# Assignment #9: dfs, bfs, & dp

Updated 2107 GMT+8 Nov 19, 2024

2024 fall, Complied by <mark>徐贤天、工学院</mark>

#### 说明:

- 1)请把每个题目解题思路(可选),源码Python,或者C++(已经在Codeforces/Openjudge上AC),截图(包含Accepted),填写到下面作业模版中(推荐使用 typora <a href="https://typoraio.cn">https://typoraio.cn</a>,或者用word)。AC或者没有AC,都请标上每个题目大致花费时间。
- 2) 提交时候先提交pdf文件,再把md或者doc文件上传到右侧"作业评论"。Canvas需要有同学清晰头像、提交文件有pdf、"作业评论"区有上传的md或者doc附件。
- 3) 如果不能在截止前提交作业,请写明原因。

### 1. 题目

### 18160: 最大连通域面积

dfs similar, <a href="http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/18160">http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/18160</a>

思路:

```
directions = [(-1, -1), (-1, 0), (-1, 1), (0, -1), (0, 1), (1, -1), (1, 0), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1), (1, -1
1)]
def dfs(x, y, matrix, visited):
                   stack = [(x, y)]
                  visited[x][y] = True
                   area = 0
                  while stack:
                                     x, y = stack.pop()
                                     area += 1
                                      for dx, dy in directions:
                                                         nx, ny = x + dx, y + dy
                                                         if matrix[nx][ny] == 'W' and not visited[nx][ny]:
                                                                            stack.append((nx, ny))
                                                                            visited[nx][ny] = True
                   return area
t = int(input())
for _ in range(t):
                  n, m = map(int, input().split())
                  matrix = [[0]*(m+2)]
                   for _ in range(n):
                                      matrix.append([0] + list(input()) + [0])
                   matrix.append([0]*(m+2))
```

```
visited = [[False] * (m+2) for _ in range(n+2)]
max_area = 0
for x in range(1,n+1):
    for y in range(1,m+1):
        if matrix[x][y] == 'w' and not visited[x][y]:
            max_area = max(max_area, dfs(x, y, matrix, visited))
print(max_area)
```

#47295573提交状态 查看 提交 统计 提问

```
状态: Accepted
```

```
基本信息
源代码
                                                                                       #: 47295573
                                                                                     题目: 18160
 directions = [(-1, -1), (-1, 0), (-1, 1), (0, -1), (0, 1), (1, -1), (1, -1)]
                                                                                   提交人: 24n2400011033
 {\tt def} {\tt dfs}({\tt x},\ {\tt y},\ {\tt matrix},\ {\tt visited}):
                                                                                     内存: 3720kB
                                                                                      时间: 83ms
     stack = [(x, y)]
     visited[x][y] = True
                                                                                     语言: Python3
     area = 0
                                                                                  提交时间: 2024-11-20 21:32:46
     while stack:
         x, y = stack.pop()
         area += 1
         for dx, dy in directions:
             nx, ny = x + dx, y + dy
if matrix[nx][ny] == 'W' and not visited[nx][ny]:
                 stack.append((nx, ny))
                 visited[nx][ny] = True
     return area
 t = int(input())
 for _ in range(t):
     n, m = map(int, input().split())
     matrix = [[0]*(m+2)]
     for _ in range(n):
        matrix.append([0] + list(input()) + [0])
     matrix.append([0]*(m+2))
     visited = [[False] * (m+2) for _ in range(n+2)] \max_a = 0
     for x in range (1, n+1):
         for y in range(1, m+1):
             if matrix[x][y] == 'W' and not visited[x][y]:
                  max_area = max(max_area, dfs(x, y, matrix, visited))
     print(max_area)
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                                                                                                       English 帮助 关于
```

### 19930: 寻宝

bfs, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/19930

思路:

刚开始在nx和ny处判断是否到1点,结果一直WA,看了群里才发现特殊情况没有考虑

```
from collections import deque
directions = [(1,0),(-1,0),(0,1),(0,-1)]
def bfs(x,y,matrix,step):
    q = deque()
    inq = set()
    q.append((x,y,step))
```

```
inq.add((x,y))
    while q:
        x,y,step = q.popleft()
        if matrix[x][y] == 1:
            return step
        for dx, dy in directions:
            nx = x + dx
            ny = y + dy
            if 0 \le nx \le m and 0 \le ny \le n and (nx,ny) not in inq and matrix[nx]
[ny] != 2:
                q.append((nx,ny,step+1))
                inq.add((nx,ny))
    return 'NO'
m, n = map(int, input().split())
matrix = [[int(x) for x in input().split()] for _ in range(m)]
print(bfs(0,0,matrix,0))
```

代码运行截图 == (至少包含有"Accepted") ==

```
#47348416提交状态 查看 提交 统计 提问
```

```
状态: Accepted
```

```
基本信息
源代码
                                                                                #: 47348416
                                                                              题目: 19930
 from collections import deque
                                                                            提交人: 24n2400011033
 directions = [(1,0),(-1,0),(0,1),(0,-1)]
                                                                              内存: 3696kB
 def bfs(x,y,matrix,step):
                                                                              时间: 29ms
     q = deque()
    inq = set()
                                                                              语言: Python3
    q.append((x,y,step))
                                                                           提交时间: 2024-11-23 15:18:04
     inq.add((x,y))
     while q:
        x,y,step = q.popleft()
        if matrix[x][y] == 1:
            return step
         for dx,dy in directions:
            nx = x + dx
            ny = y + dy
            if 0 <= nx < m and 0 <= ny < n and (nx,ny) not in inq and me
                q.append((nx,ny,step+1))
                inq.add((nx,ny))
    return 'NO'
 m, n = map(int, input().split())
 matrix = [[int(x) for x in input().split()] for _ in range(m)]
 print(bfs(0,0,matrix,0))
4
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                                                                                              English 帮助 关于
```

