Storypoint Prediction - appceleratorstudio

September 14, 2024

1 Storypoint Prediction: Regression Approach

1.1 Preparation

```
[377]: import os
       import json
       import random
       import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
       import numpy as np
       import pandas as pd
       import seaborn as sns
       from scipy.sparse import csr_matrix, hstack, vstack
       from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
       from sklearn.preprocessing import RobustScaler
       from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score, mean_absolute_error,_
        →f1_score, precision_score, recall_score, accuracy_score
       from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
       from sklearn.model_selection import learning_curve, validation_curve
       from trainer import GridSearchCVTrainer
       #['appceleratorstudio', 'aptanastudio', 'bamboo', 'clover',
       # 'datamanagement', 'duracloud', 'jirasoftware', 'mesos',
       # 'moodle', 'mule', 'mulestudio', 'springxd',
       # 'talenddataguality', 'talendesb', 'titanium', 'usergrid']
       project_name = 'appceleratorstudio'
```

1.1.1 Plot learning curve

```
plt.xlabel("Training examples") # Set x-axis label
  plt.ylabel("Score")
                                   # Set y-axis label
  # Generate learning curve data
  train_sizes, train_scores, test_scores = learning_curve(
      estimator, X, y, cv=cv, n_jobs=n_jobs, train_sizes=train_sizes,_
⇔scoring='neg_mean_squared_error')
  train_scores_mean = np.mean(train_scores, axis=1) # Calculate mean of L
⇔training scores
  train_scores_std = np.std(train_scores, axis=1) # Calculate standard_
⇔deviation of training scores
  test_scores_mean = np.mean(test_scores, axis=1) # Calculate mean of test_
⇔scores
  test_scores_std = np.std(test_scores, axis=1) # Calculate standard_
⇔deviation of test scores
  plt.grid() # Display grid
  # Fill the area between the mean training score and the mean \pm- std_\sqcup
⇔training score
  plt.fill_between(train_sizes, train_scores_mean - train_scores_std,
                   train_scores_mean + train_scores_std, alpha=0.1,
                   color="r")
  \# Fill the area between the mean test score and the mean +/- std test score
  plt.fill between(train sizes, test scores mean - test scores std,
                  test_scores_mean + test_scores_std, alpha=0.1, color="g")
  # Plot mean training score as points
  plt.plot(train_sizes, train_scores_mean, 'o-', color="r",
           label="Training score")
  # Plot mean test score as points
  plt.plot(train_sizes, test_scores_mean, 'o-', color="g",
           label="Validation score")
  plt.legend(loc="best") # Display legend
  return plt
```

1.1.2 Plot validation curve

```
cv=cv, n_jobs=n_jobs,
                                              ш
⇔scoring='neg_mean_squared_error')
  # Calculate mean and standard deviation of training and validation scores
  train mean = np.mean(train scores, axis=1)
  tran std = np.std(train scores, axis=1)
  val mean = np.mean(val scores, axis=1)
  val_std = np.std(val_scores, axis=1)
  print(val_mean)
  # Plot train scores
  plt.plot(param_range, train_mean, color='r', marker='o', markersize=5,__
⇔label='Training score')
  plt.fill_between(param_range, train_mean + tran_std, train_mean - tran_std,__
⇒alpha=0.15, color='r')
  # Plot validation scores
  plt.plot(param_range, val_mean, color='g', linestyle='--', marker='s', u
→markersize=5, label='Validation score')
  plt.fill_between(param_range, val_mean + val_std, val_mean - val_std,_u
⇒alpha=0.15, color='g')
  plt.title(title)
                         # Set title of the plot
  plt.grid()
                          # Display grid
  plt.xscale('log')
                         # Set x-axis scale to log
  plt.legend(loc='best') # Display legend
  plt.xlabel('Parameter') # Set x-axis label
  plt.ylabel('Score') # Set y-axis label
  # Set y-axis limits
  if y_lim != None:
      plt.ylim(y_lim)
  return plt
```

