Support Vector Machine (SVM) - BoW

May 4, 2024

1 Initialization

Connect to Google Drive:

```
[]: # from google.colab import drive
# drive.mount('/content/drive')
# %cd '/content/drive/MyDrive/GitHub/emotion-dectection-from-text'
```

Preparing necessary packages (may need to add more):

Select dataset:

```
[ ]: X_train = X_train_bow
X_test = X_test_bow
```

2 Basic training

We define and train a model with simple hyperparameter in which kernel is linear, C = 1.0, etc:

```
[]: svm_model = SVC(kernel='linear')
svm_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

[]: SVC(kernel='linear')

Evaluate model using preset function:

```
[]: evaluate_model(svm_model, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test, u_ 

⇔include_training=True)
```

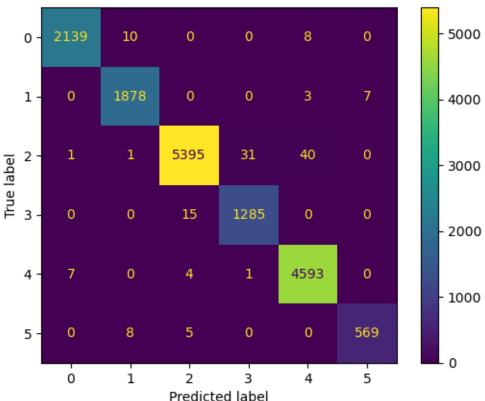
Score of on train are:

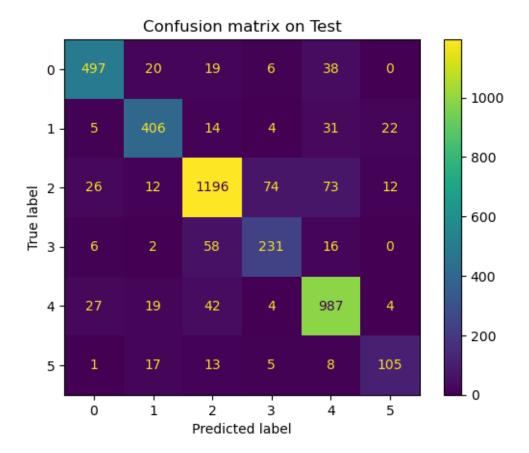
- Accuracy score: 0.9912 - Micro F1 score: 0.9912 - Macro F1 score: 0.9892

Score of on test are:

- Accuracy score: 0.8555 - Micro F1 score: 0.8555 - Macro F1 score: 0.8200



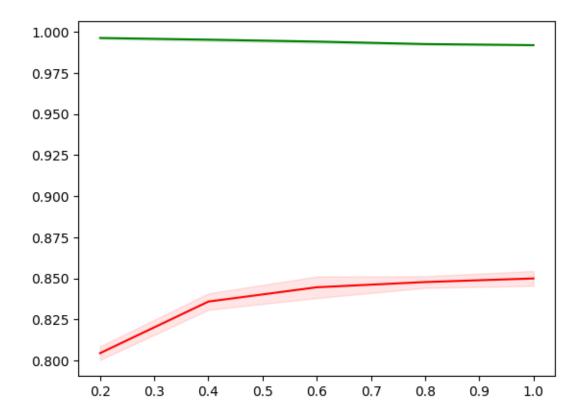




This model gives a pretty good score but it seems to be overfitting.

Draw learning curve using preset function:

[]: draw_learning_curve(svm_model, X_train, y_train)



Review: SVM can result a better result if we do some hyperparameter tunning to resolve the overfitting

3 Model selection

This section will be separated in 4 parts for 4 kernels instead of using GridSearchCV in order to get the better result

3.1 Linear function kernel

Formula:

$$k(x,z) = x^T z$$

First, we search in a big range from 0.001 to 100

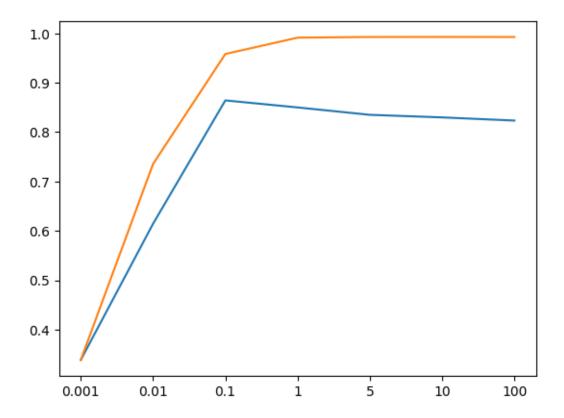
```
[]: C_list = [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 5, 10, 100]

