

# CS251: Homework #1

Due on October 8, 2019 at 2:00pm

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## Problem 1

Define variables, and write the following sentences as logical statements.

### Part One

Sentence: If it's not cloudy, then it's not raining.

Variables:

- A — It is cloudy.
- B — It is raining.

Statement:  $\neg A \rightarrow \neg B$

### Part Two

Sentence: If we won the big game, then either we scored more points, or the other team didn't show up.

Variables:

- A — We won the big game.
- B — We scored more points.
- C — The other team showed up.

Statement:  $A \rightarrow (B \vee \neg C)$

### Part Three

Sentence: This is a sentence.

Variables:

- A — This is a sentence.

Statement:  $A$

### Part Four

Sentence: If you don't study for tests, then you won't pass the class.

Variables:

- A — You study for tests.
- B — You pass the class.

Statement:  $\neg A \rightarrow \neg B$

### Part Five

Sentence: A graph is planer if it contains neither a minor of  $K_{3,3}$  nor  $K_5$ .

Variables:

- A — A graph contains a minor of  $K_{3,3}$ .
- B — A graph contains a minor of  $K_5$ .
- C — A graph is planer.

Statement:  $(\neg A \wedge \neg B) \rightarrow C$

## Problem 2

Draw truth tables for the following formulas.

$$a \oplus b$$

$a$	$b$	$a \oplus b$
1	1	0
1	0	1
0	1	1
0	0	0

$$\neg(\neg a)$$

$a$	$\neg(\neg a)$
1	1
0	0

$$\neg b \rightarrow \neg a$$

$a$	$b$	$\neg a \rightarrow \neg b$
1	1	1
1	0	1
0	1	0
0	0	1

$$\neg a \wedge \neg b$$

$a$	$b$	$\neg a \wedge \neg b$
1	1	0
1	0	0
0	1	0
0	0	1

$$a \leftrightarrow (b \leftrightarrow c)$$

$a$	$b$	$c$	$a \leftrightarrow (b \leftrightarrow c)$
1	1	1	1
1	1	0	0
1	0	1	0
1	0	0	1
0	1	1	0
0	1	0	1
0	0	1	1
0	0	0	0

$$(a \vee c) \wedge (b \vee c)$$

$a$	$b$	$c$	$(a \vee c) \wedge (b \vee c)$
1	1	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	0	1	1
1	0	0	0
0	1	1	1
0	1	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	0	0	0

## Problem 3

Reduce the following to the shortest form.

Determine if it's satisfiable, a tautology, or neither.

### Part One

$(a \wedge \neg b) \vee \neg(\neg a \vee b)$ : satisfiable

$(a \wedge \neg b) \vee \neg(\neg a \vee b)$	
$(a \wedge \neg b) \vee (a \wedge \neg b)$	$DM_{\vee}$
$a \wedge \neg b$	$Item_{\wedge}$
$\neg\neg(a \wedge \neg b)$	$\neg\neg$
$\neg(\neg a \vee b)$	$DM_{\wedge}$
$\neg(a \rightarrow b)$	$Imp$

### Part Two

$a \wedge b \equiv \neg(\neg a \wedge \neg b)$ : satisfiable

$a \wedge b \equiv \neg(\neg a \wedge \neg b)$	
$((a \wedge b) \rightarrow \neg(\neg a \wedge \neg b)) \wedge (\neg(\neg a \wedge \neg b) \rightarrow (a \wedge b))$	$Def \equiv$
$((a \wedge b) \rightarrow (a \vee b)) \wedge (\neg(\neg a \wedge \neg b) \rightarrow (a \wedge b))$	$DM_{\wedge}$
$(\neg(a \wedge b) \vee (a \vee b)) \wedge (\neg(\neg a \wedge \neg b) \rightarrow (a \wedge b))$	$Imp$
$((\neg a \vee \neg b) \vee (a \vee b)) \wedge (\neg(\neg a \wedge \neg b) \rightarrow (a \wedge b))$	$DM_{\wedge}$
$(\neg a \vee a \vee \neg b \vee b) \wedge (\neg(\neg a \wedge \neg b) \rightarrow (a \wedge b))$	$Com_{\vee}$
$(T \vee T) \wedge (\neg(\neg a \wedge \neg b) \rightarrow (a \wedge b))$	$LEM * 2$
$\neg(\neg a \wedge \neg b) \rightarrow (a \wedge b)$	$Id_{\wedge}$
$\neg\neg(\neg a \wedge \neg b) \vee (a \wedge b)$	$Imp$
$(\neg a \wedge \neg b) \vee (a \wedge b)$	$\neg\neg$
$((\neg a \wedge \neg b) \vee a) \wedge ((\neg a \wedge \neg b) \vee b)$	$Dis_{\vee}$
$(a \vee (\neg a \wedge \neg b)) \wedge (b \vee (\neg a \wedge \neg b))$	$Com_{\vee} * 2$
$((a \vee \neg a) \wedge (a \vee \neg b)) \wedge (b \vee (\neg a \wedge \neg b))$	$Dis_{\vee}$
$(T \wedge (a \vee \neg b)) \wedge (b \vee (\neg a \wedge \neg b))$	$LEM$
$(a \vee \neg b) \wedge (b \vee (\neg a \wedge \neg b))$	$Id_{\wedge}$
$(\neg b \vee a) \wedge (b \vee (\neg a \wedge \neg b))$	$Com_{\vee}$
$(b \rightarrow a) \wedge (b \vee (\neg a \wedge \neg b))$	$Imp$
$(b \rightarrow a) \wedge ((b \vee \neg a) \wedge (b \vee \neg b))$	$Dis_{\vee}$
$(b \rightarrow a) \wedge (b \vee \neg a) \wedge T$	$LEM$
$(b \rightarrow a) \wedge (b \vee \neg a)$	$Id_{\wedge}$
$(b \rightarrow a) \wedge (\neg a \vee b)$	$Com_{\vee}$
$(b \rightarrow a) \wedge (a \rightarrow b)$	$Imp$
$a \equiv b$	$Def \equiv$