1.1.3 Evaluate model

```
rmse = np.sqrt(mse)
  mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred)
  r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
  lines.append(f' - Mean squared error:
                                          {mse:.4f}')
  lines.append(f' - Root mean squared error: {rmse:.4f}')
  lines.append(f' - Mean absolute error: {mae:.4f}')
                                           {r2:.4f}')
  lines.append(f' - R2 error:
  y_pred = np.round(y_pred).astype(int)
  f1 = f1_score(y_test, y_pred, average='weighted')
  precision = precision_score(y_test, y_pred, average='weighted',_
⇒zero division=0)
  recall = recall_score(y_test, y_pred, average='weighted', zero_division=0)
  accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
  lines.append(f' - F1 score:
                                          {f1:.4f}')
                                          {precision:.4f}')
  lines.append(f' - Precision:
  lines.append(f' - Recall:
                                          {recall:.4f}')
  lines.append(f' - Accuracy:
                                          {accuracy:.4f}')
  lines.append('----')
  lines.append('')
  # Save to file
  if(save_directory != None):
      filename = save_directory + project_name + '.txt'
      directory = os.path.dirname(filename)
      if not os.path.exists(directory):
          os.makedirs(directory)
      with open(filename, 'a') as f:
          for line in lines:
             print(line)
             f.write(line + '\n')
  else:
      for line in lines:
          print(line)
```

1.1.4 Set random seed

```
[381]: # Set random seed for numpy
np.random.seed(42)

# Set random seed for random
random.seed(42)

# Set random seed for os
```

```
os.environ['PYTHONHASHSEED'] = '42'
```

1.2 Dataset set-up

1.2.1 Bag of Words preprocessing

This is a Bag of Words preprocess approach. I will use 2 CountVectorizer from sklearn to change title and description to two 2 vectors and then concatenate them together. In the rest of this notebook, I will use cross-validation instead hold-out. Therefore, I will join the validation set with training set.

```
[382]: # # Import and remove NaN value
       \# data\_train = pd.concat([pd.read\_csv('data/' + project\_name + '/' +_{\sqcup}
        ⇒project_name + '_train.csv'),
                                  pd.read_csv('data/' + project_name + '/' +_
        →project_name + '_valid.csv')])
       # data_test = pd.read_csv('data/' + project_name + '/' + project_name + '_test.
        ⇔csv')
       # data_train['description'].replace(np.nan, '', inplace=True)
       # data_test['description'].replace(np.nan, '', inplace=True)
       # # Vectorize title
       # title vectorizer = CountVectorizer(ngram range=(1, 2), min df=2)
       # title_vectorizer.fit(pd.concat([data_train['title'], data_test['title']]))
       # # Vectorize description
       # description_vectorizer = CountVectorizer(ngram_range=(1, 2), min_df=2)
       # description_vectorizer.fit(pd.concat([data_train['description'],_
        ⇔data_test['description']]))
       # X train = hstack([title vectorizer.transform(data train['title']).
        \rightarrow astype(float),
                            description vectorizer.transform(data train['description']).
        \rightarrow astype(float),
                            data\_train['title'].apply(lambda x : len(x)).to\_numpy().
         \hookrightarrow reshape (-1, 1),
                            data\_train['description'].apply(lambda x : len(x)).
        \hookrightarrow to\_numpy().reshape(-1, 1)
                          7)
       # y_train = data_train['storypoint'].to_numpy().astype(float)
       # X_test = hstack([title vectorizer.transform(data_test['title']).astype(float),
```

```
[383]: # print('Check training dataset\'shape:', X_train.shape, y_train.shape) # print('Check testing dataset\'shape:', X_test.shape, y_test.shape)
```

I will use log-scale the label to get a normal distribution of it.

```
[384]: # y_train_log = np.log(y_train)
```