# Define a list in order to store accuracy points
cvs_list = list()

trs_list = list()

for c in C_list:
    # Define model for each C
```

```
svm_model = SVC(kernel='linear', C=c)
         svm_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
         # Calculate score of cross validation
         train_score = accuracy_score(y_train, svm_model.predict(X_train))
         cv_score = np.mean(cross_val_score(svm_model, X_train, y_train, cv=5,_
      ⇔n_jobs=8))
         trs_list.append(train_score)
         cvs_list.append(cv_score)
[]: # Print the result
     print(C_list)
     print(trs_list)
     print(cvs_list)
     # Draw the plot
     fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=cvs_list)
     fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=trs_list)
     fig.set_xticks(range(len(C_list)))
     fig.set_xticklabels(C_list)
    [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 5, 10, 100]
    [0.3386875, 0.7355, 0.958125, 0.9911875, 0.9925625, 0.992625, 0.9925625]
    [0.3386875000000001, 0.6144375, 0.864124999999999, 0.8499375, 0.8349375,
    0.82975, 0.8233749999999999]
[]: [Text(0, 0, '0.001'),
     Text(1, 0, '0.01'),
     Text(2, 0, '0.1'),
     Text(3, 0, '1'),
     Text(4, 0, '5'),
     Text(5, 0, '10'),
     Text(6, 0, '100')]
```



From the result of above section, we can see the good value of C is near the value 0.1. Scope to C = 0.1:

```
C_list = [0.025, 0.05, 0.075, 0.1, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75]

# Define a list in order to store accuracy points
cvs_list = list()

trs_list = list()

for c in C_list:
    # Define model for each C
    svm_model = SVC(kernel='linear', C=c)
    svm_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

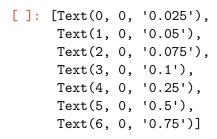
# Calculate score of cross validation
    train_score = accuracy_score(y_train, svm_model.predict(X_train))
    cv_score = np.mean(cross_val_score(svm_model, X_train, y_train, cv=5, u)
    -n_jobs=8))

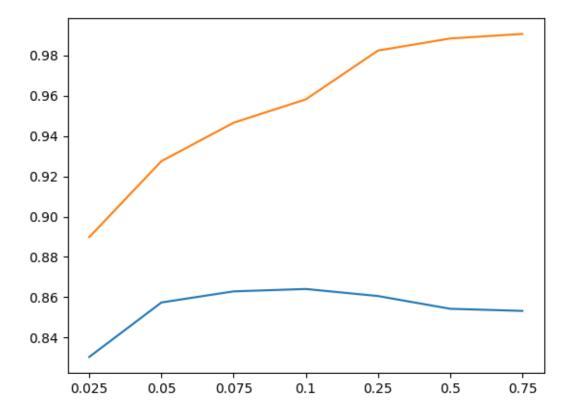
trs_list.append(train_score)
    cvs_list.append(cv_score)
```

```
[]: # Print the result
print(C_list)
print(trs_list)
print(cvs_list)

# Draw the plot
fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=cvs_list)
fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=trs_list)
fig.set_xticks(range(len(C_list)))
fig.set_xticklabels(C_list)
[0.025, 0.05, 0.075, 0.1, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75]
```

[0.025, 0.05, 0.075, 0.1, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75] [0.8898125, 0.9275, 0.9465625, 0.958125, 0.9823125, 0.9883125, 0.9905625] [0.8304375, 0.8574375, 0.862937499999999, 0.864124999999999, 0.860625, 0.8543125, 0.853249999999999]





As the result, we can claim that C = 0.1 give a model with good accuracy and avoid overfitting. We will test the model again in test set.

