



**POWER SOLUTIONS
INTERNATIONAL**

13L TURBO OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE MANUAL

**CERTIFIED ENERGY
PRODUCT LINE**



PSI ENERGY

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**Power Solutions International, Inc (PSI)
201 Mittel Drive
Wood Dale, IL 60191
USA
630-350-9400**

Note: Engine accessory and component locations may differ from those presented in the images within this manual based on various applications and package manufacturers using this engine.

REVISION CONTROL INFORMATION










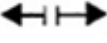






Revision Level	Release Date	Change Description (s)
1	04/21/2021	Initial Release
2		
3	02/20/2023	Added additional information to clarify coolant specification & engine oil specification.

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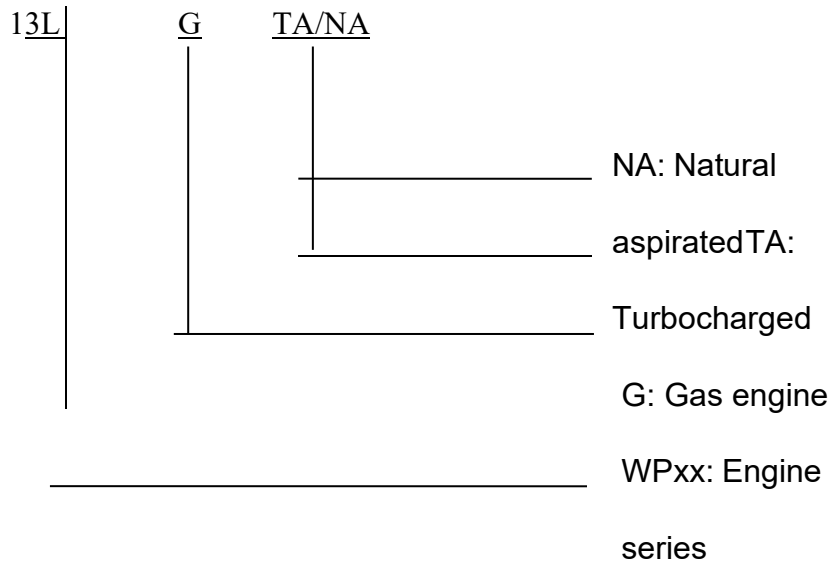
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Description of the Illustration Marks

	Dismounting (assembly parts)		Oil Coating
	Fitting (assembly parts)		Special Tools
	Marking (do before disassemble, adjust when assemble)		Pay attention to assembly direction
	Filling – full charge (such as lubricating oil, cooling water, etc.)		Deflating
	Draining off (lubricating oil or cooling water)		Unloosing (such as: unloose clamping equipment)
	(Loose-proof-fixed) – Coat fluid sealant		Clamping (such as: reinforcing clamp equipment)
	Accident preventing (marks for dangerous occasion)		Inspecting – adjusting (such as: tightening torque, dimension pressure and clearance)
	Replace during re-assembly		Inspecting

Engine Introduction and Performance Parameters

Introduction of Engine Model



Engine Main Performance Parameters

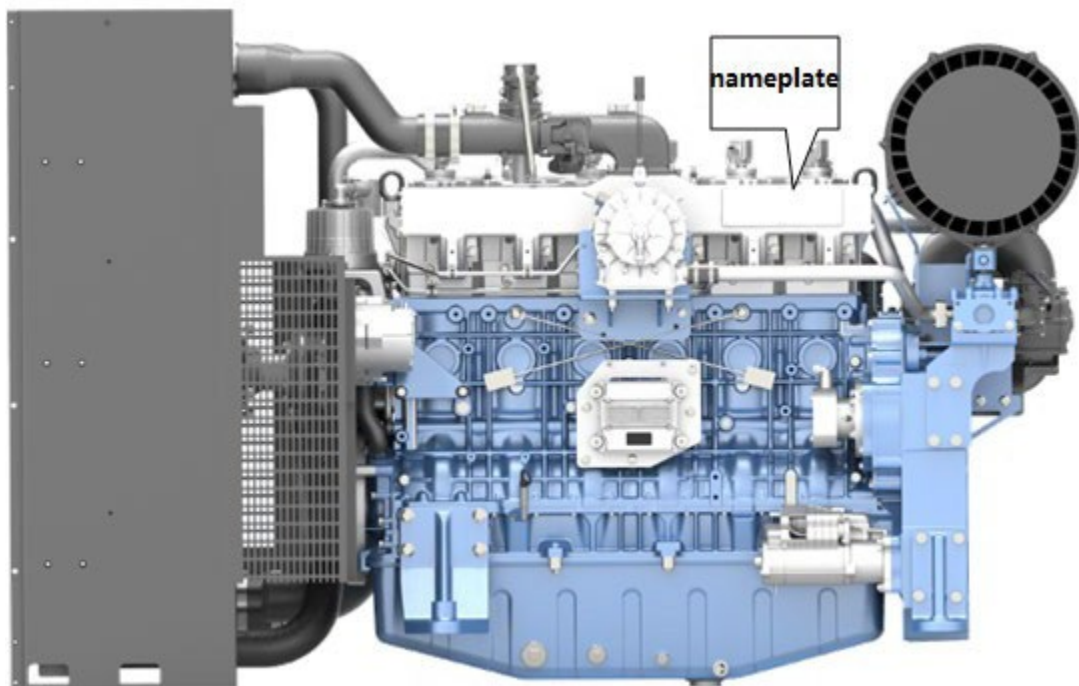


Illustration 1- Engine nameplate

See engine nameplate to find engine model, series number, rated power, rated speed and weight.