### 04123: 马走日

dfs, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/04123

思路:

```
#pylint:skip-file
T = int(input())
directions = [(-2,1),(-1,2),(1,2),(2,1),(2,-1),(1,-2),(-1,-2),(-2,-1)]
```

```
def dfs(x, y, step):
    global cnt
    visited[x][y] = True
    if step == n*m-1:
        cnt += 1
        visited[x][y] = False
        return
    for dx, dy in directions:
        nx, ny = x + dx, y + dy
        if 0 \le nx < n and 0 \le ny < m and not visited[nx][ny]:
            dfs(nx, ny, step+1)
    visited[x][y] = False
for _ in range(T):
    n, m, x, y = map(int, input().split())
    visited = [[False] * m for _ in range(n)]
    cnt = 0
    dfs(x, y, 0)
    print(cnt)
```

```
#47349349提交状态
```

查看 提交 统计 提问

```
状态: Accepted
```

```
基本信息
源代码
                                                                                #: 47349349
                                                                               题目: 04123
 #pylint:skip-file
                                                                             提交人: 24n2400011033
 T = int(input())
                                                                              内存: 3664kB
 directions = [(-2,1),(-1,2),(1,2),(2,1),(2,-1),(1,-2),(-1,-2),(-2,-1)]
                                                                               时间: 2710ms
 def dfs(x, y, step):
                                                                               语言: Python3
     global cnt
                                                                            提交时间: 2024-11-23 15:48:20
     visited[x][y] = True
     if step == n*m-1:
        cnt += 1
        visited[x][y] = False
        return
     for dx, dy in directions:
        nx, ny = x + dx, y + dy
         if 0 \ll nx \ll n and 0 \ll ny \ll m and not visited[nx][ny]:
            dfs(nx, ny, step+1)
     visited[x][y] = False
 for _{-} in range(T):
     n, m, x, y = map(int, input().split())
     visited = [[False] * m for _ in range(n)]
     cnt = 0
     dfs(x, y, 0)
     print(cnt)
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                                                                                               English 帮助 关于
```

## sy316: 矩阵最大权值路径

dfs, https://sunnywhy.com/sfbj/8/1/316

思路:

```
n, m = map(int, input().split())
matrix = [[int(x) for x in input().split()] for _ in range(n)]
directions = [(1,0),(-1,0),(0,1),(0,-1)]
path = []
max_sum = -float('inf')
visited = [[False] * m for _ in range(n)]
def dfs(x, y, temp, now_sum):
    global max_sum, path
    visited[x][y] = True
    temp.append((x,y))
    now_sum += matrix[x][y]
    if x == n-1 and y == m-1:
        if now_sum > max_sum:
            max\_sum = now\_sum
            path = temp[:]
            temp.pop()
            visited[x][y] = False
            return
    for dx, dy in directions:
        nx, ny = x + dx, y + dy
        if 0 \le nx < n and 0 \le ny < m and not visited[nx][ny]:
            dfs(nx, ny, temp, now_sum)
    temp.pop()
    visited[x][y] = False
dfs(0, 0 ,[], 0)
for x, y in path:
    print(x+1, y+1)
```



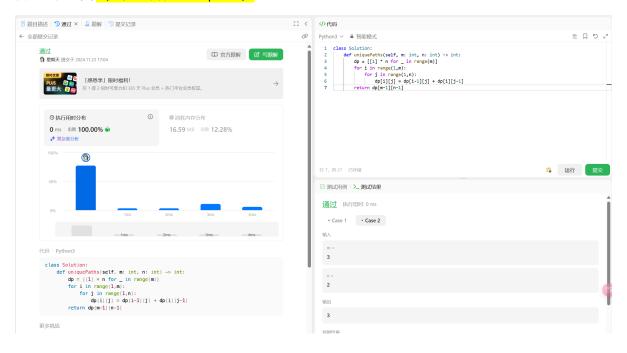
### LeetCode62.不同路径

dp, <a href="https://leetcode.cn/problems/unique-paths/">https://leetcode.cn/problems/unique-paths/</a>

思路:

代码:

### 代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")



# sy358: 受到祝福的平方

dfs, dp, https://sunnywhy.com/sfbj/8/3/539

思路:

```
from math import sqrt
A = int(input())
```

```
ls = [int(x) for x in str(A)]

def dfs(i):
    if i == len(ls):
        return True

num = 0

for j in range(i,len(ls)):
    num = num * 10 + ls[j]
    if sqrt(num) % 1 == 0 and num != 0:
        if dfs(j+1):
        return True

return False

print('Yes' if dfs(0) else 'No')
```



# 2. 学习总结和收获

如果作业题目简单,有否额外练习题目,比如:OJ"计概2024fall每日选做"、CF、LeetCode、洛谷等网 站题目。

这次的作业比较友好,基本就是照着模板来的,只是一些细节的地方还是得多加注意。

在矩阵最大权值路径中又一次需要拷贝,这同样是语法上的细节需要注意。

照着讲义上的题目一道一道练下来,对dfs和bfs的掌握更加熟练了。