1.2.2 doc2vec preprocessing

This process is already prepared so I only need to import the thing

Check shape of the datasets

```
[386]: print('Check training dataset\'shape:', X_train.shape, y_train.shape)
    print('Check testing dataset\'shape:', X_test.shape, y_test.shape)

Check training dataset'shape: (2589, 128) (2589,)
    Check testing dataset'shape: (287, 128) (287,)

[387]: y_train_log = np.log(y_train)
```

1.3 Model training

1.3.1 Linear Regressor

```
[388]: from sklearn.linear_model import ElasticNet, Ridge
      Ridge
[389]: | dict_param = {
           'alpha': [.0001, .001, .01, .1, 1, 10, 100, 1000, 10000],
           'random_state': [42]
       }
[390]: grid_search = GridSearchCVTrainer(name='Ridge', model=Ridge(),
        →param_grid=dict_param,
                                        cv=5, n_jobs=5, directory='settings/doc2vec/'
       →+ project_name + '/')
       grid search.load if exists()
       grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
       ridge_model = grid_search.best_estimator_
       ridge_model.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
      0it [00:00, ?it/s]
[390]: Ridge(alpha=100, random_state=42)
[391]: evaluate_model(ridge_model, 'Ridge_model', X_test, y_test, y_logscale=True,__
        →save_directory='results/doc2vec/')
      Ridge model's evaluation results:
       - Mean squared error:
                                   3.7961
       - Root mean squared error: 1.9484
       - Mean absolute error:
                                  1.4495
       - R2 error:
                                   -0.0304
       - F1 score:
                                  0.2908
       - Precision:
                                  0.4139
       - Recall:
                                  0.3380
       - Accuracy:
                                   0.3380
[392]: ridge_model.get_params()
[392]: {'alpha': 100,
        'copy_X': True,
        'fit_intercept': True,
        'max_iter': None,
        'positive': False,
        'random_state': 42,
```

```
'solver': 'auto',
       'tol': 0.0001}
      Elastic net:
[393]: dict_param['l1_ratio'] = [.2, .4, .6, .8, 1]
      dict_param['max_iter'] = [5000]
[394]: grid_search = GridSearchCVTrainer(name='Elastic Net', model=ElasticNet(),
       →param_grid=dict_param,
                                      cv=5, n_jobs=5, directory='settings/doc2vec/'
       →+ project_name + '/')
      grid_search.load_if_exists()
      grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
      elastic_model = grid_search.best_estimator_
      elastic_model.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
      0it [00:00, ?it/s]
[394]: ElasticNet(alpha=0.001, l1 ratio=1, max iter=100000, random state=42)
[395]: evaluate_model(elastic_model, 'Elastic Net model', X_test, y_test, __
        Elastic Net model's evaluation results:
       - Mean squared error:
       - Root mean squared error: 2.0186
       - Mean absolute error:
                                1.5270
       - R2 error:
                                 -0.1060
       - F1 score:
                                 0.2501
       - Precision:
                                 0.3199
       - Recall:
                                 0.2544
       - Accuracy:
                                 0.2544
[396]: elastic_model.get_params()
[396]: {'alpha': 0.001,
       'copy_X': True,
       'fit_intercept': True,
       'l1_ratio': 1,
       'max_iter': 100000,
       'positive': False,
       'precompute': False,
       'random_state': 42,
       'selection': 'cyclic',
       'tol': 0.0001,
```

```
'warm_start': False}
      Choose final linear regressor model:
[397]: if mean_squared_error(y_test, np.exp(ridge_model.predict(X_test))) <\
          mean_squared_error(y_test, np.exp(elastic_model.predict(X_test))):
           linear_model = ridge_model
       else:
           linear_model = elastic_model
      1.3.2 Support Vector Regressor
[398]: from sklearn.svm import SVR
[399]: | dict_param = {
           'C': [.0001, .001, .01, .1, 1, 10, 100, 1000, 10000],
           'epsilon': [.0001, .001, .01, .1, 1, 10, 100, 1000, 10000],
           'gamma': np.logspace(-9, 3, 13),
           'kernel': ['rbf']
       }
[400]: |grid_search = GridSearchCVTrainer(name="Support Vector Regressor", model=SVR(),

→param_grid=dict_param,
                                         cv=5, n_jobs=5, directory='settings/doc2vec/'
        →+ project_name + '/')
       grid search.load if exists()
       grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
       svr_model = grid_search.best_estimator_
       svr_model.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
      There is no checkpoint file for this model.
      100%|
                 | 1053/1053 [18:17<00:00, 1.04s/it]
[400]: SVR(C=0.1, gamma=1.0)
[401]: evaluate_model(svr_model, 'SVR model', X_test, y_test, y_logscale=True,__
        ⇔save_directory='results/doc2vec/')
      SVR model's evaluation results:
       - Mean squared error:
                                   3.8448
       - Root mean squared error: 1.9608
       - Mean absolute error:
                                   1.5125
       - R2 error:
                                   -0.0437
       - F1 score:
                                   0.2691
```