More data as following table:

13L Gas Engine Data

Item		Unit	Content
Engine type			13L Turbocharged
Number of cylinders			6
Displacement		L	12.54
Cylinder bore * stroke		mm	127 * 165
Compression ratio			9.75
Idle speed		rpm	900
Fire order			1-5-3-6-2-4
Rotation			CCW viewed on flywheel
Oil pressure	Idle speed	KPa	130~250
	Rated speed	kPa	350~550
Oil temperature range (under rated condition)		°C	85~105
Oil capacity		L	32~37
Engine coolant capacity		L	25
Exhaust temperature		°C	700 post turbo
Intake valve lash (cold)		mm	0.5
Exhaust valve lash (cold)		mm	0.8
Spark plug gap		mm	0.45~0.5
Allow to tilt	Front / rear	°	5
	Air intake side / exhaust side	°	5
Weight		kg	1050
Size (with radiator and air filter) (L*W*H)		mm	2150*1135*1350

Note: Oil Viscosity should be determined based on Ambient Temperature Operations.

U.S. EPA Legal Requirements

This engine has been certified by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as a Non- Road and stationary constant-speed engine. It is illegal to operate this engine in a variable-speed (footpedal speed control) application.

A maintenance plan and log provided within this manual are for you to record your engine maintenance. Update the log each time you service your engine.

NOTE

The repair shop or person of the owner's choosing may maintain, replace, or repair emissions control devices and systems. The emissions warranty is not conditioned on the engine being serviced by a Weichai America/Power Solutions International, Inc. dealer or service establishment.

Emission Related Installation Instructions

WARNING

Failure to follow these instructions or installing a certified engine in a non-Road equipment, violates Federal Law (40 CFR 1068.105(b)), subject to fines or other penalties as described in the Clean Air Act.

NOTE

To perform emission sampling, add a 20-centimeter extension to the exhaust pipe.

NOTE

If you install the engine in a way that makes the engine's emission control information label hard to read during normal engine maintenance, you must place a duplicate label on the equipment as described in 40 CFR 1068.105.

Personal Safety

WARNING

Improper operation of this machine could result in death or serious injury. Before operating any equipment, ensure every operator:

- Is instructed on safe operation and use of all equipment
- Fully understands all manuals and safety measures for all equipment before use
- Practices safety precautions for all equipment during operation
- Reads and fully understands all decals on equipment
- Clear the immediate area of all non-essential personnel before operating

WARNING

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

Engine exhaust from this production contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm.

CAUTION

Failure to follow these instructions could cause damage or decrease the life of equipment.

Weichai America Corp. and Power Solutions International, Inc. are continually striving to improve its products and therefore reserves the right to make improvements and changes when it becomes practical and/ or possible to do so, without incurring any obligation to make changes or additions to previously sold equipment.

NOTE

All data given in this manual is subject to production variations. Operating and service messages displayed on the electronic operating panel may vary from what is shown in the Operator's Manual. Please adhere to the instructions displayed on the Electronic Operation Panel.

Fuel Information

Natural Gas

Your engine is certified to run on "pipeline-quality natural gas". Pipeline quality natural gas is supplied by a natural gas utility through a pipeline. It must be composed of at least 70% methane by volume or have a heating value of 950-1100 BTU per standard cubic foot (HHV). Maximum allowable H₂S is 55ppm.

Liquid Propane Gas (LPG)

HD5 grade propane which consists of minimum of 90% propane, maximum of 5% propylene, and maximum 5% of other gases (is o-butane, butane, methane, etc.) Maximum allowable H₂S is 55ppm.

Oil and Coolant Information

To achieve proper engine performance and durability, it is important that you use only engine lubricating oils of the correct quality in your engine, ensure. Proper quality oils also provide maximum efficiency for crankcase ventilation systems, which reduces pollution.

A multi-viscosity, low-ash gas engine oil should be used. Straight weight engine oils are not recommended. Do not use oils that are formulated only for use in diesel engines.

SAE No.	Sulfated Ash Content byWeight	Engine Oil Capacity (min/max)	Recommended Oil
15w-40	0.25 - 0.5% by wt. API CD/CF or highe	25 qts / 28 qts	Chevron HDAX 5200 LowAsh Gas Engine Oil

Engine Coolants

The cooling system must be filled with a 50/50 mix of coolant and distilled water. A NAPS-free coolant (free from nitrates, amines, phosphates, and silicates) should be used. The coolant should be an organic acid technology (OAT) long-life variety, such as Chevron Delo XLC.

Variety	Freezing/Boiling Point (°F)	Recommended Type	Engine Coolant Capacity (gal)
OAT Long- Life Engine Coolant	-34 / 265	Chevron Delo XLC Antifreeze/ Coolant 50/50Mix	2.1 gal

New Engine Break-in Procedures

The way any heavy-duty industrial gas engine is operated during the first 4 hours of service, will have a major impact on how well that engine will perform, how much oil it will consume and how long it will last. The engines moving parts are closely fitted for long service, and even though all Power Solutions International, Inc. 13L Gas Engines are run before they leave the factory, an additional period may be required before uniform oil films are established between all mating parts. The main purpose of break-in is to seat the compression rings to the cylinder walls.

It is recommended that during the first 4 hours of service:

1. Operate at one-half to three quarters load. Do not operate at maximum rated load for more than five (5) minutes at a time.
2. Do not run the engine unloaded for long periods as this will cause cylinder walls to "Glaze" before the piston rings seat properly and result in excessive lubricating oil consumption.

Engine Loading

The gas engines are designed to operate continuously at industry accepted high ratings and to provide optimum service life. It is not recommended to operate a gas engine continuously at low load levels. A general rule used for most low emission gas engines is to operate at 60% load or above.

Rating Definition for Power Generation

1. Continuous Power (COP) is defined as being the maximum power which the generating set can deliver continuously whilst supplying a constant electrical load when operated for an unlimited number of hours per year. No overload capability is available for this rating.
2. Prime Power (PRP) is defined as being the maximum power which the generating set can deliver continuously whilst supplying a variable electrical load when operated for an unlimited number of hours per year. The permissible average power output over 250 hours of operation shall not exceed 70%, the total time at full load over a year of operation shall not exceed 500h. It is allowed to overload 10% for 1 hour during 12 hours of operation but total time at overload shall be less than 25 hours per year.
3. Emergency Standby Power (ESP) is defined as the maximum power available during a variable electrical power sequence, under the stated operating conditions, for which a generating set can deliver in the event of a utility power outage or under test conditions for up to 200 hours of operation per year. The permissible average power output over 24 hours of operation shall not exceed 80% of the ESP. The permissible time at full load shall be less than 25 hours per year.

See operating conditions as following table:

	Continuous Power (COP)	Prime Power (PRP)	Standby Power (ESP)
Annual working time	Unlimited	Unlimited	≤200 hours
Mean engine load factor	100%	≤70% per 250 hours	≤80% per 24 hours
Time at full load	Unlimited	≤500 hours per year	≤25 hours per year
Overload capacity	No	1 h per 12 hours (10% overload) ≤25hours per year	No

Engine Hoist

While lifting, the centerline of the crankshaft of the engine must be kept level; no tilt or single-point lifting. Lift and lower slowly (See Illustration 1)

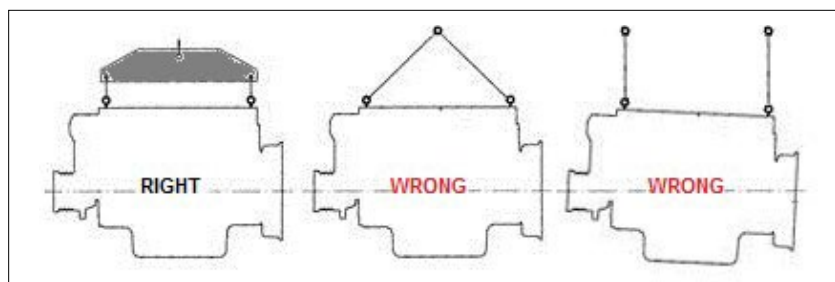


Illustration 2- Engine Installation Diagram

Extreme Operating Conditions

Engine Speed

This engine is designed to operate at constant speed (1000 to 2200 RPM) and should not exceed 2400 RPM for any length of time. If engine is operated at excessive RPM, fuel and ignition systems will shut down until engine RPM decreases to the recommended operating RPMs.

Over Temperature

CAUTION

To prevent engine damage, shut down engine immediately if the coolant reaches operating temperature above 230°F (110°C).

Normal operating temperature for this engine is 180°F to 203°F (82°C to 95°C).

Engine Operation

WARNING

The use of starting fluids could create an extremely hazardous condition and is not authorized with this engine. The use of starting fluid could cause severe injury and/or damage to equipment.

Pre-Start Engine Check

- Verify engine oil level is correct
- Verify engine coolant level is correct
- Inspect engine for leaks or a frayed belt or any condition or appearance out of the ordinary
- Verify all belts and moving parts are clear of obstructions
- Verify the “Check Engine” light is on with the key in the “ON” position and the engine not running (if applicable)

Engine Starting

With the controls in the idle position, start engine. To prevent damage to the starter, do not engage the starter motor for more than fifteen (15) seconds. Wait two (2) minutes between each start attempt to allow the starter motor to cool.

If oil pressure reading does not indicate normal oil pressure within fifteen seconds of engine start, immediately shut down the engine to avoid damage to the engine. Service the engine prior to attempting to start engine again.

Performance

For monthly engine system check, idle the engine for at least one (1) minute before applying operating load. Verify the “Warning” light is not illuminated during engine operation. Inspect for fuel, coolant, and oil leaks with engine operating. If leaks are found, shut down engine and repair leaks before operating engine.

Engine Shut-Down

If engine has been running under load and reached operating temperature, run engine for five (5) minutes at idle without a load to allow engine to cool before engine shut down. The engine may run one to five seconds while the fuel is depleted from the engine’s fuel system.

Service Intervals

NOTE

Non-critical emission-related maintenance is not necessary to keep the emission-related warranty valid.

CAUTION

Failure to follow these scheduled maintenance intervals could cause engine damage or decreased engine life.

NOTE

Valve lash adjustments will be accomplished every 500 hours (1000, 1500, etc.) engine operating time on non-emergency.

NOTE

Always dispose of all chemicals and filters in accordance with Federal, State and Local laws and regulations.

NOTE

The oil change interval is based on “normal” operating conditions. Continuous operation during excessive hot or cold climate, constant operation with high loads, frequent starts and stops, poor quality lubricants and fuel contaminants would require more frequent oil change intervals to prevent shortening engine life.

Maintenance Intervals – Emergency

Preventative Maintenance Schedule – Emergency						
Event Number	Maintenance Event	Weekly	Interval			Every Two Years
			The first 50 hours	6 months	250 hrs or 1 year	
1	Check Engine Oil Level	X	X			
2	Check Engine Coolant Level	X	X			
3	Check Oil Pressure	X	X			
4	Check Overall Operating Condition (hose/clamp/pipe/belt/harness/connector)	X	X			
5	Change Oil and Oil Filter * (Sample)#				X	
6	Check/Adjust Valve Lash				X	
7	Spark Plugs (Check/Adjust/Replace)				X	
8	Check Air Filter * (Inspect/Replace)				X	
9	Belts**, Pipes, Clamps and Hoses (Inspect/Replace)		X	X		
10	Check Ignition System (Plug Wires/Coils)			X		
11	Check Coolant Condition * (Sample)				X	
12	Inspect Water Pump				X	
13	Test Batteries & Alternator				X	
14	Inspect Turbocharger				X	
15	Replace Coolant					X

Table 1

* Service may be required more frequently in dirty or extreme conditions; recommendsampling fluids.

Actual oil life and change interval is determined through engine oil sampling and analysis.

** It is recommended to replace belt every 6 months.

WARNING

Before servicing engine, ensure the engine has stopped and all high voltage disconnect switches are in the open (disconnected) position.

CAUTION

Failure to follow these procedures could cause engine damage or decreased engine life.

Maintenance Intervals– Non-emergency

Preventative Maintenance Schedule – Non-Emergency						
Event Number	Maintenance Event	Weekly	Interval (Hours)		Interval	
			The first 50hours	500	1500	6 months
1	Check Engine Oil Level	X	X			
2	Check Engine Coolant Level	X	X			
3	Check Oil Pressure	X	X			
4	Check Overall Operating Condition (hose/clamp/pipe/belt/harness/connector)	X	X			
5	Change Oil and Oil Filter * (Sample)#			X		
6	Check/Adjust Valve Lash			X		
7	Spark Plugs (Check/Adjust/Replace)				X	
8	Check Air Filter (Inspect/Replace)			X		
9	Belts**, Pipes, Clamps and Hoses (Inspect/Replace)		X	X		
10	Check Ignition System (Plug Wires/Coils)			X		
11	Check Coolant Condition * (Sample)					X
12	Inspect Water Pump					X
13	Test Batteries & Alternator					X
14	Inspect Turbocharger					X
15	Replace Coolant	Every 2 Years				

Table 2

- * Service may be required more frequently in dirty or extreme conditions; recommend sampling fluids.
- # Actual oil life and change interval is determined through engine oil sampling and analysis.
- ** It is recommended to replace belt every 3 months.

WARNING

Before servicing engine, ensure the engine has stopped and all high voltage disconnect switches are in the open (disconnected) position.

CAUTION

Failure to follow these procedures could cause engine damage or decreased engine life.

Check Engine Oil

- A. Ensure engine is level.
- B. Pull dipstick after the engine stop running at least 5 minutes.
- C. Ensure oil level is between high and low marks.

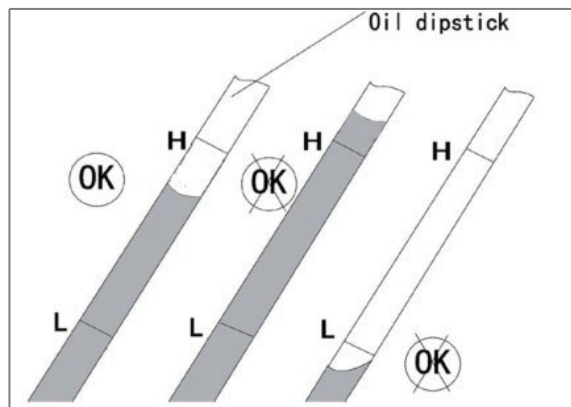


Illustration 3

- D. If the oil level is below the low mark, add additional oil as necessary.
- E. Install dipstick.

Check Coolant Level

Caution: Never remove radiator or top tank cap when coolant is hot! Burns and physical harm may occur.

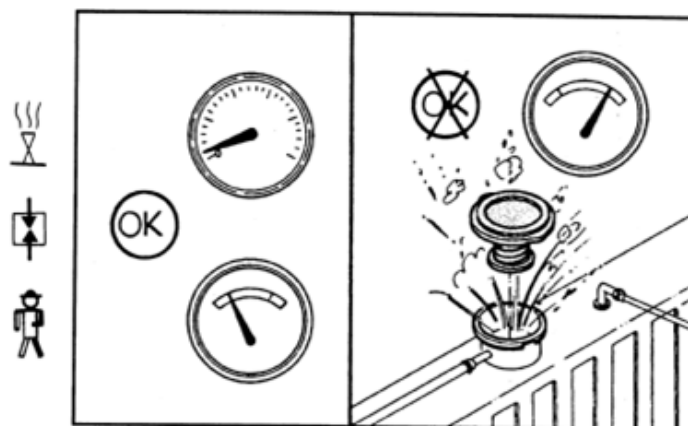


Illustration 4

- F. When coolant is room temperature or below, remove pressurized cap and inspect top tank or radiator for fluid level.
- G. If engine has a sight gauge or plastic top tank, a visual level check is adequate.
- H. If coolant level is low, determine reason for low fluid and top off with specified coolant.
- I. Test pressurized cap (replace if necessary or reinstall).

Check Oil Pressure

- A. When engine is running and at normal operating temperature, check oil pressure gauge.
 - i. Some engines will have an analog gauge and others will have an electronic gauge from the ECU.
- B. Ensure oil pressure is in the range of the table below both at idle and rated speed and operating temperature.

Oil Pressure		
Idle	PSI	kPa
Min	19	>130
Rated Speed		
Min	50	350
Max	84	550

Table 3

Check Overall Operating Condition

- A. Inspect hoses, pipes and clamps for loose connections or leaks.
- B. Check the belt for fraying or damage.
- C. Look for fluid leaks under and around the engine.
- D. Inspect ignition wires and system for routing and connections.
 - E. Inspect the engine harness for corrosion, abrasions, cuts or shorts.
 - F. Look around engine for any debris or loose materials that might become a hazard.
 - G. Assure battery voltage is $\geq 12\text{v}$ each and terminal connections are clean and tight.

Change Oil and Oil Filter

Materials:

Materials	QYT
Oil	32~37L; see dipstick
Oil filter	2

Table 4

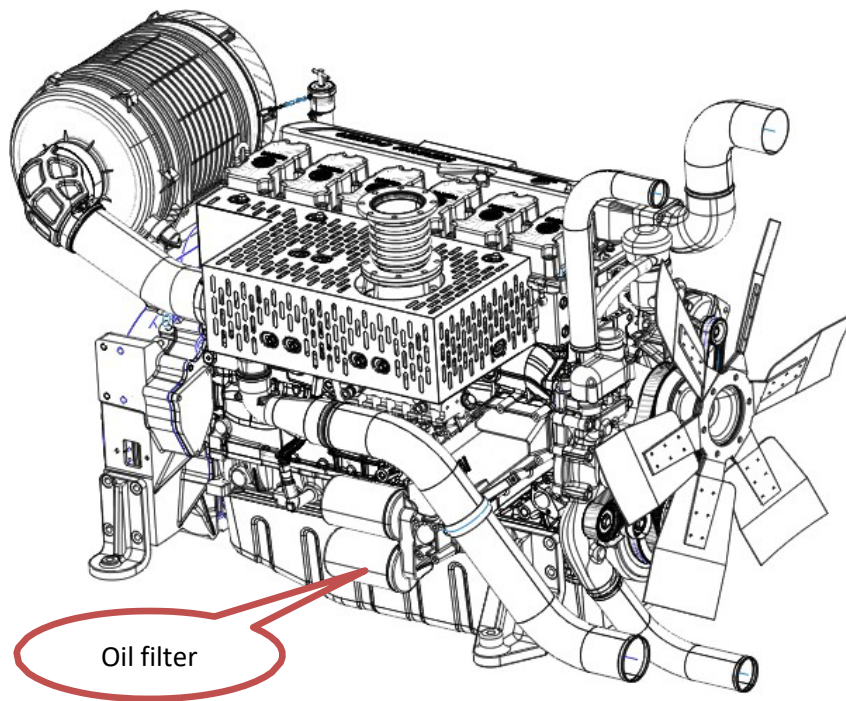
NOTE: Recommended oil is: Natural Gas Engines Oil (NGEO); CI-4 or above.

NOTE: For continuous operation in extreme temperatures or in excessively dusty, dirty environments, rely on oil analysis to determine maintenance intervals.

NOTE: For best results, change engine oil while engine is still warm from operation.

- A. Remove the oil pan drain plug and drain oil completely.
- B. Inspect drain plug gasket (replace if necessary) and clean plug seating surface.
- C. Inspect magnetic plug for iron and ferrous material. If this exists, consider an oil analysis to determine source of debris.
- D. Reinstall drain plug and tighten securely.

- E. Remove the old filters by the filter wrench. Wipe filter base clean. Then apply a thin coat of motor oil to o- ring on new oil filter(s).
- F. Install oil filter. Tighten filter until the rubber gasket contacts base. Rotate 3/4 to 1 circle to tighten.
- G. Using the recommended grade of oil, fill crankcase with specified quantity.
- H. Fill the grease cup of the signal generator with lithium grease (NLGI Gr. 2).
- I. Operate engine for five (5) minutes. Check for leaks at filter base and oil pan drain plug during operation.
- J. Shut down engine and wait five (5) minutes. Check engine oil level and adjust to proper level if necessary.



Engine Valve Lash Adjustment

NOTE: Required every 500 hours (1000, 1500, etc.) on non-emergency.

NOTE

Confirm that #1 piston is on the compression stroke by turning both pushrods by hand to verify that both valves are closed. The valves are closed when the push rods are loose and can be turned easily.

Engine can be barred over by installing bolts in the empty holes around the crankshaft pulley and using a pry bar to turn the crankshaft.

- A. Remove all valve covers.
- B. Rotate the crankshaft until the number 1 piston is on the compression stroke and the timing pointer on the front cover is in-line with the "TDC" mark on the crankshaft damper. Some engines may have a permanent groove mark on the flywheel for "TDC".

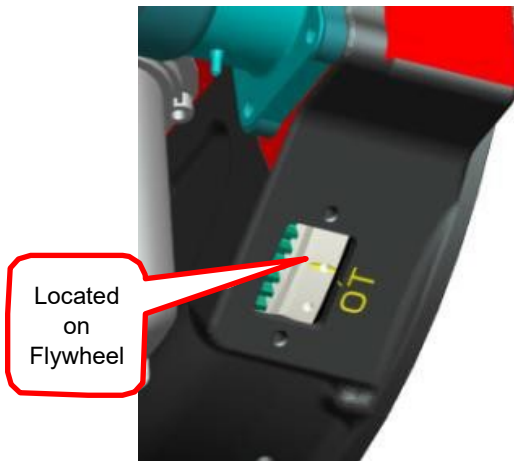


Illustration 5

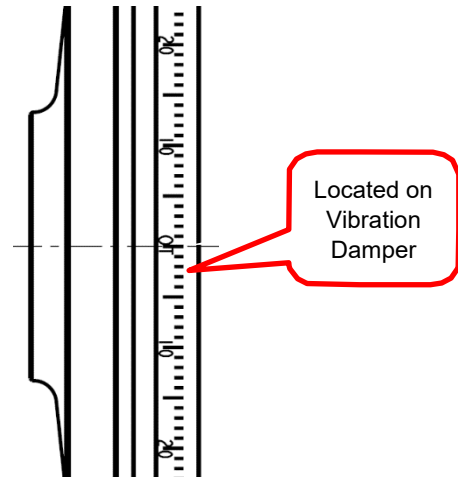


Illustration 6

- C. Using Illustration 9, adjust the six (6) valves corresponding with cylinder 1 "TDC". Insert the correct feeler gauge between the rocker arm and valve stem tip. Loosen the locknut and turn the valve adjustment screw until the rocker arm and valve stem tip contact the feeler gauge.
- D. Tighten the locknut once the valve is adjusted properly. Remove the feeler gauge. A very slight resistance should be felt when removing the feeler gauge.

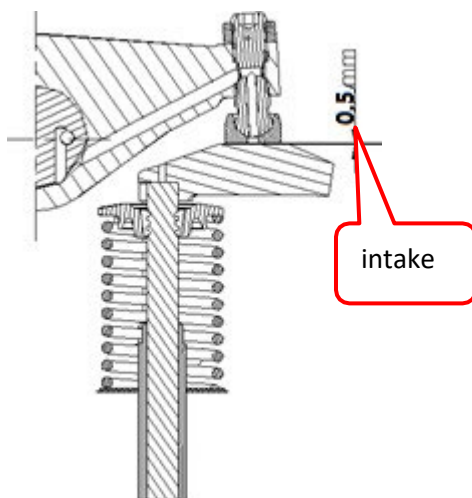


Illustration 7

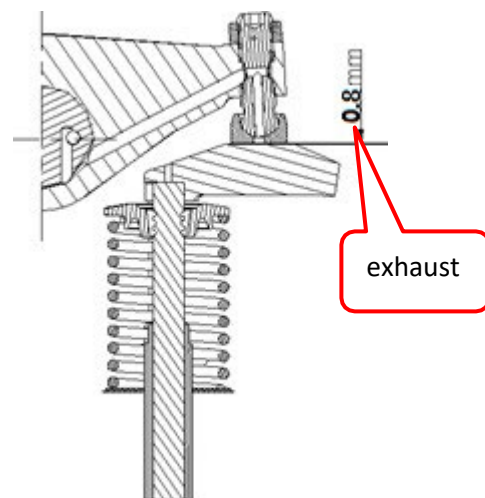


Illustration 8

- E. Rotate the crankshaft (360°) until the number 6 piston is on the compression stroke and the timing pointer on the front cover is in line with the “TDC” mark on the vibration dampener.
- F. Using Illustration 10, adjust the six (6) valves corresponding with the cylinder 6 “TDC”. Insert the correct feeler gauge between the rocker arm and valve stem tip. Loosen the locknut and turn the valve adjustment screw until the rocker arm and valve stem tip contact the feeler gauge.
- G. Tighten the locknut once the valve is adjusted properly. Remove the feeler gauge. A very slight resistance should be felt when removing the feeler gauge.

NOTE

Ensure valve cover is completely seated and not resting on bolts or washers adjacent to the valve cover.

- H. Install gasket onto the valve cover and align the cover and gasket onto the cylinder head. Tighten the valve cover mounting bolts. Ensure valve cover gasket is aligned before tightening.

With #1 piston at “TDC”, adjust these valves to: Exhaust 0.8mm/0.031” / Intake 0.5mm/0.02”

	INT	EXH	INT	EXT	INT	EXH
#1@TDC	1	1	2	3	4	5

Illustration 9

With #6 piston at “TDC” adjust these valves to Exhaust 0.8mm/0.031” / Intake 0.5mm/0.02”.

	EXH	INT	EXH	INT	EXH	INT
#6@TDC	2	3	4	5	6	6

Illustration 10

Inspect Spark Plugs

- A. Inspect high tension leads from coils for shorts, cracking and damage. (if used)
- B. Remove/blow out any debris from the cylinder head spark plug hole before removing the spark plug to prevent any debris falling into the combustion chamber.
- C. Remove wires or coil on plug (COP) from spark plugs.
- D. Remove the spark plug and inspect the electrode and threads for wear or debris.
- E. If the plugs do not show wear or debris or damage, re-gap and reinstall (0.02” gap) (0.5mm).
- F. If the plugs have debris or wear or damage, replace with new plug.

CAUTION

Before installing spark plug, ensure plug and cylinder threads are clean and undamaged. Torque spark plugs to specifications. Over-tightened can cause damage and removal of spark plug difficult. Under-tightened could cause the spark plug to overheat, resulting in pre-ignition and possible engine damage.

- G. Install new spark plug. Torque to 18 – 20 ft. lbs. (25~ 28N·m)
- H. Apply spark plug boot dielectric grease to inside of boot.
- I. Reconnect the spark plug wire or COP to the spark plug in the proper order.

Check Air Filter

- A. Inspect the air filter reminder.
- B. Record the reading on the gauge.
- C. If the reading is in the red, replace filter, and reset the gauge.
- D. If the reading has decreased significantly from the last reading, check for leaks, holes in the filter or leakage paths – replace/repair as necessary.
- E. If filter minder is the same as last reading or higher but not in the red, leave filter in place.
- F. After each air filter check, record and reset the gauge.

NOTE: Do not attempt to blow out, jar debris loose, or otherwise tap filter to clean the filter.

Inspect Belts, Pipes, Clamps and Hoses

- A. Inspect hoses, pipes, clamps, for loose connections, aging, corrosion or leak. Replace the hoses/ pipes if necessary.
- B. Check the belt for fraying or damage. Replace if necessary.
- C. Look for fluid leaks under and around the engine.

Inspect Ignition System

- A. Complete procedure #7 above, and inspect coils for cracks, heat duress, and any damage.
- B. Ensure all connections are secure.
- C. Ensure the high-tension leads are routed around any heat sources, circuit boards or sharp objects that might damage the leads or if COP assure tight mounting.

Check Coolant Conditioner

- A. When coolant is at room temperature or below, remove a sample of coolant and measure the levels of coolant additives with a test strip (applies to conventional coolants only)

- B. Replace coolant or additive package if necessary or every two years. Ensure 50/50 mixture
- C. Remove thermostat & replace with new as needed or every two years during coolant change & flush.
- D. Run engine until thermostat opens and allow engine to cool to inspect coolant level.
- E. Reinstall radiator cap tightly.

Check water pump

- A. Check the water pump and gasket for leak.
- B. Inspect water pump weep holes for signs of leakage under pressure While pressure test cooling system.

Test and/or Replace Batteries

- A. Disconnect negative cables from batteries.
- B. Disconnect positive cables from batteries.
- C. Test each battery individually.
- D. Remove old batteries (if necessary) and install new one (s).
- E. Connect positive cables. Clean if required.
- F. Connect negative cables. Clean if required.
- G. Start engine and test alternator for proper operation.

Inspect Turbocharger

- A. Remove coupling from turbocharger compressor inlet housing to gain access to the compressor wheel shaft.
- B. Look for oil contamination.
- C. Look for compressor wheel damage to blades.
- D. Wiggle the shaft radially and axially to determine if there is excessive play in the turbo bearings.
- E. If there is excessive play in the bearings or wear or damage, replace turbo.

