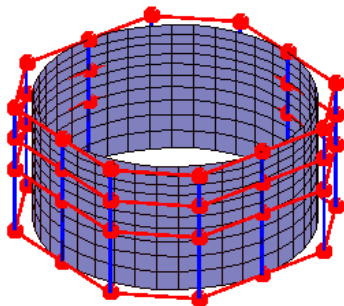
% compute (N+1)*(N+1) surface points
for i=1:N+1
    for j=1:N+1
        u= 0.0 + (i-1)*1.0/N;
        v= 0.0 + (j-1)*1.0/N;
        u_ = 1.0 - u;
        u2=u*u;
        % cubic Bernstein polynomials in u
        bu(1)=u*u2;
        bu(2)=3.0*u2*u_;
        bu(3)=3.0*u*u_*u_;
        bu(4)=u_*u_*u_;
        v_ = 1.0 - v;
        v2=v*v;
        % cubic Bernstein polynomials in v
        bv(1)=v*v2; bv(2)=3.0*v2*v_; bv(3)=3.0*v*v_*v_; bv(4)=v_*v_*v_;
        % patch evaluation for x, y, and z
        for kk=1:3
            tmp = 0.0;
            % add 4*4 control points' contribution
            for ii = 1:4
                for jj = 1:4
                    tmp = tmp + bu(ii) * bv(jj) * CtrlPt(ii,jj,kk);
                end
            end
            xyz(i,j,kk) = tmp;
        end
    end
end
% plot the patch
p = surf(xyz(:, :, 1), xyz(:, :, 2), xyz(:, :, 3));
p.EdgeColor=k*[1,0,0]/32; %'green'; %0.5*[1 1 1]
p.FaceAlpha=1; %0.75;
p.FaceColor = [0.5 0.5 0.75];

% plot the control net
% CtrlPt: 4*4*3
% reshape(CtrlPt,[16,3]) to get 16*3 CP representation.
if DisplayCP == true
    for i=1:4
        plot3(CtrlPt(i, :, 1), CtrlPt(i, :, 2), CtrlPt(i, :, 3), '-ro', 'linewidth', 2, 'MarkerFaceColor', 'r', 'MarkerSize', 8);
    end

    for i=1:4
        plot3(CtrlPt(:, i, 1), CtrlPt(:, i, 2), CtrlPt(:, i, 3), '-b', 'linewidth', 2);
    end
end

%camlight
end
% shading interp
% colormap(bone);
%camlight
hold off;
view(3)

```



Question 6.6d: Use bicubic Bézier patches to model a three-dimensional tubular object of your choice. Submit control points coordinates and connectivity in the same file format as the provided data file.

```
testTubePatch;
quads = quads_tube;
CtrlPt=zeros(4,4,3); % CP for one bicubic patch
xyz=zeros((N+1),(N+1),3);
bu=zeros(1, 4);
bv=zeros(1, 4);
figure(1)
clf; hold on;
axis equal;
axis off;
for k=1:size(quads,3)
    % get k-th patch's control points
    for i=1:4
        for j=1:4
            for l=1:3
                CtrlPt(i,j,l)=verts(quads(i,j,k),l);
            end
        end
    end

    % compute (N+1)*(N+1) surface points
    for i=1:N+1
        for j=1:N+1
            u= 0.0 + (i-1)*1.0/N;
            v= 0.0 + (j-1)*1.0/N;
            u_ = 1.0 - u;
            u2=u*u;
            % cubic Bernstein polynomials in u
            bu(1)=u*u2;
            bu(2)=3.0*u2*u_;
            bu(3)=3.0*u*u_*u_;
            bu(4)=u_*u_*u_;
            v_ = 1.0 - v;
            v2=v*v;
            % cubic Bernstein polynomials in v
            bv(1)=v*v2; bv(2)=3.0*v2*v_; bv(3)=3.0*v*v_*v_; bv(4)=v_*v_*v_;
            % patch evaluation for x, y, and z
            for kk=1:3
                tmp = 0.0;
                % add 4*4 control points' contribution
                for ii = 1:4
                    for jj = 1:4
                        tmp = tmp + bu(ii) * bv(jj) * CtrlPt(ii,jj,kk);
                    end
                end
                xyz(i,j,kk) = tmp;
            end
        end
    end

    % plot the patch
    p = surf(xyz(:, :, 1), xyz(:, :, 2), xyz(:, :, 3));
    p.EdgeColor=k*[1,0,0]/32; %'green'; %0.5*[1 1 1]
    p.FaceAlpha=1; %0.75;
    p.FaceColor = [0.5 0.5 0.75];

    % plot the control net
    % CtrlPt: 4*4*3
    % reshape(CtrlPt,[16,3]) to get 16*3 CP representation.
    if DisplayCP == true
        for i=1:4
            plot3(CtrlPt(i, :, 1), CtrlPt(i, :, 2), CtrlPt(i, :, 3), '-ro', 'linewidth', 2, 'MarkerFaceColor', 'r', 'MarkerSize', 8);
        end

        for i=1:4
            plot3(CtrlPt(:, i, 1), CtrlPt(:, i, 2), CtrlPt(:, i, 3), '-b', 'linewidth', 2);
        end
    end

    %camlight
end
% shading interp
% colormap(bone);
%camlight
hold off;
view(3)
```

