

DATA MANAGEMENT CHECKLIST

<u>DATA MANAGEMENT CHECKLIST:</u>	
ANALYST: DATE: INVESTIGATOR: PROJECT:	
<input type="checkbox"/>	It is good practice to look at each relevant variable's distribution. (e.g. histograms, boxplots, percentiles, densities, summary statistics).
<input type="checkbox"/>	Check for duplicates <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Consider: If there is a duplicate ID, is the whole row of data duplicated? ○ Record number of duplicates and how they were handled.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Check for nesting or repeated measures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Make note and use appropriate statistical design to account for it
<input type="checkbox"/>	Check for missing values <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Which variables contained missing values? For each of these variables answer: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ What percentage of values were missing? ○ What percentage of rows contained at least one missing value? ○ How were missing values handled? (e.g. removed, imputed – state method for imputation)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Subset data to match investigator's exclusion/inclusion criteria
<input type="checkbox"/>	Check variable classes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Example: a character variable that should be numeric
<input type="checkbox"/>	Check for outliers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Consider: Checking for outliers with continuous or numeric variables might be obvious, but remember to check all variables (e.g. categorical, factor, etc.) ○ Which variables contained outliers? For each of these variables answer: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ What percentage of values were outliers? ▪ How were outliers handled?
<input type="checkbox"/>	Check for implausible values <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Example: a negative value for height ○ Please list any changes
<input type="checkbox"/>	Check assumptions for each statistical test/model
<input type="checkbox"/>	Note any additional comments or concerns.