**Part Three**

$a \wedge b \equiv \neg(\neg a \vee \neg b)$ : tautology

$a \wedge b \equiv \neg(\neg a \vee \neg b)$	
$((a \wedge b) \rightarrow \neg(\neg a \vee \neg b)) \wedge (\neg(\neg a \vee \neg b) \rightarrow (a \wedge b))$	<i>Def</i> $\equiv$
$(\neg(a \wedge b) \vee \neg(\neg a \vee \neg b)) \wedge (\neg(\neg a \vee \neg b) \rightarrow (a \wedge b))$	<i>Imp</i>
$((\neg a \vee \neg b) \vee \neg(\neg a \vee \neg b)) \wedge (\neg(\neg a \vee \neg b) \rightarrow (a \wedge b))$	<i>DM<sub>∧</sub></i>
$((\neg a \vee \neg b) \vee (a \wedge b)) \wedge (\neg(\neg a \vee \neg b) \rightarrow (a \wedge b))$	<i>DM<sub>∨</sub></i>
$((\neg(\neg a \vee \neg b) \vee a) \wedge ((\neg a \vee \neg b) \vee b)) \wedge (\neg(\neg a \vee \neg b) \rightarrow (a \wedge b))$	<i>Dis<sub>∨</sub></i>
$((\neg a \vee a \vee \neg b) \wedge (\neg a \vee \neg b \vee b)) \wedge (\neg(\neg a \vee \neg b) \rightarrow (a \wedge b))$	<i>Com<sub>∨</sub></i>
$((T \vee \neg b) \wedge (\neg a \vee T)) \wedge (\neg(\neg a \vee \neg b) \rightarrow (a \wedge b))$	<i>LEM * 2</i>
$T \wedge T \wedge (\neg(\neg a \vee \neg b) \rightarrow (a \wedge b))$	<i>Anul<sub>∨</sub> * 2</i>
$\neg(\neg a \vee \neg b) \rightarrow (a \wedge b)$	<i>Id<sub>∧</sub></i>
$(a \wedge b) \rightarrow (a \wedge b)$	<i>DM<sub>∨</sub></i>
$T$	<i>Def</i> $\rightarrow$

**Part Four**

$a \wedge (b \vee c) \rightarrow a \wedge (b \wedge c)$ : satisfiable

On the left hand side of the implication we have  $a \wedge E$ , where E is some expression. Because false always implies true, and when a is false  $a \wedge E = F$  (*Anul<sub>∧</sub>*), the expression  $a \wedge (b \vee c) \rightarrow a \wedge (b \wedge c)$  will always be true when a is false. Using this knowledge we can reduce the expression to  $\neg a \vee (T \wedge (b \vee c) \rightarrow T \wedge (b \wedge c))$ .

$\neg a \vee (T \wedge (b \vee c) \rightarrow T \wedge (b \wedge c))$	
$\neg a \vee (b \vee c \rightarrow b \wedge c)$	<i>Id<sub>∧</sub> * 2</i>
$\neg a \vee (\neg(b \vee c) \vee (b \wedge c))$	<i>Imp</i>
$\neg a \vee ((\neg b \wedge \neg c) \vee (b \wedge c))$	<i>DM<sub>∨</sub></i>
$\neg a \vee (((\neg b \wedge \neg c) \vee b) \wedge ((\neg b \wedge \neg c) \vee c))$	<i>Dis<sub>∨</sub></i>
$\neg a \vee ((b \vee (\neg b \wedge \neg c)) \wedge (c \vee (\neg b \wedge \neg c)))$	<i>Com<sub>∨</sub> * 2</i>
$\neg a \vee (((b \vee \neg b) \wedge (b \vee \neg c)) \wedge ((c \vee \neg b) \wedge (c \vee \neg c)))$	<i>Dis<sub>∨</sub> * 2</i>
$\neg a \vee ((T \wedge (b \vee \neg c)) \wedge ((c \vee \neg b) \wedge T))$	<i>LEM * 2</i>
$\neg a \vee ((b \vee \neg c) \wedge (c \vee \neg b))$	<i>Id<sub>∧</sub> * 2</i>
$\neg a \vee ((\neg c \vee b) \wedge (\neg b \vee c))$	<i>Com<sub>∨</sub> * 2</i>
$\neg a \vee ((c \rightarrow b) \wedge (b \rightarrow c))$	<i>Imp * 2</i>
$\neg a \vee (b \equiv c)$	<i>Def</i> $\equiv$

**Problem 4**

Draw the following abstract syntax trees:

