Storypoint Prediction - aptanastudio

September 14, 2024

1 Storypoint Prediction: Regression Approach

1.1 Preparation

```
[49]: import os
      import json
      import random
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import numpy as np
      import pandas as pd
      import seaborn as sns
      from scipy.sparse import csr_matrix, hstack, vstack
      from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
      from sklearn.preprocessing import RobustScaler
      from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score, mean_absolute_error,_

¬f1_score, precision_score, recall_score, accuracy_score
      from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
      from sklearn.model_selection import learning_curve, validation_curve
      from trainer import GridSearchCVTrainer
      #['appceleratorstudio', 'aptanastudio', 'bamboo', 'clover',
      # 'datamanagement', 'duracloud', 'jirasoftware', 'mesos',
      # 'moodle', 'mule', 'mulestudio', 'springxd',
      # 'talenddataquality', 'talendesb', 'titanium', 'usergrid']
      project_name = 'aptanastudio'
```

1.1.1 Plot learning curve

```
plt.xlabel("Training examples") # Set x-axis label
  plt.ylabel("Score")
                                   # Set y-axis label
  # Generate learning curve data
  train_sizes, train_scores, test_scores = learning_curve(
      estimator, X, y, cv=cv, n_jobs=n_jobs, train_sizes=train_sizes,_
⇔scoring='neg_mean_squared_error')
  train_scores_mean = np.mean(train_scores, axis=1) # Calculate mean of L
⇔training scores
  train_scores_std = np.std(train_scores, axis=1) # Calculate standard_
⇔deviation of training scores
  test_scores_mean = np.mean(test_scores, axis=1) # Calculate mean of test_
⇔scores
  test_scores_std = np.std(test_scores, axis=1) # Calculate standard_
⇔deviation of test scores
  plt.grid() # Display grid
  # Fill the area between the mean training score and the mean \pm- std_\sqcup
⇔training score
  plt.fill_between(train_sizes, train_scores_mean - train_scores_std,
                   train_scores_mean + train_scores_std, alpha=0.1,
                   color="r")
  \# Fill the area between the mean test score and the mean +/- std test score
  plt.fill between(train sizes, test scores mean - test scores std,
                  test_scores_mean + test_scores_std, alpha=0.1, color="g")
  # Plot mean training score as points
  plt.plot(train_sizes, train_scores_mean, 'o-', color="r",
           label="Training score")
  # Plot mean test score as points
  plt.plot(train_sizes, test_scores_mean, 'o-', color="g",
           label="Validation score")
  plt.legend(loc="best") # Display legend
  return plt
```

1.1.2 Plot validation curve

```
[51]: def plot_validation_curve(estimator, title, X, y, param_name, param_range, y_lim=None, cv=10, n_jobs=-1):

train_scores, val_scores = validation_curve(estimator=estimator, X=X, y=y, param_name=param_name, u param_range=param_range,
```

```
cv=cv, n_jobs=n_jobs,
                                              ш
⇒scoring='neg_mean_squared_error')
  # Calculate mean and standard deviation of training and validation scores
  train mean = np.mean(train scores, axis=1)
  tran std = np.std(train scores, axis=1)
  val_mean = np.mean(val_scores, axis=1)
  val_std = np.std(val_scores, axis=1)
  print(val_mean)
  # Plot train scores
  plt.plot(param_range, train_mean, color='r', marker='o', markersize=5,__
⇔label='Training score')
  plt.fill_between(param_range, train_mean + tran_std, train_mean - tran_std,__
⇒alpha=0.15, color='r')
  # Plot validation scores
  plt.plot(param_range, val_mean, color='g', linestyle='--', marker='s',u
→markersize=5, label='Validation score')
  plt.fill_between(param_range, val_mean + val_std, val_mean - val_std,_u
⇒alpha=0.15, color='g')
  plt.title(title)
                         # Set title of the plot
  plt.grid()
                          # Display grid
  plt.xscale('log')
                         # Set x-axis scale to log
  plt.legend(loc='best') # Display legend
  plt.xlabel('Parameter') # Set x-axis label
  plt.ylabel('Score') # Set y-axis label
  # Set y-axis limits
  if y_lim != None:
      plt.ylim(y_lim)
  return plt
```