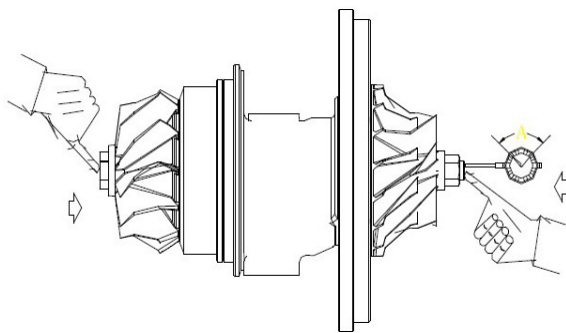


Illustration 11: Axial play

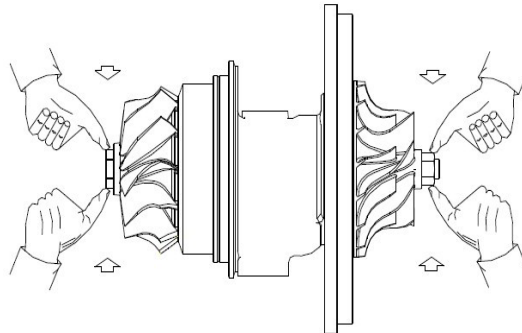


Illustration 12: Radial play

Maintenance for Long-Term Storage

Power Solutions International, Inc. runs all completed engines prior to shipping to customers. Your engine was hot tested and calibrated using fully formulated coolant in the cooling system and Mobil Pegasus 805 40W Natural Gas Engine Oil prior to being drained and shipped to you. Your engine can be stored Six (6) to twelve (12) months depending on humidity control in storage without any further service. Engines stored outdoors or in a high humidity environment may require more frequent treatment. All engine openings should be covered when you receive your engine. Please be sure to keep engine openings sealed during engine storage. In the event that your engine will be stored for extended times, you will need to follow recommended procedures for preserving your engine from rust.

No service to the cooling system should be required for engines stored less than one (1) year. If storing an engine for more than one year, remove thermostat(s), flush engine coolant passages with straight antifreeze solution, cover all openings, and return to storage.

Other procedures for storage:

- Fill or mix a preservative oil according to oil manufacturer's instructions. Mobilaroma 524 or equivalent. Consult with your oil supplier for comparable products. Operate engine at high idle, no load until it reaches operating temperature to coat all surfaces with preservative oil solution.
- If engine is not runnable, crank for a maximum of 30 seconds with two-minute rests between cranking until all surfaces are coated. If unable to crank engine, bar engine over several times and use a spray to put preserving oil solution into the cylinders through spark plug holes, intake and exhaust ports, turbo inlet, etc. This will require a different mixture to penetrate and coat internal surfaces. Mobil Vaprotec Light or equivalent product. Consult with your oil supplier for comparable products.
- Clean the engine of dirt, rust, oil, water, etc. Inspect exterior and paint any areas required. Contact your Weichai America parts supplier for touch up Weichai blue paint.
- Brush or spray all unpainted steel or iron surfaces such as flywheels, gear teeth, and starter pinions, with a preserving solution. Mobilaroma 247 or equivalent. Consult with your oil supplier for comparable products.
- Remove tension from all belts.
- Cover and seal all openings. Tag with date and procedure used to preserve.
- Cover engine but allow for air circulation to prevent condensation.
- Inspect periodically and reapply preservative oil solution if necessary.

Follow preservative oil manufacturer's instructions for startup when removing engine from storage.

Engine Fastener Torque Specifications

Fastener's Name	Bolt Specification	Tightening torque (N·m) + further turned angle (°)	Permissible times of repeat used
Main bearing	M18-10.9	The first time 80N·m, the second time 140N·m the third time turn 90°, the last time turn 60°	2
Connecting rod	M14x1.25	115N·m + (90±5°), (Reach 200 to 290N·m at the same time)	0
Cylinder head	M14x2	60N·m +2x (120±5°), required sequence of tightening (See illustration14)	3
Flywheel	M16x1.5-10.9	105N·m +2x(90±5°)	2
Crankshaft pulley	M12x1.5	45N.m +135°	2
Damper	M10-10.9	60~70N·m	-
Spark-plug	M14x1.25	(25 to 28) N·m	-
UEGO sensor	M18x1.5	50N.m±5N·m	-
Water temperature sensor	M14x1.5	25N.m±5N·m	-

① Values of superscript and subscript are permissible tolerance ranges
 ② The angle value is the further turned angle after reaching the specific torque
 ③ The number before the angle is the number of time to turn the angle
 ④ There are corresponding requirements on the strength classes of the bolts and nuts used at various positions of the engine. It is forbidden to interchange the bolts and nuts of the same size but of different strength classes. It is impermissible to exceed the allowed times of repeat use. Otherwise it will bring about severe outcome.

Table 5

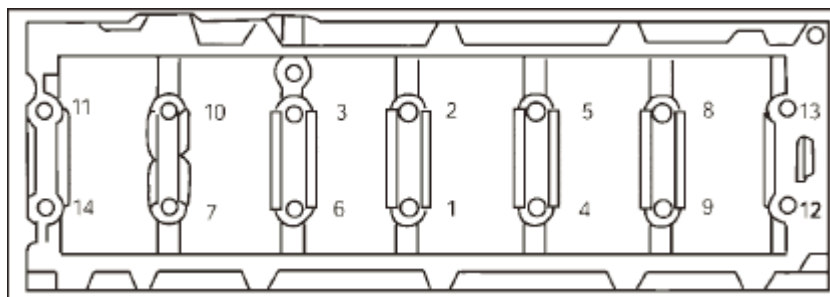


Illustration 13

CAUTION

Failure to follow these instructions could cause damage or decrease the life of equipment.

Note in above Table 5 that connecting rod bolts cannot be re-used.

Torque Head Bolts and Nuts

NOTE: Cylinder head bolts are allowed to be reused and torqued only three (3) times. Discard these bolts after the third torque because they lose their elasticity and strength and should not be torqued for a fourth time. Remove cylinder head covers.