```
[]: best_svm_linear_model = SVC(kernel='linear', C=0.1)

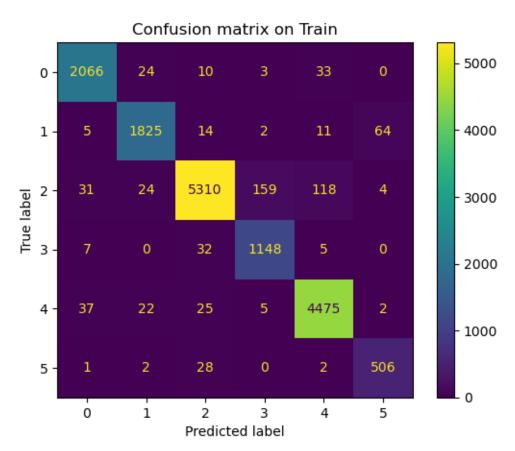
[]: best_svm_linear_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
    evaluate_model(best_svm_linear_model, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test,
    include_training=True)
```

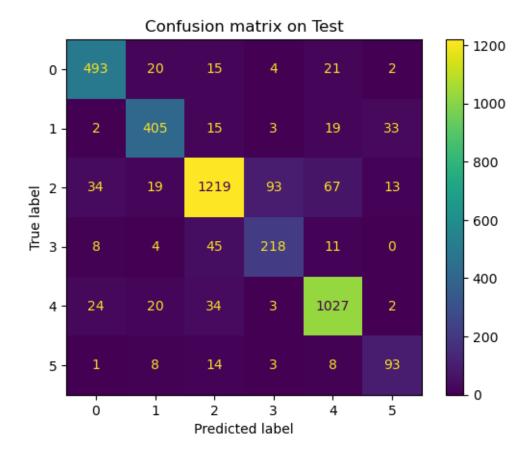
Score of on train are:

- Accuracy score: 0.9581 - Micro F1 score: 0.9581 - Macro F1 score: 0.9458

Score of on test are:

- Accuracy score: 0.8638 - Micro F1 score: 0.8638 - Macro F1 score: 0.8198





3.2 Radial basis function kernel

Formula:

$$k(x,z) = e^{-\gamma ||x-z||_2^2}$$

First, we using grid search in a big domain.

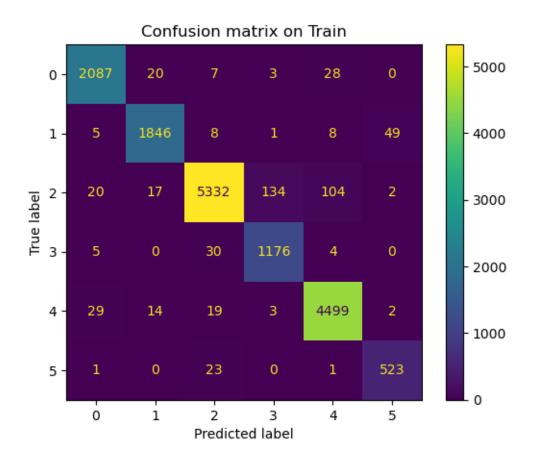
```
[]: dict_param = {
    'C' : np.asarray([0.01, 0.1, 1, 10.0, 100]),
    'gamma': np.logspace(-3, 2, 6)
}

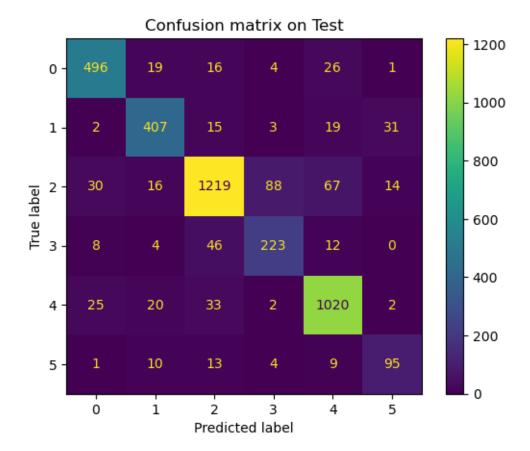
grid_search = GridSearchCV(SVC(kernel='rbf'), dict_param, cv = 5, n_jobs=8)
grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
[]: GridSearchCV(cv=5, estimator=SVC(), n_jobs=8,
	param_grid={'C': array([1.e-02, 1.e-01, 1.e+00, 1.e+01, 1.e+02]),
	'gamma': array([1.e-03, 1.e-02, 1.e-01, 1.e+00, 1.e+01,
1.e+02])})
```

```
[]: print('Best score: ', grid_search.best_score_, '\n')
     print('Bad hyperparameter:')
     df = pd.DataFrame(
      dict(
        C = [val['C'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
        gamma = [val['gamma'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
         score = grid_search.cv_results_['mean_test_score']
      )
     )
     df = df[df['score'] < 0.8]</pre>
     for param in dict_param:
      for value in dict_param[param]:
        if len(df[df[param] == value]) == 30 // len(dict_param[param]):
          print(param, value)
    Best score: 0.862125
    Bad hyperparameter:
    C 0.01
    C 0.1
    C 1.0
    gamma 0.1
    gamma 1.0
    gamma 10.0
    gamma 100.0
    We fiter all the parameter that appear in all the bad model (validation accuracy < 0.8) * C = 0.01
    * C = 0.1 * C = 1 * \gamma = 100.0 * \gamma = 10.0 * \gamma = 1.0
    So that we can shrink the range of parameter
    We repeat the algorithm again and again until there is no bad parameter to recieve the best model
[]: dict_param = {
         'C' : np.linspace(25, 100, 10),
         'gamma': np.logspace(-3, -2, 10)
     }
     grid_search = GridSearchCV(SVC(kernel='rbf'), dict_param, cv = 5, n_jobs=8)
     grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)
[]: GridSearchCV(cv=5, estimator=SVC(), n_jobs=8,
                 50.
            58.33333333, 66.6666667, 75.
                                             , 83.33333333,
            91.66666667, 100.
                                      ]),
                              'gamma': array([0.001 , 0.00129155, 0.0016681 ,
    0.00215443, 0.00278256,
```

```
])})
           0.00359381, 0.00464159, 0.00599484, 0.00774264, 0.01
[]: df = pd.DataFrame(
      dict(
        C = [val['C'] for val in grid search.cv results ['params']],
        gamma = [val['gamma'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
        score = grid_search.cv_results_['mean_test_score']
      )
     print(df[df['score'] == min(df['score'])])
                  gamma
                            score
    98 100.0 0.007743 0.845313
[]: print(grid_search.best_estimator_, grid_search.best_score_)
    SVC(C=50.0, gamma=0.001291549665014884) 0.8639375000000001
[]: best_svm_rbf_model = SVC(C=50.0, gamma=0.001291549665014884)
     best_svm_rbf_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
     evaluate_model(best_svm_rbf_model, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test,_u
      →include_training=True)
    Score of on train are:
            - Accuracy score: 0.9664
            - Micro F1 score: 0.9664
            - Macro F1 score: 0.9573
    Score of on test are:
            - Accuracy score: 0.8650
            - Micro F1 score: 0.8650
            - Macro F1 score: 0.8222
```





3.3 Sigmoid function kernel

Formula:

$$k(x, z) = tanh(\gamma x^T z + r)$$

We use the same method in the above section to tuning this kernel

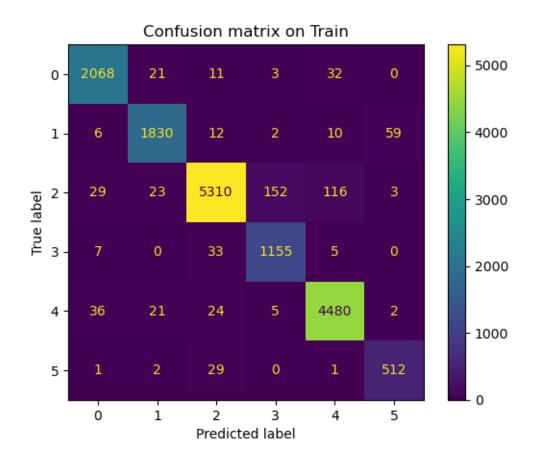
```
[]: dict_param = {
    'C' : np.asarray([0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10.0, 100]),
    'gamma': np.asarray([0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10.0, 100]),
    'coef0': np.asarray([0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10.0, 100])
}
grid_search = GridSearchCV(SVC(kernel='sigmoid'), dict_param, cv = 5, n_jobs=8)
grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

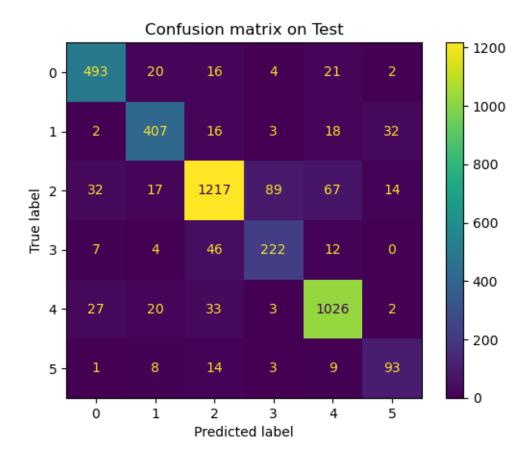
```
1.e+02]),
                              'gamma': array([1.e-03, 1.e-02, 1.e-01, 1.e+00, 1.e+01,
     1.e+02])})
[]: print('Best score: ', grid_search.best_score_, '\n')
     print('Bad hyperparameter:')
     df = pd.DataFrame(
       dict(
         C = [val['C'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
         gamma = [val['gamma'] for val in grid search.cv_results_['params']],
         coef0 = [val['coef0'] for val in grid search.cv_results_['params']],
         score = grid_search.cv_results_['mean_test_score']
      )
     df = df[df['score'] < 0.8]</pre>
     for param in dict_param:
       for value in dict_param[param]:
         if len(df[df[param] == value]) == 6 * 6:
           print(param, value)
    Best score: 0.8641249999999999
    Bad hyperparameter:
    C 0.001
    C 0.01
    C 0.1
    gamma 1.0
    gamma 10.0
    gamma 100.0
    coef0 10.0
    coef0 100.0
[]: dict_param = {
         'C' : np.linspace(1, 100, 5),
         'gamma': np.linspace(0.001, 0.01, 5),
         'coef0': np.linspace(0.001, 1, 5)
     }
     grid_search = GridSearchCV(SVC(kernel='sigmoid'), dict_param, cv = 5, n_jobs=8)
     grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)
[]: GridSearchCV(cv=5, estimator=SVC(kernel='sigmoid'), n_jobs=8,
                  param_grid={'C': array([ 1. , 25.75, 50.5 , 75.25, 100. ]),
                              'coef0': array([0.001 , 0.25075, 0.5005 , 0.75025, 1.
    ]),
                              'gamma': array([0.001 , 0.00325, 0.0055 , 0.00775,
```

```
[]: df = pd.DataFrame(
      dict(
        C = [val['C'] for val in grid search.cv results ['params']],
        gamma = [val['gamma'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
        coef0 = [val['coef0'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
        score = grid_search.cv_results_['mean_test_score']
      )
    )
    df = df[df['score'] < 0.8]</pre>
    print(len(df))
    for param in dict_param:
      for value in dict_param[param]:
        if len(df[df[param] == value]) >= 150 // len(dict_param[param]):
          print(param, value)
    27
[]: print(grid_search.best_estimator_, grid_search.best_score_)
    SVC(C=50.5, coef0=1.0, gamma=0.00550000000000005, kernel='sigmoid')
    0.8643749999999999
⇔kernel='sigmoid')
    best_svm_sig_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
    evaluate_model(best_svm_sig_model, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test,_
      ⇔include_training=True)
    Score of on train are:
           - Accuracy score: 0.9597
           - Micro F1 score: 0.9597
           - Macro F1 score: 0.9483
    Score of on test are:
           - Accuracy score: 0.8645
           - Micro F1 score: 0.8645
           - Macro F1 score: 0.8210
```