1.1.3 Evaluate model

```
rmse = np.sqrt(mse)
  mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred)
  r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
  lines.append(f' - Mean squared error:
                                          {mse:.4f}')
  lines.append(f' - Root mean squared error: {rmse:.4f}')
  lines.append(f' - Mean absolute error: {mae:.4f}')
  lines.append(f' - R2 error:
                                           {r2:.4f}')
  y_pred = np.round(y_pred).astype(int)
  f1 = f1_score(y_test, y_pred, average='weighted')
  precision = precision_score(y_test, y_pred, average='weighted',_
⇒zero division=0)
  recall = recall_score(y_test, y_pred, average='weighted', zero_division=0)
  accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
  lines.append(f' - F1 score:
                                          {f1:.4f}')
  lines.append(f' - Precision:
                                          {precision:.4f}')
  lines.append(f' - Recall:
                                          {recall:.4f}')
  lines.append(f' - Accuracy:
                                          {accuracy:.4f}')
  lines.append('----')
  lines.append('')
  # Save to file
  if(save_directory != None):
      filename = save_directory + project_name + '.txt'
      directory = os.path.dirname(filename)
      if not os.path.exists(directory):
          os.makedirs(directory)
      with open(filename, 'a') as f:
          for line in lines:
             print(line)
             f.write(line + '\n')
  else:
      for line in lines:
          print(line)
```

1.1.4 Set random seed

```
[53]: # Set random seed for numpy
np.random.seed(42)

# Set random seed for random
random.seed(42)

# Set random seed for os
```

```
os.environ['PYTHONHASHSEED'] = '42'
```

1.2 Dataset set-up

1.2.1 Bag of Words preprocessing

This is a Bag of Words preprocess approach. I will use 2 CountVectorizer from sklearn to change title and description to two 2 vectors and then concatenate them together. In the rest of this notebook, I will use cross-validation instead hold-out. Therefore, I will join the validation set with training set.

```
[54]: # # Import and remove NaN value
                \# data\_train = pd.concat([pd.read\_csv('data/' + project\_name + '/' + _U' + _
                   ⇒project_name + '_train.csv'),
                                                                                  pd.read csv('data/' + project name + '/' +
                   →project_name + '_valid.csv')])
                # data_test = pd.read_csv('data/' + project_name + '/' + project_name + '_test.
                  ⇔csv')
                # data_train['description'].replace(np.nan, '', inplace=True)
                # data_test['description'].replace(np.nan, '', inplace=True)
                # # Vectorize title
                # title vectorizer = CountVectorizer(ngram range=(1, 2), min df=2)
                # title_vectorizer.fit(pd.concat([data_train['title'], data_test['title']]))
                # # Vectorize description
                # description_vectorizer = CountVectorizer(ngram_range=(1, 2), min_df=2)
                # description_vectorizer.fit(pd.concat([data_train['description'],_
                  ⇔data_test['description']]))
                # X train = hstack([title vectorizer.transform(data train['title']).
                   \rightarrow astype(float),
                                                                     description vectorizer.transform(data train['description']).
                   \rightarrow astype(float),
                                                                     data\_train['title'].apply(lambda x : len(x)).to\_numpy().
                    \hookrightarrow reshape (-1, 1),
                                                                     data\_train['description'].apply(lambda x : len(x)).
                   \hookrightarrow to\_numpy().reshape(-1, 1)
                                                                7)
                # y_train = data_train['storypoint'].to_numpy().astype(float)
                # X test = hstack([title_vectorizer.transform(data_test['title']).astype(float),
```

```
[55]: # print('Check training dataset\'shape:', X_train.shape, y_train.shape)
# print('Check testing dataset\'shape:', X_test.shape, y_test.shape)
```

I will use log-scale the label to get a normal distribution of it.

```
[56]: | # y_train_log = np.log(y_train)
```

