

$$1) \quad \bar{x} = E(x) = AE(a) - E(b) = 0$$

car  $E(a) = E(b) = 0$  car  $a, b$  centrées

$$\bar{y} = CE(x) + E(c) = 0 \quad \text{car } E(x) = 0 \text{ et } c \text{ centrée}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma_x &= E((x - \bar{x})(x - \bar{x})^T) = E(xx^T) = E((Aa - b)(Aa - b)^T) \\ &= A \underbrace{E(aa^T)}_{\Gamma_a = I} A^T - \underbrace{E(ba^T)}_{0 \text{ } a, b \text{ indépendants}} A^T - A \underbrace{E(ab^T)}_{0} + \underbrace{E(bb^T)}_{\Gamma_b = I} \\ &= AA^T + I \quad \text{et centrées} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma_y &= C \underbrace{E(xx^T)}_{\Gamma_x} C^T + \underbrace{E(cx^T)}_{0 \text{ } x, c \text{ indépendants}} C^T + C \underbrace{E(xc^T)}_{0} + \underbrace{E(cc^T)}_{\Gamma_c = I} \\ &= C\Gamma_x C^T + I \quad \text{et centrées} \end{aligned}$$

$$2) \quad \bar{v} = \begin{pmatrix} \bar{x} \\ \bar{y} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Gamma_v = E(vv^T) = \begin{pmatrix} E(xx^T) & E(xy^T) \\ E(yx^T) & E(yy^T) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_x & \Gamma_{xy} \\ \Gamma_{yx} & \Gamma_y \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{avec } \Gamma_{xy} &= E(xy^T) = E(x(Cx + c)) \\ &= E(xx^T)C^T + \underbrace{E(xc^T)}_{0} = \Gamma_x C^T \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{donc } \Gamma_v = \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_x & \Gamma_x C^T \\ C\Gamma_x & \Gamma_y \end{pmatrix}$$

$$3) \quad z = y - x = (-1 \quad 1) \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = (-1 \quad 1) v$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{z} &= (-1 \quad 1) \bar{v} = 0 \\ \Gamma_z &= (-1 \quad 1) \Gamma_v \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \Gamma_x - \Gamma_x C^T - C\Gamma_x + \Gamma_y \end{aligned}$$



$$4) \hat{x} = \bar{x} + K(y - \bar{y}) \quad \text{avec} \quad K = \Gamma_{xy} \Gamma_y^{-1}$$

$$\hat{x} = \Gamma_x C^T \Gamma_y^{-1} y \quad \text{avec} \quad \Gamma_x = A A^T + I$$

$$\text{et} \quad \Gamma_y = C(A A^T + I) C^T + I.$$