0.01

])})





3.4 Polynomial function kernel

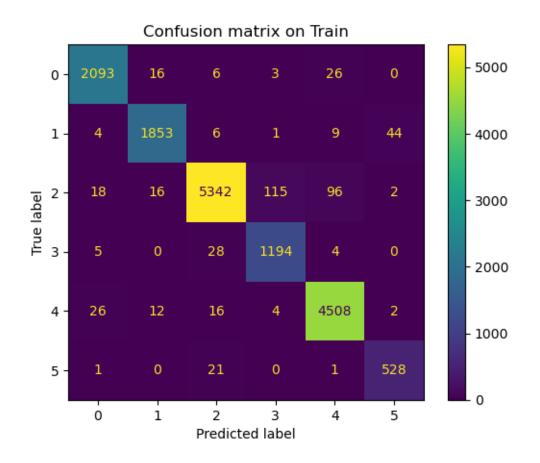
Formula:

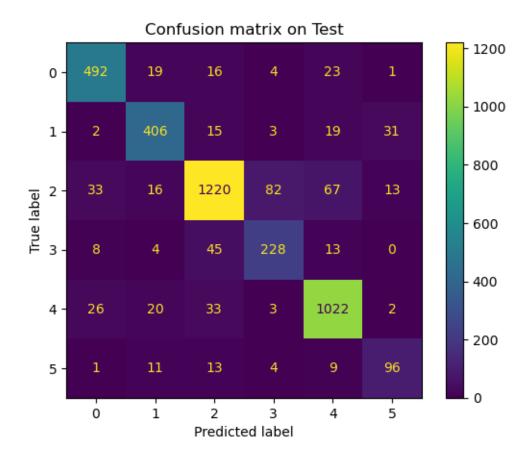
$$k(x,z) = (r + \gamma x^T z)^d$$

```
'gamma': array([0.001, 0.01 , 0.1 , 1.
                                                                       ])})
[]: print('Best score: ', grid_search.best_score_, '\n')
    print('Bad hyperparameter:')
    df = pd.DataFrame(
      dict(
        C = [val['C'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
        gamma = [val['gamma'] for val in grid search.cv_results_['params']],
        coef0 = [val['coef0'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
        degree = [val['degree'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
        score = grid_search.cv_results_['mean_test_score']
      )
    df = df[df['score'] < 0.85]</pre>
    for param in dict_param:
      for value in dict param[param]:
        if len(df[df[param] == value]) == 288 // len(dict_param[param]):
          print(param, value)
    Bad hyperparameter:
    C 0.001
    C 0.01
    C 0.1
    gamma 1.0
    coef0 0.001
    coef0 0.01
[]: dict_param = {
         'C' : np.linspace(10, 100, 4),
         'gamma': np.linspace(0.001, 0.004, 4),
         'coef0': np.linspace(0.7, 1, 4),
         'degree': np.asarray([2, 3, 4])
    grid_search = GridSearchCV(SVC(kernel='poly'), dict_param, cv = 5, n_jobs=8)
    grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)
[]: GridSearchCV(cv=5, estimator=SVC(kernel='poly'), n_jobs=8,
                 param_grid={'C': array([ 10., 40., 70., 100.]),
                              'coef0': array([0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.]),
                              'degree': array([2, 3, 4]),
```

