

Dirichlet Boundary Condition

NO. 6(l)

$$u(0, t) = 0, u(10, t) = 100, f(x) = 0$$

Kondisi batas:

$$u(0, t) = 0$$

$$u(L, t) = 100$$

Kondisi awal:

$$u(x, 0) = 0$$

$$\text{dimana, } L = 10$$

$$\text{dan, } \alpha = 0.05830951895$$

Solusi umum:

$$u = (J \cos(\kappa x) + K \sin(\kappa x)) e^{-\kappa^2 \alpha^2 t} + H + Ix$$

Masukkan batas pertama:

$$u(0, t) = 0$$

$$0 = J e^{-\kappa^2 \alpha^2 t} + H$$

Sehingga

$$H = 0$$

$$J = 0$$

Pada tahap ini, solusinya sudah menjadi:

$$u = K \sin(\kappa x) e^{-\kappa^2 \alpha^2 t} + Ix$$

Masukkan batas kedua:

$$u = K \sin(\kappa L) e^{-\kappa^2 \alpha^2 t} + IL$$

$$u(L, t) = 100$$

$$K \sin(\kappa L) e^{-\kappa^2 \alpha^2 t} + IL = 100$$

Sehingga

$$I = \frac{100}{L}$$

$$I = 10$$

$$\kappa = \frac{n \pi}{L}$$

di mana $n=1,2,\dots$

Pada tahap ini, solusinya menjadi:

$$u = \left(\sum_n K_n \sin\left(\frac{n \pi x}{L}\right) e^{-\frac{n^2 \pi^2 \alpha^2 t}{L^2}} \right) + 10x$$

Masukkan initial condition:

$$\begin{aligned}
 u(x, 0) &= 0 \\
 \sum_n K_n \sin\left(\frac{n \pi x}{L}\right) &= -10 x \\
 F(x) &= -10 x
 \end{aligned}$$

Hitung, K_n

$$\begin{aligned}
 K_n &= \frac{2 \left(\int_0^L -10 x \sin\left(\frac{n \pi x}{10}\right) dx \right)}{L} \\
 K_n &= - \frac{200 \left(-n \pi \cos(n \pi) + \sin(n \pi) \right)}{n^2 \pi^2} \\
 K_n &= \frac{200 (-1)^n}{n \pi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Jadi, solusi khususnya adalah:

$$\begin{aligned}
 u &= \left(\sum_n \frac{200 (-1)^n \sin\left(\frac{n \pi x}{10}\right) e^{-\frac{n^2 \pi^2 \alpha^2 t}{100}}}{n \pi} \right) + 10 x \\
 &\text{di mana } n=1,2,3,\dots
 \end{aligned}$$

Untuk keperluan simulasi, diubah menjadi:

$$\begin{aligned}
 u &= \left(\sum_{n=1}^{1000} \frac{200 (-1)^n \sin\left(\frac{n \pi x}{10}\right) e^{-0.0003355665497 n^2 t}}{n \pi} \right) + 10 x \\
 &\text{di mana } n=1,2,3,\dots
 \end{aligned}$$