Grundlagen der Rechnerarchitektur

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1 Zähler

(a)

Flanke	state ₂ [t]	$\mathrm{state}_1[t]$	$\mathrm{state}_0[t]$	state ₂ [$t+1$]	$state_1[t+1]$	$state_0[t+1]$
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	0	1
0	0	1	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	1	0	1	1
0	1	0	0	1	0	0
0	1	0	1	1	0	1
0	1	1	0	1	1	0
0	1	1	1	0	1	1
1	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	0	1	1
1	0	1	1	1	0	0
1	1	0	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	1	1	1	0
1	1	1	0	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	0	0	0

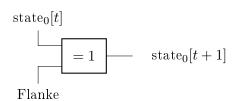
(b)

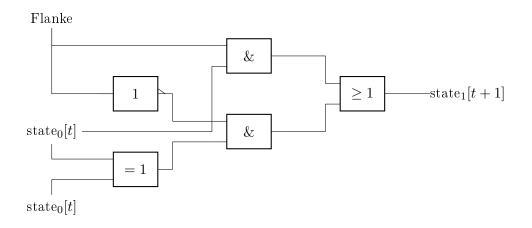
$$\begin{array}{lll} \operatorname{state}_0[t+1] &=& \operatorname{Flanke} \cdot (\overline{\operatorname{state}_2[t]} \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_1[t]} \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_0[t]} + \\ && \overline{\operatorname{state}_2[t]} \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_1[t]} \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_0[t]} + \\ && \overline{\operatorname{state}_2[t]} \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_1[t]} \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_0[t]} + \\ && \overline{\operatorname{state}_2[t]} \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_1[t]} \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_0[t]} + \\ && \overline{\operatorname{Flanke}} \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_0[t]} + \overline{\operatorname{Flanke}} \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_0[t]} \\ &=& \overline{\operatorname{Flanke}} \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_0[t]} + \overline{\operatorname{Flanke}} \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_0[t]} \\ &=& \overline{\operatorname{Flanke}} \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_0[t]} \end{array}$$

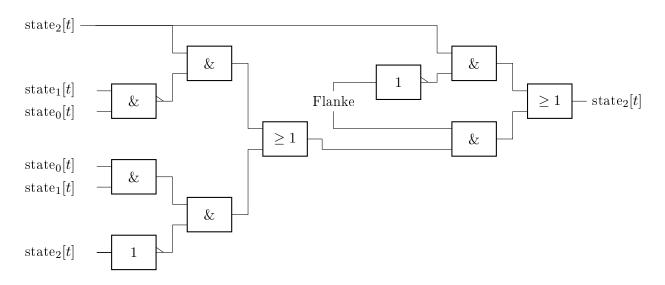
$$\begin{array}{lll} \operatorname{state}_{1}[t+1] &=& \operatorname{Flanke} \cdot (\overline{\operatorname{state}_{2}[t]} \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_{1}[t]} \cdot \operatorname{state}_{0}[t] + \\ && \overline{\operatorname{state}_{2}[t]} \cdot \operatorname{state}_{1}[t] \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_{0}[t]} + \\ && \operatorname{state}_{2}[t] \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_{1}[t]} \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_{0}[t]} + \\ && \operatorname{state}_{2}[t] \cdot \operatorname{state}_{1}[t] \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_{0}[t]}) \\ && + \overline{\operatorname{Flanke}} \cdot \operatorname{state}_{1}[t] \\ &=& \operatorname{Flanke} \cdot (\operatorname{state}_{1}[t] \oplus \operatorname{state}_{0}[t]) + \overline{\operatorname{Flanke}} \cdot \operatorname{state}_{1}[t] \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \operatorname{state}_2[t+1] &=& \operatorname{Flanke} \cdot (\overline{\operatorname{state}_2[t]} \cdot \operatorname{state}_1[t] \cdot \operatorname{state}_0[t] + \\ && \operatorname{state}_2[t] \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_1[t]} \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_0[t]} + \\ && \operatorname{state}_2[t] \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_1[t]} \cdot \operatorname{state}_0[t] + \\ && \operatorname{state}_2[t] \cdot \operatorname{state}_1[t] \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_0[t]}) \\ && + \overline{\operatorname{Flanke}} \cdot \operatorname{state}_2[t] \\ &=& \operatorname{Flanke} \cdot (\overline{\operatorname{state}_2[t]} \cdot \operatorname{state}_1[t] \cdot \operatorname{state}_0[t] + \\ && \operatorname{state}_2[t] \cdot \overline{\operatorname{state}_1[t]} \cdot \operatorname{state}_0[t]) + \\ && \overline{\operatorname{Flanke}} \cdot \operatorname{state}_2[t] \end{array}$$

(c)







2 Addierer und Subtrahierer

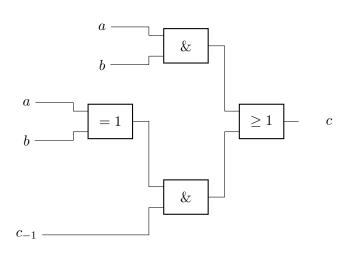
(a)

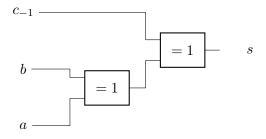
a	b	c_{-1}	c	s
0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	1
1	1	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	1
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	1	1	1

$$c = a \cdot b \cdot \overline{c_{-1}} + \overline{a} \cdot b \cdot c_{-1} + a \cdot \overline{b} \cdot c_{-1} + a \cdot b \cdot c_{-1}$$
$$= a \cdot b + c_{-1} \cdot (\overline{a} \cdot b + a \cdot \overline{b})$$
$$= a \cdot b + c_{-1} \cdot (a \oplus b)$$

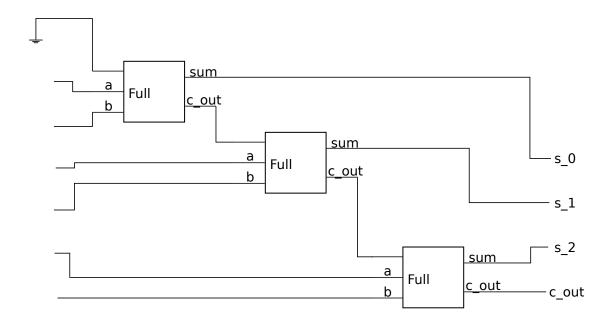
$$\begin{array}{rcl} s & = & \overline{a} \cdot b \cdot \overline{c_{-1}} + a \cdot \overline{b} \cdot \overline{c_{-1}} + \overline{a} \cdot \overline{b} \cdot c_{-1} + a \cdot b \cdot c \\ \\ & = & \overline{a} \cdot (b \cdot \overline{c_{-1}} + \overline{b} \cdot c_{-1}) + a \cdot (\overline{b} \cdot \overline{c} + b \cdot c) \\ \\ & = & \overline{a} \cdot (b \oplus c_{-1}) + a \cdot \overline{(b \oplus c_{-1})} \\ \\ & = & a \oplus b \oplus c_{-1} \end{array}$$

(b)





(c) Schaltbild des 3-Bit-Addierers:



(d) Schaltbild des 3-Bit-Addierers mit Subtraktionsfunktion. Die Schaltung aus der vorherigen Aufgabe wurde hier als Blockschaltbild verwendet:

