Softmax Regression - BoW

May 12, 2024

```
[]: import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import seaborn as sns
     import pandas as pd
     import warnings
     warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
     from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
     from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV, cross_val_score
     from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
     from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
     from joblib import dump, load
     from preset_function import evaluate_model, draw_learning_curve,_
      →load_processed_data
     X_train_bow, X_test_bow, X_train_tfidf, X_test_tfidf, \
        X_train_bow_L1, X_test_bow_L1, X_train_tfidf_L1, X_test_tfidf_L1 =
      →load_processed_data('input')
     y_train, y_test = load_processed_data('output')
     %matplotlib inline
```

Select dataset:

```
[ ]: X_train = X_train_bow
X_test = X_test_bow
```

1 Basic training

```
[]: softmax_model = LogisticRegression(multi_class='multinomial') softmax_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

[]: LogisticRegression(multi_class='multinomial')

Score of on train are:

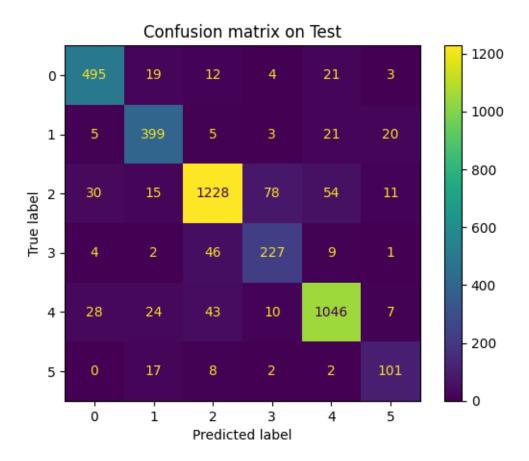
- Accuracy score: 0.9889 - Micro F1 score: 0.9889 - Macro F1 score: 0.9866

Score of on test are:

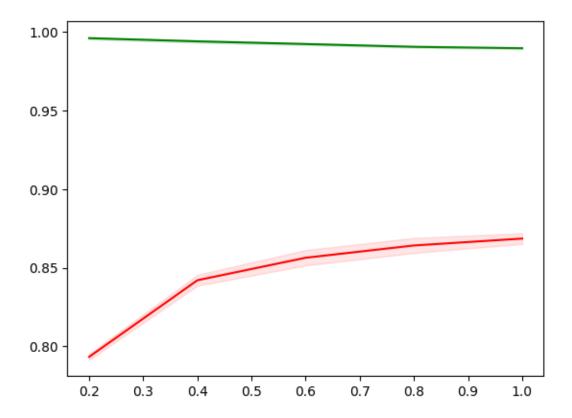
- Accuracy score: 0.8740 - Micro F1 score: 0.8740 - Macro F1 score: 0.8371

Confusion matrix on Train 1 -2 -True label - 3000 - 2000 - 1000 5 -

Predicted label



[]: draw_learning_curve(softmax_model, X_train, y_train)



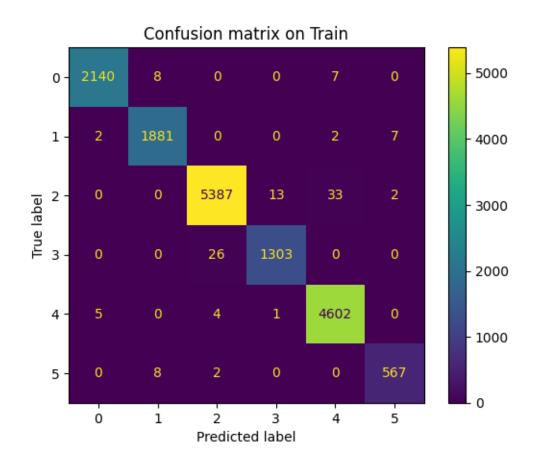
2 Multiple tuning

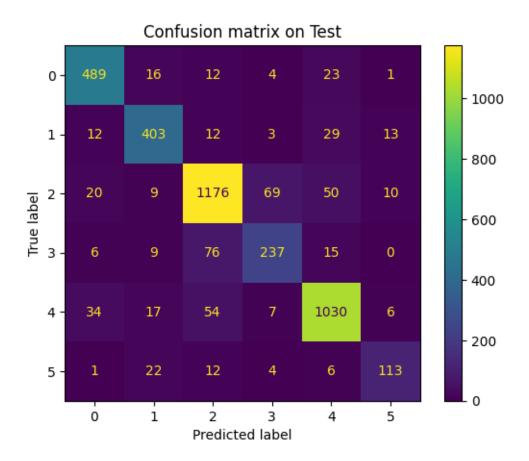
2.1 No regularization

Score of on test are:

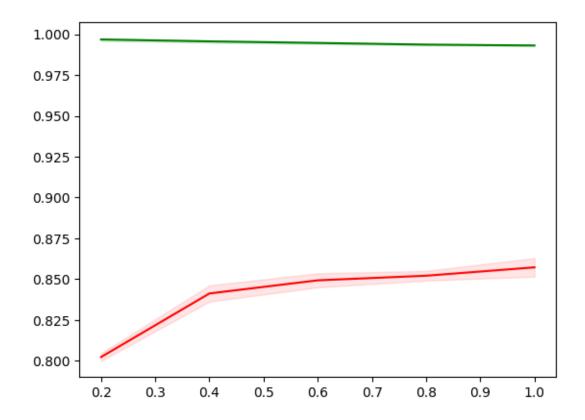
- Accuracy score: 0.8620 - Micro F1 score: 0.8620 - Macro F1 score: 0.8282

- Macro F1 score: 0.9905





[]: draw_learning_curve(softmax_model, X_train, y_train)

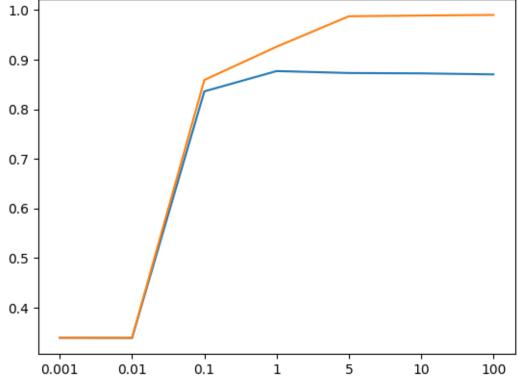


2.2 L1 regularization

First, we try to plot the validation score through a list of C from 0.001 to 100

```
cvs_list.append(cv_score)
```

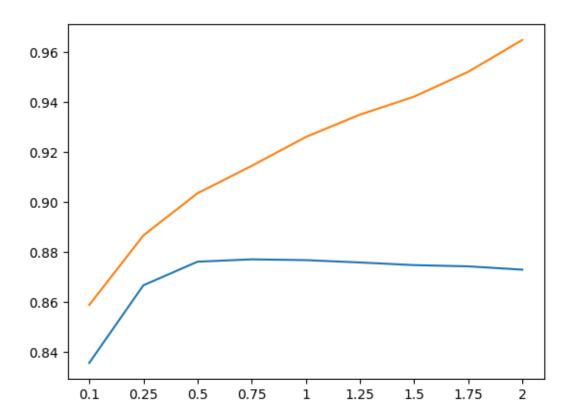
```
[]: # Print the result
     print(C_list)
     print(trs_list)
     print(cvs_list)
     # Draw the plot
     fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=cvs_list)
     fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=trs_list)
     fig.set_xticks(range(len(C_list)))
     fig.set_xticklabels(C_list)
    [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 5, 10, 100]
    [0.3386875, 0.338625, 0.859, 0.926125, 0.987625, 0.9890625, 0.99025]
    [0.3386875000000001, 0.3383124999999996, 0.836, 0.877, 0.8730625,
    0.8723750000000001, 0.8703125]
[]: [Text(0, 0, '0.001'),
     Text(1, 0, '0.01'),
     Text(2, 0, '0.1'),
     Text(3, 0, '1'),
      Text(4, 0, '5'),
     Text(5, 0, '10'),
      Text(6, 0, '100')]
            1.0
            0.9
```



We can see the good value of C is near C = 1, then we scope to C = 1:

```
[]: C_list = [0.1, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 1, 1.25, 1.5, 1.75, 2]
     # Define a list in order to store accuracy points
     cvs_list = list()
     trs_list = list()
     for c in C_list:
         # Define model for each C
         softmax_model = LogisticRegression(C=c, penalty='11', solver='saga', __
      →multi_class='multinomial')
         softmax_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
         # Calculate score of cross validation
         train_score = accuracy_score(y_train, softmax_model.predict(X_train))
         cv_score = np.mean(cross_val_score(softmax_model, X_train, y_train, cv=5,_
      on_jobs=8))
         trs_list.append(train_score)
         cvs_list.append(cv_score)
[]: # Print the result
     print(C_list)
     print(trs list)
     print(cvs_list)
     # Draw the plot
     fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=cvs_list)
     fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=trs_list)
     fig.set_xticks(range(len(C_list)))
     fig.set_xticklabels(C_list)
    [0.1, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 1, 1.25, 1.5, 1.75, 2]
    [0.8589375, 0.88675, 0.903625, 0.9145625, 0.926125, 0.9350625, 0.94225,
    0.9521875, 0.9649375]
    [0.83575, 0.8668125, 0.876250000000001, 0.8771875, 0.8768750000000001,
    0.8759375, 0.8748750000000001, 0.874375, 0.8730625
[]: [Text(0, 0, '0.1'),
     Text(1, 0, '0.25'),
     Text(2, 0, '0.5'),
     Text(3, 0, '0.75'),
     Text(4, 0, '1'),
     Text(5, 0, '1.25'),
```

```
Text(6, 0, '1.5'),
Text(7, 0, '1.75'),
Text(8, 0, '2')]
```



We choose C = 1 to be the best model.

```
[]: best_l1_softmax_model = LogisticRegression(C=1, penalty='l1', solver='saga', use multi_class='multinomial')
```

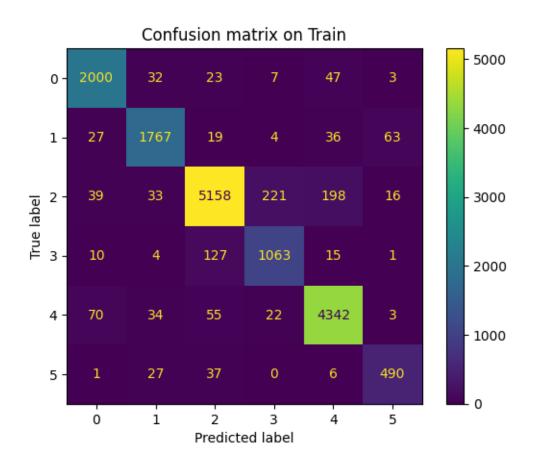
```
[]: best_l1_softmax_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
evaluate_model(best_l1_softmax_model, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test,
include_training=True)
```

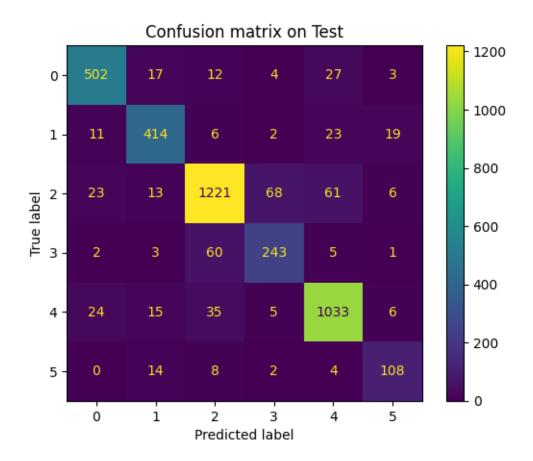
Score of on train are:

- Accuracy score: 0.9263 - Micro F1 score: 0.9263 - Macro F1 score: 0.9073

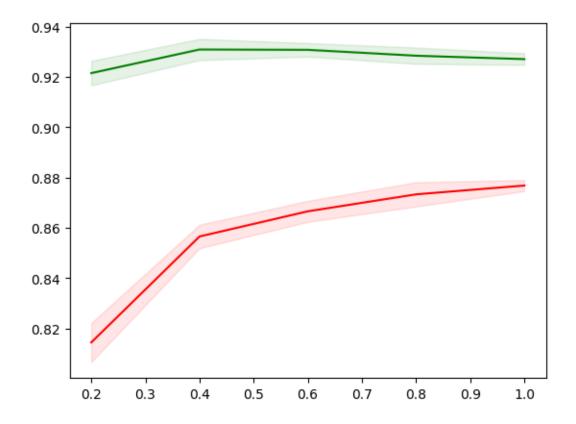
Score of on test are:

- Accuracy score: 0.8802 - Micro F1 score: 0.8802 - Macro F1 score: 0.8501





[]: draw_learning_curve(best_l1_softmax_model, X_train, y_train)

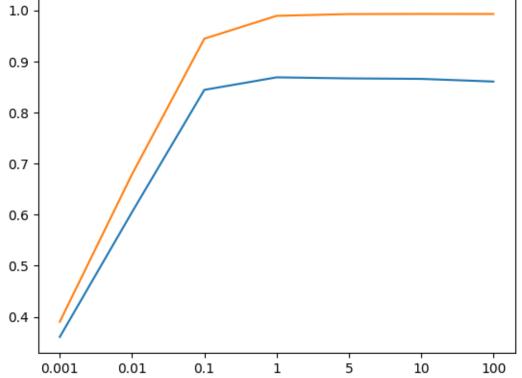


2.3 L2 regularization

We do the same with L1 regularization

```
cvs_list.append(cv_score)
```

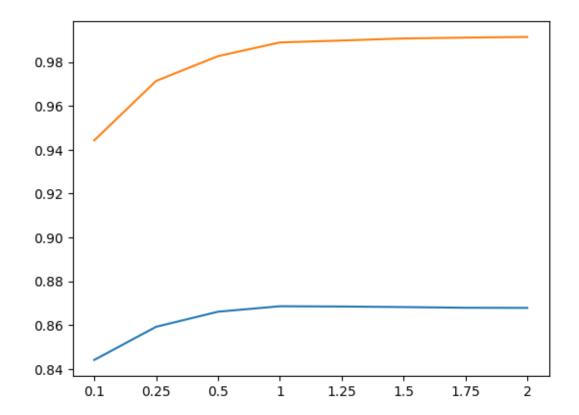
```
[]: # Print the result
     print(C_list)
     print(trs_list)
     print(cvs_list)
     # Draw the plot
     fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=cvs_list)
     fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=trs_list)
     fig.set xticks(range(len(C list)))
     fig.set_xticklabels(C_list)
    [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 5, 10, 100]
    [0.390375, 0.6790625, 0.94425, 0.9889375, 0.992375, 0.992625, 0.9925625]
    [0.360625, 0.605000000000001, 0.844062499999999, 0.8685625000000001, 0.8665,
    0.8655625, 0.860375]
[]: [Text(0, 0, '0.001'),
     Text(1, 0, '0.01'),
     Text(2, 0, '0.1'),
     Text(3, 0, '1'),
     Text(4, 0, '5'),
     Text(5, 0, '10'),
     Text(6, 0, '100')]
            1.0
            0.9
```



We can see the good value of C is near C = 1, then we scope to C = 1:

```
[]: C_list = [0.1, 0.25, 0.5, 1, 1.25, 1.5, 1.75, 2]
     # Define a list in order to store accuracy points
     cvs_list = list()
     trs_list = list()
     for c in C_list:
         # Define model for each C
         softmax_model = LogisticRegression(C=c, penalty='12', solver='lbfgs', __
      →multi_class='multinomial')
         softmax_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
         # Calculate score of cross validation
         train_score = accuracy_score(y_train, softmax_model.predict(X_train))
         cv_score = np.mean(cross_val_score(softmax_model, X_train, y_train, cv=5,_
      on_jobs=8))
         trs_list.append(train_score)
         cvs_list.append(cv_score)
[]: # Print the result
     print(C_list)
     print(trs list)
     print(cvs_list)
     # Draw the plot
     fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=cvs_list)
     fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=trs_list)
     fig.set_xticks(range(len(C_list)))
    fig.set_xticklabels(C_list)
    [0.1, 0.25, 0.5, 1, 1.25, 1.5, 1.75, 2]
    [0.94425, 0.971375, 0.9826875, 0.9889375, 0.9898125, 0.99075, 0.991125,
    0.9914375]
    [0.844062499999999, 0.8591875, 0.8660625, 0.8685625000000001, 0.8684375,
    0.8681875, 0.867875, 0.8678125]
[]: [Text(0, 0, '0.1'),
     Text(1, 0, '0.25'),
     Text(2, 0, '0.5'),
     Text(3, 0, '1'),
     Text(4, 0, '1.25'),
     Text(5, 0, '1.5'),
```

```
Text(6, 0, '1.75'),
Text(7, 0, '2')]
```



We choose C = 1 to be the best model.

```
[]: best_12_softmax_model = LogisticRegression(C=1, penalty='12', solver='lbfgs',⊔

→multi_class='multinomial')
```

```
[]: best_12_softmax_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
evaluate_model(best_12_softmax_model, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test,

include_training=True)
```

Score of on train are:

- Accuracy score: 0.9889

- Micro F1 score: 0.9889

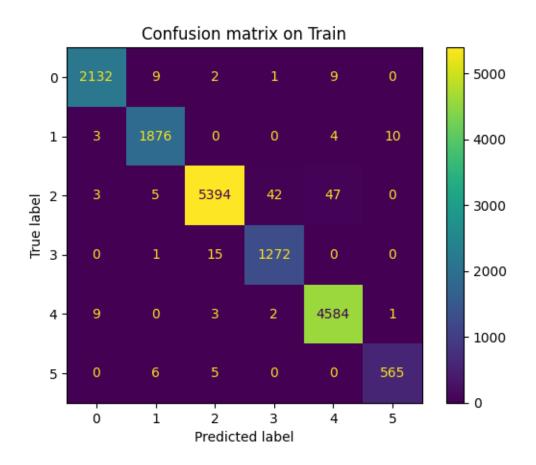
- Macro F1 score: 0.9866

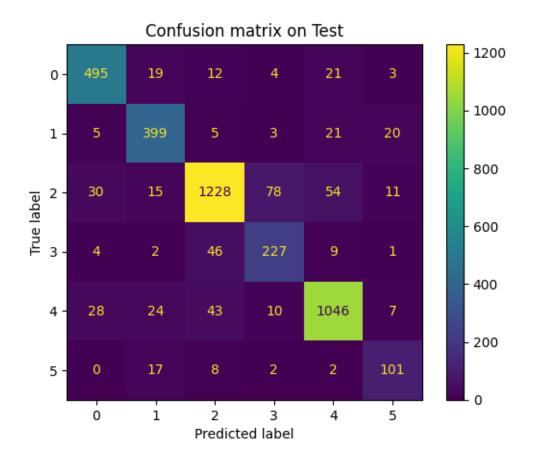
Score of on test are:

- Accuracy score: 0.8740

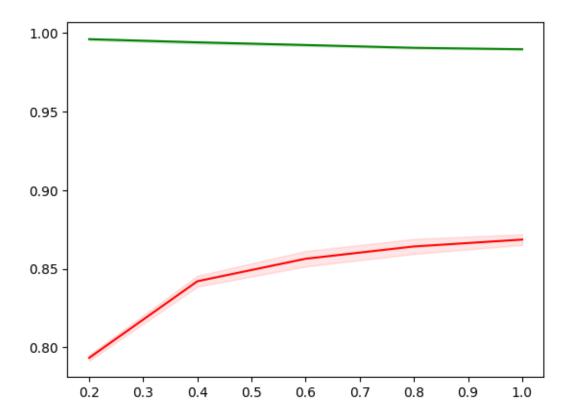
- Micro F1 score: 0.8740

- Macro F1 score: 0.8371





[]: draw_learning_curve(best_12_softmax_model, X_train, y_train)



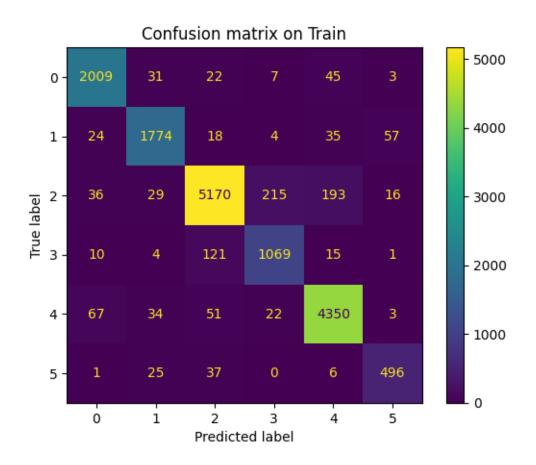
2.4 Elastic regularization

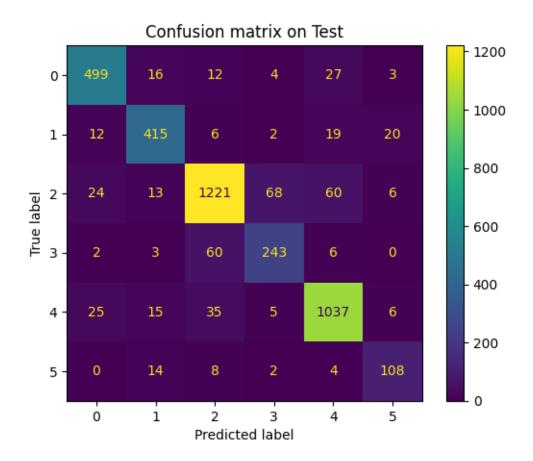
```
[]: df = pd.DataFrame(
       dict(
         C = [val['C'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
         11 ratio = [val['11_ratio'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
         score = grid_search.cv_results_['mean_test_score']
       )
     )
     df = df[df['score'] < 0.8]</pre>
     print("Bad hyperparameter:")
     for param in dict_param:
       for value in dict param[param]:
         if len(df[df[param] == value]) == 35 // len(dict_param[param]):
           print(param, value)
    Bad hyperparameter:
    C 0.001
    C 0.01
[]: | dict_param = {
         'C' : np.logspace(0, 2, 5),
         'l1_ratio': np.linspace(0.1, 0.9, 5)
     }
     softmax_model = LogisticRegression(penalty='elasticnet', solver='saga',_
      →multi class='multinomial')
     grid_search = GridSearchCV(softmax_model, dict_param, scoring='accuracy', cv=5,__
      \rightarrown_jobs=-1)
     grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)
[]: GridSearchCV(cv=5,
                  estimator=LogisticRegression(multi_class='multinomial',
                                                penalty='elasticnet', solver='saga'),
                  n_jobs=-1,
                  param_grid={'C': array([ 1.
                                                           3.16227766, 10.
     31.6227766 ,
            100.
                        ]),
                               'l1_ratio': array([0.1, 0.3, 0.5, 0.7, 0.9])},
                  scoring='accuracy')
[]: df = pd.DataFrame(
       dict(
         C = [val['C'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
         11_ratio = [val['11_ratio'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
         score = grid_search.cv_results_['mean_test_score']
       )
     print(df)
```

```
11ratio
    0
          1.000000
                         0.1 0.871438
                         0.3 0.873062
    1
          1.000000
    2
          1.000000
                         0.5 0.874437
    3
          1.000000
                         0.7 0.875188
    4
          1.000000
                         0.9 0.876250
    5
          3.162278
                         0.1 0.870250
    6
          3.162278
                         0.3 0.872000
    7
          3.162278
                         0.5 0.873125
    8
          3.162278
                         0.7 0.873000
    9
          3.162278
                         0.9 0.872812
    10
         10.000000
                         0.1 0.869750
                         0.3 0.870562
    11
         10.000000
    12
         10.000000
                         0.5 0.871125
                         0.7 0.871250
    13
         10.000000
    14
         10.000000
                         0.9 0.871562
    15
         31.622777
                         0.1 0.869875
    16
         31.622777
                         0.3 0.870188
    17
         31.622777
                         0.5 0.870187
    18
         31.622777
                         0.7 0.870125
                         0.9 0.870125
    19
         31.622777
    20 100.000000
                         0.1 0.869250
    21 100.000000
                         0.3 0.869938
    22 100.000000
                         0.5 0.870188
    23 100.000000
                         0.7 0.870125
    24 100.000000
                         0.9 0.870187
[]: print(grid_search.best_estimator_, grid_search.best_score_)
    LogisticRegression(l1_ratio=0.9, multi_class='multinomial',
                       penalty='elasticnet', solver='saga') 0.87625
[]: best_en_softmax_model = LogisticRegression(C=1, l1_ratio=0.9,_

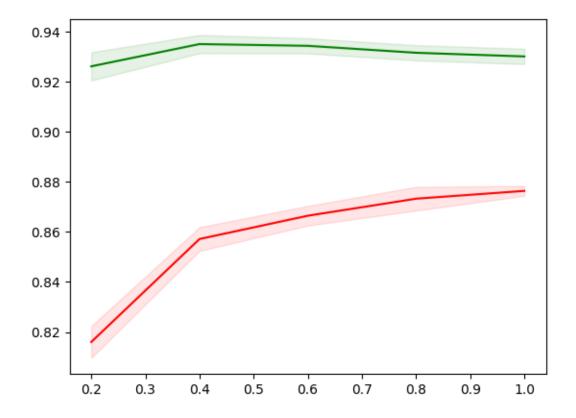
→multi_class='multinomial',
                        penalty='elasticnet', solver='saga')
[]: best_en_softmax_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
     evaluate_model(best_en_softmax_model, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test,_
      →include_training=True)
    Score of on train are:
            - Accuracy score: 0.9293
            - Micro F1 score: 0.9293
            - Macro F1 score: 0.9113
    Score of on test are:
            - Accuracy score: 0.8808
            - Micro F1 score: 0.8808
            - Macro F1 score: 0.8505
```

score





[]: draw_learning_curve(best_en_softmax_model, X_train, y_train)



3 Conclusion

There are a few difference among the accuracy of these 3 regularization. However, Elastic-net regularization gives the best performance then I will choose it to be the best model in this notebook.

```
[]: best_softmax_model = best_en_softmax_model

[]: directory = "data/models/softmax/"
    dump(best_softmax_model, directory + "best_softmax_bow_model.joblib")
```

[]: ['data/models/softmax/best_softmax_bow_model.joblib']