Linear Regression

Linear Regression

- Predict the value of a variable depending on the value of another variable
- Simplest form: Calculate slope (m) and intersection (x) to fit equation

$$y = m * x + c$$

- Tools and libraries:
 - Scipy.polyfit()
 - Numpy.polyfit()
 - numpy.linalg.lstsq()
 - Scipy.stats.linregress
 - statsmodels
 - Seaborn regplot (plot only)

Linear Regression - Dataset

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```
In [4]: df = pd.read_csv('data/cafe.csv', parse_dates=['date'])
    df.head(3)
```

Out[4]:

	date	temperature	sold_icecream	sold_cups_coffee	sold_coke
0	2018-06-29	28	40	57	44
1	2018-06-30	25	36	61	19
2	2018-07-01	31	45	53	15

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In [5]: df.corr()

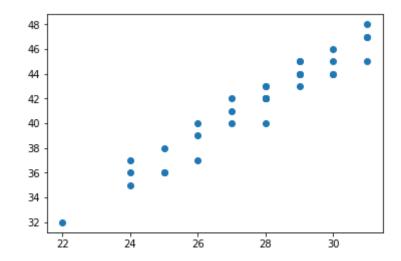
Out[5]:

	temperature	sold_icecream	sold_cups_coffee	sold_coke
temperature	1.000000	0.966549	-0.932512	0.002587
sold_icecream	0.966549	1.000000	-0.934670	-0.002490
sold_cups_coffee	-0.932512	-0.934670	1.000000	0.093498
sold_coke	0.002587	-0.002490	0.093498	1.000000

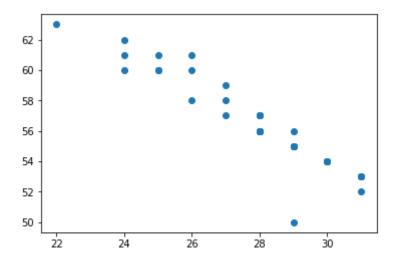
Scatter Plots

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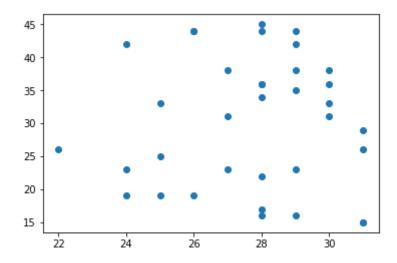
```
In [5]: temperature = df['temperature']
    sold_icecream = df['sold_icecream']
    plt.scatter(temperature, sold_icecream);
```



```
In [7]: sold_coffee = df['sold_cups_coffee']
  plt.scatter(temperature, sold_coffee);
```



```
In [6]: sold_coke = df['sold_coke']
   plt.scatter(temperature, sold_coke);
```



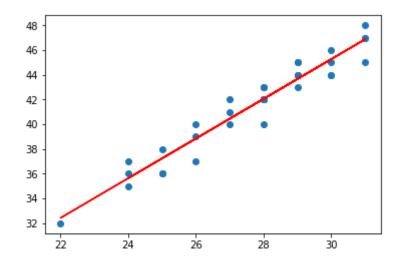
- numpy.polyfit()
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```
In [9]: m, c = np.polyfit(temperature, sold_icecream, 1)
    print(f'm={m}, c={c}')

plt.scatter(temperature, sold_icecream);
    plt.plot(temperature, m * temperature + c, 'r');
```

m=1.60646687697161, c=-2.9220820189274543



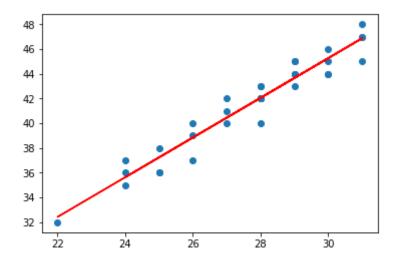
• Module numpy.linalg

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```
In [12]: a = np.vstack([temperature, np.ones(len(temperature))]).T
    m, c = np.linalg.lstsq(a, sold_icecream, rcond=None)[0]
    print(f'm={m}, c={c}')

plt.scatter(temperature, sold_icecream);
    plt.plot(temperature, m*temperature + c, 'r');
```

m=1.6064668769716095, c=-2.9220820189274526



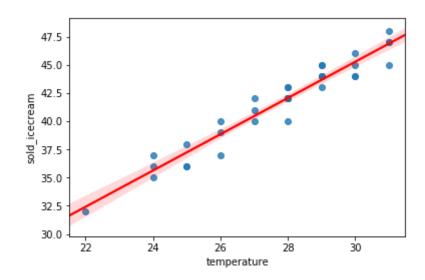
Linear Regression with Seaborn

- Plots the regression line and the confidence interval
- There is no way to get back the calculated coefficients and stats

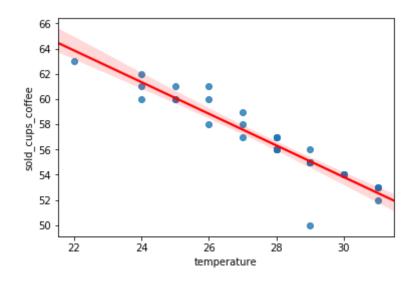
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```
In [10]: sns.regplot(temperature, sold_icecream, line_kws={'color':'r'});
```



In [11]: sns.regplot(temperature, sold_coffee, line_kws={'color':'r'});



Complete Regression Analysis process

- Draw a scatter plot of the independent variable versus the dependent variable
- Calculate the correlation coefficient
- Calculate the regression equation
- Conduct an analysis of variance
- Calculate the confidence intervals
- Make a prediction

Exercise 9

- Load the Rossmann sales data
- Analyse how sales might be related to the number of customers
 - Calculate and visualize the linear regression using different tools
 - Hint: Work with a sample of the data if calculation takes too long
- Load the Tips example data set
- Find out how the tip might be related to the total bill amount