0.6872

0.2474

0.2474

- Precision:

- Accuracy:

- Recall:

```
[402]:
      svr_model.get_params()
[402]: {'C': 0.1,
        'cache size': 200,
        'coef0': 0.0,
        'degree': 3,
        'epsilon': 0.1,
        'gamma': 1.0,
        'kernel': 'rbf',
        'max_iter': -1,
        'shrinking': True,
        'tol': 0.001,
        'verbose': False}
      1.3.3 Random Forest Regressor
[403]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
[404]: | dict_param = {
           'max_depth' : [1000, 2000, 5000],
           'min_samples_split': [25, 200, 1000],
           'min_samples_leaf': [1, 2, 3, 4],
           'max_features': [50, 100, 200],
           'n_estimators': [1024],
           'random_state': [42]
[405]: |grid_search = GridSearchCVTrainer(name="Random Forest Regressor",
                                         model=RandomForestRegressor(),
                                          param_grid=dict_param, cv = 5, n_jobs=-1,
                                          directory='settings/doc2vec/' + project_name_
       + '/')
       grid_search.load_if_exists()
       grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
      rfr_model = grid_search.best_estimator_
       rfr_model.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
      0it [00:00, ?it/s]
[405]: RandomForestRegressor(max_depth=1000, max_features=50, min_samples_leaf=4,
                             min_samples_split=25, n_estimators=1024, random_state=42)
[406]: evaluate_model(rfr_model, 'Random Forest model', X_test, y_test,

y_logscale=True, save_directory='results/doc2vec/')
```

```
- R2 error:
                                   -0.0512
       - F1 score:
                                   0.2966
       - Precision:
                                   0.3357
       - Recall:
                                   0.3031
       - Accuracy:
                                   0.3031
[407]: rfr model.get params()
[407]: {'bootstrap': True,
        'ccp_alpha': 0.0,
        'criterion': 'squared_error',
        'max_depth': 1000,
        'max_features': 50,
        'max_leaf_nodes': None,
        'max_samples': None,
        'min_impurity_decrease': 0.0,
        'min_samples_leaf': 4,
        'min_samples_split': 25,
        'min_weight_fraction_leaf': 0.0,
        'monotonic_cst': None,
        'n_estimators': 1024,
        'n_jobs': None,
        'oob_score': False,
        'random_state': 42,
        'verbose': 0,
        'warm_start': False}
      1.3.4 XGBoost
[408]: from xgboost import XGBRegressor
[409]: | dict_param = {
           'eta' : np.linspace(0.01, 0.2, 3),
           'gamma': np.logspace(-2, 2, 5),
           'max_depth': np.asarray([3, 5, 7, 9]).tolist(),
           'min_child_weight': np.logspace(-2, 2, 5),
           'subsample': np.asarray([0.5, .1]),
           'reg_alpha': np.asarray([0.0, 0.05]),
           'n_estimators': np.asarray([10, 20, 50, 100]).tolist(),
           'random_state': [42]
       }
```

Random Forest model's evaluation results:

- Root mean squared error: 1.9679

3.8725

1.4742

- Mean squared error:

- Mean absolute error:

```
[410]: grid_search = GridSearchCVTrainer(name='XGBoost_
        →Regressor', model=XGBRegressor(), param_grid=dict_param,
                                         cv = 5, n_jobs=2, directory='settings/doc2vec/
       →' + project name + '/')
       grid_search.load_if_exists()
       grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
       xgb_model = grid_search.best_estimator_
       xgb_model.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
      0it [00:00, ?it/s]
[410]: XGBRegressor(base_score=None, booster=None, callbacks=None,
                    colsample_bylevel=None, colsample_bynode=None,
                    colsample_bytree=None, device=None, early_stopping_rounds=None,
                    enable_categorical=False, eta=0.01, eval_metric=None,
                    feature_types=None, gamma=0.1, grow_policy=None,
                    importance_type=None, interaction_constraints=None,
                    learning_rate=None, max_bin=None, max_cat_threshold=None,
                    max_cat_to_onehot=None, max_delta_step=None, max_depth=9,
                    max_leaves=None, min_child_weight=10.0, missing=nan,
                    monotone constraints=None, multi strategy=None, n estimators=100,
                    n_jobs=None, num_parallel_tree=None, ...)
[411]: evaluate_model(xgb_model, 'XGBoost_Regressor_model', X_test, y_test, u

¬y_logscale=True, save_directory='results/doc2vec/')
      XGBoost Regressor model's evaluation results:
       - Mean squared error:
                                   3.7778
       - Root mean squared error: 1.9437
       - Mean absolute error:
                                  1.4321
       - R2 error:
                                  -0.0255
       - F1 score:
                                  0.3038
       - Precision:
                                  0.2633
       - Recall:
                                  0.3589
       - Accuracy:
                                  0.3589
[412]: xgb_model.get_params()
[412]: {'objective': 'reg:squarederror',
        'base_score': None,
        'booster': None.
        'callbacks': None,
        'colsample_bylevel': None,
        'colsample_bynode': None,
        'colsample_bytree': None,
```

```
'enable_categorical': False,
        'eval_metric': None,
        'feature_types': None,
        'gamma': 0.1,
        'grow_policy': None,
        'importance_type': None,
        'interaction constraints': None,
        'learning_rate': None,
        'max bin': None,
        'max_cat_threshold': None,
        'max_cat_to_onehot': None,
        'max_delta_step': None,
        'max depth': 9,
        'max_leaves': None,
        'min_child_weight': 10.0,
        'missing': nan,
        'monotone_constraints': None,
        'multi_strategy': None,
        'n_estimators': 100,
        'n jobs': None,
        'num_parallel_tree': None,
        'random state': 42,
        'reg_alpha': 0.0,
        'reg lambda': None,
        'sampling_method': None,
        'scale_pos_weight': None,
        'subsample': 0.5,
        'tree_method': None,
        'validate_parameters': None,
        'verbosity': None,
        'eta': 0.01}
      1.3.5 LightGBM
[413]: from lightgbm import LGBMRegressor
       from sklearn.model_selection import ParameterSampler
[414]: | dict_param = {
           'n_estimator': [10, 20, 50, 100, 200, 500],
           'max_depth': np.asarray([5, 7, 9, 11, 13]).tolist(),
           'num leaves': ((np.power(2, np.asarray([5, 7, 9, 11, 13])) - 1) * (0.55 +_{\sqcup}
        \hookrightarrow (0.65 - 0.55) * np.random.rand(5))).astype(int).tolist(),
           'min data in leaf': np.linspace(100, 1000, 4).astype(int).tolist(),
           'feature_fraction': np.linspace(0.6, 1, 3),
           'bagging_fraction': np.linspace(0.6, 1, 3),
```

'device': None,

'early_stopping_rounds': None,

```
'learning_rate': [0.01],
           'verbose': [-1],
           'random_state': [42]
       }
       def custom_sampler(param_grid):
           for params in ParameterSampler(param_grid, n_iter=1e9):
               range_num_leaves = ((0.5 * (2**params['max_depth'] - 1)), (0.7 *_
        ⇔(2**params['max depth']) - 1))
               if(range_num_leaves[0] <= params['num_leaves'] <= range_num_leaves[1]):</pre>
                   for key, value in params.items():
                       params[key] = [value]
                   yield params
[415]: grid search = GridSearchCVTrainer(name='LightGBM Regressor', __
        →model=LGBMRegressor(),
                                       param_grid=list(custom_sampler(dict_param)), cv_u
        \Rightarrow= 5, n_jobs=1,
                                        directory='settings/doc2vec/' + project_name +__
        ' / ' )
       grid_search.load_if_exists()
       grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
       lgbmr_model = grid_search.best_estimator_
       lgbmr_model.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
      c:\Users\aupho\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Lib\site-
      packages\sklearn\model_selection\_search.py:320: UserWarning: The total space of
      parameters 5400 is smaller than n_iter=1000000000. Running 5400 iterations. For
      exhaustive searches, use GridSearchCV.
        warnings.warn(
      0it [00:00, ?it/s]
[415]: LGBMRegressor(bagging_fraction=0.6, feature_fraction=0.6, learning_rate=0.01,
                     max_depth=7, min_data_in_leaf=100, n_estimator=10, num_leaves=72,
                     random_state=42, verbose=-1)
[416]: evaluate_model(lgbmr_model, 'LightGBM regressor model', X_test, y_test, u
        →y_logscale=True, save_directory='results/doc2vec/')
      LightGBM regressor model's evaluation results:
       - Mean squared error:
                                   3.7124
       - Root mean squared error: 1.9267
       - Mean absolute error:
                                   1.4063
       - R2 error:
                                   -0.0077
       - F1 score:
                                   0.3047
       - Precision:
                                   0.2544
       - Recall:
                                   0.3798
```

```
[417]: lgbmr_model.get_params()
[417]: {'boosting_type': 'gbdt',
        'class_weight': None,
        'colsample_bytree': 1.0,
        'importance_type': 'split',
        'learning_rate': 0.01,
        'max_depth': 7,
        'min_child_samples': 20,
        'min_child_weight': 0.001,
        'min_split_gain': 0.0,
        'n_estimators': 100,
        'n_jobs': None,
        'num_leaves': 72,
        'objective': None,
        'random_state': 42,
        'reg_alpha': 0.0,
        'reg lambda': 0.0,
        'subsample': 1.0,
        'subsample_for_bin': 200000,
        'subsample_freq': 0,
        'verbose': -1,
        'n_estimator': 10,
        'min_data_in_leaf': 100,
        'feature_fraction': 0.6,
        'bagging_fraction': 0.6}
      1.3.6 Stacked model:
[418]: from mlxtend.regressor import StackingCVRegressor
      Define component models:
[419]: trained_models = [linear_model, svr_model, rfr_model, xgb_model, lgbmr_model]
      Define blended model:
[420]: | stack_gen = StackingCVRegressor(regressors=tuple(trained_models),
                                        meta_regressor=trained_models[np.
        →argmin([mean_squared_error(np.exp(model.predict(X_test)), y_test) for model_

→in trained_models])],
                                        use_features_in_secondary=True, n_jobs=-1,__
        ⇔random_state=42)
       print(stack_gen)
```

0.3798

- Accuracy:

```
feature_fraction=0.6,
                                                         learning_rate=0.01,
                                                        max_depth=7,
                                                        min data in leaf=100,
                                                        n_estimator=10, num_leaves=72,
                                                         random state=42, verbose=-1),
                           n_jobs=-1, random_state=42,
                           regressors=(Ridge(alpha=100, random state=42),
                                       SVR(C=0.1, gamma=1.0),
                                       RandomForestRegressor(max_depth=1000,
                                                              max_features=50,
                                                              min_s...
                                                    max_leaves=None,
                                                    min_child_weight=10.0, missing=nan,
                                                    monotone_constraints=None,
                                                    multi_strategy=None,
                                                    n_estimators=100, n_jobs=None,
                                                    num_parallel_tree=None, ...),
                                       LGBMRegressor(bagging fraction=0.6,
                                                     feature fraction=0.6,
                                                     learning rate=0.01, max depth=7,
                                                     min_data_in_leaf=100,
                                                     n estimator=10, num leaves=72,
                                                     random_state=42, verbose=-1)),
                           use_features_in_secondary=True)
[421]: stack_gen.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
[421]: StackingCVRegressor(meta_regressor=LGBMRegressor(bagging_fraction=0.6,
                                                         feature_fraction=0.6,
                                                         learning rate=0.01,
                                                         max depth=7,
                                                         min_data_in_leaf=100,
                                                         n estimator=10, num leaves=72,
                                                         random_state=42, verbose=-1),
                           n_jobs=-1, random_state=42,
                           regressors=(Ridge(alpha=100, random_state=42),
                                        SVR(C=0.1, gamma=1.0),
                                        RandomForestRegressor(max_depth=1000,
                                                              max_features=50,
                                                              min s...
                                                     max_leaves=None,
                                                     min_child_weight=10.0, missing=nan,
                                                     monotone_constraints=None,
                                                     multi strategy=None,
                                                     n_estimators=100, n_jobs=None,
```

StackingCVRegressor(meta_regressor=LGBMRegressor(bagging_fraction=0.6,

```
LGBMRegressor(bagging_fraction=0.6,
                                                      feature_fraction=0.6,
                                                      learning_rate=0.01, max_depth=7,
                                                      min_data_in_leaf=100,
                                                      n_estimator=10, num_leaves=72,
                                                      random_state=42, verbose=-1)),
                           use_features_in_secondary=True)
[422]: evaluate_model(stack_gen, 'Stacking model', X_test, y_test, y_logscale=True,__
        ⇔save_directory='results/doc2vec/')
      Stacking model's evaluation results:
       - Mean squared error:
                                   3.7984
       - Root mean squared error: 1.9489
       - Mean absolute error:
                                   1.4316
       - R2 error:
                                  -0.0311
       - F1 score:
                                  0.3007
                                   0.2818
       - Precision:
       - Recall:
                                  0.3554
       - Accuracy:
                                   0.3554
[423]: stack_gen.get_params()
[423]: {'cv': 5,
        'meta_regressor__boosting_type': 'gbdt',
        'meta_regressor__class_weight': None,
        'meta regressor colsample bytree': 1.0,
        'meta regressor importance type': 'split',
        'meta_regressor__learning_rate': 0.01,
        'meta_regressor__max_depth': 7,
        'meta_regressor__min_child_samples': 20,
        'meta_regressor__min_child_weight': 0.001,
        'meta_regressor_min_split_gain': 0.0,
        'meta_regressor__n_estimators': 100,
        'meta_regressor__n_jobs': None,
        'meta_regressor__num_leaves': 72,
        'meta_regressor__objective': None,
        'meta_regressor__random_state': 42,
        'meta_regressor__reg_alpha': 0.0,
        'meta_regressor__reg_lambda': 0.0,
        'meta_regressor__subsample': 1.0,
        'meta regressor subsample for bin': 200000,
        'meta_regressor__subsample_freq': 0,
        'meta regressor verbose': -1,
        'meta_regressor__n_estimator': 10,
```

