



Foxit PDF Android SDK Tutorial – Reflow Demo

Contents

Prerequisites	3
Developer Audience	3
Supported Environments	3
Overview	3
Purpose.....	3
Setup.....	3
Demo Functionalities.....	5
Initialize the environment	5
Initialize data	6
Render the PDF page	6
UI reflow option.....	6
Parse the reflow layer and render the reflow layer.....	6
Turn off the reflow effect.....	7

Prerequisites

Developer Audience

This document is targeted towards Android developers using the SDK to add PDF functionality to Android applications. It assumes that the developer is familiar with C/C++ and Java.

Supported Environments

Platform	Operating System	Compiler
Android	Android 2.2 and newer.	android-ndk-r7 and newer.

Overview

Purpose

This document explains how Android reflow demo works. This demo will specifically render another layer over the basic page layer.

Setup

- 1) Download and install the Eclipse IDE (<http://www.eclipse.org/>), the Android SDK, ADT plugin for Eclipse, and the Android NDK (<http://developer.android.com/sdk/index.html>).
 - a) For Windows use, also download and install Cygwin (<http://www.cygwin.com/>). During Cygwin setup, make sure to include the "Devel -> make" package.
- 2) Download the Foxit embedded SDK Package.
- 3) Extract the provided fpdfemb_android_examples.zip to any directory.

- 4) Place the Foxit embedded SDK library and header files in
fpdfemb_android_examples/demos/bin and include directory.
- 5) Build the NDK layer.
- a) Open the Android.mk makefile in fpdfemb_android_examples/demos/demo(like
"demo_view")/jni/ in a text editor and fill in the Foxit library name in the area
designated for LOCAL_LDLIBS, dropping the lib prefix:

The demo is shipped as:

LOCAL_LDLIBS += \$(LOCAL_PATH)/../bin/**# fill in library name here**

To add downloaded **libfoxit.a** from step 1, fill in as:

LOCAL_LDLIBS := \$(LOCAL_PATH)/../bin/**libfoxit.a**

If the library provide is not named "libfoxit.a" please adjust accordingly.

- b) Open Cygwin (Windows), or a terminal (Linux based), and navigate to the
fpdfemb_android_examples/demos/demo(like "demo_view") directory. Run
"ndk-build -B" to build the NDK/JNI layer.

Example:

me@myStation /myProjectPath/ > ndk-build -B

This assumes that the ndk directory is part of the \$PATH environment variable. The command can also be qualified with the path to the NDK directory.

- c) The "ndk-build" script will automatically place the finished NDK layer in the form of a shared object (.so) in the fpdfemb_android_examples/demos/demo(like
"demo_view")/libs/armeabi/ directory.

- 6) Import the project into Eclipse through File->Import->Existing Project into
Workspace, and choose the directory where the demo was extracted.
- 7) Eclipse builds automatically.
 - a) If the NDK/JNI code is changed, it will need to be rebuilt by following steps 5b
and 5c. After rebuilding the Eclipse project must be cleaned (Project -> Clean) to
allow Eclipse to rebuild your sample. Hairy and unwanted things can occur if this
is not done.

NOTE: If you encounter this error message in the "Console" tab in Eclipse,

**ERROR: Unable to open class file [full path to extracted demo files]\gen\com\[foxit
demo]\frontend\R.java: No such file or directory.**

Try regenerating the entire \gen folder by making a change to one of the files. For example,

- a) In Eclipse, click on /res/layout/main.xml
 - b) Make the following change and save it,
Android:layout_height="fill_parent" to
Android:layout_height="fill"
 - c) Now change it back to "fill_parent" and save it. This results in no change to main.xml but you should have generated a new /gen folder.
 - d) The demo project should build now.
 - e) If the project does build try Step 7a to clean the project resources.
- 8) Push the finished foxitSample apk to a device/emulator.
- a) Make sure you have a device/emulator ready either by firing off an Android Virtual Device or having an Android phone/tablet plugged in with Settings->Applications->Development->USB Debugging enabled.
 - b) In Eclipse, choose Run->Run to push the foxitSample onto the device. The sample will automatically launch.

Note: If you encounter this error message in the "Console" tab in Eclipse,
"Android requires .class compatibility set to 5.0. Please fix project properties"

Try fixing the project properties. Right click on the demo project, select Android Tools, and then select Fix Properties.

Demo Functionalities

Call the interface FPDF_Reflow_AllocPage to allocate a reflow page, analyze target PDF page and get reflow content. Then Call the interface FPDF_Reflow_StartRender to render reflow content into an FS_BITMAP object. Draw the bitmap onto the Android screen. Please refer to the following example.

Initialize the environment

//Initialize the memory, initialize the library and unlock the SDK with given s/n.

```
EMBJavaSupport.FSMemInitFixedMemory(initMemSize);  
EMBJavaSupport.FSInitLibrary(0);
```

```
EMBJavaSupport.FSUnlock("XXXXXXXXXX",  
"XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX");
```

Initialize data

//Make sure the document handler and the page handler exist.

```
docHandle = EMBJavaSupport.FPDFDocLoad(fileAccessHandle,password);  
pageHandles[pageIndex]=  
EMBJavaSupport.FPDFPageLoad(docHandle,pageIndex);
```

Render the PDF page

// Just render the PDF page

```
this.RenderPage(pageIndex,bm,0,0,xScaleFactor,yScaleFactor,rotateFlag,0,null  
,0);
```

UI reflow option

// User will turn on or off the reflow effect through UI

```
switch (item.getItemId())  
{  
    case REFLOW_ON:  
        ...  
    case REFLOW_OFF:  
        ...  
}
```

Parse the reflow layer and render the reflow layer

// Parse the reflow layer

```
nPageCurReflowPageHandler = EMBJavaSupport.FPDFReflowAllocPage();  
EMBJavaSupport.FPDFReflowStartParse(nPageCurReflowPageHandler,  
nPDFCurPageHandler, nPageWidth, nPageHeight, 0, 0);
```

```
// Render the reflow layer
```

```
EMBJavaSupport.FPDFReflowStartRender(dib, nPageCurReflowPageHandler, 0, 0,  
displayWidth, displayHeight, 0,0);
```

Turn off the reflow effect

// When rendering only with the basic PDF rendering, the reflow layer is not rendered. This rendering call will cancel the reflow effect

```
EMBJavaSupport.FPDFRenderPageStart(dib, nPDFCurPageHandler, 0, 0, displayWidth,  
displayHeight, 0, 0, null, 0);
```