

# Softmax Regression - tfidf\_L1

May 12, 2024

```
[ ]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import pandas as pd
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')

from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV, cross_val_score
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from joblib import dump, load

from preset_function import evaluate_model, draw_learning_curve, \
    load_processed_data

X_train_bow, X_test_bow, X_train_tfidf, X_test_tfidf, \
    X_train_bow_L1, X_test_bow_L1, X_train_tfidf_L1, X_test_tfidf_L1 = \
    load_processed_data('input')

y_train, y_test = load_processed_data('output')

%matplotlib inline
```

Select dataset:

```
[ ]: X_train = X_train_tfidf_L1
X_test = X_test_tfidf_L1
```

## 1 Basic training

```
[ ]: softmax_model = LogisticRegression(multi_class='multinomial')
softmax_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
[ ]: LogisticRegression(multi_class='multinomial')
```

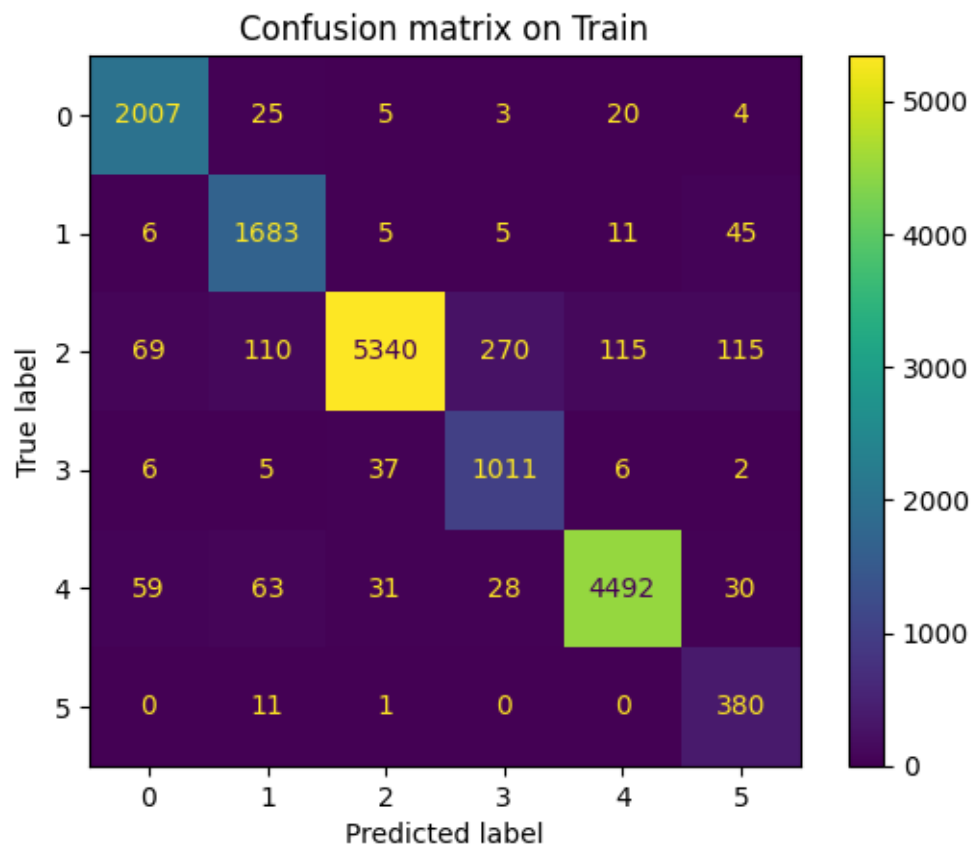
```
[ ]: evaluate_model(softmax_model, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test,
    ↪include_training=True)
```

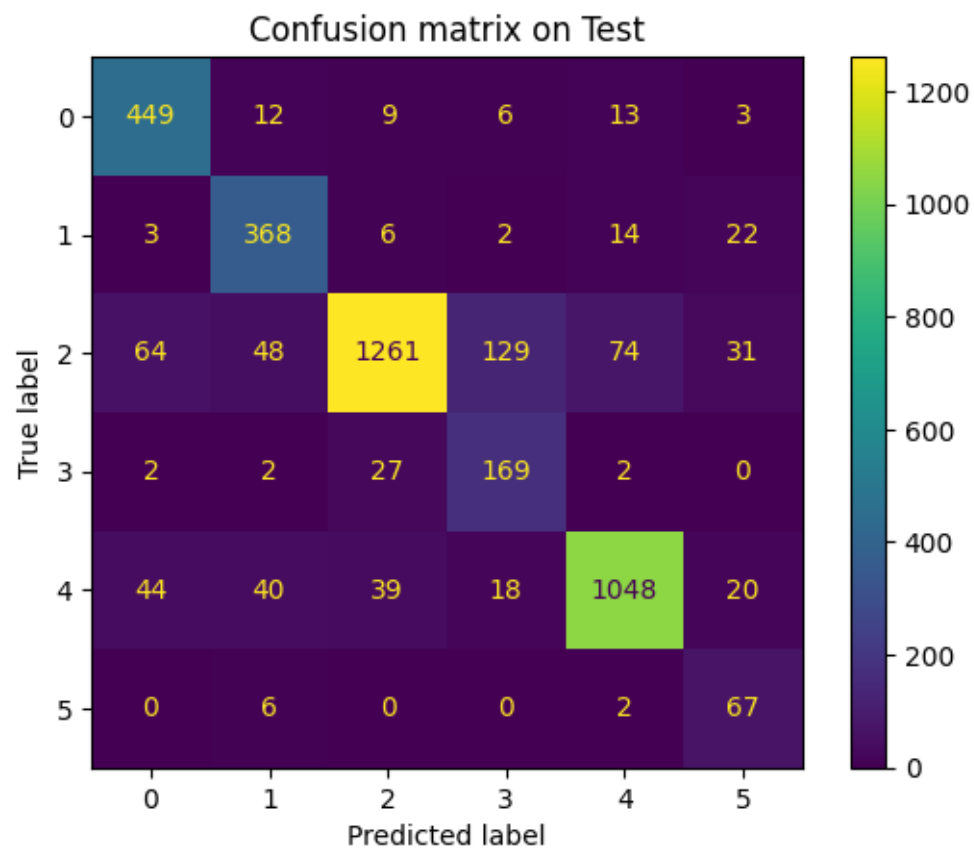
Score of on train are:

- Accuracy score: 0.9321
- Micro F1 score: 0.9321
- Macro F1 score: 0.9005

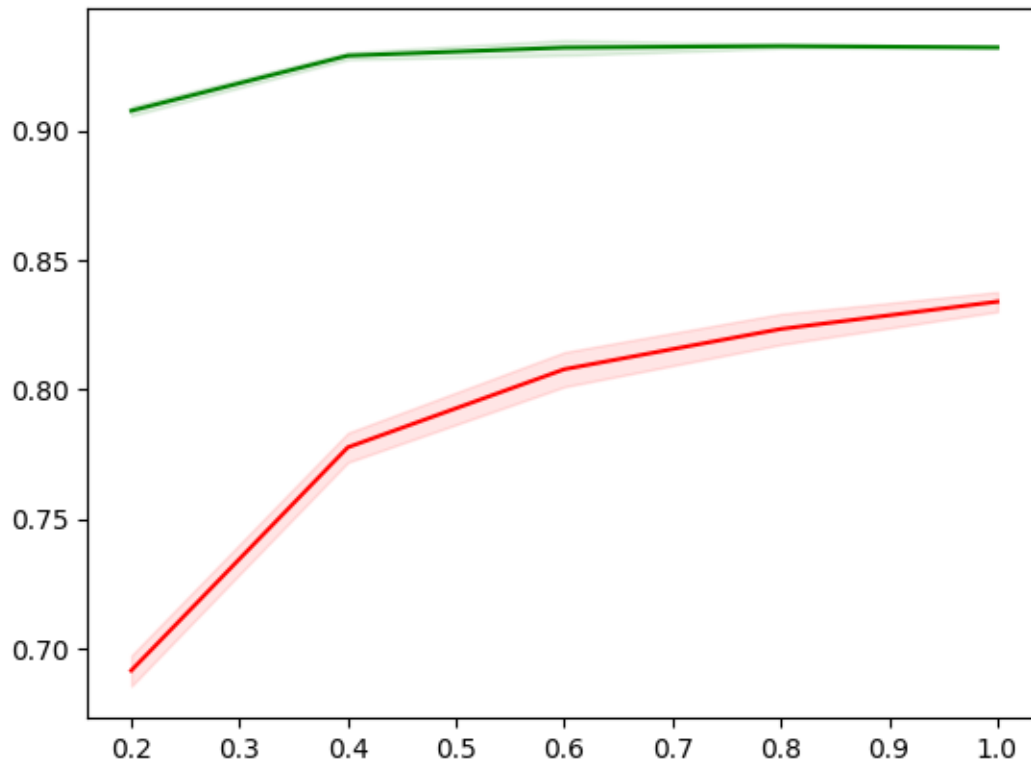
Score of on test are:

- Accuracy score: 0.8405
- Micro F1 score: 0.8405
- Macro F1 score: 0.7796





```
[ ]: draw_learning_curve(softmax_model, X_train, y_train)
```



## 2 Multiple tuning

### 2.1 No regularization

```
[ ]: softmax_model = LogisticRegression(penalty=None, solver='lbfgs',
    ↪ multi_class='multinomial')
softmax_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
[ ]: LogisticRegression(multi_class='multinomial', penalty=None)
```

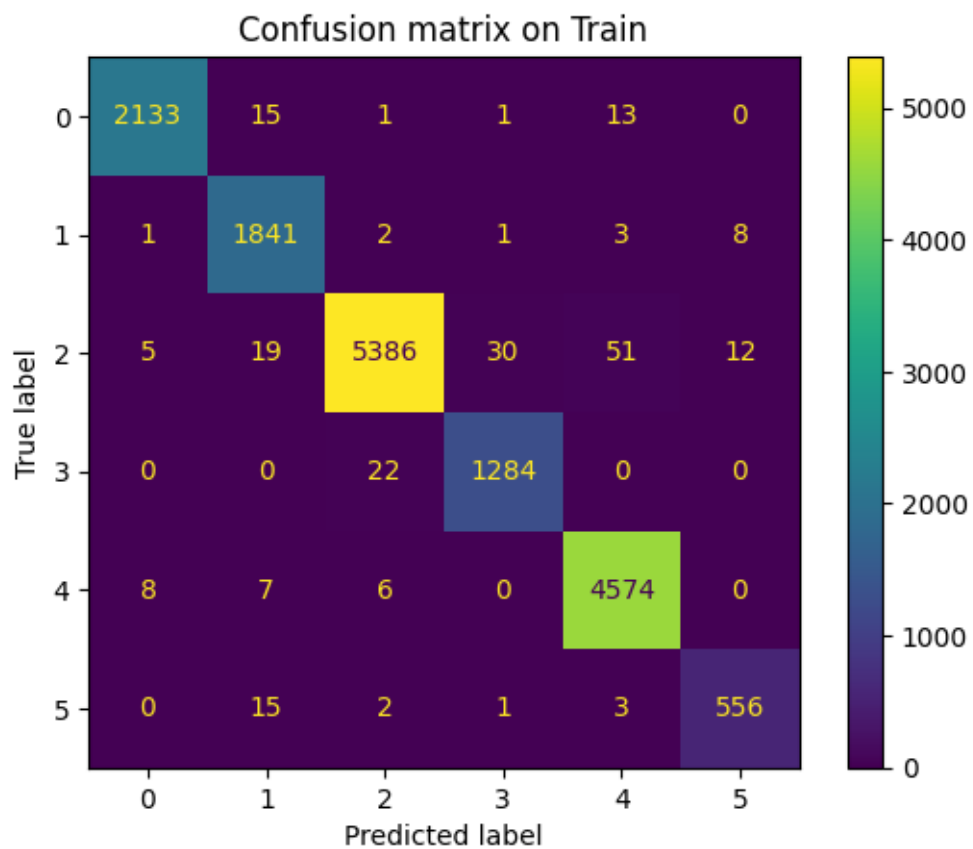
```
[ ]: evaluate_model(softmax_model, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test,
    ↪ include_training=True)
```

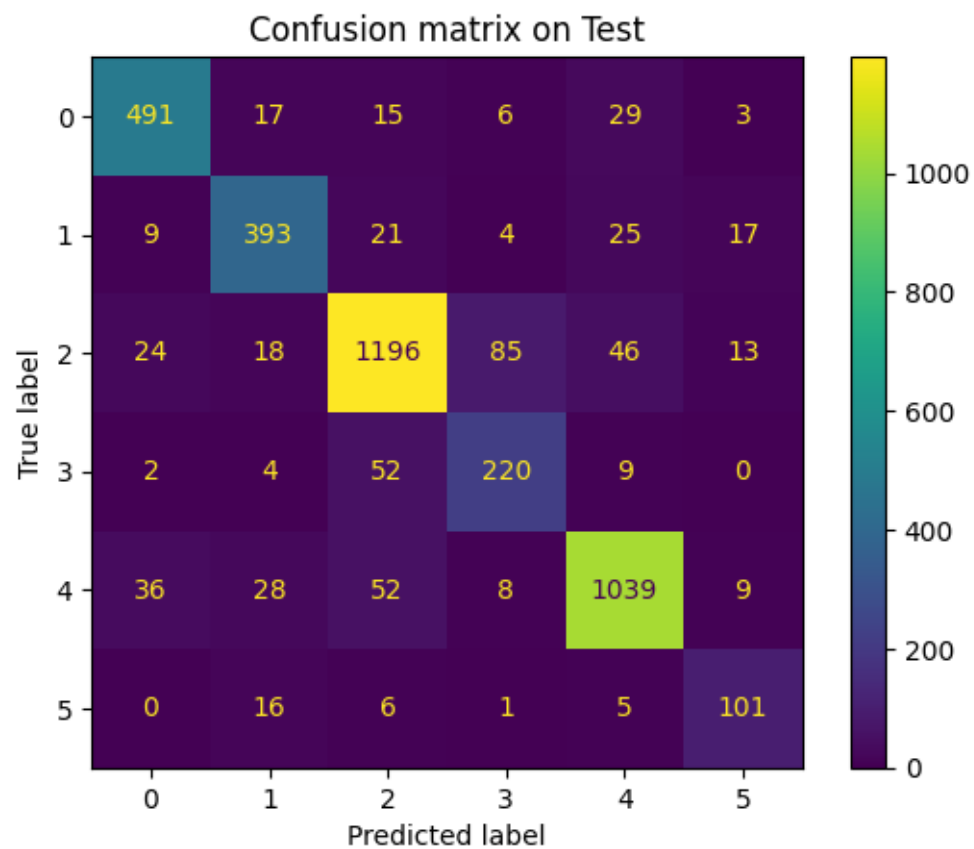
Score of on train are:

- Accuracy score: 0.9859
- Micro F1 score: 0.9859
- Macro F1 score: 0.9818

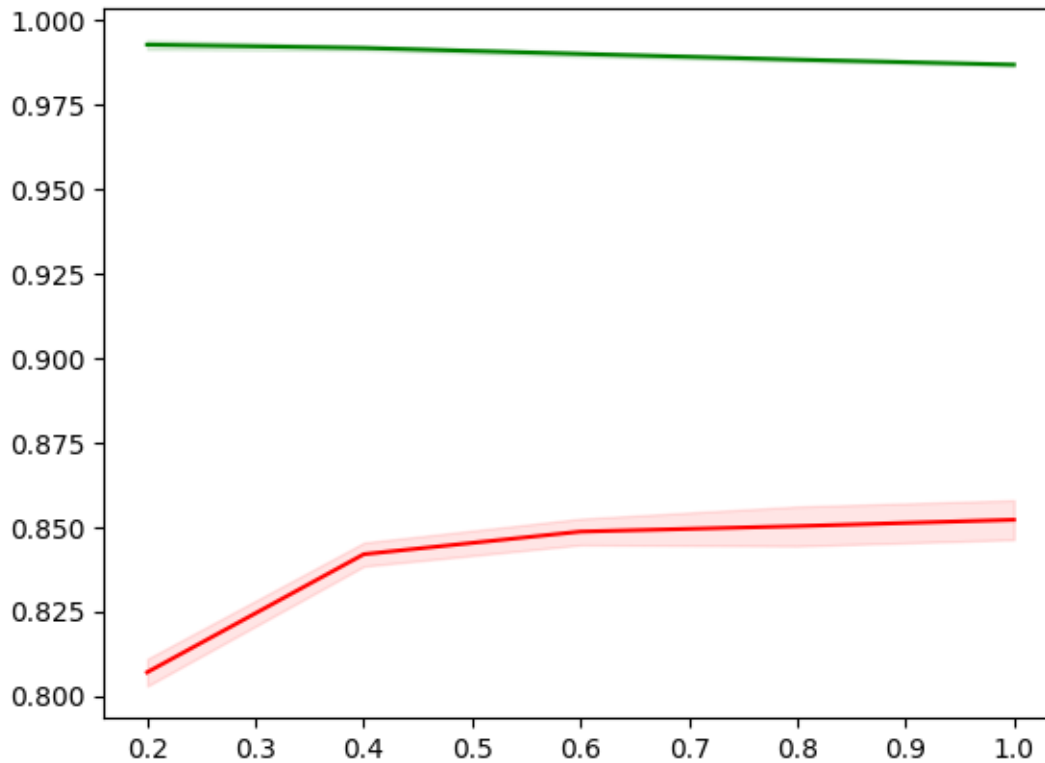
Score of on test are:

- Accuracy score: 0.8600
- Micro F1 score: 0.8600
- Macro F1 score: 0.8235





```
[ ]: draw_learning_curve(softmax_model, X_train, y_train)
```



## 2.2 L1 regularization

First, we try to plot the validation score through a list of C from 0.001 to 100

```
[ ]: C_list = [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 5, 10, 100]

# Define a list in order to store accuracy points
cvs_list = list()
trs_list = list()

for c in C_list:
    # Define model for each C
    softmax_model = LogisticRegression(C=c, penalty='l1', solver='saga',
    ↪ multi_class='multinomial')
    softmax_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

    # Calculate score of cross validation
    train_score = accuracy_score(y_train, softmax_model.predict(X_train))
    cv_score = np.mean(cross_val_score(softmax_model, X_train, y_train, cv=5,
    ↪ n_jobs=8))

    trs_list.append(train_score)
```

```
cvs_list.append(cv_score)
```

```
[ ]: # Print the result
print(C_list)
print(trs_list)
print(cvs_list)

# Draw the plot
fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=cvs_list)
fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=trs_list)
fig.set_xticks(range(len(C_list)))
fig.set_xticklabels(C_list)
```

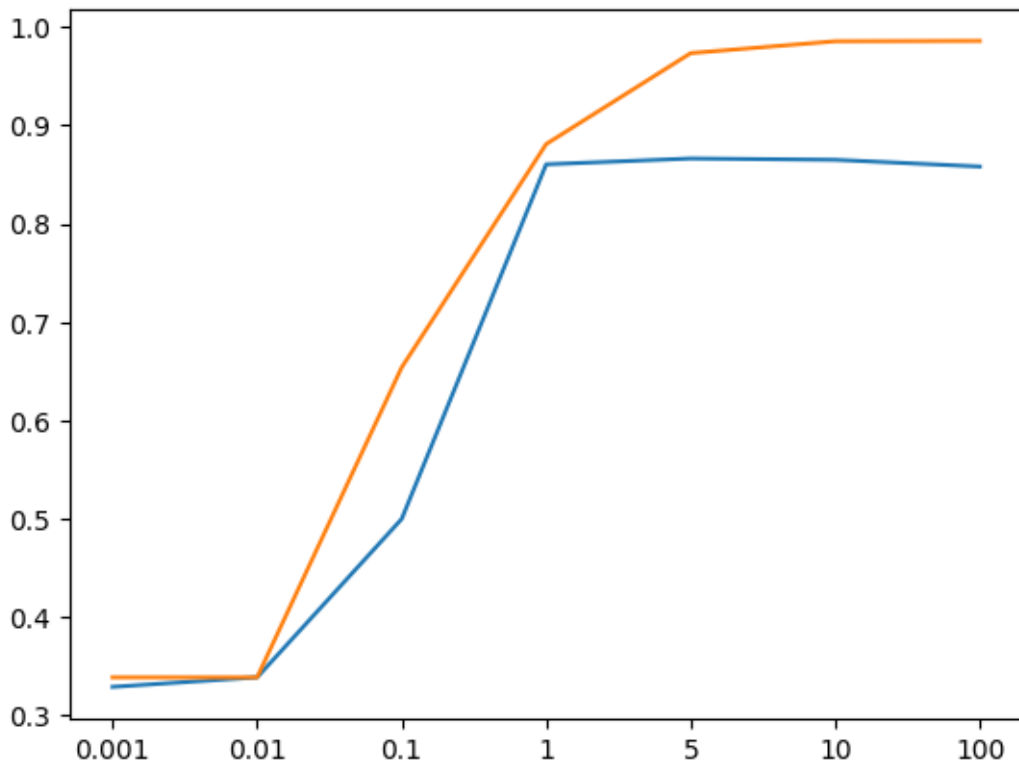
```
[0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 5, 10, 100]
```

```
[0.3386875, 0.3386875, 0.653875, 0.881125, 0.973625, 0.9856875, 0.9860625]
```

```
[0.329000000000000007, 0.33868750000000001, 0.49975, 0.8605, 0.8664375,
```

```
0.8651249999999999, 0.85825]
```

```
[ ]: [Text(0, 0, '0.001'),
      Text(1, 0, '0.01'),
      Text(2, 0, '0.1'),
      Text(3, 0, '1'),
      Text(4, 0, '5'),
      Text(5, 0, '10'),
      Text(6, 0, '100')]
```





We can see the good value of  $C$  is near  $C = 5$ , then we scope to  $C = 5$ :

```
[ ]: C_list = [2, 3, 4, 4.5, 5, 5.5, 6, 7]

# Define a list in order to store accuracy points
cvs_list = list()
trs_list = list()

for c in C_list:
    # Define model for each C
    softmax_model = LogisticRegression(C=c, penalty='l1', solver='saga',
    ↪multi_class='multinomial')
    softmax_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

    # Calculate score of cross validation
    train_score = accuracy_score(y_train, softmax_model.predict(X_train))
    cv_score = np.mean(cross_val_score(softmax_model, X_train, y_train, cv=5,
    ↪n_jobs=8))

    trs_list.append(train_score)
    cvs_list.append(cv_score)
```

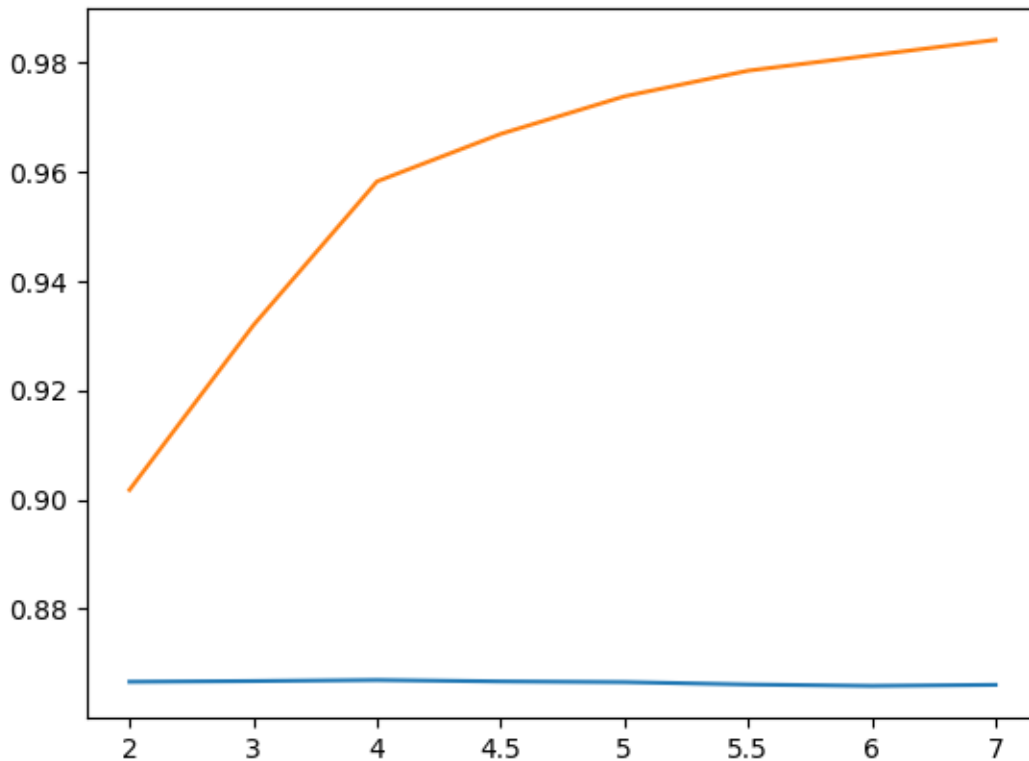
```
[ ]: # Print the result
print(C_list)
print(trs_list)
print(cvs_list)

# Draw the plot
fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=cvs_list)
fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=trs_list)
fig.set_xticks(range(len(C_list)))
fig.set_xticklabels(C_list)
```

```
[2, 3, 4, 4.5, 5, 5.5, 6, 7]
[0.90175, 0.9318125, 0.958125, 0.9668125, 0.9736875, 0.978375, 0.9811875, 0.984]
[0.8666874999999999, 0.8668125, 0.867, 0.86675, 0.866625, 0.8661875, 0.8659375,
0.8661249999999999]
```

```
[ ]: [Text(0, 0, '2'),
      Text(1, 0, '3'),
      Text(2, 0, '4'),
      Text(3, 0, '4.5'),
      Text(4, 0, '5'),
      Text(5, 0, '5.5'),
      Text(6, 0, '6'),
```

```
Text(7, 0, '7')]
```



The valid scores are almost the same at each value, but we will choose the value with lowest train score for generalization.

We choose  $C = 2$  to be the best model.

```
[ ]: best_l1_softmax_model = LogisticRegression(C=2, penalty='l1', solver='saga',  
        ↪multi_class='multinomial')
```

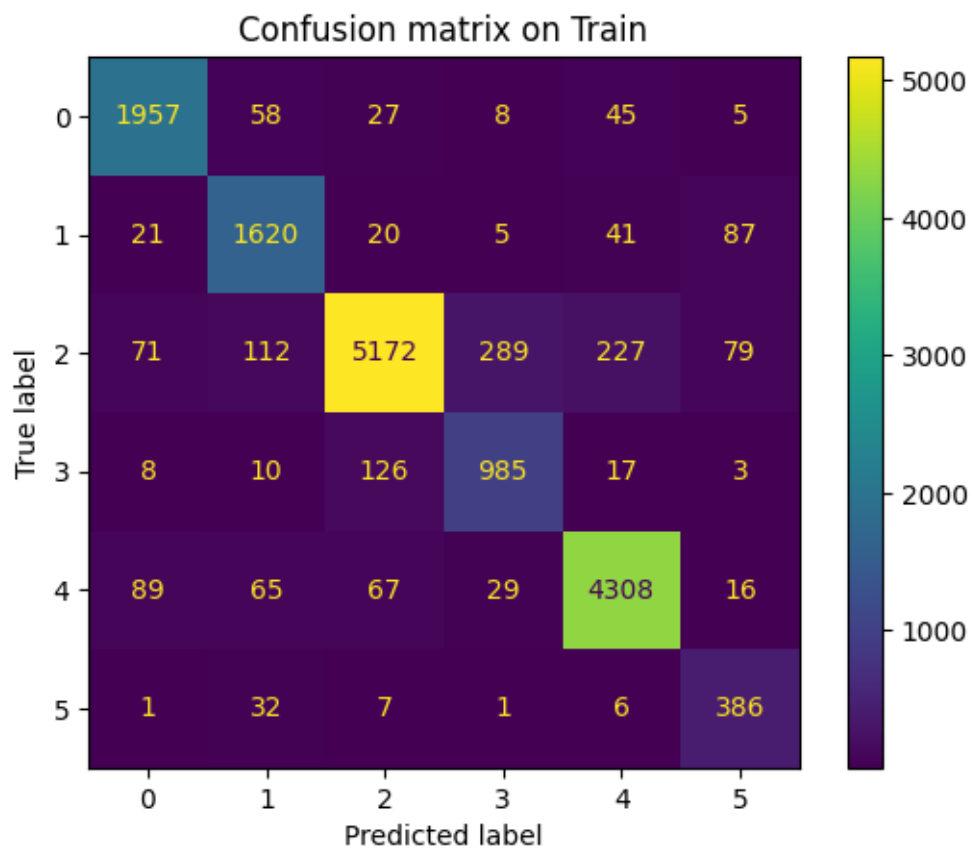
```
[ ]: best_l1_softmax_model.fit(X_train, y_train)  
evaluate_model(best_l1_softmax_model, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test,  
        ↪include_training=True)
```

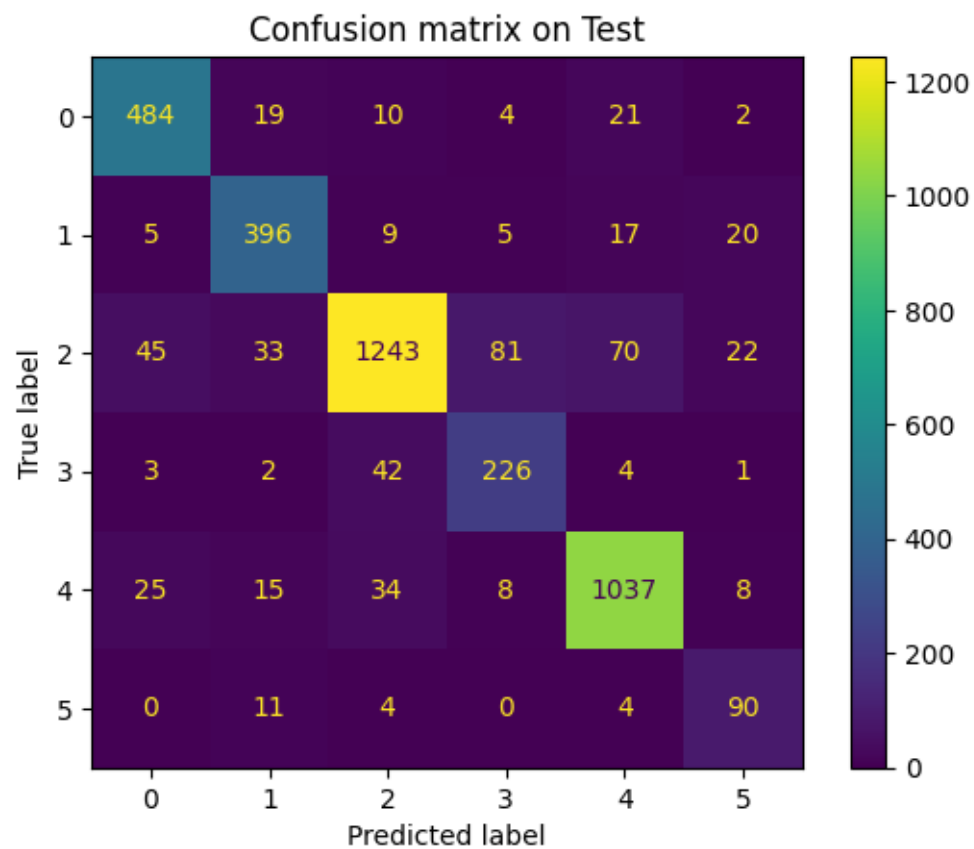
Score of on train are:

- Accuracy score: 0.9018
- Micro F1 score: 0.9018
- Macro F1 score: 0.8680

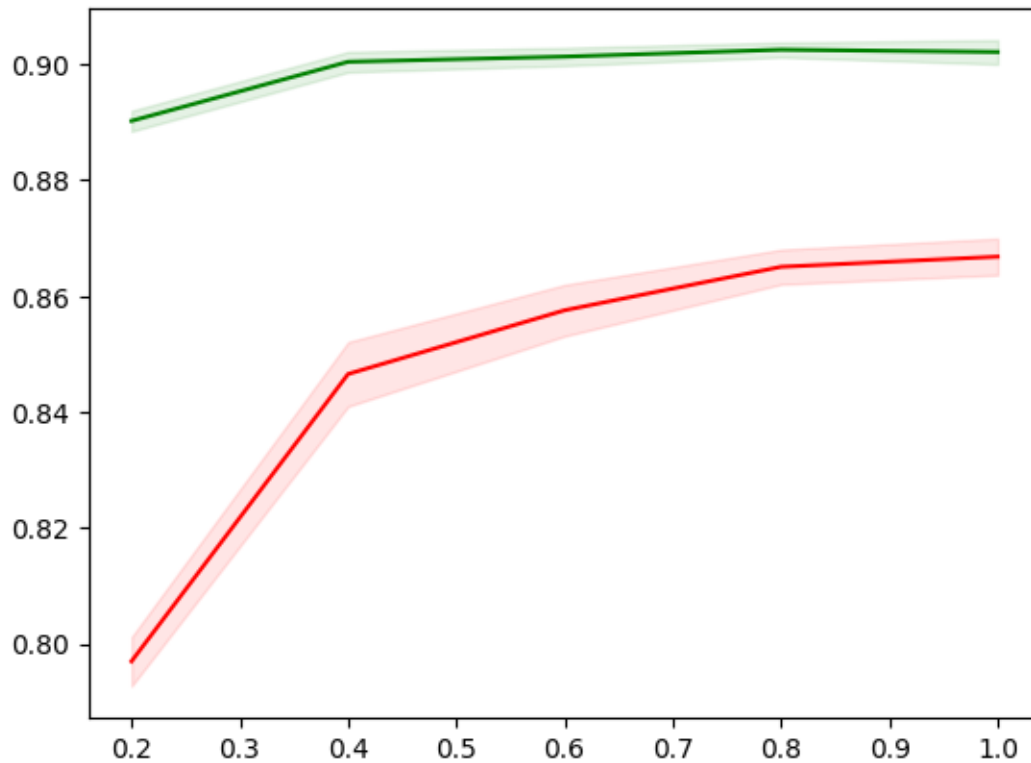
Score of on test are:

- Accuracy score: 0.8690
- Micro F1 score: 0.8690
- Macro F1 score: 0.8305





```
[ ]: draw_learning_curve(best_l1_softmax_model, X_train, y_train)
```



## 2.3 L2 regularization

```
[ ]: C_list = [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 5, 10, 100, 200]

# Define a list in order to store accuracy points
cvs_list = list()
trs_list = list()

for c in C_list:
    # Define model for each C
    softmax_model = LogisticRegression(C=c, penalty='l2', solver='lbfgs',
    ↪ multi_class='multinomial')
    softmax_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

    # Calculate score of cross validation
    train_score = accuracy_score(y_train, softmax_model.predict(X_train))
    cv_score = np.mean(cross_val_score(softmax_model, X_train, y_train, cv=5,
    ↪ n_jobs=8))

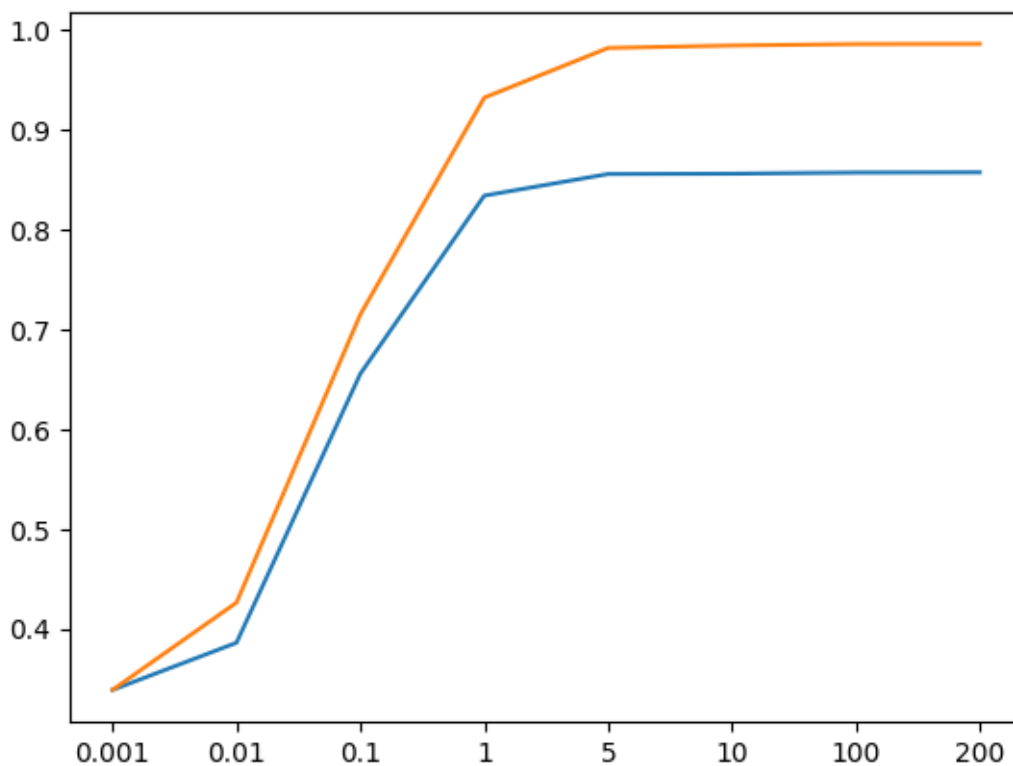
    trs_list.append(train_score)
    cvs_list.append(cv_score)
```

```
[ ]: # Print the result
print(C_list)
print(trs_list)
print(cvs_list)

# Draw the plot
fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=cvs_list)
fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=trs_list)
fig.set_xticks(range(len(C_list)))
fig.set_xticklabels(C_list)

[0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 5, 10, 100, 200]
[0.3386875, 0.426125, 0.714875, 0.9320625, 0.981875, 0.9843125, 0.98575,
0.9859375]
[0.33868750000000001, 0.38587499999999997, 0.6554375, 0.83387500000000001,
0.85556249999999999, 0.85587499999999999, 0.857, 0.85725000000000002]

[ ]: [Text(0, 0, '0.001'),
      Text(1, 0, '0.01'),
      Text(2, 0, '0.1'),
      Text(3, 0, '1'),
      Text(4, 0, '5'),
      Text(5, 0, '10'),
      Text(6, 0, '100'),
      Text(7, 0, '200')]
```



We can see the good value of  $C$  is near  $C = 5$ , then we scope to  $C = 5$ :

```
[ ]: C_list = [1, 3, 4, 4.5, 5, 5.5, 6, 7, 10]

# Define a list in order to store accuracy points
cvs_list = list()
trs_list = list()

for c in C_list:
    # Define model for each C
    softmax_model = LogisticRegression(C=c, penalty='l2', solver='lbfgs',
    ↪multi_class='multinomial')
    softmax_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

    # Calculate score of cross validation
    train_score = accuracy_score(y_train, softmax_model.predict(X_train))
    cv_score = np.mean(cross_val_score(softmax_model, X_train, y_train, cv=5,
    ↪n_jobs=8))

    trs_list.append(train_score)
    cvs_list.append(cv_score)
```

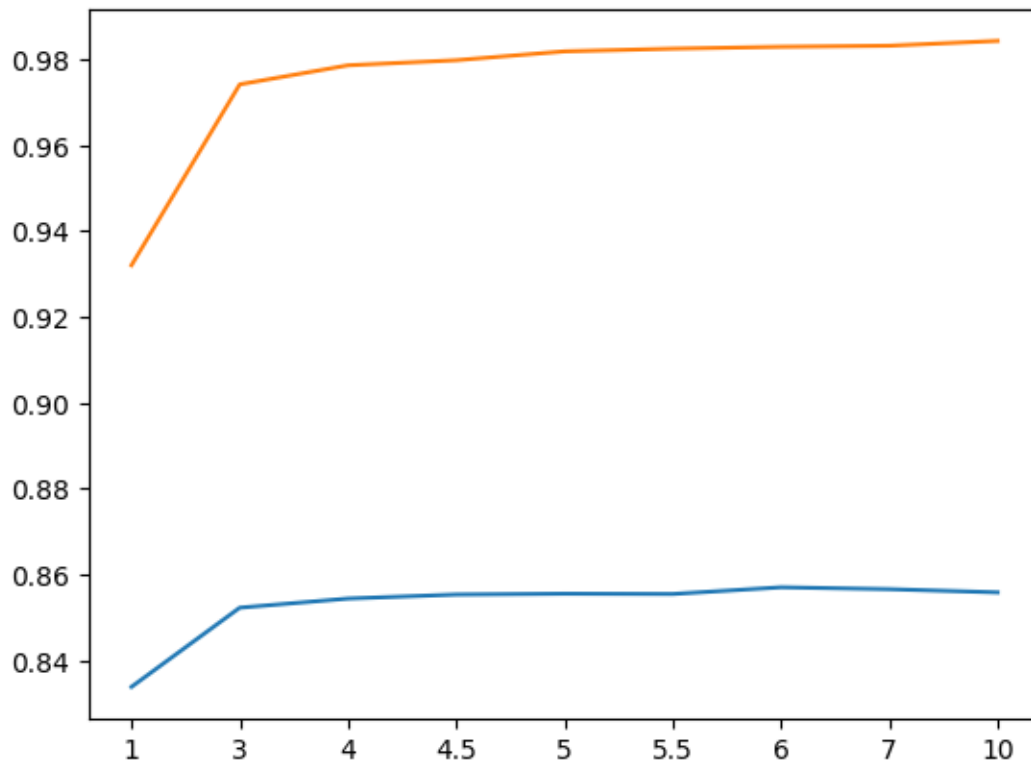
```
[ ]: # Print the result
print(C_list)
print(trs_list)
print(cvs_list)

# Draw the plot
fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=cvs_list)
fig = sns.lineplot(x=list(range(len(C_list))), y=trs_list)
fig.set_xticks(range(len(C_list)))
fig.set_xticklabels(C_list)
```

```
[1, 3, 4, 4.5, 5, 5.5, 6, 7, 10]
[0.9320625, 0.9741875, 0.978625, 0.9798125, 0.981875, 0.9825, 0.9829375,
0.9831875, 0.9843125]
[0.8338750000000001, 0.8523125, 0.8544375000000001, 0.8553749999999999,
0.8555624999999999, 0.8554999999999999, 0.8570625, 0.856625, 0.8558749999999999]
```

```
[ ]: [Text(0, 0, '1'),
      Text(1, 0, '3'),
      Text(2, 0, '4'),
      Text(3, 0, '4.5'),
      Text(4, 0, '5'),
      Text(5, 0, '5.5'),
```

```
Text(6, 0, '6'),
Text(7, 0, '7'),
Text(8, 0, '10')]
```



Same with L1 regularization, the valid scores are almost the same at each value, but we will choose the value with lowest train score for generalization.

We choose  $C = 3$  to be the best model.

```
[ ]: best_l2_softmax_model = LogisticRegression(C=3, penalty='l2', solver='lbfgs',
↳multi_class='multinomial')
```

```
[ ]: best_l2_softmax_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
evaluate_model(best_l2_softmax_model, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test,
↳include_training=True)
```

Score of on train are:

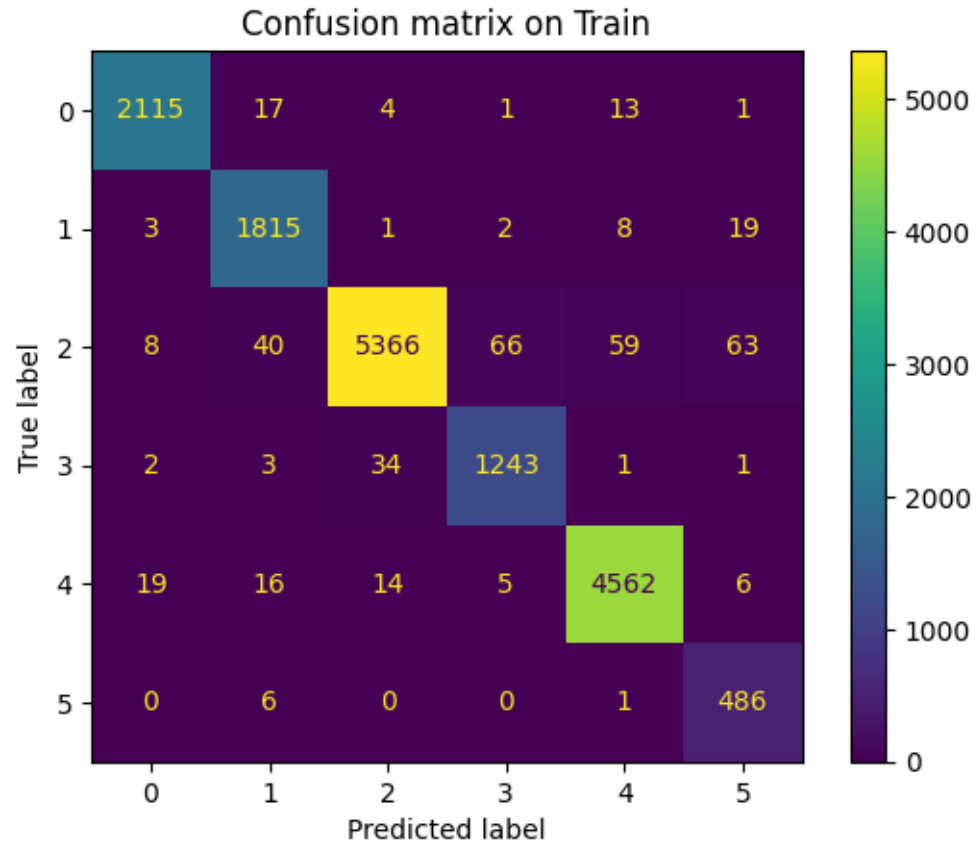
- Accuracy score: 0.9742
- Micro F1 score: 0.9742
- Macro F1 score: 0.9628

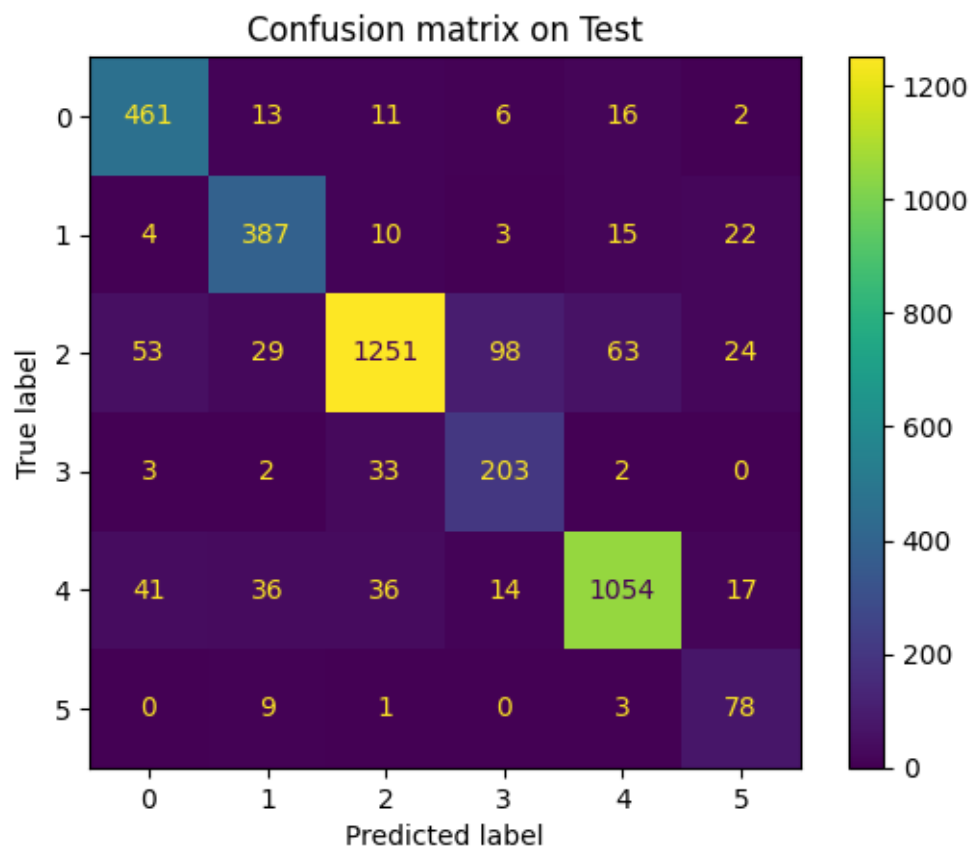
Score of on test are:

- Accuracy score: 0.8585
- Micro F1 score: 0.8585

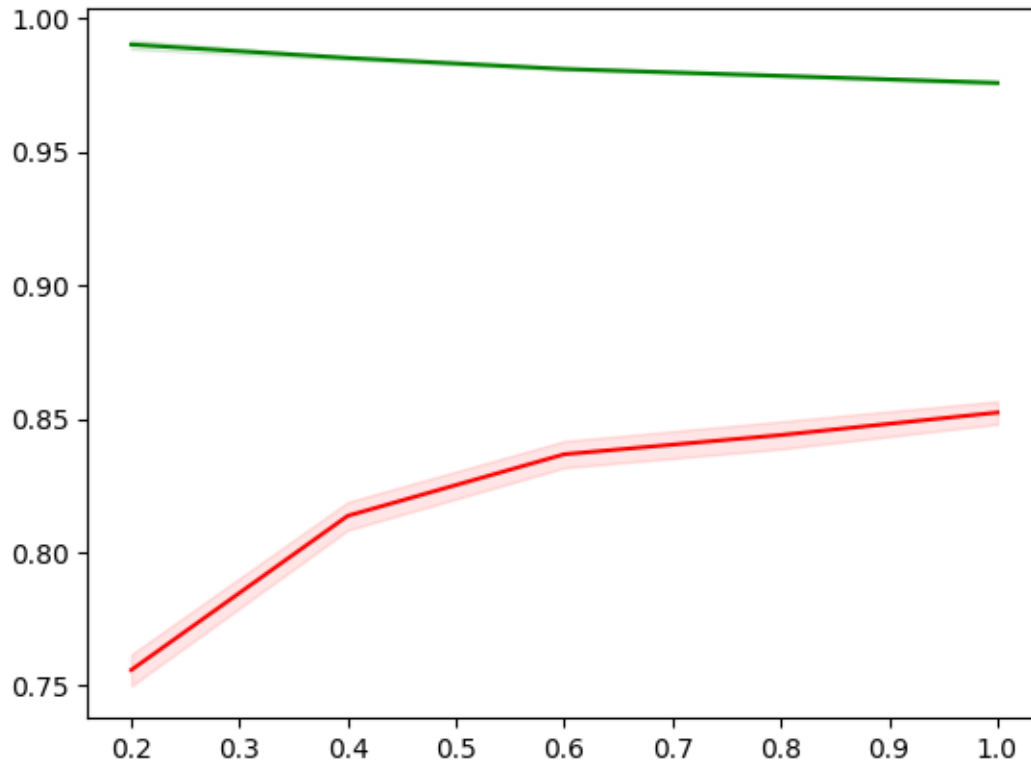


- Macro F1 score: 0.8099





```
[ ]: draw_learning_curve(best_l2_softmax_model, X_train, y_train)
```



## 2.4 Elastic regularization

```
[ ]: dict_param = {
    'C' : [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 5, 10, 100],
    'l1_ratio' : np.linspace(0.1, 0.9, 5)
}

softmax_model = LogisticRegression(penalty='elasticnet', solver='saga',
    ↪multi_class='multinomial')
grid_search = GridSearchCV(softmax_model, dict_param, scoring='accuracy', cv=5,
    ↪n_jobs=-1)
grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
[ ]: GridSearchCV(cv=5,
    estimator=LogisticRegression(multi_class='multinomial',
                                penalty='elasticnet', solver='saga'),
    n_jobs=-1,
    param_grid={'C': [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 5, 10, 100],
                'l1_ratio': array([0.1, 0.3, 0.5, 0.7, 0.9])},
    scoring='accuracy')
```

```
[ ]: df = pd.DataFrame(
    dict(
        C = [val['C'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
        l1_ratio = [val['l1_ratio'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
        score = grid_search.cv_results_['mean_test_score']
    )
)
df = df[df['score'] < 0.8]
print("Bad hyperparameter:")
for param in dict_param:
    for value in dict_param[param]:
        if len(df[df[param] == value]) == 35 // len(dict_param[param]):
            print(param, value)
```

Bad hyperparameter:

C 0.001

C 0.01

C 0.1

```
[ ]: dict_param = {
    'C' : np.logspace(0, 2, 5),
    'l1_ratio' : np.linspace(0.1, 0.9, 5)
}

softmax_model = LogisticRegression(penalty='elasticnet', solver='saga',
    ↪multi_class='multinomial')
grid_search = GridSearchCV(softmax_model, dict_param, scoring='accuracy', cv=5,
    ↪n_jobs=-1)
grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
[ ]: GridSearchCV(cv=5,
    estimator=LogisticRegression(multi_class='multinomial',
                                penalty='elasticnet', solver='saga'),
    n_jobs=-1,
    param_grid={'C': array([ 1.          ,  3.16227766, 10.          ,
31.6227766 ,
100.          ]),
    'l1_ratio': array([0.1, 0.3, 0.5, 0.7, 0.9])},
    scoring='accuracy')
```

```
[ ]: df = pd.DataFrame(
    dict(
        C = [val['C'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
        l1_ratio = [val['l1_ratio'] for val in grid_search.cv_results_['params']],
        score = grid_search.cv_results_['mean_test_score']
    )
)
print(df)
```

	C	l1_ratio	score
0	1.000000	0.1	0.838875
1	1.000000	0.3	0.845063
2	1.000000	0.5	0.850125
3	1.000000	0.7	0.853313
4	1.000000	0.9	0.860063
5	3.162278	0.1	0.856000
6	3.162278	0.3	0.860375
7	3.162278	0.5	0.864375
8	3.162278	0.7	0.866312
9	3.162278	0.9	0.868938
10	10.000000	0.1	0.858500
11	10.000000	0.3	0.860250
12	10.000000	0.5	0.863250
13	10.000000	0.7	0.864375
14	10.000000	0.9	0.864750
15	31.622777	0.1	0.856562
16	31.622777	0.3	0.858250
17	31.622777	0.5	0.859875
18	31.622777	0.7	0.861062
19	31.622777	0.9	0.861063
20	100.000000	0.1	0.854937
21	100.000000	0.3	0.856000
22	100.000000	0.5	0.855875
23	100.000000	0.7	0.857688
24	100.000000	0.9	0.857563

```
[ ]: print(grid_search.best_estimator_, grid_search.best_score_)
```

```
LogisticRegression(C=3.1622776601683795, l1_ratio=0.9,
                    multi_class='multinomial', penalty='elasticnet',
                    solver='saga') 0.8689375
```

```
[ ]: best_en_softmax_model = LogisticRegression(C=3.1622776601683795, l1_ratio=0.9,
                    multi_class='multinomial', penalty='elasticnet',
                    solver='saga')
```

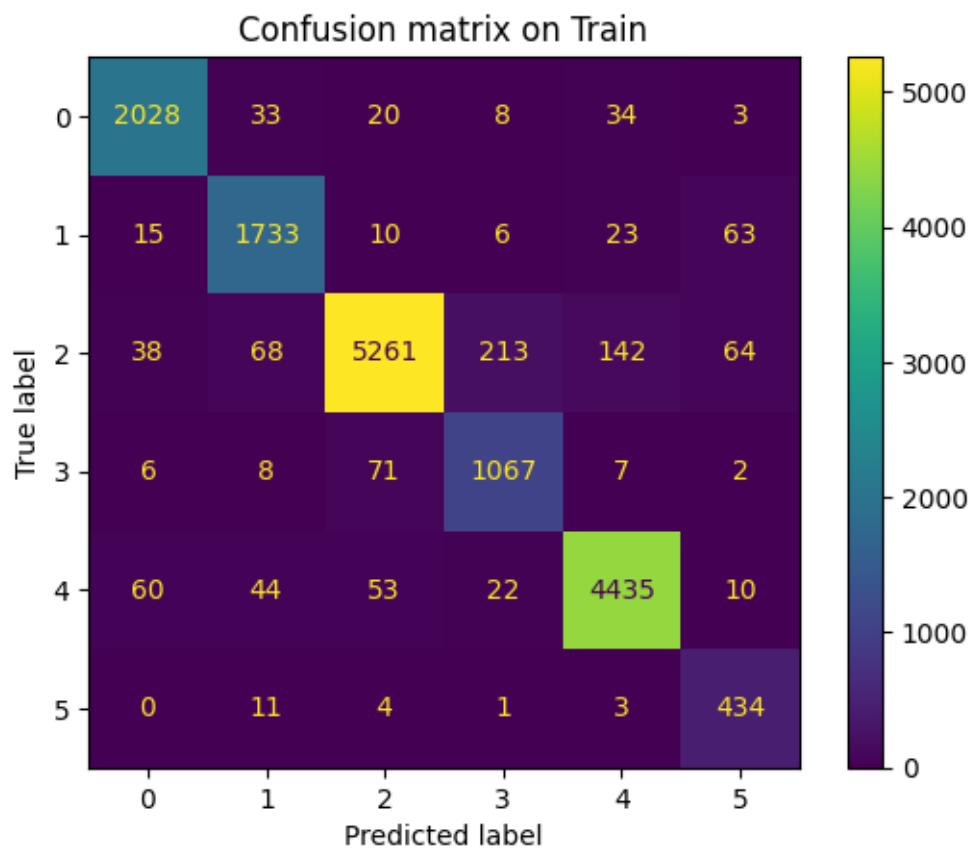
```
[ ]: best_en_softmax_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
evaluate_model(best_en_softmax_model, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test,
               include_training=True)
```

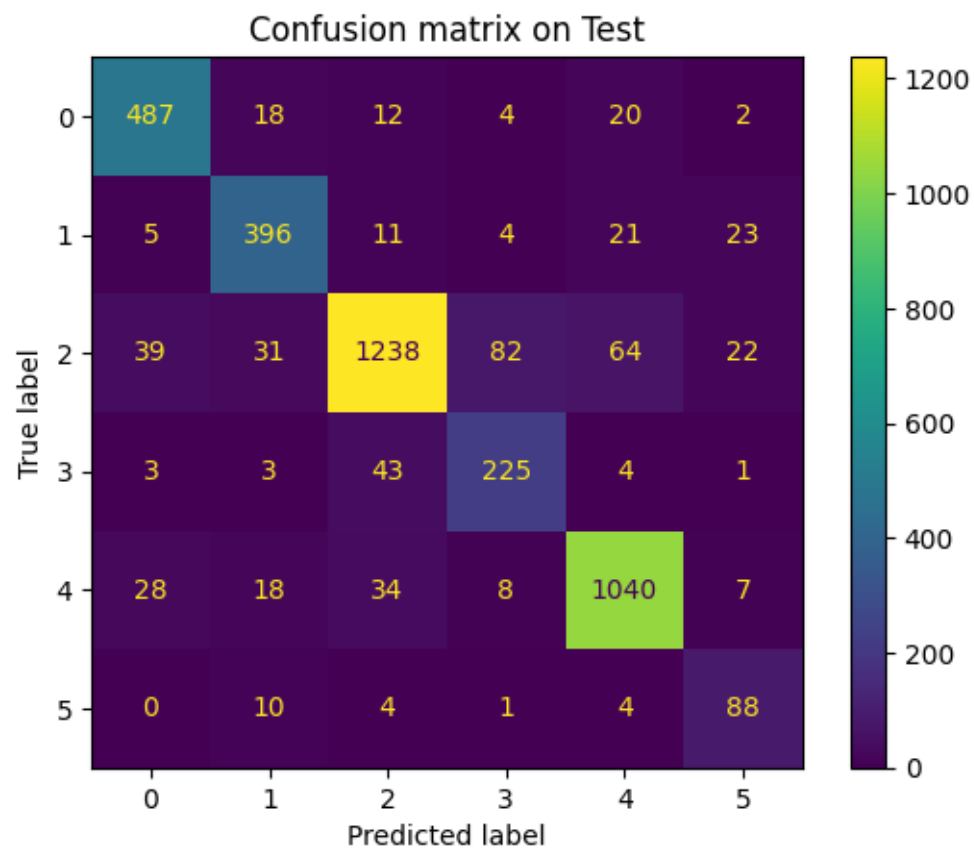
Score of on train are:

- Accuracy score: 0.9349
- Micro F1 score: 0.9349
- Macro F1 score: 0.9125

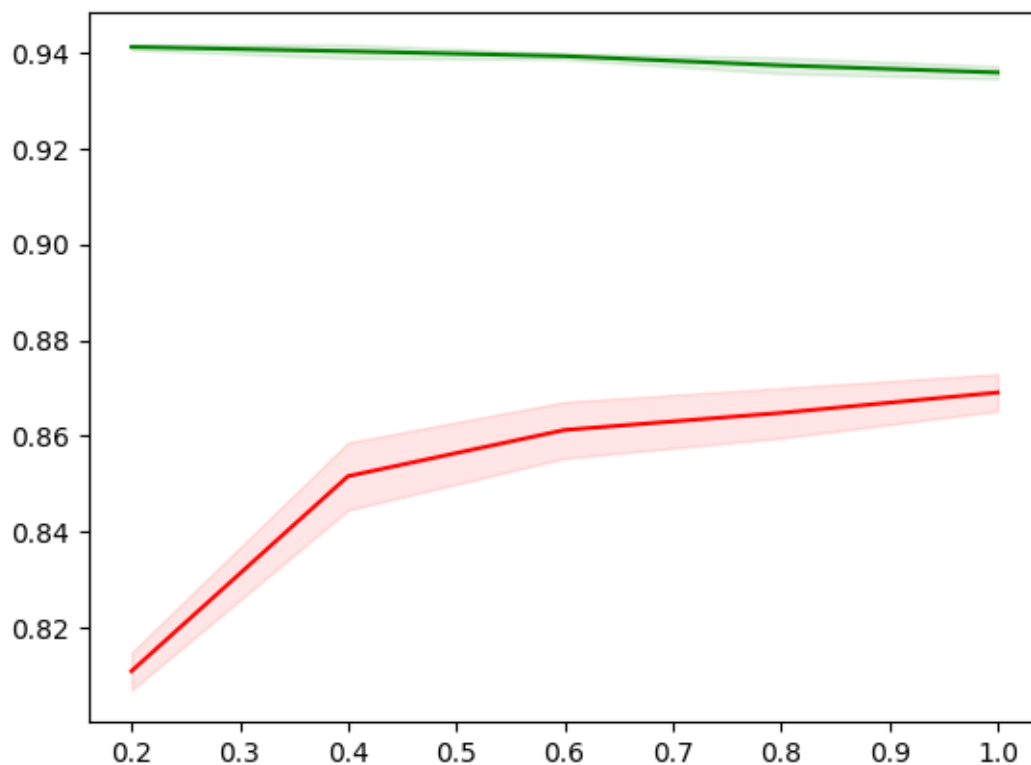
Score of on test are:

- Accuracy score: 0.8685
- Micro F1 score: 0.8685
- Macro F1 score: 0.8276





```
[ ]: draw_learning_curve(best_en_softmax_model, X_train, y_train)
```



### 3 Conclusion

There are a few difference among the accuracy of these 3 regularization. However, L1 regularization gives the best performance then I will choose it to be the best model in this notebook.

```
[ ]: best_softmax_model = best_l1_softmax_model
```

```
[ ]: directory = "data/models/softmax/"  
     dump(best_softmax_model, directory + "best_softmax_tfidf_l1_model.joblib")
```

```
[ ]: ['data/models/softmax/best_softmax_tfidf_l1_model.joblib']
```