1.2.2 doc2vec preprocessing

This process is already prepared so I only need to import the thing

Check shape of the datasets

```
[58]: print('Check training dataset\'shape:', X_train.shape, y_train.shape)
print('Check testing dataset\'shape:', X_test.shape, y_test.shape)

Check training dataset'shape: (694, 128) (694,)
Check testing dataset'shape: (77, 128) (77,)
```

```
[59]: y_train_log = np.log(y_train)
```

1.3 Model training

1.3.1 Linear Regressor

```
[60]: from sklearn.linear_model import ElasticNet, Ridge
     Ridge
[61]: dict_param = {
          'alpha': [.0001, .001, .01, .1, 1, 10, 100, 1000, 10000],
          'random_state': [42]
      }
[62]: grid_search = GridSearchCVTrainer(name='Ridge', model=Ridge(),
       →param_grid=dict_param,
                                       cv=5, n_jobs=5, directory='settings/doc2vec/'
      →+ project_name + '/')
      grid search.load if exists()
      grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
      ridge_model = grid_search.best_estimator_
      ridge_model.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
     0it [00:00, ?it/s]
[62]: Ridge(alpha=100, random_state=42)
[63]: evaluate_model(ridge_model, 'Ridge_model', X_test, y_test, y_logscale=True,__
       →save_directory='results/doc2vec/')
     Ridge model's evaluation results:
      - Mean squared error:
                                 28.4591
      - Root mean squared error: 5.3347
      - Mean absolute error:
                                 3.4476
      - R2 error:
                                 0.0479
      - F1 score:
                                 0.0005
      - Precision:
                                 0.0002
      - Recall:
                                 0.0130
      - Accuracy:
                                 0.0130
[64]: ridge_model.get_params()
[64]: {'alpha': 100,
       'copy_X': True,
       'fit_intercept': True,
       'max_iter': None,
       'positive': False,
       'random_state': 42,
```

```
'solver': 'auto',
       'tol': 0.0001}
     Elastic net:
[65]: dict_param['l1_ratio'] = [.2, .4, .6, .8, 1]
     dict_param['max_iter'] = [5000]
[66]: grid_search = GridSearchCVTrainer(name='Elastic Net', model=ElasticNet(),
       →param_grid=dict_param,
                                     cv=5, n_jobs=5, directory='settings/doc2vec/'
      →+ project_name + '/')
     grid_search.load_if_exists()
     grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
     elastic_model = grid_search.best_estimator_
     elastic_model.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
     0it [00:00, ?it/s]
[66]: ElasticNet(alpha=0.01, l1_ratio=0.6, max_iter=100000, random_state=42)
[67]: evaluate_model(elastic_model, 'Elastic Net model', X_test, y_test, u
       Elastic Net model's evaluation results:
      - Mean squared error:
                                28.7355
      - Root mean squared error: 5.3605
      - Mean absolute error:
                                3.4810
      - R2 error:
                                0.0386
      - F1 score:
                                0.0005
      - Precision:
                                0.0002
      - Recall:
                                0.0130
      - Accuracy:
                                0.0130
[68]: elastic_model.get_params()
[68]: {'alpha': 0.01,
       'copy_X': True,
       'fit_intercept': True,
       'l1_ratio': 0.6,
       'max_iter': 100000,
       'positive': False,
       'precompute': False,
       'random_state': 42,
       'selection': 'cyclic',
       'tol': 0.0001,
```

```
'warm_start': False}
     Choose final linear regressor model:
[69]: if mean_squared_error(y_test, np.exp(ridge_model.predict(X_test))) <\</pre>
         mean_squared_error(y_test, np.exp(elastic_model.predict(X_test))):
          linear_model = ridge_model
      else:
          linear_model = elastic_model
     1.3.2 Support Vector Regressor
[70]: from sklearn.svm import SVR
[71]: | dict_param = {
          'C': [.0001, .001, .01, .1, 1, 10, 100, 1000, 10000],
          'epsilon': [.0001, .001, .01, .1, 1, 10, 100, 1000, 10000],
          'gamma': np.logspace(-9, 3, 13),
          'kernel': ['rbf']
      }
[72]: grid_search = GridSearchCVTrainer(name="Support Vector Regressor", model=SVR(),

→param_grid=dict_param,
                                         cv=5, n_jobs=5, directory='settings/doc2vec/'u
       →+ project_name + '/')
      grid search.load if exists()
      grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
      svr_model = grid_search.best_estimator_
      svr_model.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
     There is no checkpoint file for this model.
     100%|
                | 1053/1053 [00:47<00:00, 22.05it/s]
[72]: SVR(C=0.0001, epsilon=10, gamma=1e-09)
[73]: evaluate_model(svr_model, 'SVR model', X_test, y_test, y_logscale=True,__
       ⇔save_directory='results/doc2vec/')
     SVR model's evaluation results:
      - Mean squared error:
                                  29.8907
      - Root mean squared error: 5.4672
      - Mean absolute error:
                                  3.4002
      - R2 error:
                                  -0.0000
      - F1 score:
                                  0.0003
```