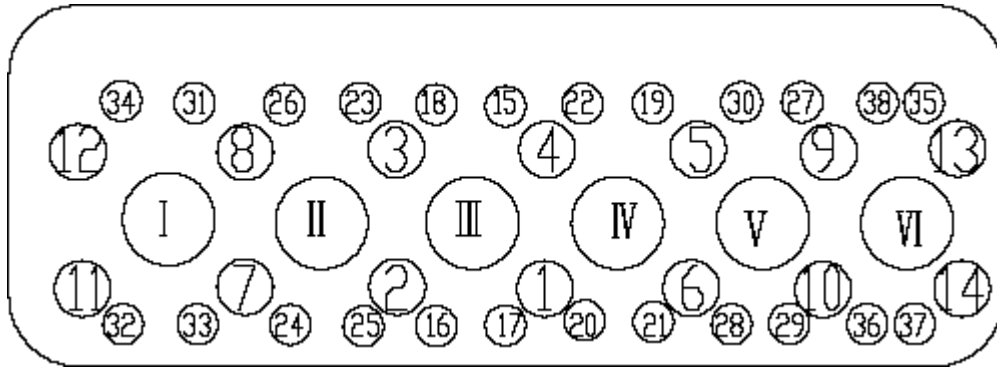


Illustration 14: Tighten order of cylinder head bolts and nuts

Tightening Process is as follows:

- A. Align the cylinder head with the cylinder block. Apply a proper amount of clean lubricating oil to the threads and pressure-bearing surfaces of shoulders of the main bolts of cylinder head and the shouldered nuts. Install the main bolts to the cylinder head. Install the clamping blocks and nuts to the auxiliary bolts of cylinder head.
- B. Tighten the main bolts in the specified sequence to the torque of $60 \pm 6 \text{ Nm}$.
- C. Tighten the nuts of auxiliary bolts in the specified sequence to the torque of $25 \pm 3 \text{ Nm}$.
- D. Tighten the nuts of auxiliary bolts in the specified sequence by $120^\circ \pm 5^\circ$. Then make marks on the nuts.
- E. Tighten the main bolts in the specified sequence by $120^\circ \pm 5^\circ$. Then make marks on the bolts.
- F. Tighten the nuts of auxiliary bolts in the specified sequence by another $120^\circ \pm 5^\circ$.
- G. Tighten the main bolts in the specified sequence by another $120^\circ \pm 5^\circ$.
- H. The cylinder head bolts and nuts shall be tightened according to the order given by Illustration 14, in which, those numbering 1-14 are nuts of auxiliary bolt, while those numbering 15-38 are main bolts of cylinder head.

Strength Class	0.125 (Galvanized)				0.14 (Bright)			
	6.9	8.8	10.9	12.9	6.9	8.8	10.9	12.9
Bolt Specs	Recommended Torque (Nm)							
M4	2.3	2.7	3.8	4.6	2.4	2.9	4.1	4.9
M5	4.7	5.5	8.0	9.5	5.0	6.0	8.5	10
M6	8.0	9.5	13.0	16.0	8.5	10	14.0	17
M8	19	23	32	39	21	25	35	41
M10	39	46	64	77	41	49	69	83
M12	67	80	110	135	72	86	120	145
M14	105	125	180	215	115	135	190	230
M16	165	195	275	330	180	210	295	355
M18	225	270	390	455	245	290	405	485
M20	325	385	540	650	345	410	580	690
M22	435	510	720	870	465	550	780	930
M24	560	660	930	1100	600	710	1000	1200
M27	830	980	1400	1650	890	1050	1500	1800
M30	1100	1350	1850	2250	1200	1450	2000	2400
M8x1	21	25	35	42	23	27	38	45
M10x1.25	41	49	66	82	44	52	73	88
M12x1.25	74	88	125	150	80	95	135	155
M12x1.5	70	83	115	140	76	90	125	150
M14x1.5	115	140	195	235	125	150	210	250
M16x1.5	175	210	295	350	190	225	315	380
M18x1.5	255	305	425	510	275	325	460	550
M20x1.5	360	425	600	720	385	460	640	770
M22x1.5	480	570	800	960	520	610	860	1050
M24x1.5	610	720	1000	1200	650	780	1100	1300
M27x1.5	890	1050	1500	1800	970	1150	1600	1950
M30x1.5	1250	1450	2050	2500	1350	1600	2250	2700

Table 6

Engine Service Schedule Log

Service Interval (hr.)	Service Date	Start Time	Complete Time	Hour Meter	Comments	Initial
50						
500						
1000						
1500						
2000						
2500						
3000						
3500						
4000						
4500						
5000						
5500						
6000						
6500						
7000						
7500						
8000						
8500						
9000						

Engine Identification

Engine Part Number:

Engine Serial Number:

Engine Application:

Purchased From:

In-Service Date:

Engine Hours at Delivery:

PM INSPECTION Performed by: _____

UNIT # _____ DATE: _____ HOURS: _____

WORK ORDER# _____

PM TYPE: ☐ _____ hr. ☐ _____ mo/yr
Codes:



OK



Needs Follow Up



Adjustment Made

ENGINE COMPARTMENT INSPECTION

CHECK ENGINE OIL LEVEL		REPLACE BREATHER FILTER	
CHECK ENGINE COOLANT LEVEL		INSPECT BELTS, PIPES, CLAMPS & HOSES	
CHECK OIL PRESSURE		IGNITION SYSTEM (PLUG WIRES/COILS/COP)	
CHECK OVERALL OPERATING CONDITION		CHECK COOLANT CONDITIONER (SAMPLE) REPLACE COOLANT AS REQUIRED	
CHANGE OIL & OIL FILTER (SAMPLE)		INSPECT WATER PUMP	
ADJUST VALVE LASH		TEST BATTERY & ALTERNATOR	
SPARK PLUGS (CHECK/ADJUST/REPLACE)		INSEPCT TURBOCHARGER	
CHECK AIR FILTER (INSPECT/REPLACE)			

NOTES

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

6. _____

7. _____

8. _____

9. _____

10. _____

11. _____

12. _____

13. _____

14. _____



**POWER SOLUTIONS
INTERNATIONAL**

**Power Solutions International, Inc
(PSI)201 Mittel Drive
Wood Dale, IL
60191USA
630-350-9400**