num_parallel_tree=None, ...),

```
'meta_regressor_min_data_in_leaf': 100,
 'meta_regressor__feature_fraction': 0.6,
 'meta_regressor_bagging_fraction': 0.6,
 'meta regressor': LGBMRegressor(bagging fraction=0.6, feature fraction=0.6,
learning_rate=0.01,
               max_depth=7, min_data_in_leaf=100, n_estimator=10, num_leaves=72,
               random state=42, verbose=-1),
 'multi_output': False,
 'n jobs': -1,
 'pre_dispatch': '2*n_jobs',
 'random_state': 42,
 'refit': True,
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                        min_samples_split=25, n_estimators=1024,
random_state=42),
  XGBRegressor(base_score=None, booster=None, callbacks=None,
               colsample_bylevel=None, colsample_bynode=None,
               colsample_bytree=None, device=None, early_stopping_rounds=None,
               enable_categorical=False, eta=0.01, eval_metric=None,
               feature_types=None, gamma=0.1, grow_policy=None,
               importance_type=None, interaction_constraints=None,
               learning rate=None, max bin=None, max cat threshold=None,
               max_cat_to_onehot=None, max_delta_step=None, max_depth=9,
               max_leaves=None, min_child_weight=10.0, missing=nan,
               monotone_constraints=None, multi_strategy=None, n_estimators=100,
               n_jobs=None, num_parallel_tree=None, ...),
  LGBMRegressor(bagging_fraction=0.6, feature_fraction=0.6, learning_rate=0.01,
                max_depth=7, min_data_in_leaf=100, n_estimator=10,
num_leaves=72,
                random_state=42, verbose=-1)),
 'shuffle': True,
 'store_train_meta_features': False,
 'use_features_in_secondary': True,
 'verbose': 0,
 'ridge': Ridge(alpha=100, random state=42),
 'svr': SVR(C=0.1, gamma=1.0),
 'randomforestregressor': RandomForestRegressor(max depth=1000, max features=50,
min_samples_leaf=4,
                       min samples split=25, n estimators=1024,
random_state=42),
 'xgbregressor': XGBRegressor(base score=None, booster=None, callbacks=None,
              colsample_bylevel=None, colsample_bynode=None,
              colsample_bytree=None, device=None, early_stopping_rounds=None,
              enable_categorical=False, eta=0.01, eval_metric=None,
              feature_types=None, gamma=0.1, grow_policy=None,
```

```
importance_type=None, interaction_constraints=None,
              learning_rate=None, max_bin=None, max_cat_threshold=None,
              max_cat_to_onehot=None, max_delta_step=None, max_depth=9,
              max_leaves=None, min_child_weight=10.0, missing=nan,
              monotone_constraints=None, multi_strategy=None, n_estimators=100,
              n_jobs=None, num_parallel_tree=None, ...),
 'lgbmregressor': LGBMRegressor(bagging_fraction=0.6, feature_fraction=0.6,
learning_rate=0.01,
               max depth=7, min data in leaf=100, n estimator=10, num leaves=72,
               random state=42, verbose=-1),
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 'ridge__fit_intercept': True,
 'ridge__max_iter': None,
 'ridge__positive': False,
 'ridge__random_state': 42,
 'ridge__solver': 'auto',
 'ridge__tol': 0.0001,
 'svr__C': 0.1,
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 'svr__coef0': 0.0,
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 'svr__epsilon': 0.1,
 'svr gamma': 1.0,
 'svr__kernel': 'rbf',
 'svr max iter': -1,
 'svr_shrinking': True,
 'svr tol': 0.001,
 'svr__verbose': False,
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 'randomforestregressor__max_features': 50,
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```

```
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'xgbregressor_callbacks': None,
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'xgbregressor_colsample_bynode': None,
'xgbregressor colsample bytree': None,
'xgbregressor__device': None,
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'xgbregressor__max_cat_to_onehot': None,
'xgbregressor__max_delta_step': None,
'xgbregressor__max_depth': 9,
'xgbregressor__max_leaves': None,
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'xgbregressor_validate_parameters': None,
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'lgbmregressor_boosting_type': 'gbdt',
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'lgbmregressor_colsample_bytree': 1.0,
'lgbmregressor__importance_type': 'split',
'lgbmregressor_learning_rate': 0.01,
'lgbmregressor_max_depth': 7,
'lgbmregressor__min_child_samples': 20,
```

```
'lgbmregressor_min_child_weight': 0.001,
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'lgbmregressor_n_estimators': 100,
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'lgbmregressor_subsample_freq': 0,
'lgbmregressor_verbose': -1,
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'lgbmregressor_min_data_in_leaf': 100,
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```