0.0002

0.0130

0.0130

- Precision:

- Accuracy:

- Recall:

```
[74]: svr_model.get_params()
[74]: {'C': 0.0001,
       'cache size': 200,
       'coef0': 0.0,
       'degree': 3,
       'epsilon': 10,
       'gamma': 1e-09,
       'kernel': 'rbf',
       'max_iter': -1,
       'shrinking': True,
       'tol': 0.001,
       'verbose': False}
     1.3.3 Random Forest Regressor
[75]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
[76]: | dict_param = {
          'max_depth' : [1000, 2000, 5000],
          'min_samples_split': [25, 200, 1000],
          'min_samples_leaf': [1, 2, 3, 4],
          'max_features': [50, 100, 200],
          'n_estimators': [1024],
          'random_state': [42]
[77]: | grid_search = GridSearchCVTrainer(name="Random Forest Regressor",
                                         model=RandomForestRegressor(),
                                         param_grid=dict_param, cv = 5, n_jobs=-1,
                                         directory='settings/doc2vec/' + project_name_
       + '/')
      grid_search.load_if_exists()
      grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
      rfr_model = grid_search.best_estimator_
      rfr_model.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
     0it [00:00, ?it/s]
[77]: RandomForestRegressor(max_depth=1000, max_features=50, min_samples_leaf=2,
                            min_samples_split=200, n_estimators=1024,
                            random_state=42)
```

```
[78]: evaluate_model(rfr_model, 'Random Forest model', X_test, y_test,__
       Random Forest model's evaluation results:
      - Mean squared error:
                                29.6765
      - Root mean squared error: 5.4476
      - Mean absolute error:
                                3.4763
      - R2 error:
                                0.0071
      - F1 score:
                                0.1415
      - Precision:
                                0.1770
      - Recall:
                                0.1299
                                0.1299
      - Accuracy:
[79]: rfr_model.get_params()
[79]: {'bootstrap': True,
       'ccp_alpha': 0.0,
       'criterion': 'squared_error',
       'max depth': 1000,
       'max_features': 50,
       'max_leaf_nodes': None,
       'max_samples': None,
       'min_impurity_decrease': 0.0,
       'min_samples_leaf': 2,
       'min_samples_split': 200,
       'min_weight_fraction_leaf': 0.0,
       'monotonic_cst': None,
       'n_estimators': 1024,
       'n_jobs': None,
       'oob_score': False,
       'random_state': 42,
       'verbose': 0,
       'warm_start': False}
     1.3.4 XGBoost
[80]: from xgboost import XGBRegressor
[81]: dict_param = {
          'eta' : np.linspace(0.01, 0.2, 3),
          'gamma': np.logspace(-2, 2, 5),
          'max_depth': np.asarray([3, 5, 7, 9]).tolist(),
          'min_child_weight': np.logspace(-2, 2, 5),
          'subsample': np.asarray([0.5, .1]),
          'reg_alpha': np.asarray([0.0, 0.05]),
          'n_estimators': np.asarray([10, 20, 50, 100]).tolist(),
```

```
'random_state': [42]
     }
[82]: grid_search = GridSearchCVTrainer(name='XGBoost_
       →Regressor',model=XGBRegressor(), param_grid=dict_param,
                                       cv = 5, n_jobs=2, directory='settings/doc2vec/
      →' + project name + '/')
     grid_search.load_if_exists()
     grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
     xgb_model = grid_search.best_estimator_
     xgb_model.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
     0it [00:00, ?it/s]
[82]: XGBRegressor(base_score=None, booster=None, callbacks=None,
                  colsample_bylevel=None, colsample_bynode=None,
                  colsample_bytree=None, device=None, early_stopping_rounds=None,
                  enable_categorical=False, eta=0.105, eval_metric=None,
                  feature_types=None, gamma=0.1, grow_policy=None,
                  importance type=None, interaction constraints=None,
                  learning rate=None, max bin=None, max cat threshold=None,
                  max_cat_to_onehot=None, max_delta_step=None, max_depth=3,
                  max leaves=None, min child weight=0.01, missing=nan,
                  monotone_constraints=None, multi_strategy=None, n_estimators=10,
                  n_jobs=None, num_parallel_tree=None, ...)
[83]: evaluate_model(xgb_model, 'XGBoost Regressor model', X_test, y_test, u
       XGBoost Regressor model's evaluation results:
      - Mean squared error:
                                29.4241
      - Root mean squared error: 5.4244
      - Mean absolute error:
                                3.5117
      - R2 error:
                                0.0156
      - F1 score:
                                0.1780
      - Precision:
                                0.2797
      - Recall:
                                0.1429
      - Accuracy:
                                0.1429
[84]: xgb_model.get_params()
[84]: {'objective': 'reg:squarederror',
       'base_score': None,
       'booster': None,
       'callbacks': None,
```

```
'colsample_bylevel': None,
       'colsample_bynode': None,
       'colsample_bytree': None,
       'device': None,
       'early_stopping_rounds': None,
       'enable_categorical': False,
       'eval_metric': None,
       'feature_types': None,
       'gamma': 0.1,
       'grow_policy': None,
       'importance_type': None,
       'interaction_constraints': None,
       'learning_rate': None,
       'max_bin': None,
       'max_cat_threshold': None,
       'max_cat_to_onehot': None,
       'max_delta_step': None,
       'max_depth': 3,
       'max_leaves': None,
       'min_child_weight': 0.01,
       'missing': nan,
       'monotone_constraints': None,
       'multi_strategy': None,
       'n estimators': 10,
       'n_jobs': None,
       'num_parallel_tree': None,
       'random_state': 42,
       'reg_alpha': 0.05,
       'reg_lambda': None,
       'sampling_method': None,
       'scale_pos_weight': None,
       'subsample': 0.1,
       'tree_method': None,
       'validate_parameters': None,
       'verbosity': None,
       'eta': 0.105}
     1.3.5 LightGBM
[85]: from lightgbm import LGBMRegressor
      from sklearn.model_selection import ParameterSampler
[86]: dict_param = {
          'n_estimator': [10, 20, 50, 100, 200, 500],
          'max_depth': np.asarray([5, 7, 9, 11, 13]).tolist(),
          'num_leaves': ((np.power(2, np.asarray([5, 7, 9, 11, 13])) - 1) * (0.55 + \cup
       4(0.65 - 0.55) * np.random.rand(5))).astype(int).tolist(),
```

```
'min_data_in_leaf': np.linspace(100, 1000, 4).astype(int).tolist(),
          'feature_fraction': np.linspace(0.6, 1, 3),
          'bagging_fraction': np.linspace(0.6, 1, 3),
          'learning_rate': [0.01],
          'verbose': [-1],
          'random_state': [42]
      }
      def custom sampler(param grid):
          for params in ParameterSampler(param_grid, n_iter=1e9):
              range_num_leaves = ((0.5 * (2**params['max_depth'] - 1)), (0.7 *_l)
       if(range_num_leaves[0] <= params['num_leaves'] <= range_num_leaves[1]):</pre>
                  for key, value in params.items():
                      params[key] = [value]
                  yield params
[87]: grid_search = GridSearchCVTrainer(name='LightGBM Regressor', __

→model=LGBMRegressor(),
                                      param_grid=list(custom_sampler(dict_param)), cv_
       \Rightarrow= 5, n_jobs=1,
                                      directory='settings/doc2vec/' + project_name +_
      '/')
      grid_search.load_if_exists()
      grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
      lgbmr_model = grid_search.best_estimator_
      lgbmr_model.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
     c:\Users\aupho\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Lib\site-
     packages\sklearn\model_selection\_search.py:320: UserWarning: The total space of
     parameters 5400 is smaller than n iter=1000000000. Running 5400 iterations. For
     exhaustive searches, use GridSearchCV.
       warnings.warn(
     0it [00:00, ?it/s]
[87]: LGBMRegressor(bagging_fraction=0.6, feature_fraction=0.6, learning_rate=0.01,
                    max_depth=5, min_data_in_leaf=100, n_estimator=10, num_leaves=19,
                    random_state=42, verbose=-1)
[88]: evaluate_model(lgbmr_model, 'LightGBM regressor model', X_test, y_test, u

y_logscale=True, save_directory='results/doc2vec/')
     LightGBM regressor model's evaluation results:
      - Mean squared error:
                                 29.3694
      - Root mean squared error: 5.4194
                                 3.4859
      - Mean absolute error:
      - R2 error:
                                 0.0174
```

```
- Recall:
                                  0.0390
      - Accuracy:
                                  0.0390
[89]: | lgbmr_model.get_params()
[89]: {'boosting_type': 'gbdt',
       'class_weight': None,
       'colsample_bytree': 1.0,
       'importance_type': 'split',
       'learning_rate': 0.01,
       'max_depth': 5,
       'min_child_samples': 20,
       'min_child_weight': 0.001,
       'min_split_gain': 0.0,
       'n_estimators': 100,
       'n_jobs': None,
       'num_leaves': 19,
       'objective': None,
       'random_state': 42,
       'reg_alpha': 0.0,
       'reg_lambda': 0.0,
       'subsample': 1.0,
       'subsample_for_bin': 200000,
       'subsample_freq': 0,
       'verbose': -1,
       'n_estimator': 10,
       'min_data_in_leaf': 100,
       'feature_fraction': 0.6,
       'bagging_fraction': 0.6}
     1.3.6 Stacked model:
[90]: from mlxtend.regressor import StackingCVRegressor
     Define component models:
[91]: trained_models = [linear_model, svr_model, rfr_model, xgb_model, lgbmr_model]
     Define blended model:
[92]: stack_gen = StackingCVRegressor(regressors=tuple(trained_models),
                                       meta regressor=trained models[np.
       →argmin([mean_squared_error(np.exp(model.predict(X_test)), y_test) for model_
       ⇔in trained_models])],
```

0.0408

0.0944

- F1 score:

- Precision:

```
use_features_in_secondary=True, n_jobs=-1,__
       →random_state=42)
      print(stack_gen)
     StackingCVRegressor(meta_regressor=Ridge(alpha=100, random_state=42), n_jobs=-1,
                         random_state=42,
                         regressors=(Ridge(alpha=100, random_state=42),
                                      SVR(C=0.0001, epsilon=10, gamma=1e-09),
                                      RandomForestRegressor(max_depth=1000,
                                                            max_features=50,
                                                            min_samples_leaf=2,
                                                            min_samples_split=200,
                                                            n_estimators=1024,
                                                            random state=42),
                                      XGBRegressor(base_score=None, booster=None,
                                                   max_delta_step=None, max_depth=3,
                                                   max leaves=None,
                                                   min_child_weight=0.01, missing=nan,
                                                   monotone_constraints=None,
                                                   multi_strategy=None,
                                                   n_estimators=10, n_jobs=None,
                                                   num_parallel_tree=None, ...),
                                      LGBMRegressor(bagging_fraction=0.6,
                                                    feature_fraction=0.6,
                                                    learning_rate=0.01, max_depth=5,
                                                    min_data_in_leaf=100,
                                                    n_estimator=10, num_leaves=19,
                                                    random state=42, verbose=-1)),
                         use_features_in_secondary=True)
      stack_gen.fit(X_train, y_train_log)
[93]:
[93]: StackingCVRegressor(meta_regressor=Ridge(alpha=100, random_state=42), n_jobs=-1,
                          random_state=42,
                          regressors=(Ridge(alpha=100, random_state=42),
                                       SVR(C=0.0001, epsilon=10, gamma=1e-09),
                                       RandomForestRegressor(max_depth=1000,
                                                             max_features=50,
                                                             min_samples_leaf=2,
                                                             min_samples_split=200,
                                                             n estimators=1024,
                                                             random_state=42),
                                      XGBRegressor(base_score=None, booster=None,
                                                    max delta step=None, max depth=3,
                                                    max leaves=None,
```

```
min_child_weight=0.01, missing=nan,
                                                    monotone_constraints=None,
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                                                    num_parallel_tree=None, ...),
                                      LGBMRegressor(bagging_fraction=0.6,
                                                     feature_fraction=0.6,
                                                     learning_rate=0.01, max_depth=5,
                                                     min data in leaf=100,
                                                     n_estimator=10, num_leaves=19,
                                                     random state=42, verbose=-1)),
                          use_features_in_secondary=True)
[94]: evaluate_model(stack_gen, 'Stacking model', X_test, y_test, y_logscale=True,__
       ⇔save_directory='results/doc2vec/')
     Stacking model's evaluation results:
      - Mean squared error:
                                  28.3139
      - Root mean squared error: 5.3211
      - Mean absolute error:
                                  3.4520
      - R2 error:
                                  0.0527
      - F1 score:
                                  0.0006
      - Precision:
                                  0.0003
      - Recall:
                                  0.0130
      - Accuracy:
                                  0.0130
[95]: | stack_gen.get_params()
[95]: {'cv': 5,
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       'meta_regressor__copy_X': True,
       'meta_regressor__fit_intercept': True,
       'meta_regressor__max_iter': None,
       'meta_regressor__positive': False,
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       'meta_regressor__tol': 0.0001,
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```

```
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                        random state=42),
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               colsample_bytree=None, device=None, early_stopping_rounds=None,
               enable_categorical=False, eta=0.105, eval_metric=None,
               feature_types=None, gamma=0.1, grow_policy=None,
               importance_type=None, interaction_constraints=None,
               learning rate=None, max bin=None, max cat threshold=None,
               max_cat_to_onehot=None, max_delta_step=None, max_depth=3,
               max leaves=None, min child weight=0.01, missing=nan,
               monotone_constraints=None, multi_strategy=None, n_estimators=10,
               n_jobs=None, num_parallel_tree=None, ...),
  LGBMRegressor(bagging_fraction=0.6, feature_fraction=0.6, learning_rate=0.01,
                max_depth=5, min_data_in_leaf=100, n_estimator=10,
num_leaves=19,
                random_state=42, verbose=-1)),
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 'use_features_in_secondary': True,
 'verbose': 0,
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                       min samples split=200, n estimators=1024,
                       random state=42),
 'xgbregressor': XGBRegressor(base score=None, booster=None, callbacks=None,
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              colsample_bytree=None, device=None, early_stopping_rounds=None,
              enable_categorical=False, eta=0.105, eval_metric=None,
              feature_types=None, gamma=0.1, grow_policy=None,
              importance_type=None, interaction_constraints=None,
              learning_rate=None, max_bin=None, max_cat_threshold=None,
              max_cat_to_onehot=None, max_delta_step=None, max_depth=3,
              max_leaves=None, min_child_weight=0.01, missing=nan,
              monotone constraints=None, multi strategy=None, n estimators=10,
              n_jobs=None, num_parallel_tree=None, ...),
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learning_rate=0.01,
               max depth=5, min data in leaf=100, n estimator=10, num leaves=19,
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