'gamma': array([0.001, 0.002, 0.003, 0.004])})

```
[]: print('Best score: ', grid_search.best_score_, '\n')
     print('Bad hyperparameter:')
     df = pd.DataFrame(
      dict(
         C = [val['C'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
         gamma = [val['gamma'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
         coef0 = [val['coef0'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
         degree = [val['degree'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
         score = grid_search.cv_results_['mean_test_score']
       )
     df = df[df['score'] < 0.85]</pre>
     for param in dict_param:
       for value in dict_param[param]:
         if len(df[df[param] == value]) == 192 // len(dict_param[param]):
           print(param, value)
    Best score: 0.8641874999999999
    Bad hyperparameter:
[]: print(grid_search.best_estimator_, grid_search.best_score_)
    SVC(C=100.0, coef0=0.7, degree=2, gamma=0.001, kernel='poly') 0.8641874999999999
[]: best_svm_poly_model = SVC(C=100.0, coef0=0.7, degree=2, gamma=0.001,
      ⇔kernel='poly')
     best_svm_poly_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
     evaluate_model(best_svm_poly_model, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test,_
      →include_training=True)
    Score of on train are:
            - Accuracy score: 0.9699
            - Micro F1 score: 0.9699
            - Macro F1 score: 0.9618
    Score of on test are:
            - Accuracy score: 0.8660
            - Micro F1 score: 0.8660
            - Macro F1 score: 0.8241
```





4 Conclusion

All the kernels have almost the same result.

Although polynomial kernel has better small accuracy than the other models, I will choose rbf kernel to be the best one.

```
[]: best_svm_model = best_svm_rbf_model
```

Evaluate the model:

```
[]: evaluate_model(best_svm_model, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test, u_sinclude_training=True)
```

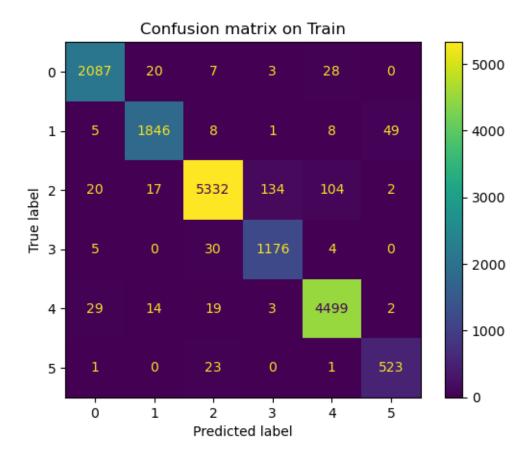
Score of on train are:

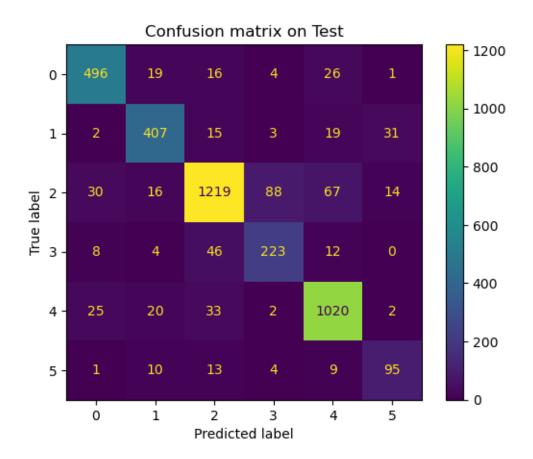
- Accuracy score: 0.9664 - Micro F1 score: 0.9664 - Macro F1 score: 0.9573

Score of on test are:

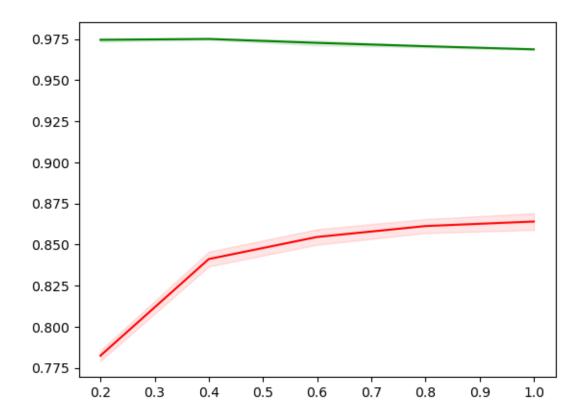
- Accuracy score: 0.8650 - Micro F1 score: 0.8650

- Macro F1 score: 0.8222





[]: draw_learning_curve(best_svm_model, X_train, y_train)



```
[]: directory = "data/models/svm/"
    dump(best_svm_model, directory + "best_svm_bow_model.joblib")
```

[]: ['data/models/svm/best_svm_bow_model.joblib']